

ENGINEERING REPORT FOR INACTIVE CCR LANDFILL

FORMER PLANT ARKWRIGHT – AP3 LANDFILL AND MONOFILL
MACON-BIBB COUNTY, GEORGIA
FOR



Georgia
Power

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1. BACKGROUND AND OBJECTIVE

AP3 Landfill and Monofill is no longer operational. A Closure Certificate was issued by the Georgia Environmental Protection Division (EPD) for AP3 Landfill and Monofill on August 19, 2010, under Solid Waste Handling Permit 011-025D(LI). Currently, the CCR waste areas within the permit boundary are stable and vegetation is well established on the final cover systems. Georgia Power will continue to perform groundwater monitoring and maintenance of the CCR unit throughout the post-closure care period. This report has been included to provide supporting documentation for the CCR unit solid waste handling permit application.

2. LOCATION RESTRICTION DEMONSTRATION

In accordance with the requirements of Georgia Solid Waste Management Rule 391-3-4-.10(9), an Inactive CCR Landfill permit application must include the location restriction demonstration requirements in 40 CFR 257.64 for unstable areas. No unstable areas were identified during the previous site suitability investigation for AP3 Landfill and Monofill. Local geologic/geomorphologic features and human-made surface features within the permit boundary and surrounding area were studied. Additional information for the onsite conditions can be found in the Limited Hydrogeological Assessment Report included in this permit application. No unstable areas were identified in preparation of this CCR unit solid waste handling permit application. A certification from a Georgia-Registered Professional Engineer regarding the location restriction demonstration is included in Appendix A.

3. GEOTECHNICAL EVALUATIONS OF AP3 LANDFILL

3.1 Site Investigations of AP3 Landfill

As part of the geotechnical scope of work, 34 cone penetration test (CPT) probes were performed to characterize the subsurface geometry and develop strength parameters for the AP3 Landfill at the former Plant Arkwright facility.

Jacobs personnel were onsite to oversee CPT operations between October 24 and October 31, 2017. CPT field work was subcontracted to Fugro USA Land, Inc. (Fugro). Fugro provided a 25-ton truck-mounted CPT rig capable of advancing a piezocone to a maximum depth of 70 feet below the existing ground surface. During testing, actual probe depth ranged from 17.5 feet to 67.1 feet. A Report for Piezocone Penetration Testing and Related Services provided by Fugro, including CPT logs generated by Fugro's in-house CPT software, dated November 20, 2017, is provided in Appendix B.

It should be noted that seismic piezocone testing (SCPT) was planned as part of the site investigation; however, after attempting data collection on the first four holes with poor to very poor data recovery, SCPT testing was abandoned and all future holes were completed as standard CPT probes.

Raw CPT data recorded in the field includes penetration depth, piezocone tip resistance, piezocone sleeve friction and pore water pressure. These raw parameters are used with Robertson and Campanella's (1986) Simplified Soil Behavior Type (SBT) charts to classify in-situ soil ranging from sensitive fine grained to coarse grained in 12 soil type categories. These categories are listed on the CPT logs presented in Appendix B.

Using specific cone calibration data, the raw data can be processed to derive more useful CPT parameters capable of correlating to specific engineering properties. Jacobs utilized computer software program CLiq v.2.2.0.35 developed by GeoLogismiki (2006) to process Fugro's raw CPT data. This requires a cone calibration factor (provided by Fugro) and an estimated water table depth (obtained from potentiometric surface map in drawing ES1375S5 by Georgia Power dated November 17, 2005).

The processed data included equivalent SPT N-values and equivalent shear strength of the soil strata encountered. These values are presented in the CPT logs created by Jacobs, which more broadly define specific strata breaks of the materials encountered during the subsurface investigation, as presented in Appendix C.

3.2 Material Properties of AP3 Landfill

Based on the results of the site investigation, subsurface profiles were created at 15 cross-sections throughout AP3 Landfill as shown in Appendix D. These cross sections were labeled A-A to O-O. The materials encountered could generally be grouped into one of four categories: geosynthetic clay liner (GCL) and overlying soil backfill, in-situ sluiced CCR, foundation soil, or embankment/levee fill.

Using the raw and processed CPT data, these material groups were assigned strength properties for both drained and undrained conditions. It should be noted that the overlying soil backfill likely has higher strength properties than the GCL it was placed over, but strength parameters were conservatively assigned to this soil mass as if it would fail on the weak plane through the GCL. A residual friction angle was chosen for this material of 15 degrees versus a peak friction angle which would be on the order of 18 to 20 degrees. This results in a more conservative analysis. Design material properties for the four material categories are listed below in Table 1.

TABLE 1. DESIGN MATERIAL STRENGTH PROPERTIES FOR AP3 LANDFILL

Soil Material	Elev.		Unit Weight	Drained Strength		Undrained Strength	
	From	To		c'	Φ'	c	Φ
	(ft)	(ft)	(pcf)	(psf)	(deg.)	(psf)	(deg.)
In-Situ Soil and GCL	~ 360	~ 355	110	100	15	100	15
In-Situ Sluiced CCR	~ 355	~ 330	90	0	22	0	22
Foundation Soil	~ 330	Below	108	300	24	500	20
Embankment/Levee Fill	Vary	Vary	120	100	28	700	10

Parameters selected for the in-situ sluiced CCR were based on results of the processed CPT data. The normalized cone resistance, Q_t , and pore pressure ratio, B_q , were input into Equation 4-20 from Engineering Correlations for Geotechnical Parameters for Ponded Fly Ash by Electric Research Power Institute (EPRI): $\phi' = 29.5^\circ \times B_q^{0.121} [0.256 + 0.336 B_q + \log Q_t]$

A friction angle was calculated at every CPT interval at which data was recorded and then plotted versus elevation to determine if a trend existed for friction angle of the CCR with increasing depth below the ground surface. A conservative average value of 22 degrees was selected for the entire in-situ CCR layer after no trend of variation with depth was evident. The plot of calculated friction angle versus elevation is presented in the geotechnical calculation package included as Appendix D.

Parameters for the foundation soil and embankment/levee fill were based on CPT results as well as historical boring log information from the monitoring wells that surround AP3 Landfill.

It should be noted that the effect of penetration rate on the interpreted friction angle was investigated for one of the CPTs as suggested in Section 4.6.3 of the previously noted EPRI report. The typical cone penetration rate for CPT testing is 2.0 cm/sec. Per the above reference, this penetration rate may result in estimates of the drained friction angle which are less than those measured in a laboratory triaxial compression test. It was proposed that a penetration rate of 0.08 cm/s or less should result in a penetration rate consistent with drained conditions. A thirty-fifth CPT probe, identified as CPT-09 “Slow” or CPT-09SL was attempted to be pushed at a slower rate, though due to limitations in the equipment a rate of between 0.1 and 0.2 cm/sec was the lowest that could be achieved. Due to the increased time consumption required to perform a “slow” test and limitations of equipment to be unable to push at a rate of 0.08 cm/sec or less, attempts to achieve a true drained condition in CCR were abandoned. No conclusions could reasonably be drawn from a single comparison of CPT-09 and CPT09SL, though the processed data did vary slightly between the two push rates.

As noted in Appendix B, 38 total CPT pushes were attempted. Three locations (CPT-17, CPT-18 and CPT-26) were terminated at depths ranging between 4.9 and 26.2 feet below the ground surface, prior to encountering planned refusal depth below the CCR fill. These terminations were due to obstructions or CPT equipment malfunction. Due to the limited data these CPTs would have provided, they are not included in this report. Alternate locations, generally within a 5-foot distance from the staked location, were selected and the CPT was re-pushed. Logs CPT-17A, CPT-18A and CPT-26A are included in Appendix B as well as Jacobs stratigraphic CPT logs in Appendix C.

3.3 Stability Analysis of AP3 Landfill

3.3.1 Static Stability of AP3 Landfill

Global stability of the existing unit was evaluated under short-term and long-term loading conditions using software SLOPE/W Version 2012 developed by GEO-SLOPE International Ltd. For the short-term condition, undrained total stress parameters were used and a minimum required factor of safety of 1.5 was chosen in accordance with Georgia EPD factor of safety criteria for solid waste facilities. Likewise, for the long-term condition, a minimum required factor of safety of 1.5 was chosen; however, drained effective stress parameters were used to classify the subsurface materials. Results of the short-term and long-term global stability analyses are presented in Table 2 below. Additional details of the static stability analysis results are presented in the geotechnical calculation package in Appendix D.

TABLE 2. SHORT TERM AND LONG TERM GLOBAL STABILITY RESULTS FOR AP3 LANDFILL

Section	Load Condition	Calculated Factor of Safety (FOS)		Note
		Criteria	Calculated FOS	
A-A	Short-Term	1.50	4.48	OK
	Long-Term		4.48	OK
B-B	Short-Term	1.50	8.21	OK
	Long-Term		8.21	OK
C-C	Short-Term	1.50	9.26	OK
	Long-Term		9.26	OK
D-D	Short-Term	1.50	6.53	OK
	Long-Term		6.53	OK
E-E	Short-Term	1.50	7.82	OK
	Long-Term		7.79	OK
F-F	Short-Term	1.50	8.32	OK
	Long-Term		8.32	OK
G-G	Short-Term	1.50	12.01	OK
	Long-Term		12.01	OK
H-H	Short-Term	1.50	3.51	OK
	Long-Term		3.51	OK
I-I	Short-Term	1.50	2.51	OK
	Long-Term		2.51	OK
J-J	Short-Term	1.50	2.06	OK
	Long-Term		1.93	OK
K-K	Short-Term	1.50	12.20	OK
	Long-Term		12.20	OK
L-L	Short-Term	1.50	4.61	OK
	Long-Term		4.61	OK
M-M	Short-Term	1.50	9.99	OK
	Long-Term		9.99	OK
N-N	Short-Term	1.50	7.78	OK
	Long-Term		7.78	OK
O-O	Short-Term	1.50	10.30	OK
	Long-Term		10.30	OK

As mentioned above in Section 3.2, a residual friction angle was chosen for the in-situ soil and GCL and conservative friction angle values were chosen for both short-term and long-term conditions for the in-situ sluiced CCR based on the processed CPT results. Thus, when the failure surface passes through only the in-situ soil and GCL and the in-situ CCR, the calculated factor of safety was identical for both short-term and long-term conditions.

3.3.2 Seismic Stability of AP3 Landfill

AP3 Landfill is located in Macon-Bibb County, Georgia, which is an area of moderate seismic activity in relation to the Fall Line geomorphic break. The 2011 AASHTO Guide Specifications for LRFD Seismic Bridge Design (2nd Ed.) and 2014 Interim Revisions (Seismic Details) requires a site profile determination extending to 100 feet for seismic site classification. Each CPT probe was advanced to refusal, achieved at a depth of less than 100 feet. We have assumed that soils consistent with the foundation soil encountered at the refusal depths continue beyond the refusal depth at all probe

locations. Based on our understanding of the local geology, we recommend the use of Site Class E for AP3 Landfill (a classification for soft clay soil) in accordance with 2011 AASHTO Seismic Design Table 3.4.2.1-1. Site specific design parameters are presented in Appendix D and summarized in Table 3.

TABLE 3. SEISMIC DESIGN PARAMETERS FOR AP3 LANDFILL

Description	Value
Site Classification (AASHTO LRFD Seismic Bridge Design 2011)	E
Site Latitude	32.92765° N
Site Longitude	83.70681° W
PGA Peak Ground Acceleration Coefficient	0.052g
S _s Spectral Acceleration for a Short Period	0.122g
S ₁ Spectral Acceleration for a 1-Second Period	0.050g
F _a Site Coefficient for a Short Period	2.5
F _v Site Coefficient for a 1-Second Period	3.5
A _s Adjusted Ground Acceleration	0.131g
S _{Ds} Design Spectral Response Acceleration for a Short Period	0.306g
S _{D1} Design Spectral Response Acceleration for a 1-Second Period	0.174g
kh Applied Horizontal Pseudo-Static Seismic Acceleration for Stability	0.065g

Seismic stability was performed using a pseudo-static method with an applied additional horizontal acceleration. For the seismic stability analysis, an applied horizontal acceleration (kh) of 0.065g was used, which is equal to half of the adjusted ground acceleration (As) of 0.131g in accordance with AASHTO LRFD. During a seismic event, it is assumed that excess pore water pressure is unable to dissipate, and the soil mass will act in an undrained total stress condition. A minimum required factor of safety of 1.1 was chosen for the seismic stability analyses based on Rule 391-3-8-.09 Standards for the Design and Evaluation of Dams. Results of the seismic stability analyses are summarized in Table 4 and presented in Appendix D.

TABLE 4. SEISMIC GLOBAL STABILITY RESULTS FOR AP3 LANDFILL

Section	Load Condition	Calculated Factor of Safety (FOS)		Note
		Criteria	Calculated FOS	
A-A	Short-Term	1.10	2.20	OK
B-B	Short-Term	1.10	3.62	OK
C-C	Short-Term	1.10	3.63	OK
D-D	Short-Term	1.10	2.95	OK
E-E	Short-Term	1.10	3.39	OK
F-F	Short-Term	1.10	2.92	OK
G-G	Short-Term	1.10	3.87	OK
H-H	Short-Term	1.10	2.49	OK
I-I	Short-Term	1.10	1.97	OK
J-J	Short-Term	1.10	1.67	OK
K-K	Short-Term	1.10	3.67	OK
L-L	Short-Term	1.10	2.89	OK
M-M	Short-Term	1.10	3.27	OK
N-N	Short-Term	1.10	3.02	OK
O-O	Short-Term	1.10	3.28	OK

4. GEOTECHNICAL EVALUATIONS OF MONOFILL

4.1 Material Properties of Monofill

Soil properties beneath the existing Monofill were developed using the information provided in the boring logs of former monitoring wells GWC-3 and GWC-4 (abandoned prior to July 2008). Undrained shear strength parameters of sandy clay were estimated using the pocket penetrometer readings provided in the boring log of GWC-3. Drained shear strength parameters were assumed by examining Atterberg limits testing results from nearby borings. No lab testing data was available for former monitoring wells GWC-3 and GWC-4. The Monofill's soil cover was assumed to be composed of compacted silty sand.

Properties of in-situ CCR were developed based upon consolidated undrained (CU) triaxial testing of remolded CCR samples collected from AP1 Landfill (located on the east side of Arkwright Road), AP3 Landfill, and from published literature on the strength properties of CCR at other sites. Further, the selection of strength parameters took into consideration the fact that the CCR at the Monofill was dry hauled, spread for final grading and compacted, which would yield a higher relative density than sluiced CCR. The triaxial testing results indicated a friction angle between 28 and 36 degrees for remolded CCR at 90 to 95% compaction and +2% to +4% above optimum moisture content. The test results are within the range found in published literature, so an effective friction angle of 28 degrees was conservatively selected for analysis. As CCR acts as a non-cohesive material in nature, the selected effective friction angle was used for both short-term and long-term loading conditions. Table 5 below provides the soil and CCR strength parameters used for analysis.

TABLE 5. DESIGN MATERIAL STRENGTH PROPERTIES FOR MONOFILL

Soil Material	Unit Weight	Drained Strength		Undrained Strength	
		c'	Φ'	c	Φ
		(pcf)	(psf)	(deg.)	(psf)
In-Situ CCR	90	0	28	0	28
Compacted Silty Sand	120	0	34	0	34
Sandy Clay (CL)	115	100	28	1,500	0

4.2 Stability Analysis of Monofill

4.2.1 Static Stability of Monofill

The global stability of the existing Monofill was evaluated under short-term and long-term loading conditions using software SLOPE/W Version 2012 developed by GEO-SLOPE International Ltd. For the short-term condition, undrained total stress parameters were used and for the long-term condition drained effective stress parameters were used. For both loading conditions a minimum required factor of safety of 1.5 was used in accordance with Georgia EPD factor of safety criteria for solid waste facilities. The analysis was performed at the critical slope geometry with a depth to groundwater based upon nearby monitoring well data. A summary of the global stability results is provided in Table 6 below. Additional details of the static stability analysis results are presented in the geotechnical calculation package in Appendix E.

TABLE 6. SHORT-TERM AND LONG-TERM GLOBAL STABILITY RESULTS FOR MONOFILL

Slope Location	Load Condition	Calculated Factor of Safety (FOS)		Note
		Criteria	Calculated FOS	
Western Monofill edge, near NW corner	Short-Term	1.5	1.59	OK
	Long-Term	1.5	1.59	OK

4.2.2 Seismic Stability of Monofill

The site is in Macon-Bibb County, Georgia, which is an area of moderate seismic activity in relation to the Fall Line geomorphic break. The 2011 AASHTO Guide Specifications for LRFD Seismic Bridge Design (2nd Ed.) and 2014 Interim Revisions (Seismic Details) requires a site profile determination extending to 100 feet for seismic site classification. All the borings examined were either terminated or reached refusal at depths less than 100 feet. Based on our understanding of the local geology and the presence of CCR fill, we recommend the use of Site Class E for the Monofill (a classification for soft clay soil) in accordance with 2011 AASHTO Seismic Design Table 3.4.2.1-1. Site specific design parameters are presented in Appendix E and summarized in Table 7.

TABLE 7. SEISMIC DESIGN PARAMETERS FOR MONOFILL

Description	Value
Site Classification (AASHTO LRFD Seismic Bridge Design 2011)	E
Site Latitude	32.92765° N
Site Longitude	83.70681° W
PGA Peak Ground Acceleration Coefficient	0.052g
S _s Spectral Acceleration for a Short Period	0.122g
S ₁ Spectral Acceleration for a 1-Second Period	0.050g
F _a Site Coefficient for a Short Period	2.5
F _v Site Coefficient for a 1-Second Period	3.5
A _s Adjusted Ground Acceleration	0.131g
S _{DS} Design Spectral Response Acceleration for a Short Period	0.306g
S _{D1} Design Spectral Response Acceleration for a 1-Second Period	0.174g
kh Applied Horizontal Pseudo-Static Seismic Acceleration for Stability	0.065g

The seismic stability analysis was performed using a pseudo-static method with an applied additional horizontal acceleration. For the seismic stability analysis, an applied horizontal acceleration (kh) of 0.065g was used, which is equal to half of the adjusted ground acceleration (As) of 0.131g in accordance with AASHTO LRFD. During a seismic event, it is assumed that excess pore water pressure is unable to dissipate from cohesive materials and these soil masses will act in an undrained total stress condition. A minimum required factor of safety of 1.1 was chosen for the seismic stability analyses based on Rule 391-3-8-09 Standards for the Design and Evaluation of Dams. Results of the seismic stability analyses are summarized in Table 8 and presented in Appendix E.

TABLE 8. SEISMIC GLOBAL STABILITY RESULTS FOR MONOFILL

Slope Location	Load Condition	Calculated Factor of Safety (FOS)		Note
		Criteria	Calculated FOS	
Western Monofill edge, near NW corner	Short-Term	1.10	1.29	OK

5. FINAL COVER SYSTEMS

5.1 Alternative Cover System Demonstration

The final cover systems of AP3 Landfill and Monofill consist of a Geosynthetic Clay Liner (GCL) overlain by a geocomposite and at least 18 inches of soil. The design of these systems was approved by EPD in the CCR unit's modified closure plan. EPD conducted an inspection of the final cover systems on April 21, 2010 before issuance of the Closure Certificate.

The construction of the existing final cover systems as documented in the 2010 closure report submitted to EPD has been evaluated to determine equivalency of the final cover systems in

accordance with Rule 391-3-4-.10. The results of the alternative final cover system demonstration can be found in Appendix F and indicate that the existing final cover systems are equivalent to that required by Georgia Rule 391-3-4-.10.

5.2 Final Cover Thickness

When AP3 Landfill and Monofill were closed, Georgia Power provided EPD a Closure Completion Report which reported, among other items, that a minimum of 18-inches of soil cover had been placed over the GCL liner. Field testing was conducted by Jacobs to confirm the existing final soil cover thicknesses for AP3 Landfill and Monofill. The final cover thickness of AP3 Landfill was confirmed using the 34 CPT borings and varied from 2 to 12 feet, as documented in Appendix C. Final cover thickness for the Monofill was confirmed by completing ten hand auger borings. These ten borings indicated the existing soil cover thickness for the Monofill ranged from 17-inches to 25-inches. The soil cover thickness over the Monofill is considered confirmed since the single observance of 17 inches thick, in hand auger S2, is within the range of accuracy for the evaluation technique. Results of this testing can be found in Appendix G. Finally, no areas of significant erosion or final cover deficiencies were noted on AP3 Landfill or Monofill during the inspections conducted in preparation of this CCR unit permit application.

6. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

The stormwater management systems of AP3 Landfill and Monofill were previously approved by EPD under Solid Waste Handling Permit 011-025D(LI). The area within the CCR unit permit boundary has been inspected during recent site visits and no signs of significant erosion have been observed. The existing systems have been evaluated as part of this CCR unit solid waste handling permit application; however, no additional stormwater management systems have been designed for this CCR unit. The existing onsite ditches will continue to be utilized for stormwater collection and conveyance.

6.1 General Description of System

The stormwater management system in place includes the following:

AP3 Landfill

- a) A vegetated ditch along the west side perimeter of the AP3 Landfill, which collects run-on from the adjacent properties to the west, as well as run-off from the surface of the closed AP3 Landfill.
- b) A vegetated ditch along the east side of the AP3 Landfill that collects run-off from the surface of the closed AP3 Landfill. This ditch is located to the west of the unnamed tributary to Beaverdam Creek and the site access road, intercepting run-off from the closed AP3 Landfill prior to discharge into the unnamed tributary.
- c) The ditches end in the low area in the southeast corner of the AP3 Landfill, where two 36-inch corrugated metal culverts provide an outfall to the unnamed tributary. Adequate headwater to pass the run-off is provided above the culverts.

Monofill

- a) A vegetated run-off ditch is located along the eastern and western perimeter of the Monofill that carries run-off to the south and west.
- b) The perimeter access road slopes away from the run-off ditch along the western perimeter of the Monofill and discharges to the unnamed tributary separately from the run-off ditch flows.
- c) The two run-off ditches combine at the western corner of the Monofill and discharge into a larger drainage ditch controlling run-off from adjacent undeveloped property. This ditch discharges through a 36-inch corrugated metal culvert into the unnamed tributary.

6.2 Evaluation Criteria

The evaluated drainage system consists of the perimeter ditch around the AP3 Landfill, the existing 36-inch culvert draining this ditch beneath the berm, and the existing ditches surrounding the closed Monofill, as described in Section 6.1. An assessment of this existing drainage system has been performed based on the 100-year, 24-hour design storm event with any exceptions noted below. All hydrology calculations have been completed using the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) model, commonly known as the SCS method. The Hydraflow Hydrographs software was used to perform the calculations. Drainage area maps and output for hydrology and hydraulic calculations are included in Appendix H.

6.2.1 Hydrology

- a) Site visits were conducted to supplement the owner-provided survey in determining drainage divides and land uses.
- b) Curve Numbers were determined based on land use, soil type, and known characteristics of the site. The onsite areas were modeled using a curve number of 80. This was chosen to represent a ‘lawn’ with good cover of grass and a D type soil. The soil type was chosen to represent a shallow soil over an impermeable layer, representing the existing geosynthetic clay liner (GCL). This was used for all onsite areas (neglecting the small perimeter areas outside the limits of the GCL) and includes the drainage channel and access road. The offsite areas were modeled using curve numbers representative of the soil type and land use.
- c) Rainfall rates were obtained from the NOAA Atlas 14 Point Precipitation Frequency Estimate for Macon, Georgia (MACON (09-5438)).

6.2.2 AP3 Landfill Ditches

- a) The review of the ditch capacity and velocity was completed based on the SCS hydrology model, site visits, and cross sections developed from the aerial survey (based on a 3-foot point grid) completed for the owner.
- b) The ditches, which from site investigations appear to be stable and not experiencing significant erosion, were modeled for the 100-year and 25-year storm events. The results, included in Appendix H, show at least minimal freeboard above the predicted flow depth and velocities not exceeding 4 feet per second in all locations for the 25-year event. The following location does not provide adequate conveyance to contain the 100-year stormflow within the ditch:

- Section AP3-1 (western edge of AP3 Landfill)

No modifications to Ditch Section AP3-1 are proposed because the 100-year, 24-hour event exceeds State design criteria and because visual observations indicate the ditch is currently stable and not experiencing significant erosion.

A figure referencing the locations of each ditch is presented in Appendix H.

6.2.3 AP3 Landfill Outfall Culvert

The existing culverts pass the 10-year, 24-hour design storm event while containing the headwater within the perimeter berm. This headwater will inundate an area extending beyond the limit of CCR for short periods during larger rainfall events.

6.2.4 Monofill Ditches

- a) The review of the ditch capacity and velocity was completed based on the SCS hydrology model, site visits, and cross sections developed from the aerial survey (based on a 3-foot point grid) completed for the owner.
- b) The ditches, which appear from site investigations to be stable and not experiencing significant erosion, were modeled for the 100-year and 25-year events. The results, included in Appendix H, show at least minimal freeboard above the predicted flow depth for both the 100-year and 25-year events. Monofill Ditch Sections 2 and 3 (western and southern edges of the Monofill) have calculated velocities in excess of 4 feet per second during the 25 and 100-year events. While velocities in excess of 4 feet per second are not preferred for grass lined ditches, site observations of these specific ditch segments indicate the ditches are currently stable and not experiencing significant erosion.

A figure referencing the locations of each ditch is presented in Appendix H.

7. CONCLUSIONS OF ENGINEERING EVALUATIONS FOR CCR UNIT

Global stability of the existing AP3 Landfill meets the referenced minimum factor of safety criteria for short-term, long-term, and seismic loading conditions. Calculated factors of safety were typically highest in the north of the site, where general topography is relatively flat. The south end of the site near the levee presents lower calculated factors of safety because of the increased slope and topography. The global stability analysis of the Monofill indicates that the existing slopes meet the referenced minimum factor of safety criteria under both static and seismic conditions.

The existing final cover systems for AP3 Landfill and Monofill meet the current requirements of the Georgia Solid Waste Management Rules 391-3-4 based on information, surveys, data, and reports provided by Georgia Power, subcontractors to Georgia Power, or reports prepared by Jacobs as presented in the CCR unit permit application dated November 2018. The results of the alternative final cover system demonstration indicate that the existing final cover systems are equivalent to final cover systems specified in the applicable rules. Additionally, no significant erosion or deterioration of the final cover systems has been observed during recent inspections of the CCR unit.

The existing drainage systems for the AP3 Landfill and Monofill are functioning well with no apparent detrimental impacts from site run-off or run-on. The existing unnamed tributary to Beaverdam Creek does not appear to be impacted by siltation generated onsite. Therefore, with the exception noted

below, it is recommended that the site be left as permitted and constructed under the previous closure permit.

The existing twin 36-inch corrugated metal pipe culverts draining the run-off ditches offsite and into the unnamed tributary of Beaverdam Creek are not adequate for either the 100-year or 25-year storm event. It is recommended that the existing pipes be replaced with three 36-inch reinforced concrete pipes to provide additional capacity and control overtopping of the berm. The downstream riprap outlet protection should be improved to provide additional protection from possible increases in velocity.

8. REFERENCES

- AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications 2014 with Interim Revisions from 2016.
- Electric Power Research Institute – Engineering Correlations for Geotechnical Parameters for Ponded Fly Ash – 2014 Technical Report
- Fugro USA Land Inc. Report for Piezocone Penetration Testing and Related Services – November 2017
- IDOT Liquefaction Spreadsheet – Illinois DOT Design Guide – AGMU Memo 10.1 Liquefaction Analysis
- Robertson, P.K., Campanella, R.G., Gillespie, D., and Greig, J., 1986. Use of Piezometer Cone data. In-Situ'86 Use of In-situ testing in Geotechnical Engineering, GSP 6, ASCE, Reston, VA, Specialty Publication, pp 1263-1280.
- U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration (2011), LRFD Seismic Analysis and Design of Transportation Geotechnical Features and Structural Foundations, Publication No. FHWA-NHI-11-032, FHWA GEC 03, August 2011.
- USGS Seismic Design Tools, downloaded from <https://earthquake.usgs.gov/designmaps/beta/us/> on February 21, 2018.
- Southern Company Generation, Plant Arkwright Ash Ponds 2 and 3 and Ash Monofill Site Acceptability Report - Revision 1 – November 2005
- Southern Company Services Inc., Plant Arkwright Private Industrial Landfill – Geologic Sections (rev. 1), Drawing No. GPC-PA-13 – March 1992

Appendix A. PE Certification for Location Restriction Demonstration

LOCATION RESTRICTION DEMONSTRATION

UNSTABLE AREAS

FORMER PLANT ARKWRIGHT – AP3 LANDFILL AND MONOFILL

GEORGIA POWER COMPANY

Georgia's Solid Waste Management Rule 391-3-4-.10(9) requires that Inactive CCR Landfill solid waste handling permit applications meet requirements of (9)(c)3.(i) – (iv), including the location restriction demonstration requirements in 40 C.F.R. 257.64 for unstable areas.

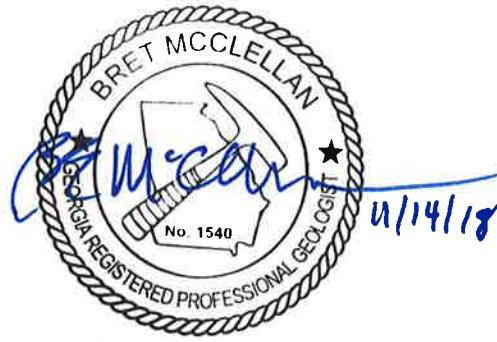
Per § 257.64 of Subpart D - Standards for the Disposal of Coal Combustion Residuals in Landfills and Surface Impoundments, the owner or operator must demonstrate that the facility is not located within an unstable area or a demonstration must be made that recognized and generally accepted good engineering practices have been incorporated into the design of the CCR unit to ensure that the integrity of the structural components of the CCR unit will not be disrupted. As defined in § 257.53, an unstable area means a location that is susceptible to natural or human-induced events or forces capable of impairing the integrity, including structural components of some or all of the CCR unit that are responsible for preventing releases from such unit. Unstable areas can include poor foundation conditions, areas susceptible to mass movements, and karst terrains.

The AP3 Landfill and Monofill CCR unit is located in Bibb County approximately six miles northwest of Macon, Georgia. A review of the site geology, hydrogeology, and information available of onsite surface and subsurface conditions confirmed that the CCR unit is not located within an unstable area having subsurface soil conditions, onsite geologic or geomorphologic features, and/or on-site human-made features or events (both surface and subsurface) that may result in significant differential settling of the foundation of the CCR unit.

I hereby certify, to the best of my knowledge and based on the information presented in the CCR Unit Solid Waste Handling Permit Application dated November 2018, that for Georgia Power's former Plant Arkwright – AP3 Landfill and Monofill, the unstable areas location restriction demonstration meets the requirements of 391-3-4-.10(9)(c)3.(i).



Michael T. Feeney, P.E.
Licensed State of Georgia, PE No. 14390



Bret McClellan, P.G.
Licensed State of Georgia, PG No. 1540

Appendix B. Piezocone Penetration Testing



FUGRO USA LAND, INC.

6105 Rookin Street
Houston, Texas 77074
T +1 713 346-4000
F +1 713 346-4200

November 20, 2017
Report Number 04.19170066

Jacobs
600 William Northern Boulevard
Tullahoma, TN 37388

Attn.: Mr. Russ Parker

**REPORT FOR
PIEZOCONE PENETRATION TESTING
AND RELATED SERVICES
CONFIDENTIAL SITE
MACON, GEORGIA
JACOBS PROJECT # 35DK9201.5000**

Dear Mr. Parker:

Introduction

Fugro is pleased to present data report for Piezocone Penetration Testing and Related Services performed at the above-referenced site. This report contains the scope of services performed and the test results.

Scope of Services

We performed thirty-eight (38) Piezocone Penetration Tests (PCPT) to depths ranging from 17-ft to 70-ft below ground surface each. All PCPT sounding locations were grouted after the completion of the soundings.

Please Note: At client request, the CPT-09SL was not performed in accordance with ASTM D5778-12, pushed at a speed of 0.1 to 0.2cm/second approximately.

PCPT Testing

The PCPT soundings were conducted in general accordance with ASTM D5778-12, *Electronic Friction Cone and Piezocone Penetration Testing of Soils* using a 25-ton truck mounted CPT unit. The in-situ soil data was obtained by hydraulically advancing a cylindrical steel rod, with an instrumented probe at the base, vertically into the subsurface materials at a constant rate of 2 centimeters per second. The instrumented probe consists of a cone-shaped tip element, with an apex angle of 60 degrees with a base area of 15 square centimeters (cm^2), a cylindrical-shaped side friction with a surface area of 200 cm^2 . Measurements of penetration resistance at the cone tip (q_c), frictional resistance along the friction sleeve (f_s), and pore water pressure (u_2), were recorded with depth during penetration. PCPT sounding measurements collected for this project are presented on the logs attached at the end of this report.



PCPT methods test the soil *in situ* and soil samples are not obtained. There are several methods to identify the soil type using the PCPT data collected. For your reference, we have presented soil stratigraphy using the attached *Campanella and Robertson's Simplified Soil Behavior Chart* (12-zone, 1986).

Please note that because of the empirical nature of the soil behavior chart, the soil identification should be verified locally from soil borings and laboratory testing. Some soils, such as cemented or calcareous soils, or glacial tills are outside the limits of the soil behavior chart

Closing

Fugro appreciates the opportunity to be of service to you. If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me at 713-369-5427.

Best Regards,

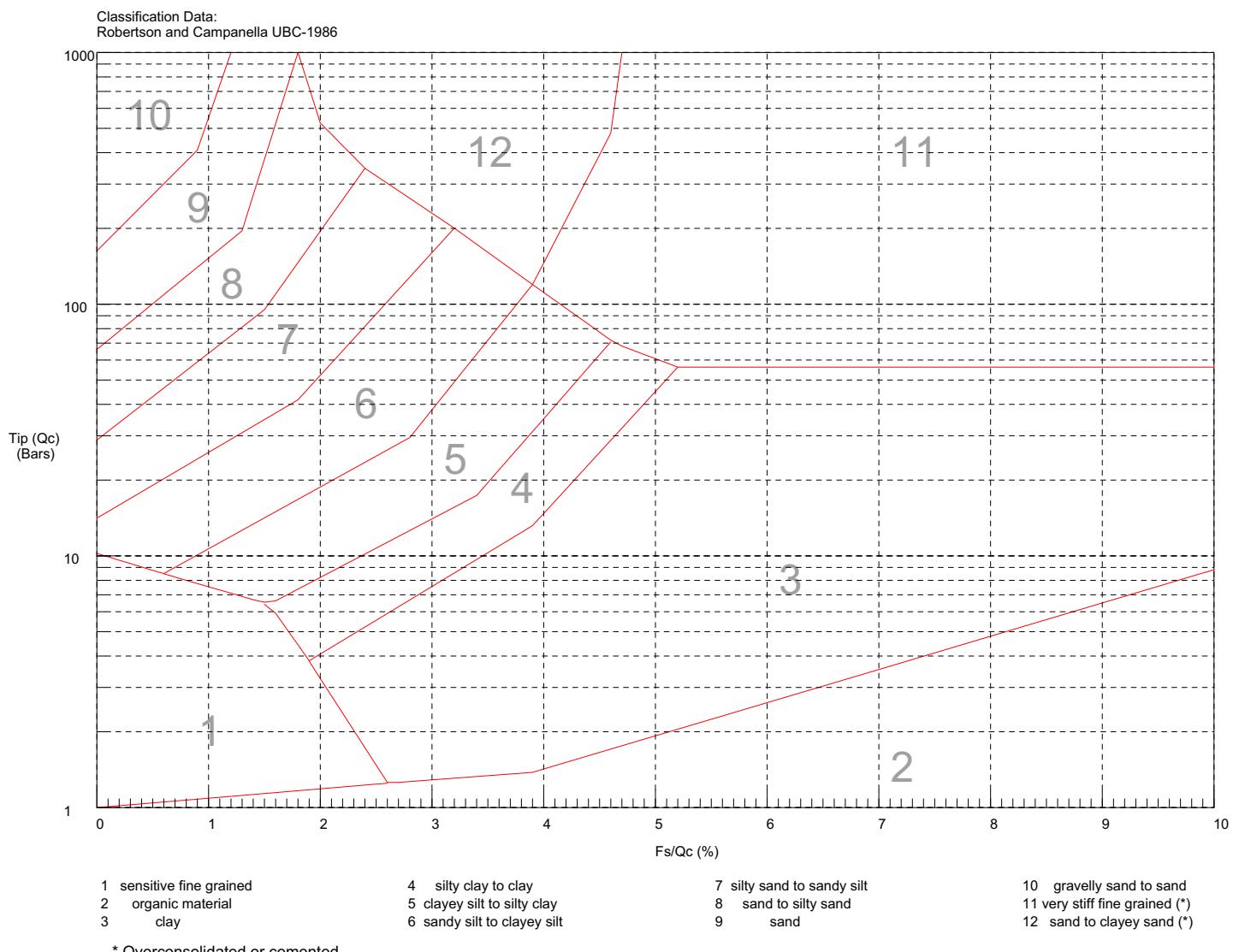
A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "Jose Aramburu".

Jose Aramburu, P.E.
Exploration Division Manager

JA/am

Attachments: *Campanella and Robertson's Simplified Soil Behavior Chart* (1 page)
PCPT Sounding Logs (41 pages)
Thirty-seven (37) Electronic Data Files

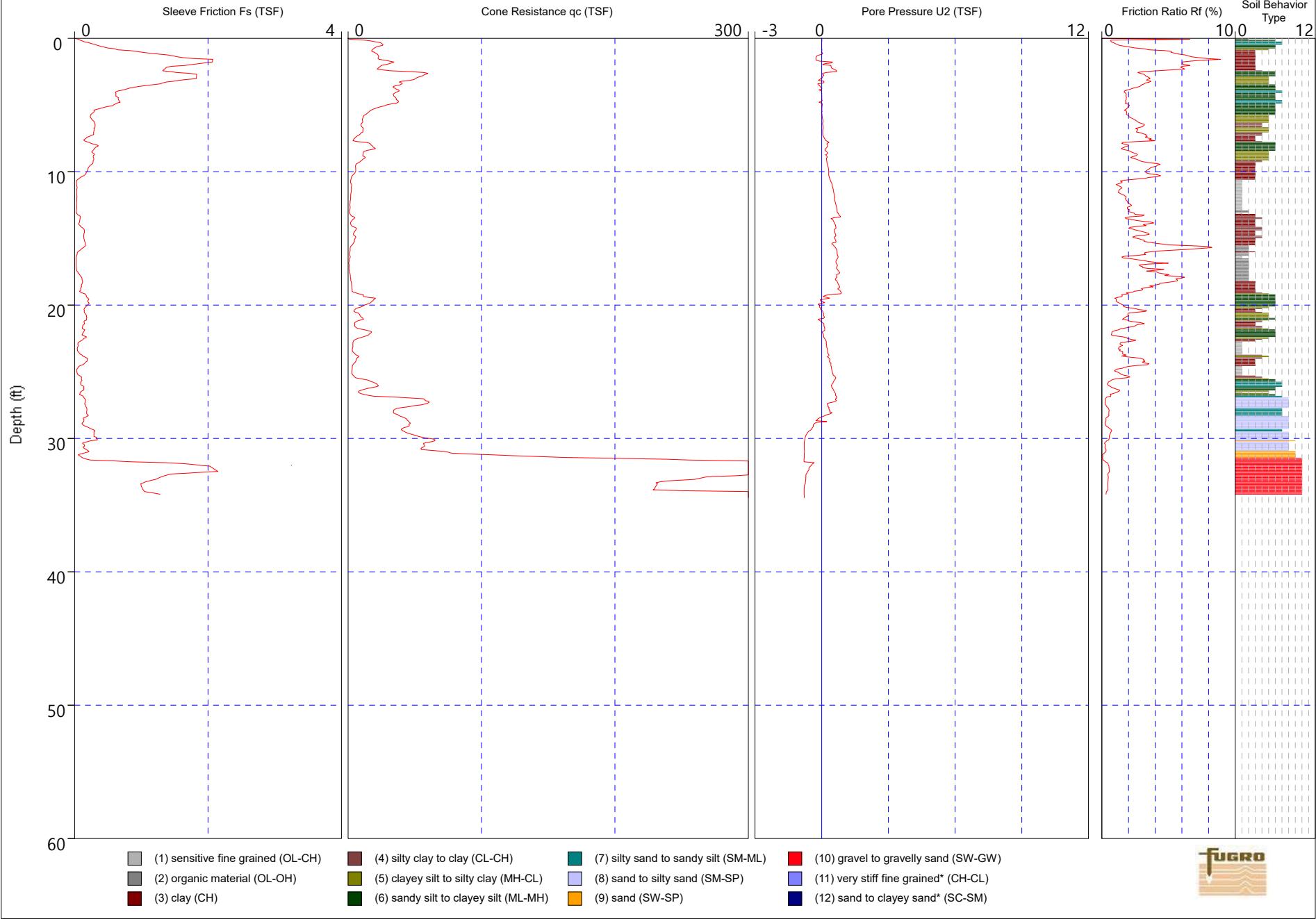
12 Zone Soil Behavior Chart



Job Number: 04.19170066
Operator: Albert Fonseca
Location: Macon, GA

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Date: 30-Oct-2017
Elevation: 0.00

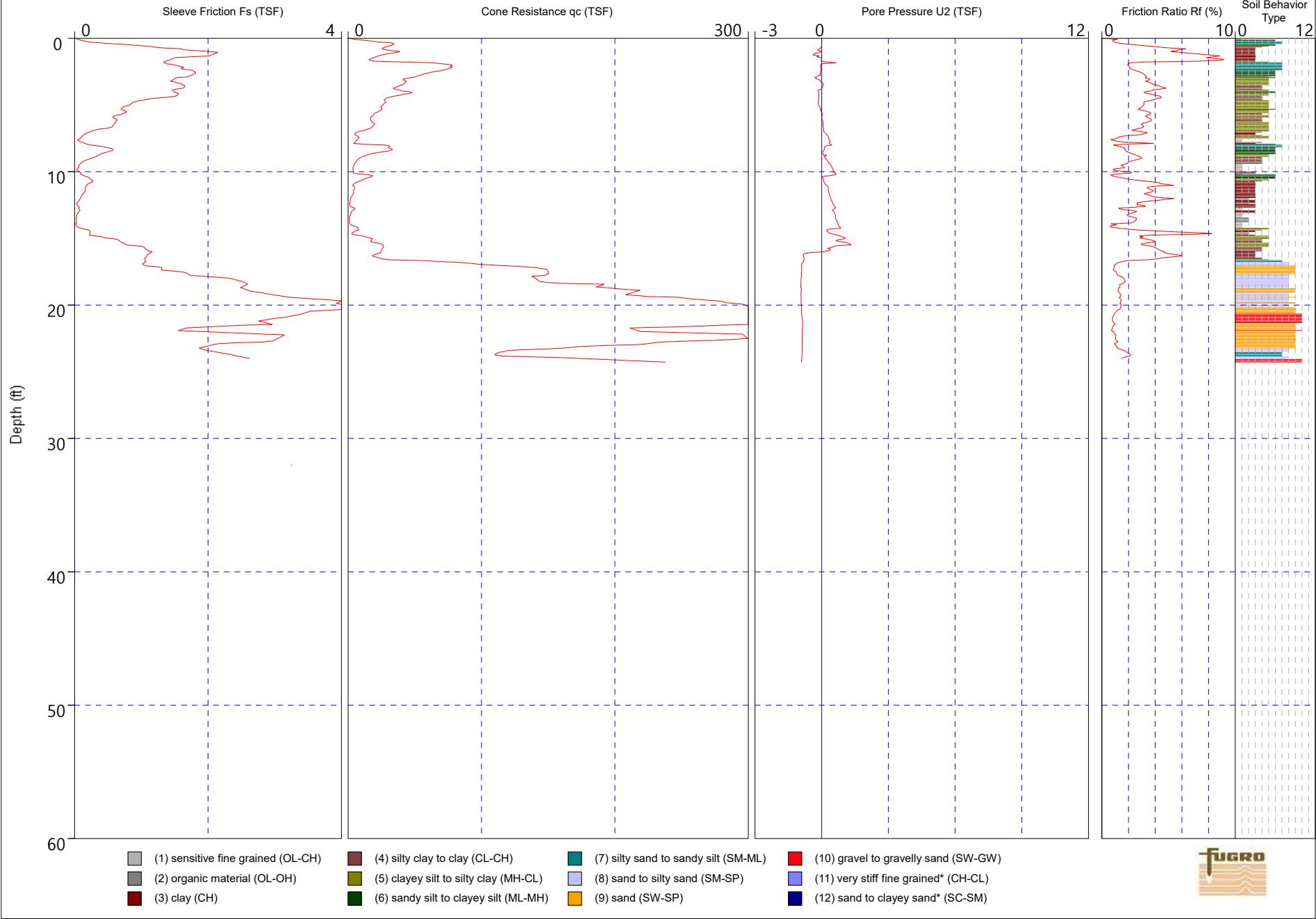
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Location: Macon, GA

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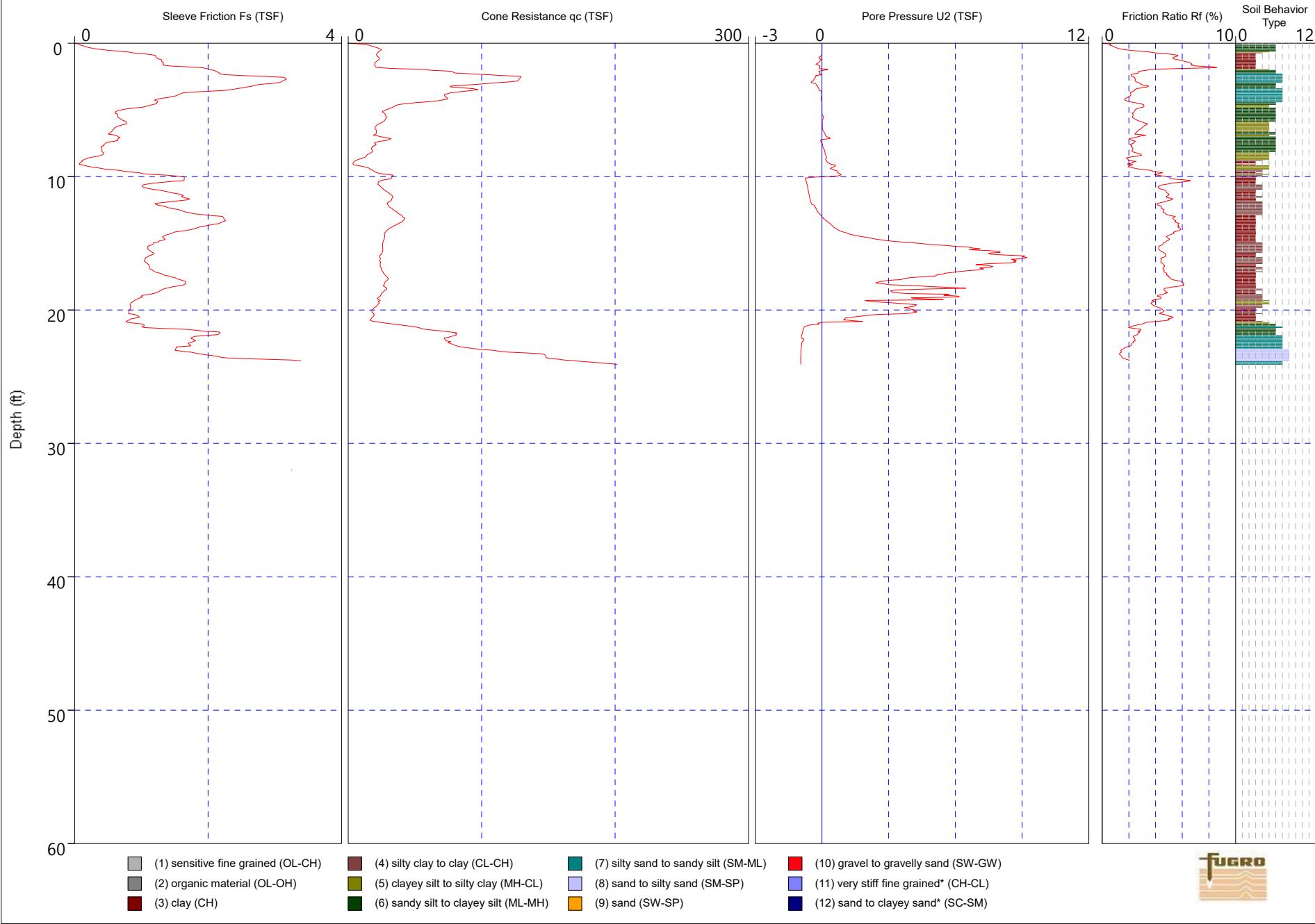
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Location: Macon, GA

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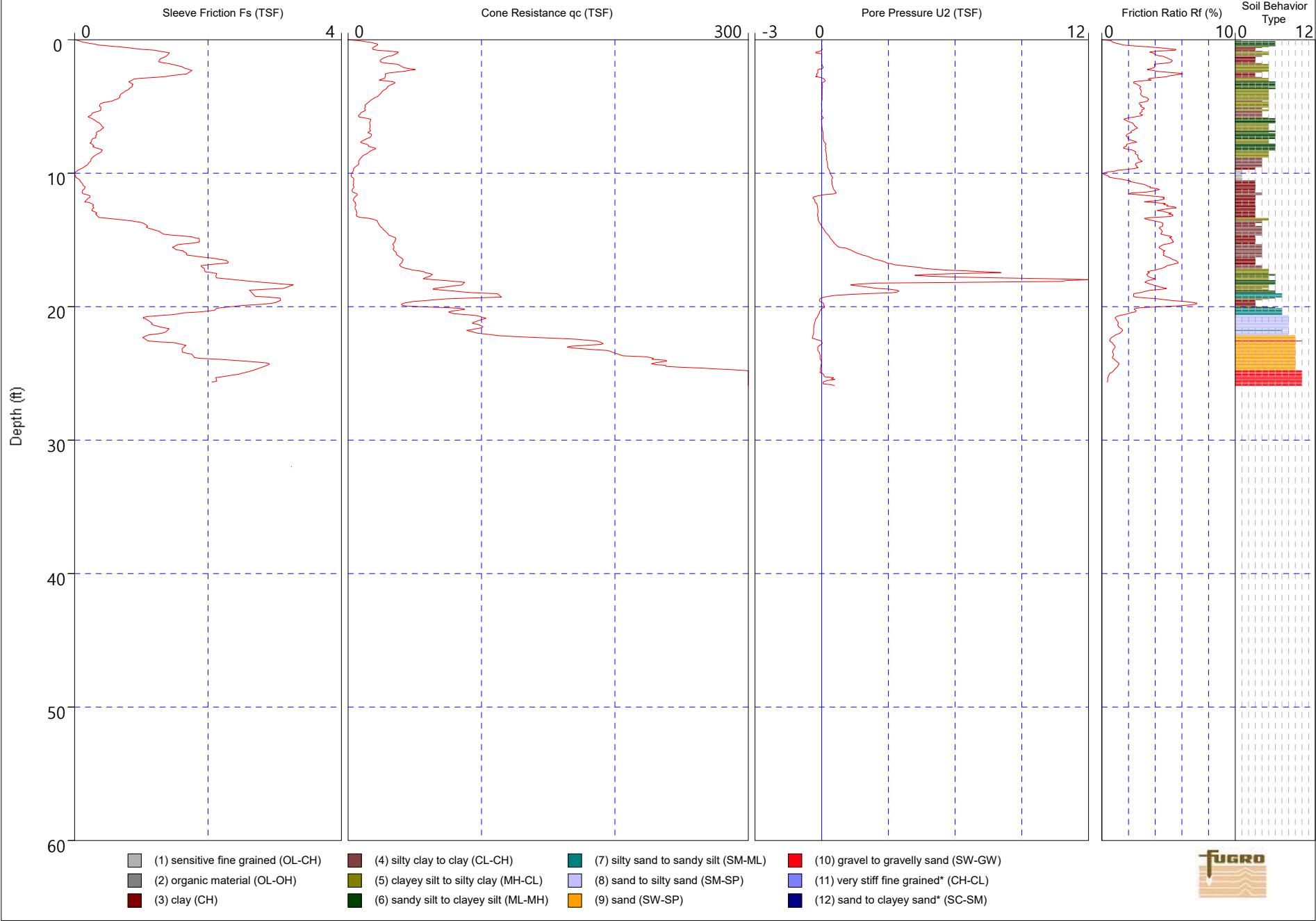
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Job Number: 04.19170066
Operator: Albert Fonseca
Location: Macon, GA

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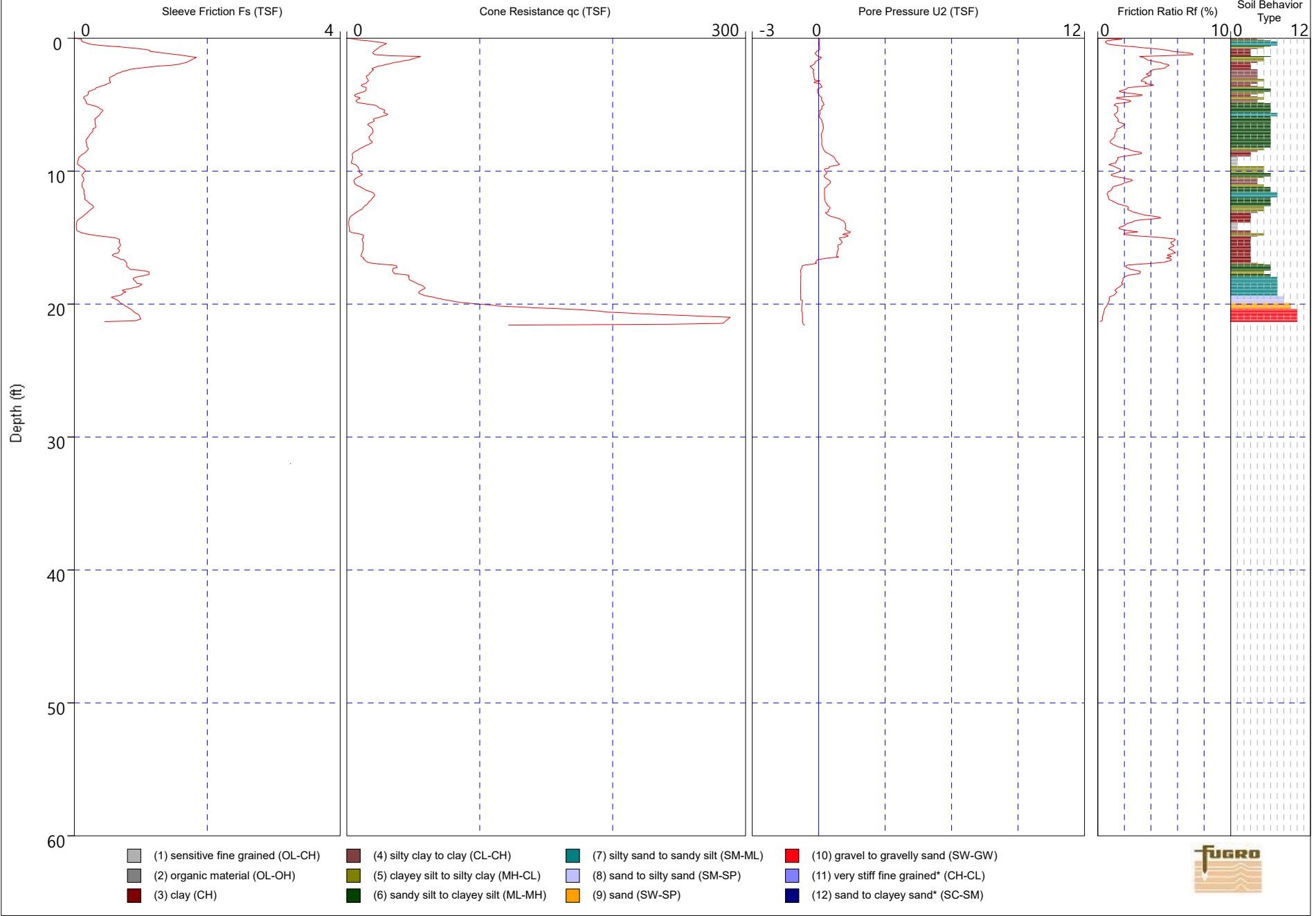


Robertson et al. 1986 *Overconsolidated or Cemented

Job Number: 04.19170066
Operator: Cesar Guzman
Location: Macon, GA

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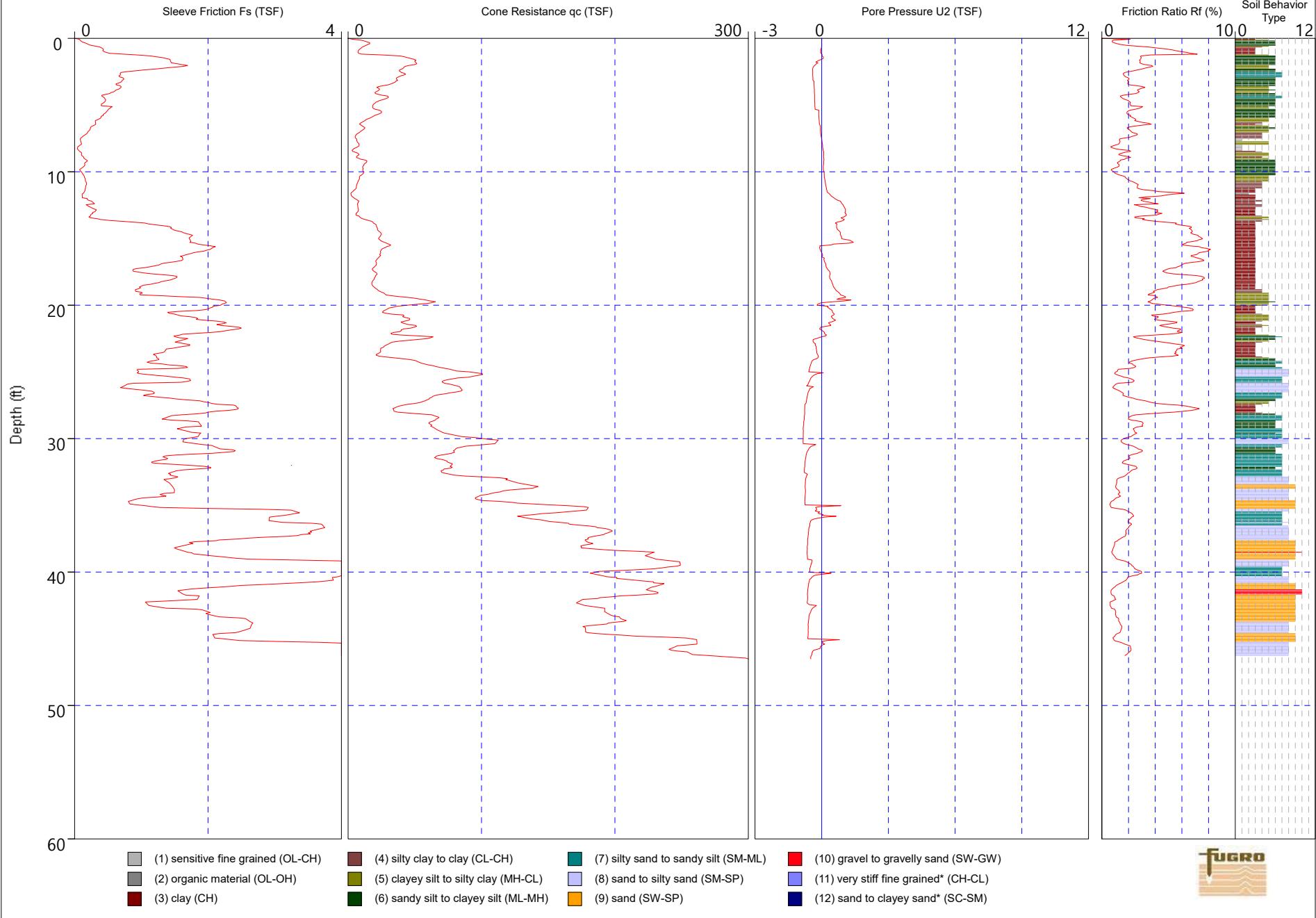


Robertson et al. 1986 *Overconsolidated or Cemented

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Operator: Cesar Guzman
Location: Macon, GA

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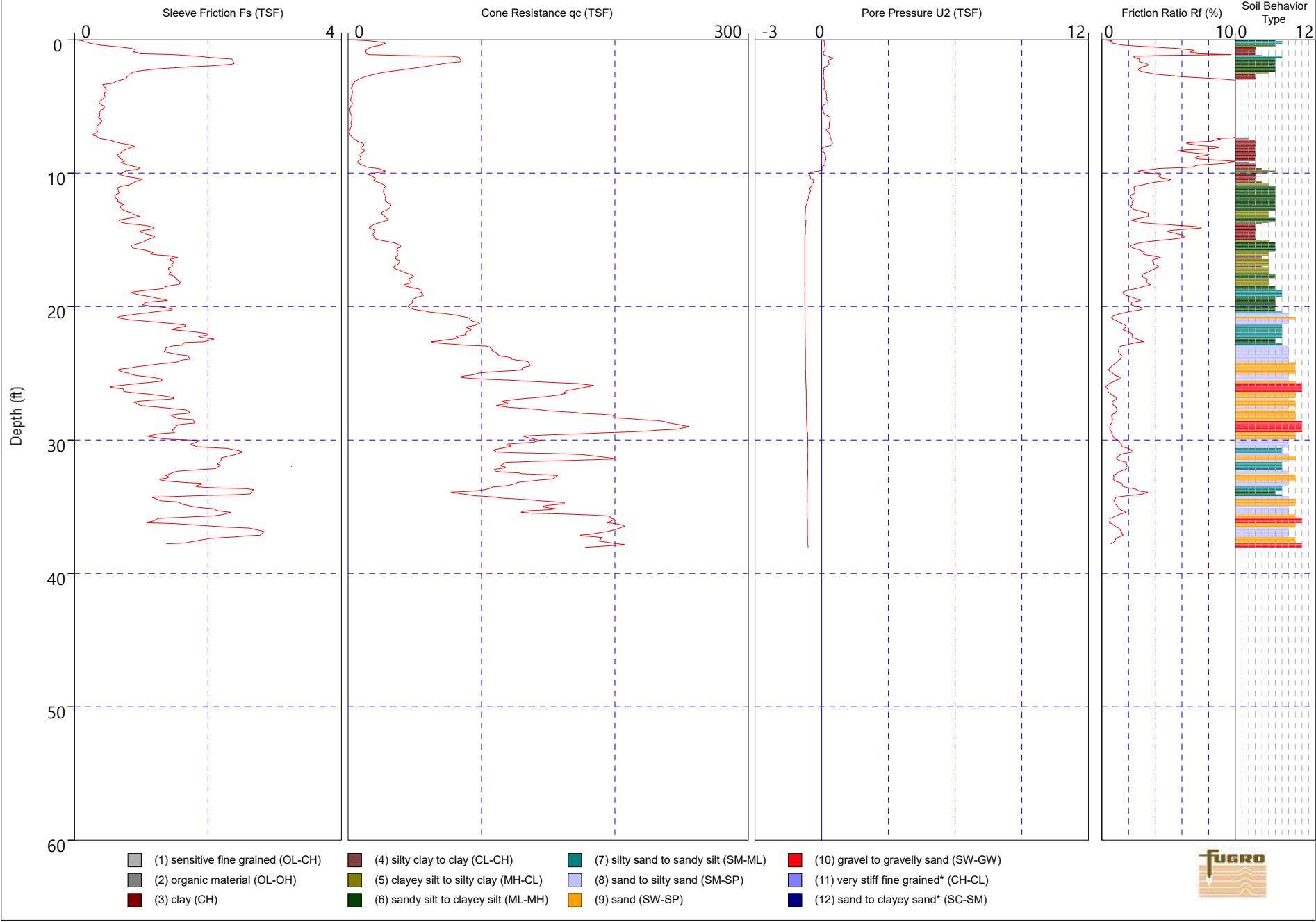
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Operator: Albert Fonseca
Location: Macon, GA

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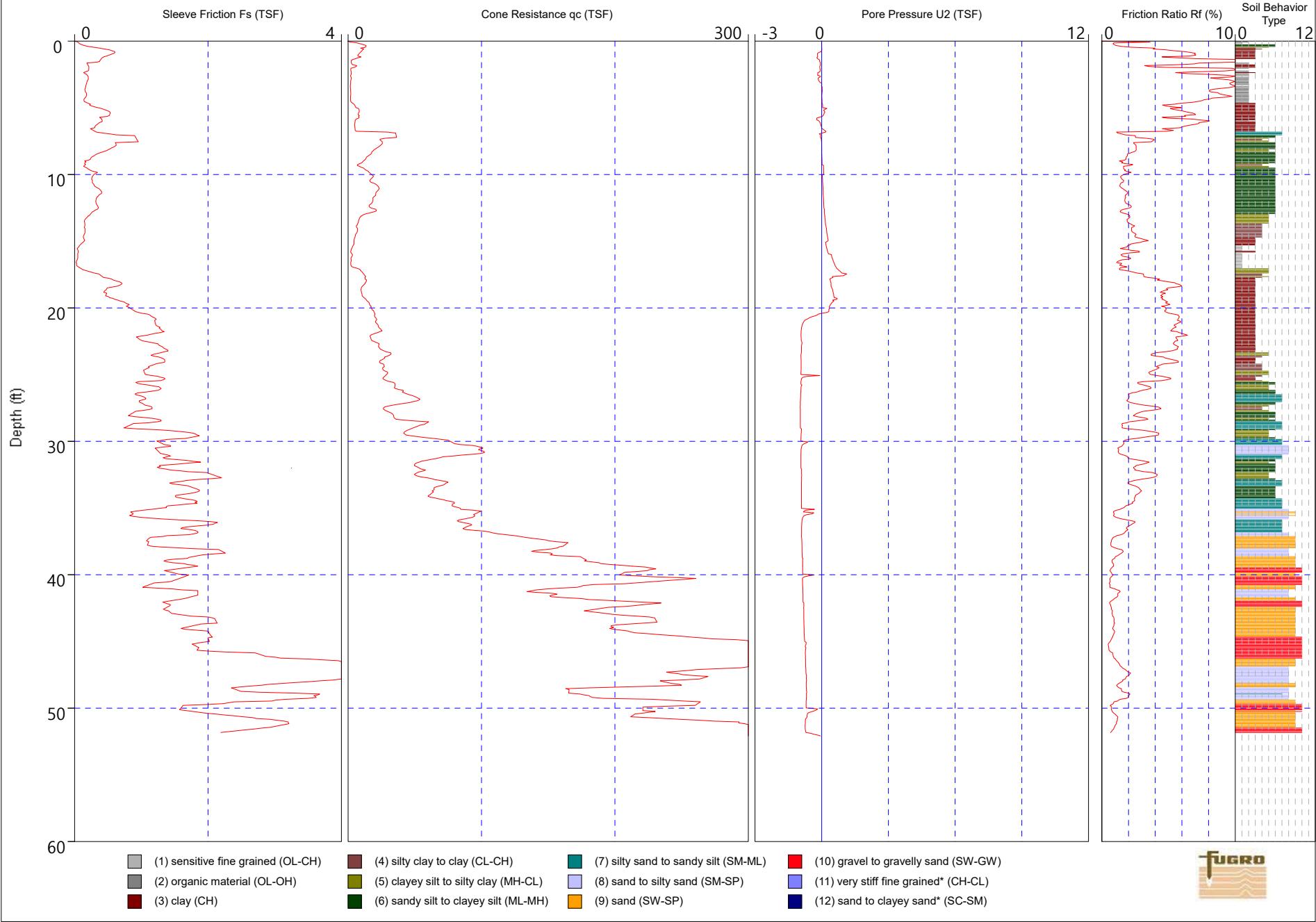
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Location: Macon, GA

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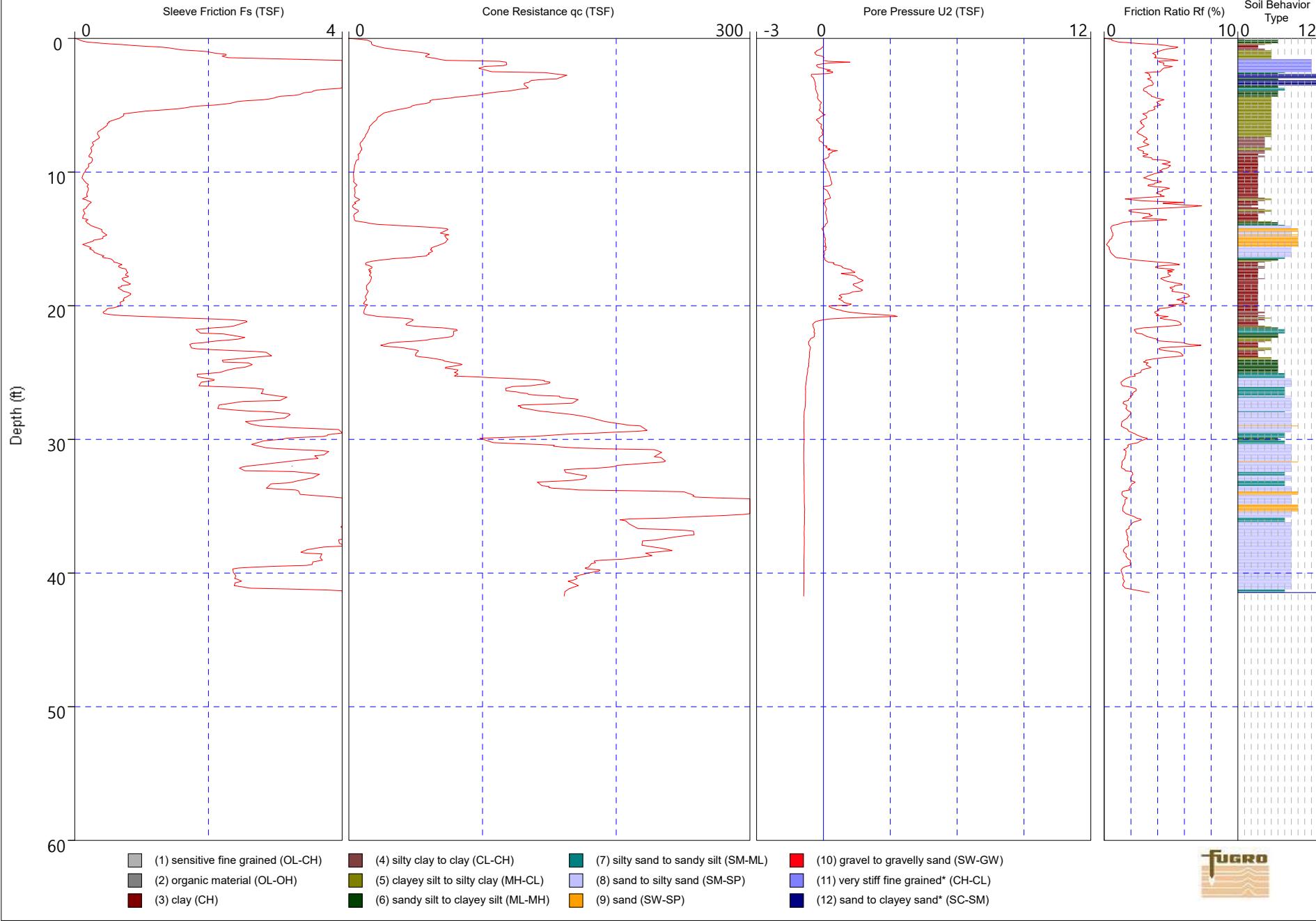
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Location: Macon, GA

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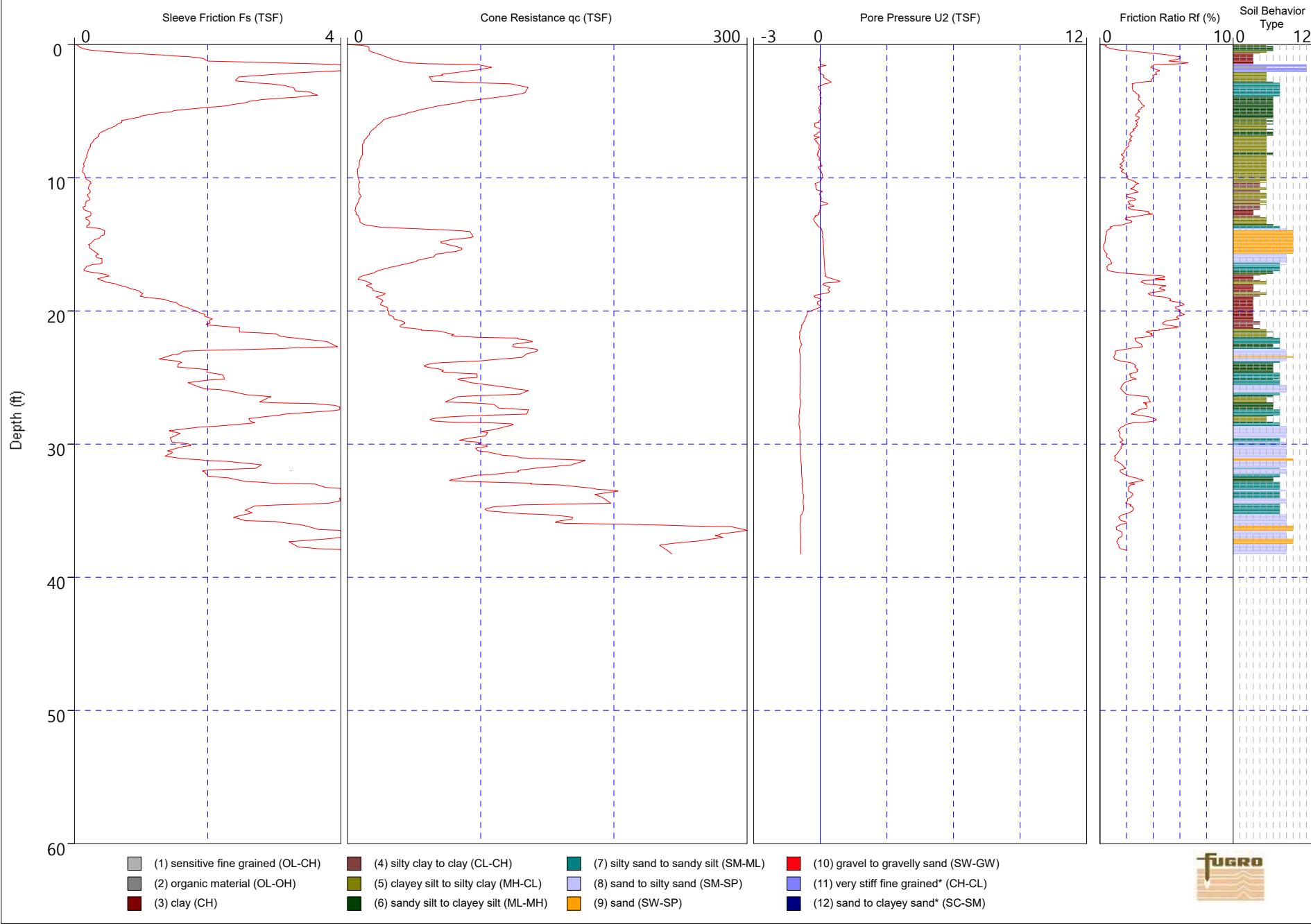
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Location: Macon, GA

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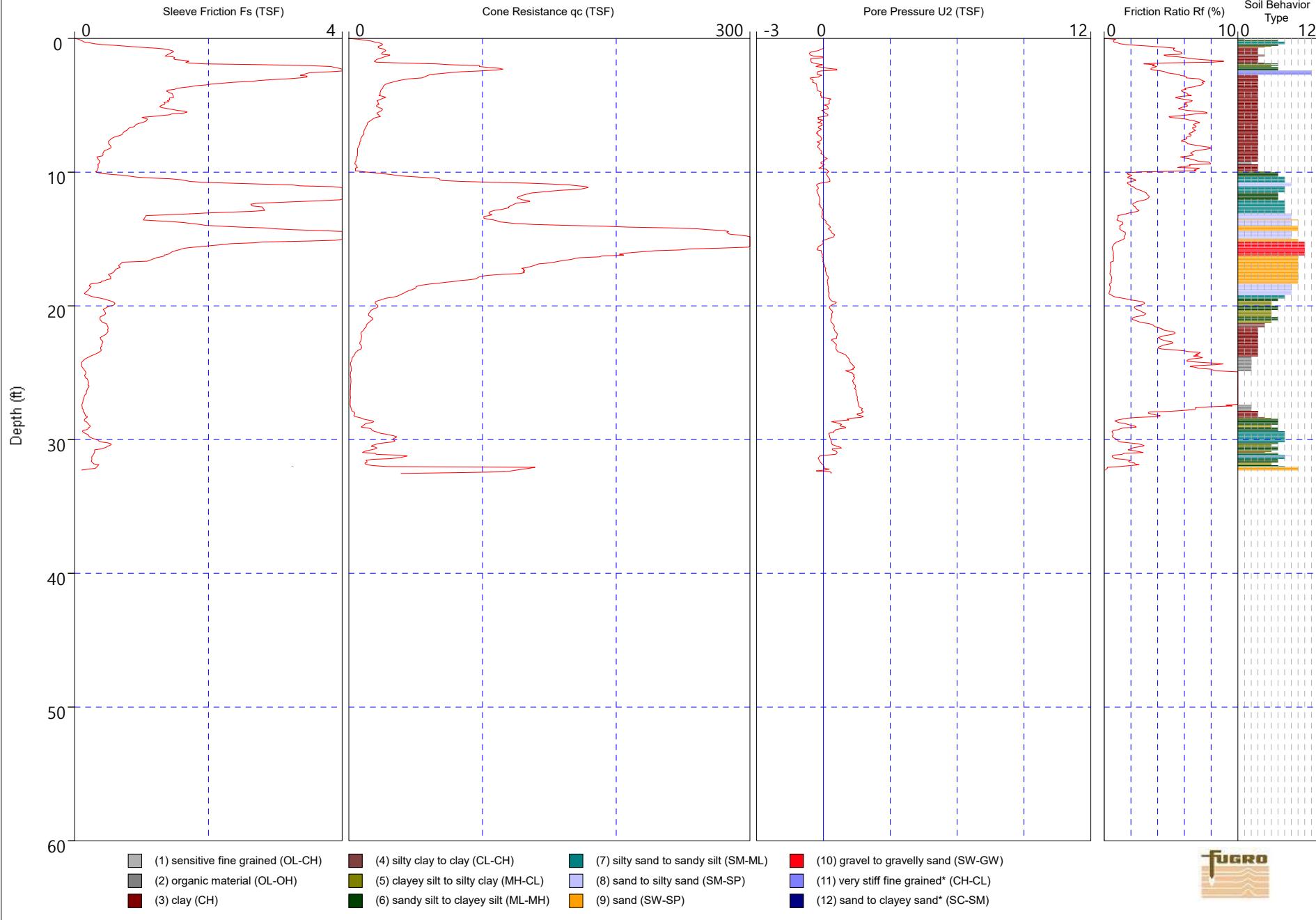
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Location: Macon, GA

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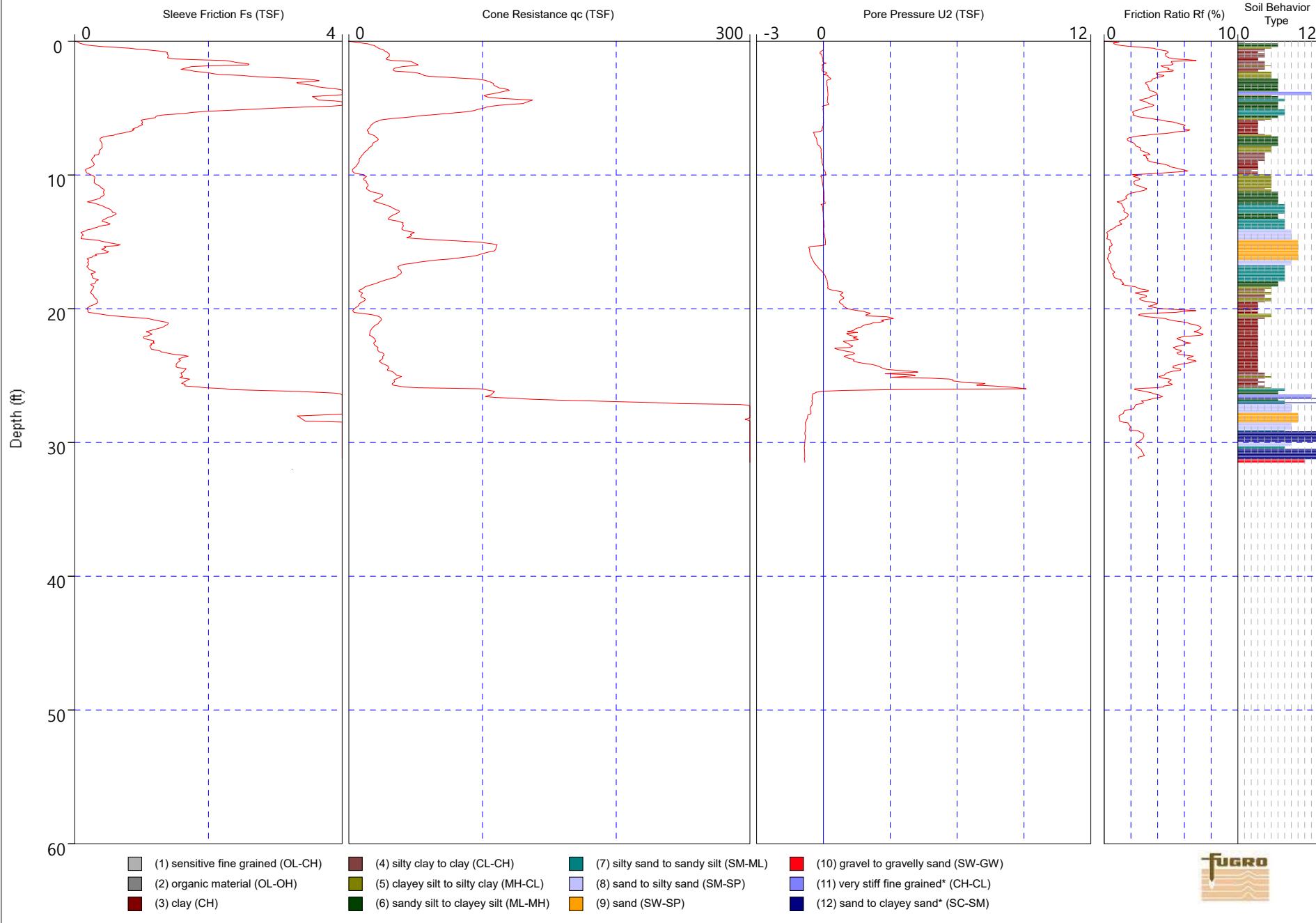
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Job Number: 04.19170066
Operator: Albert Fonseca
Location: Macon, GA

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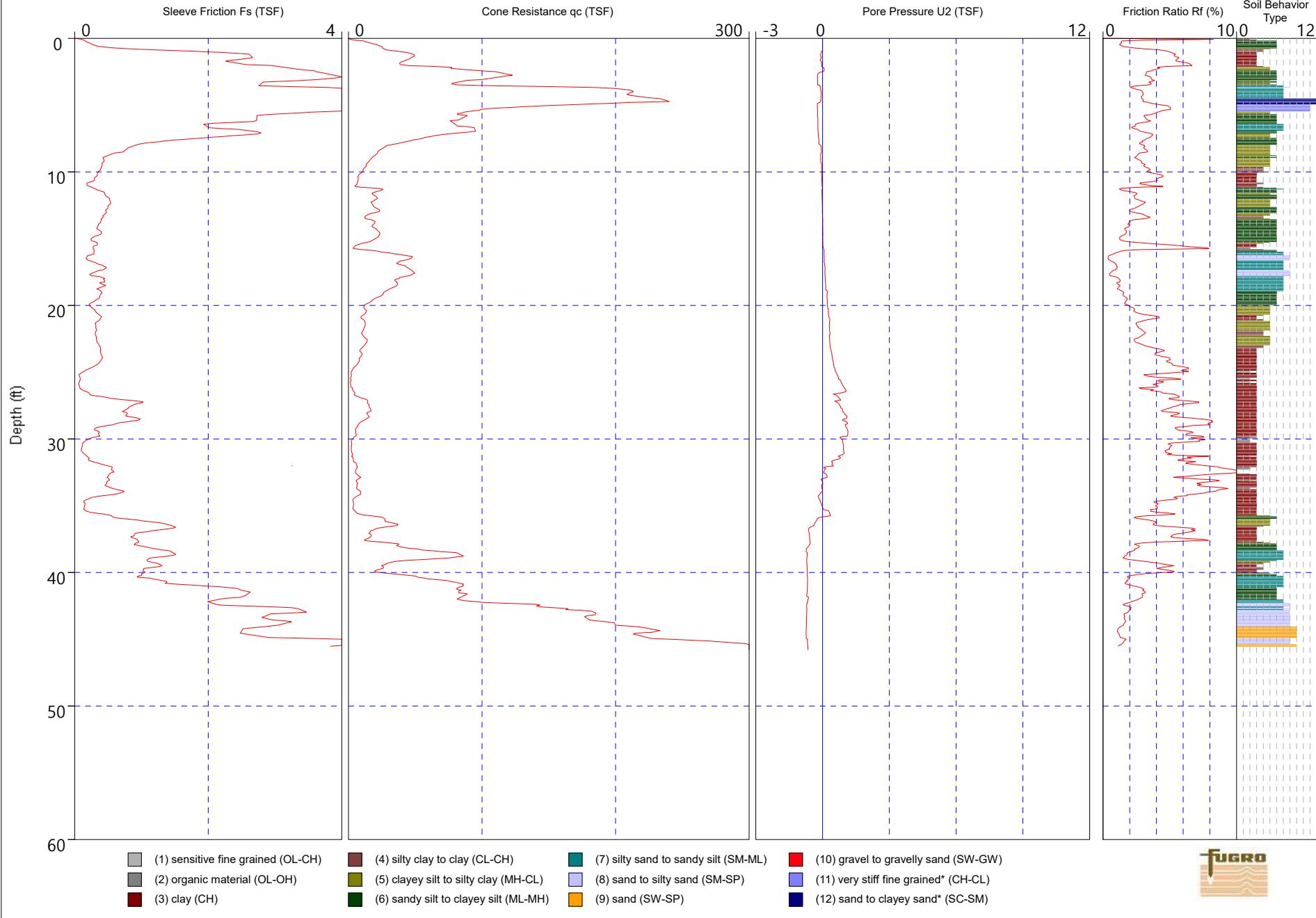


Robertson et al. 1986 *Overconsolidated or Cemented

Job Number: 04.19170066
Operator: Albert Fonseca
Location: Macon, GA

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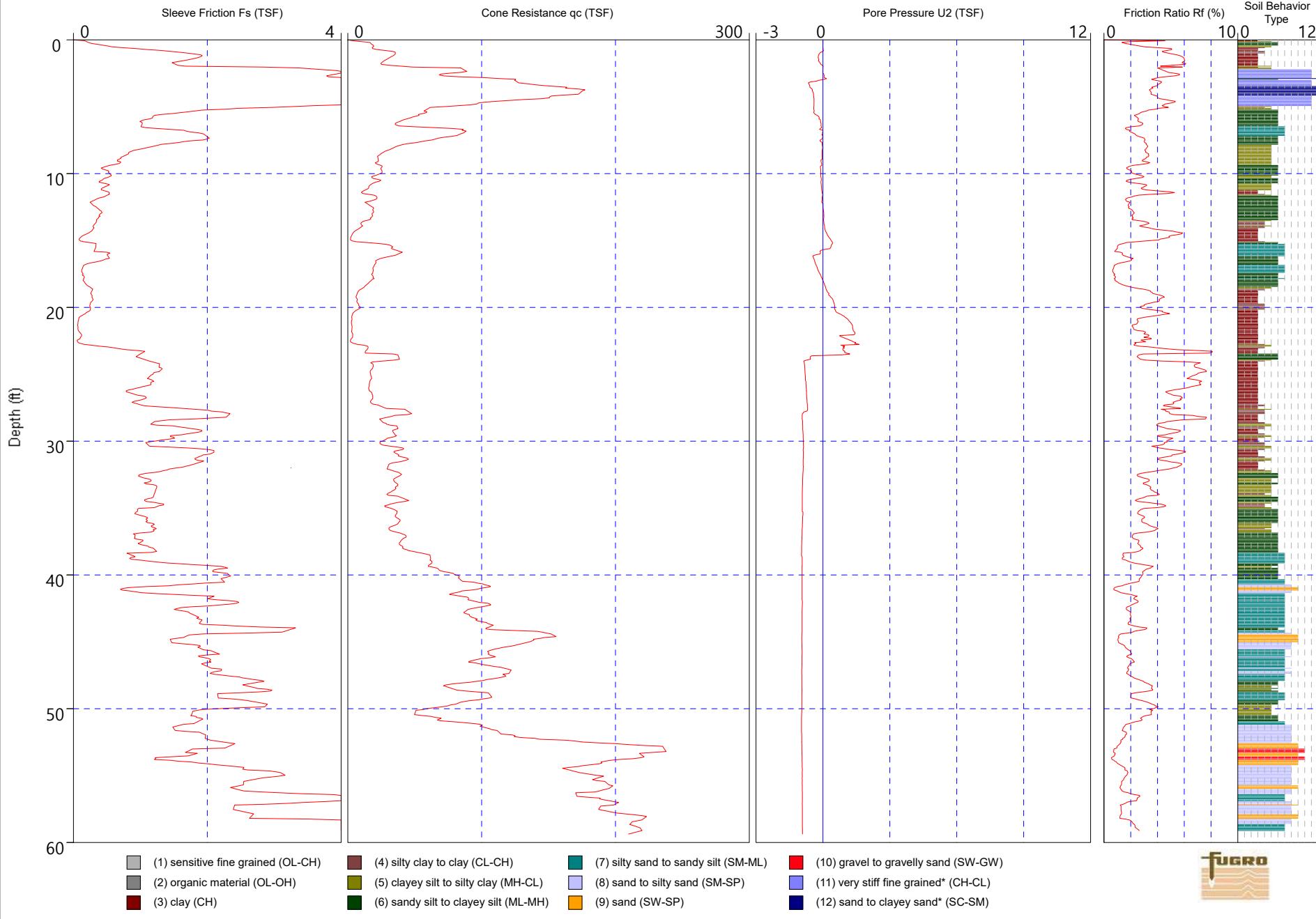
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Operator: Albert Fonseca
Location: Macon, GA

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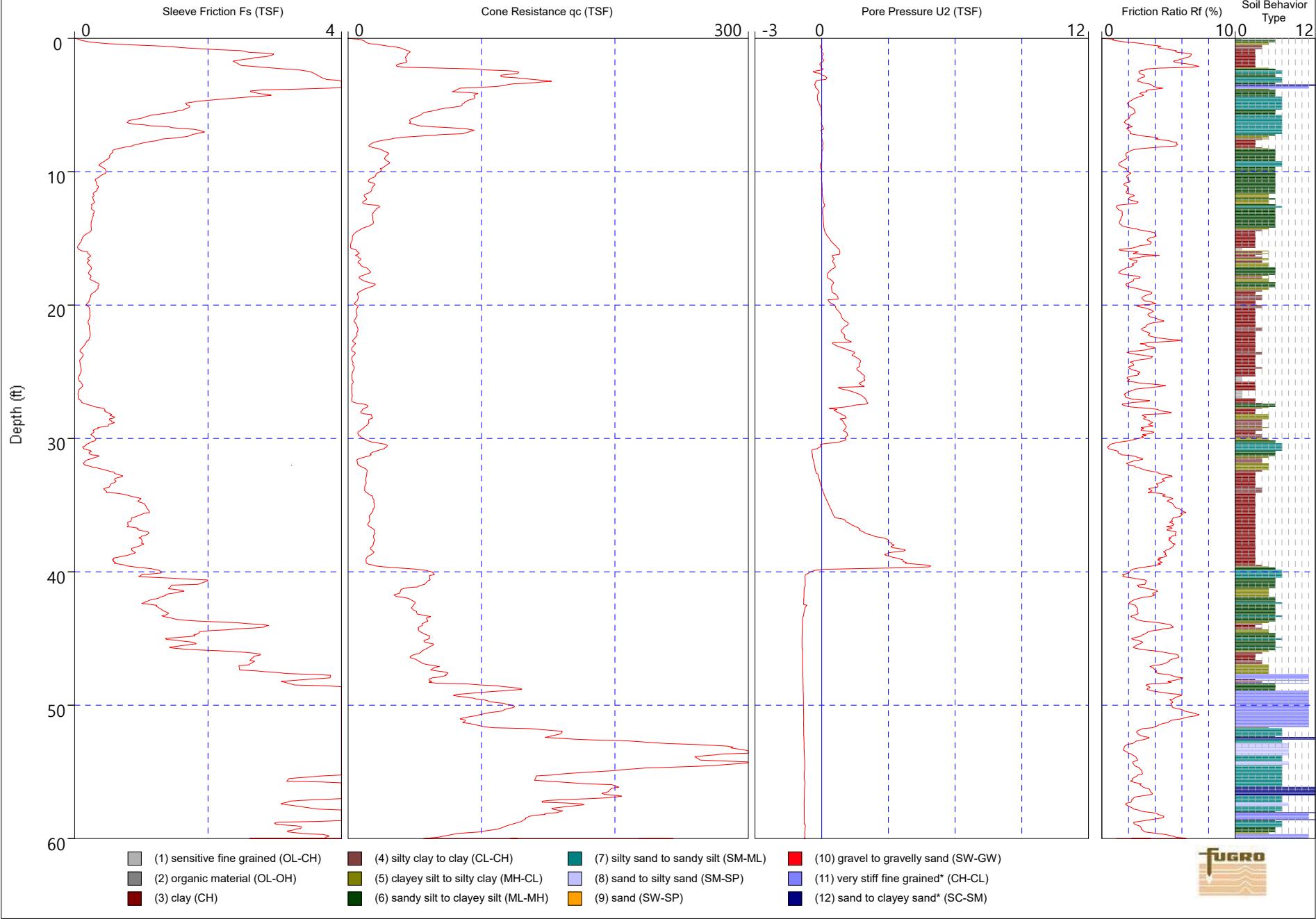
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Operator: Cesar Guzman
Location: Macon, GA

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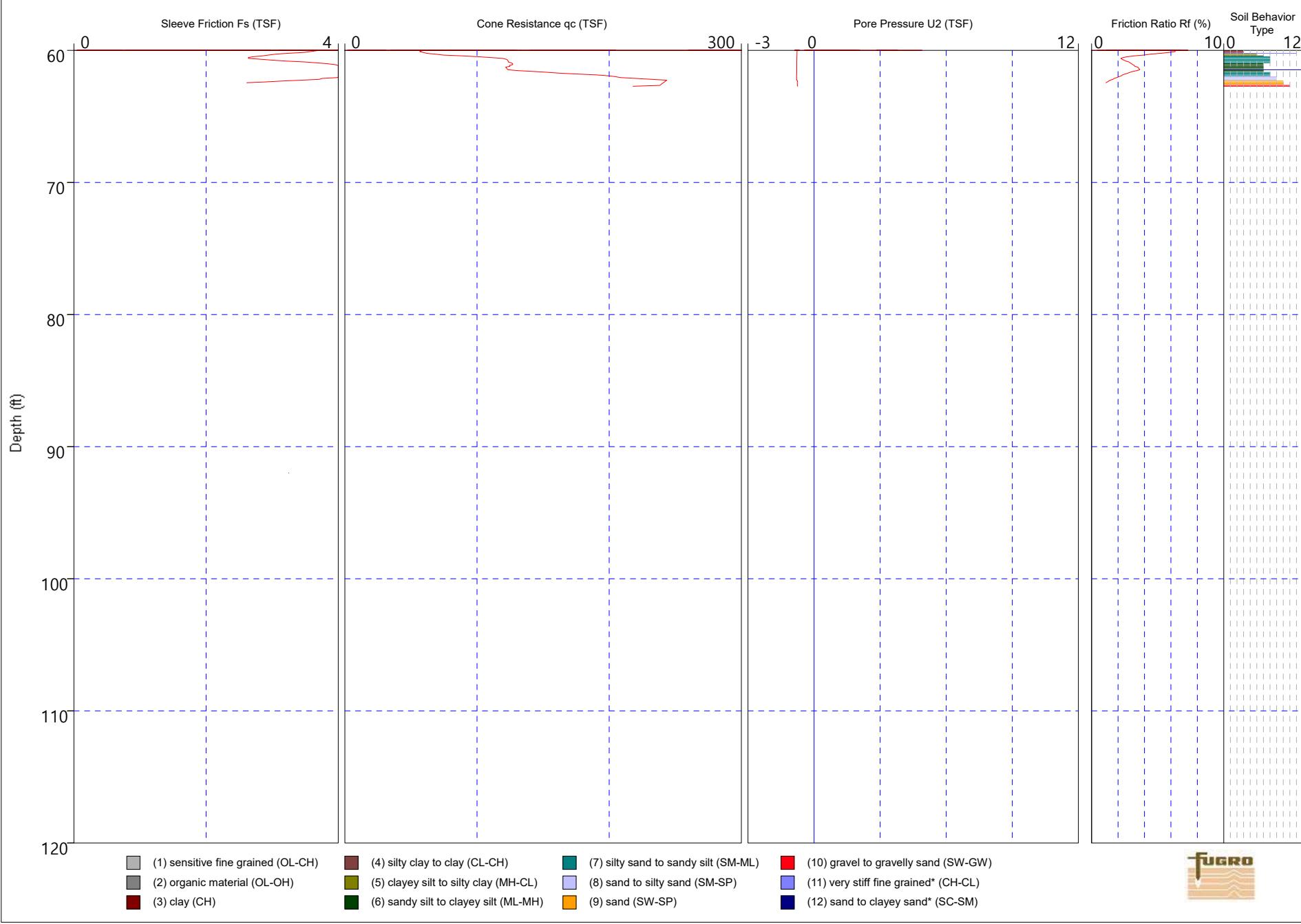
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Job Number: 04.19170066
Operator: Cesar Guzman
Location: Macon, GA

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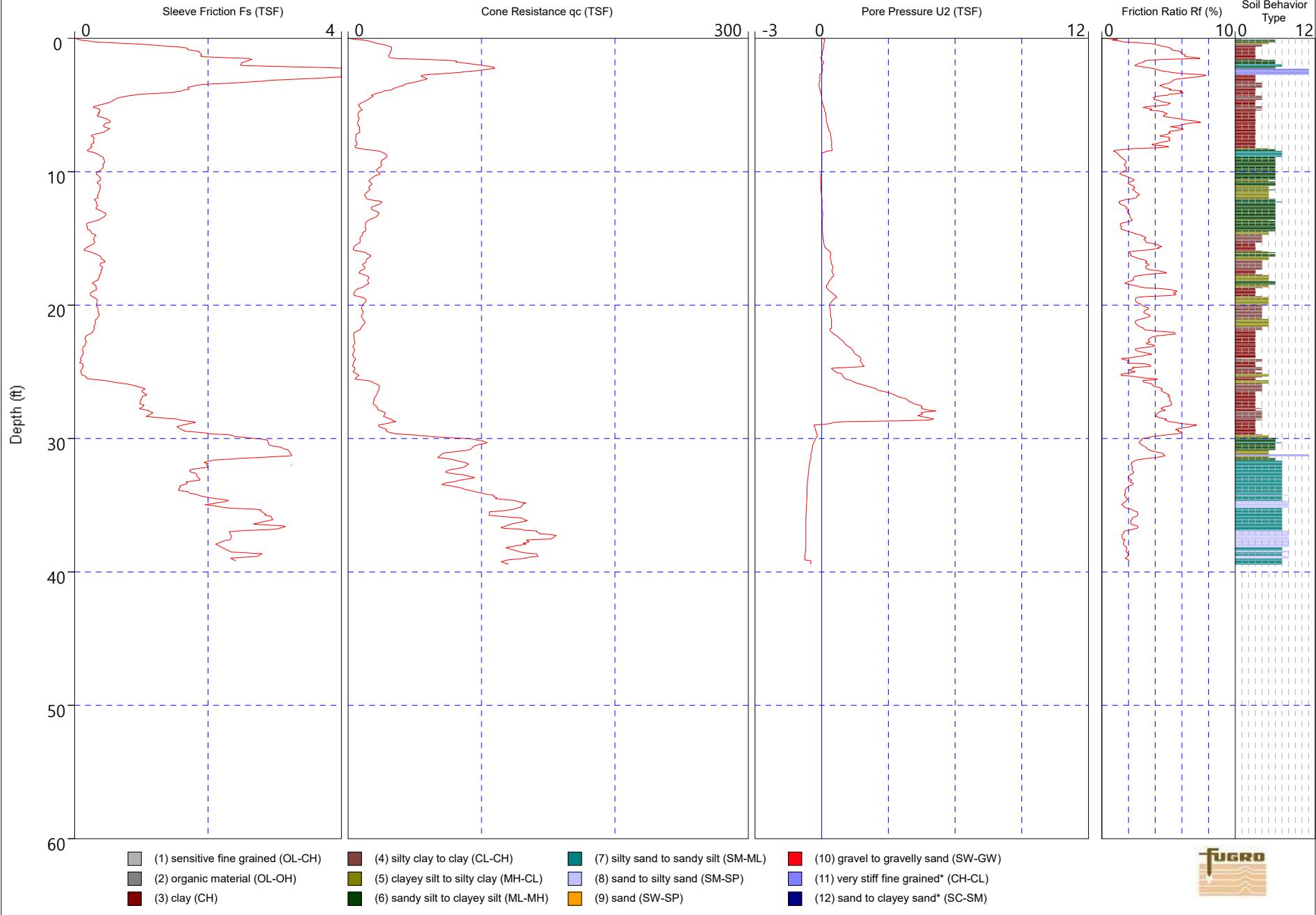
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Operator: Cesar Guzman
Location: Macon, GA

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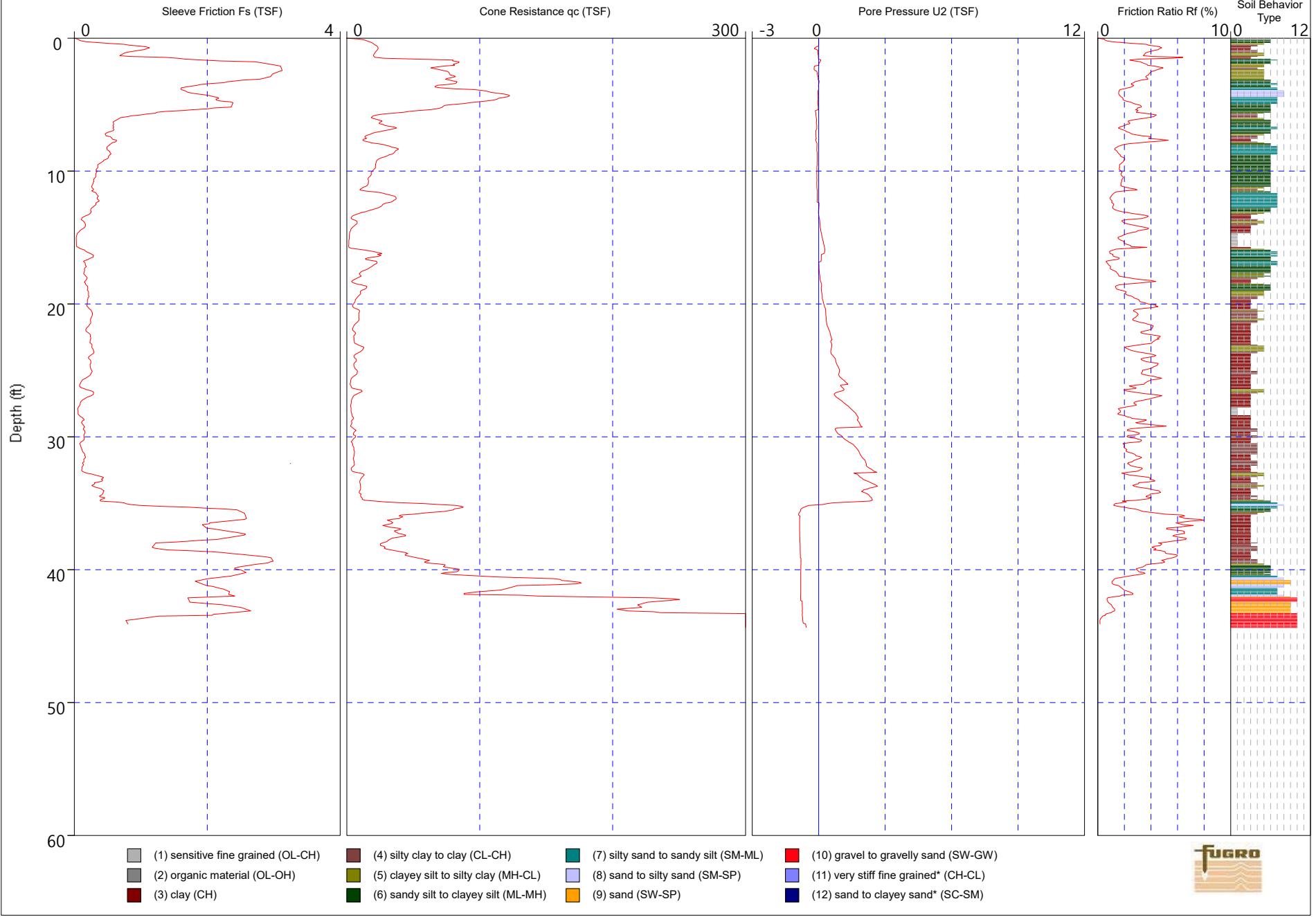
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Job Number: 04.19170066
Operator: Cesar Guzman
Location: Macon, GA

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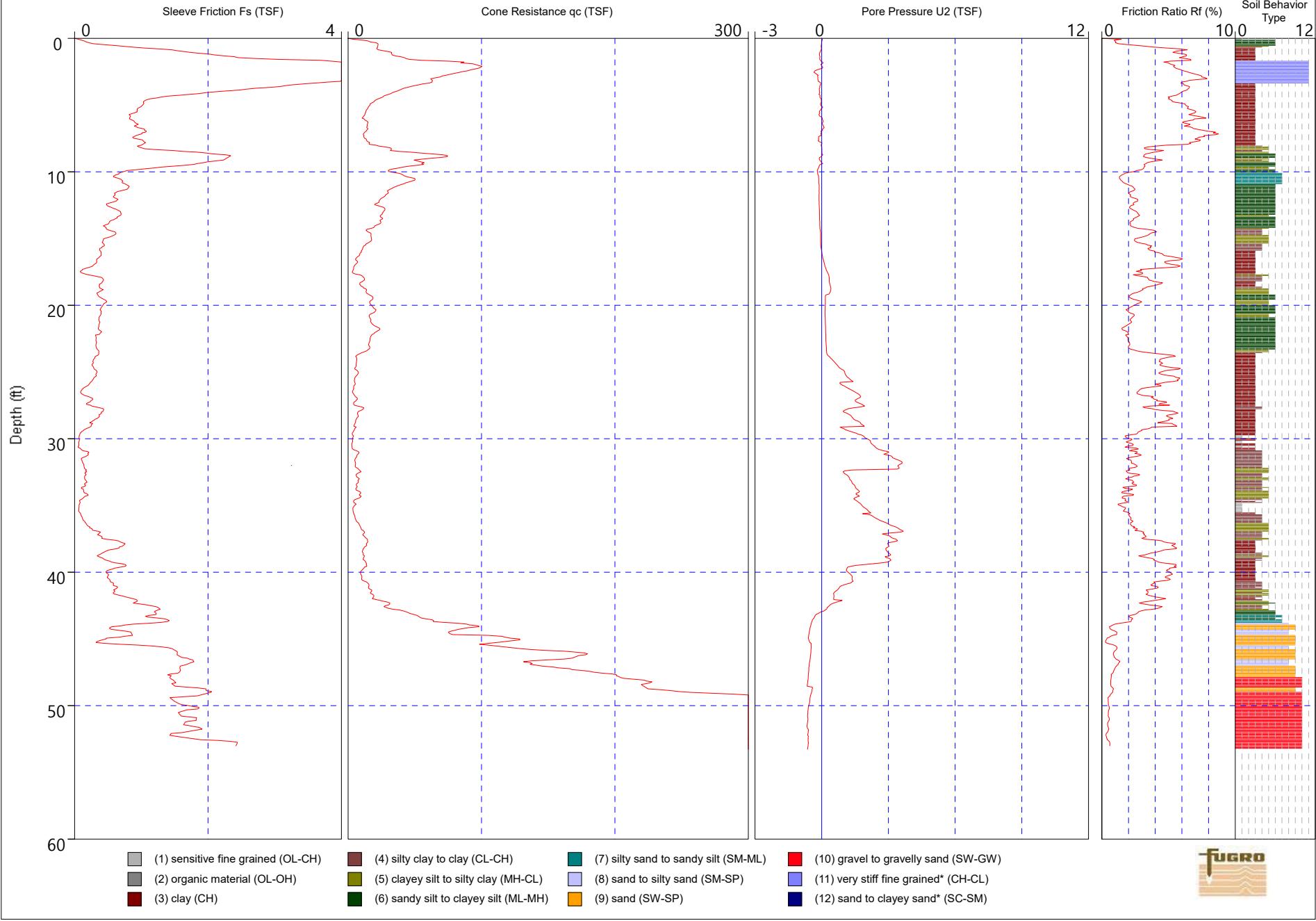
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Job Number: 04.19170066
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Location: Macon, GA

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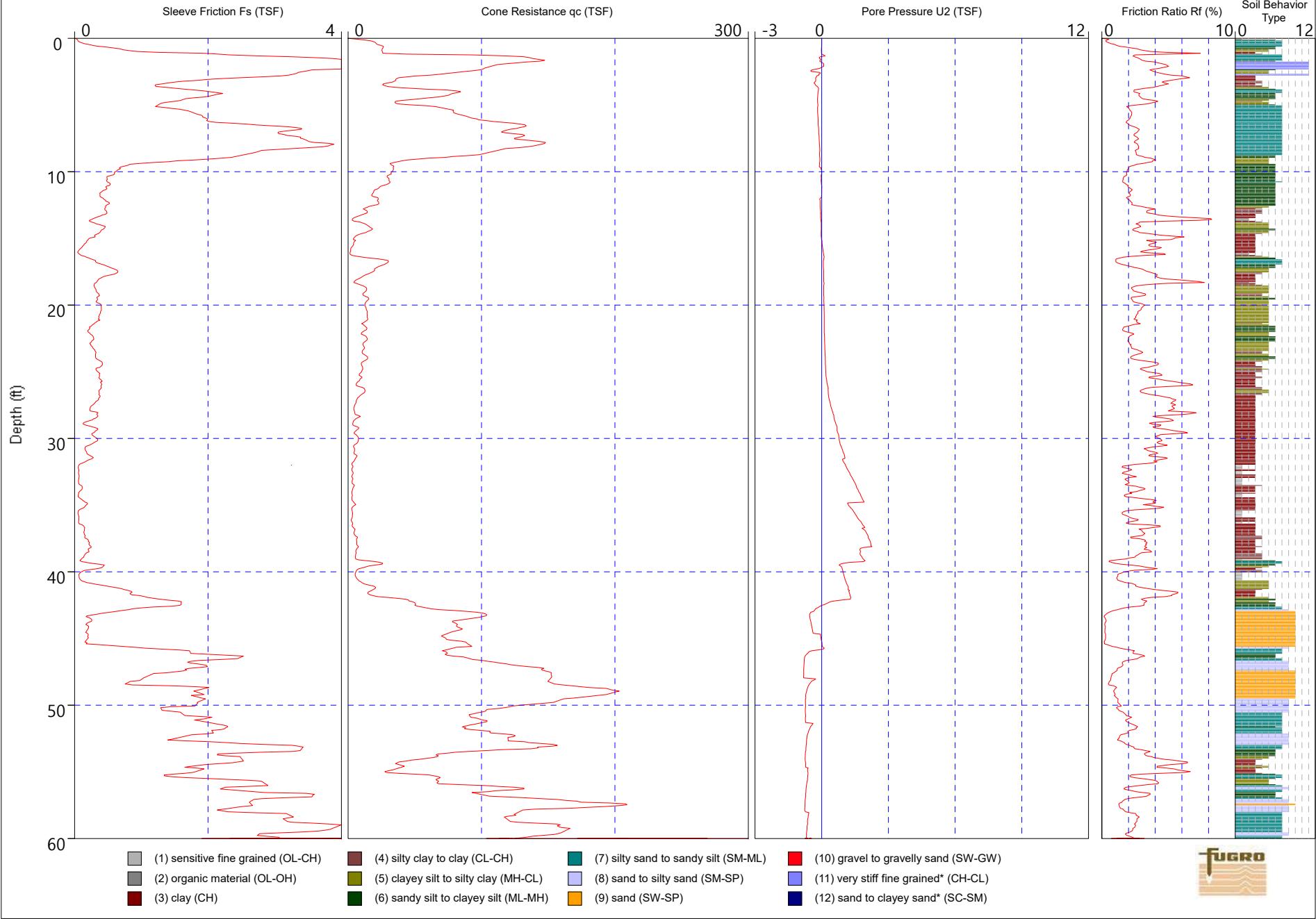
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Job Number: 04.19170066
Operator: Cesar Guzman
Location: Macon, GA

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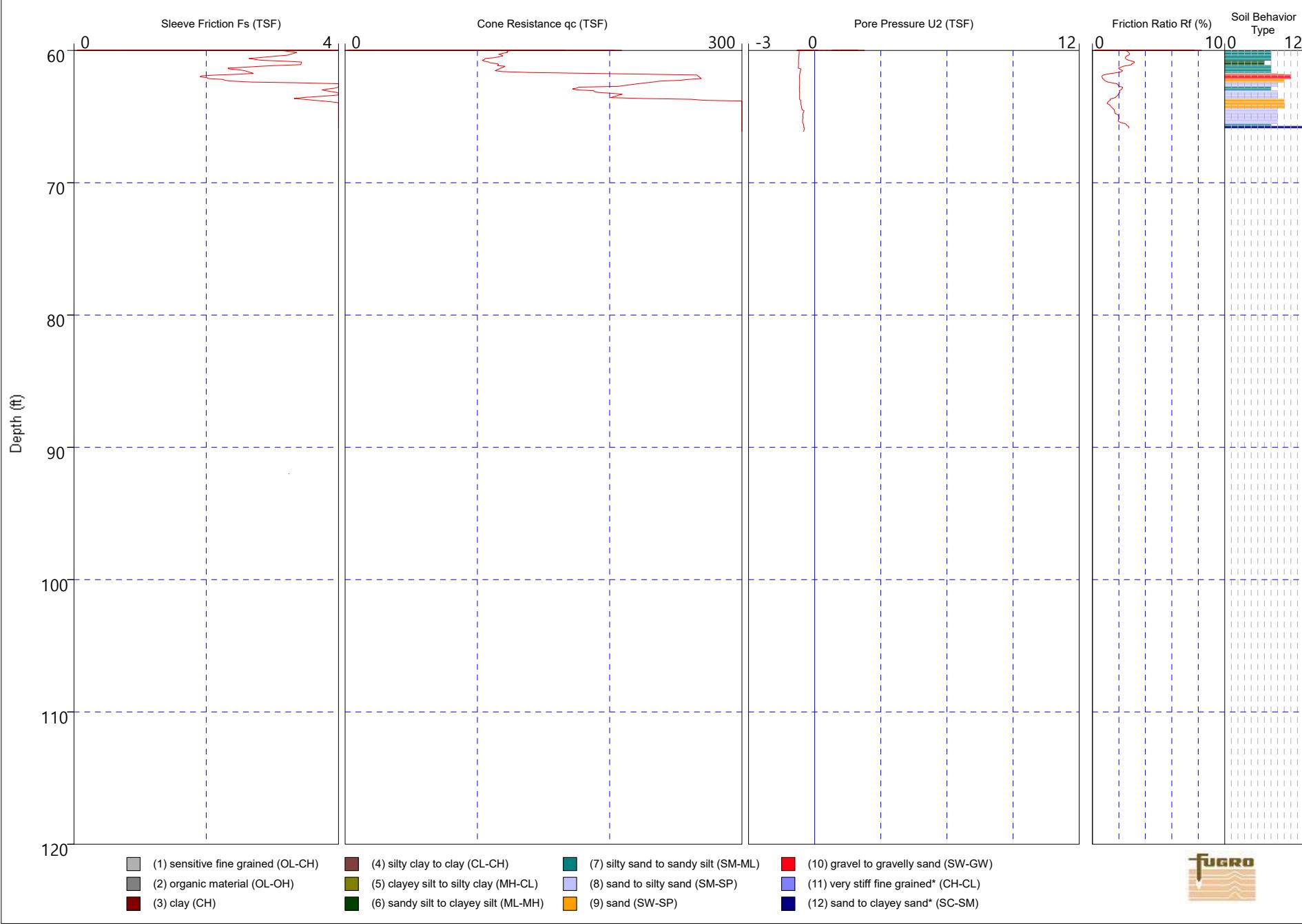


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Location: Macon, GA

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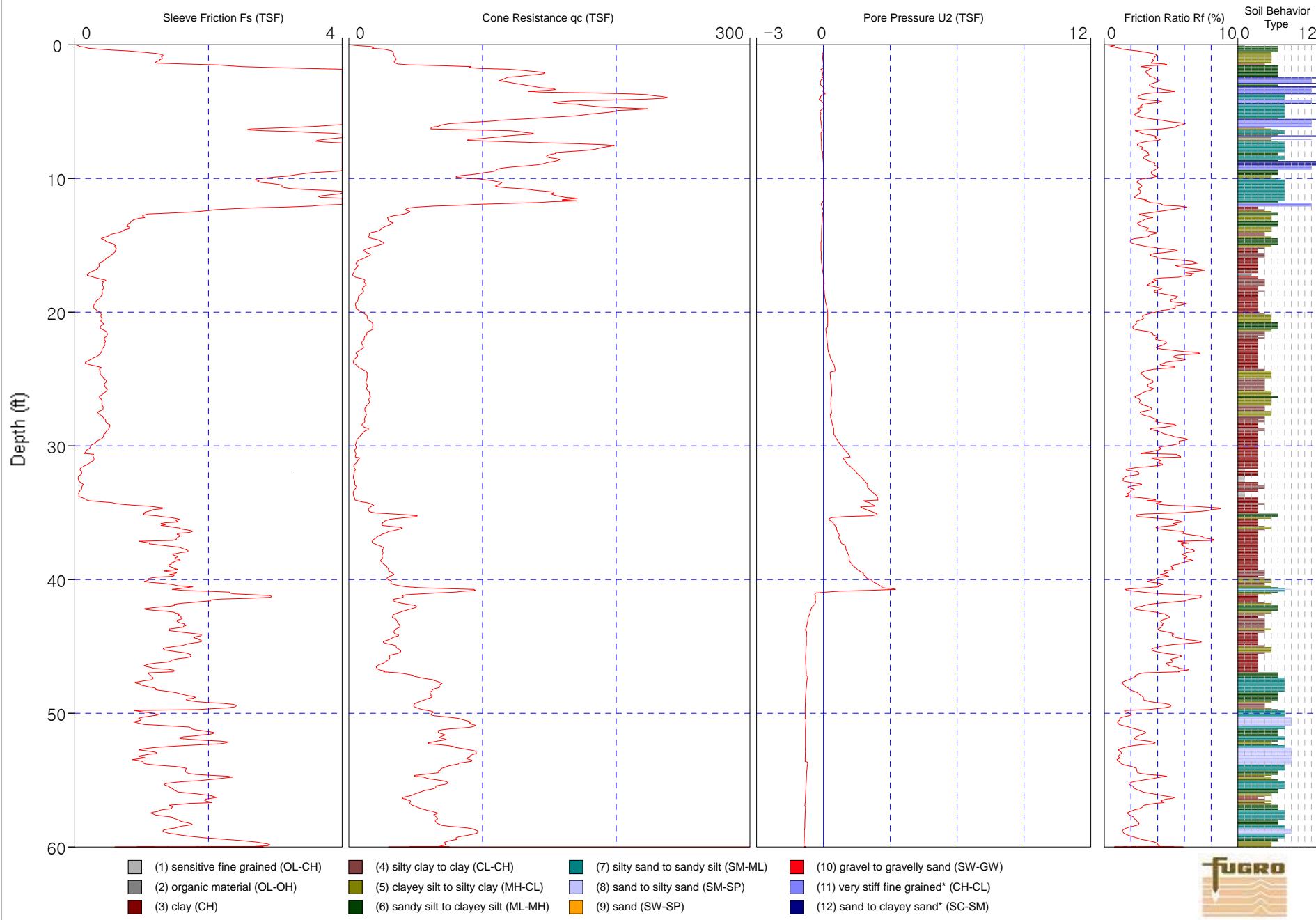
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Operator: Cesar Guzman
Location: Macon, Ga

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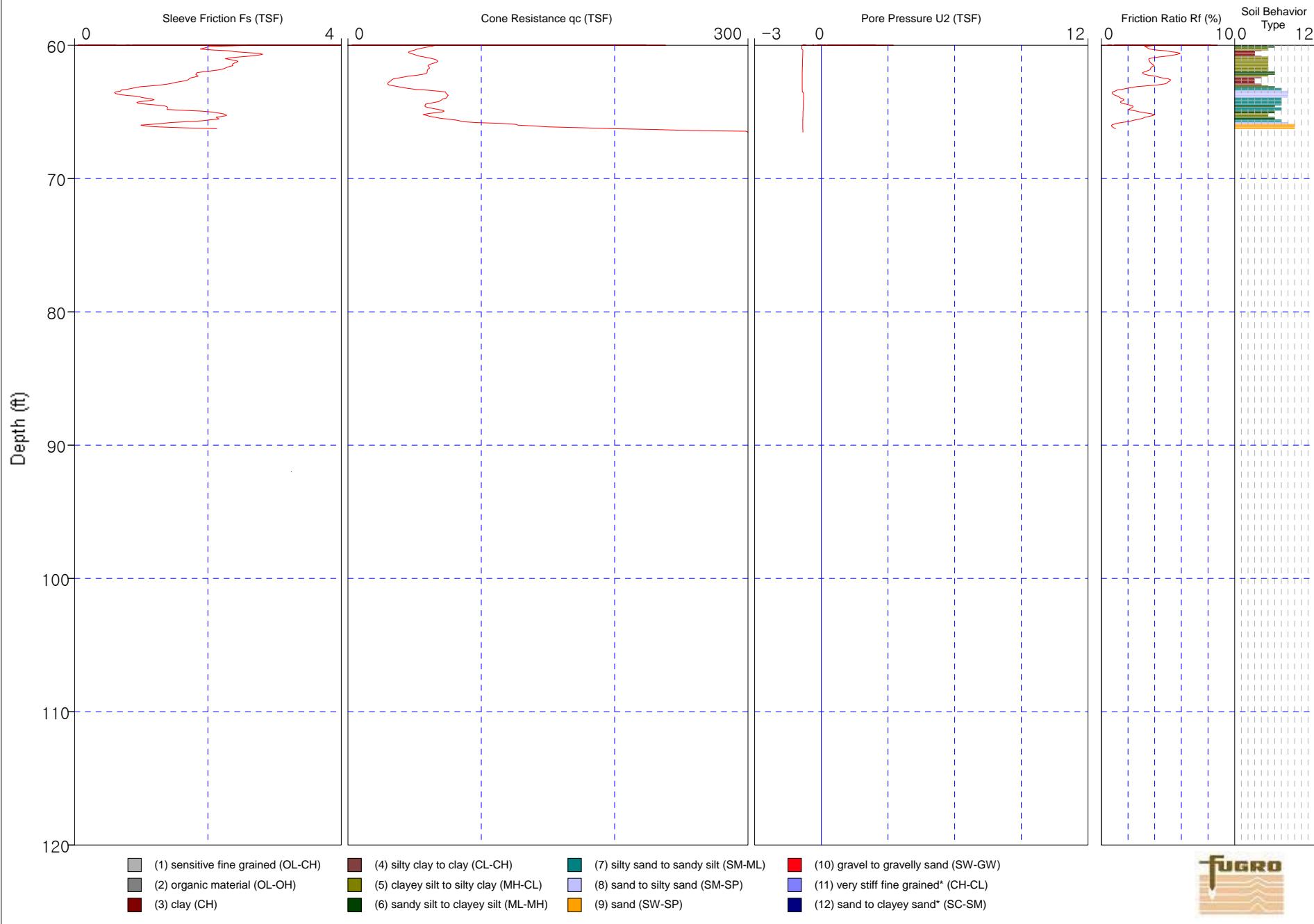
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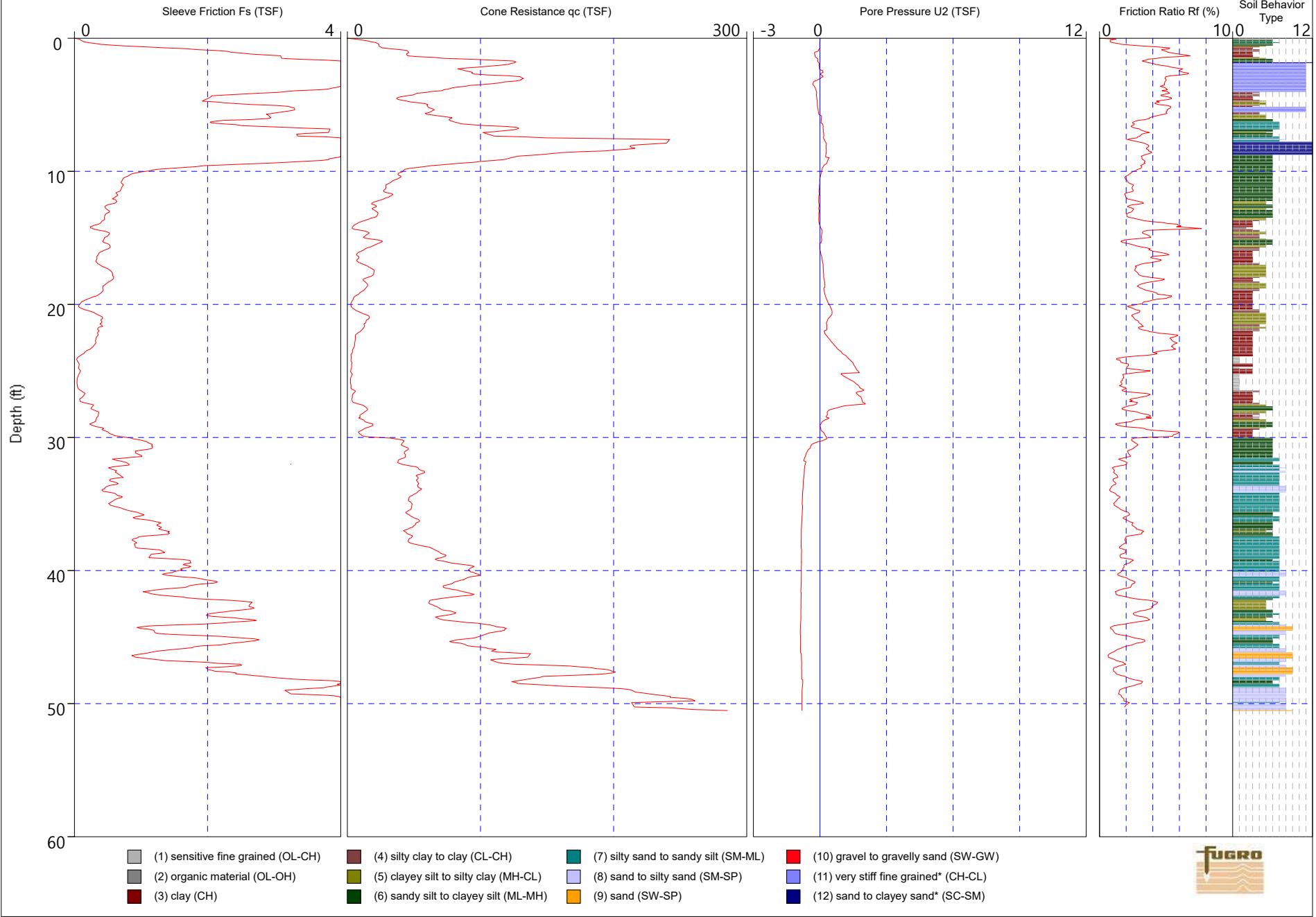
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Job Number: 04.19170066
Operator: Cesar Guzman
Location: Macon, GA

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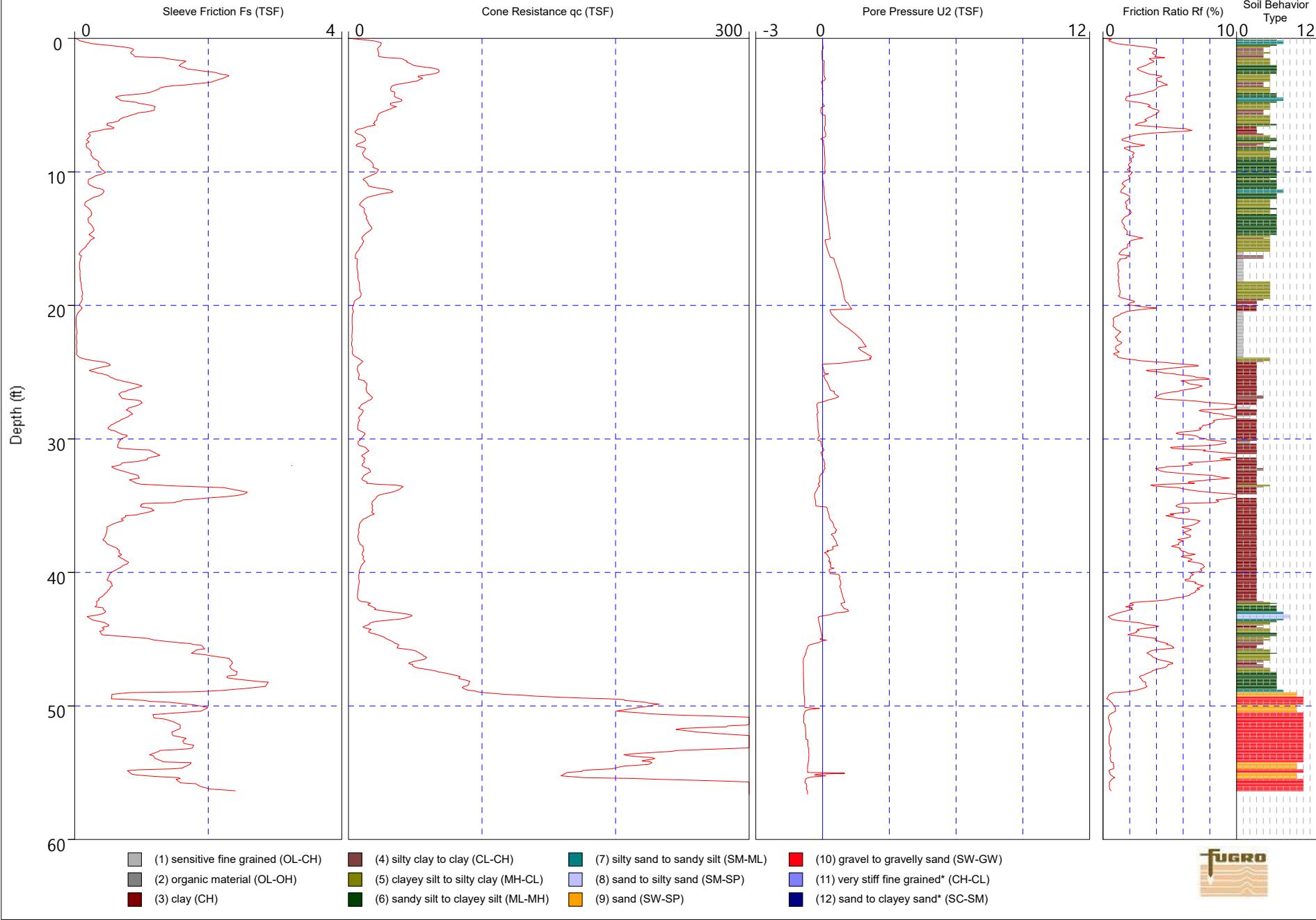


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Job Number: 04.19170066
Operator: Albert Fonseca
Location: Macon, GA

CPT Number: CPT-21
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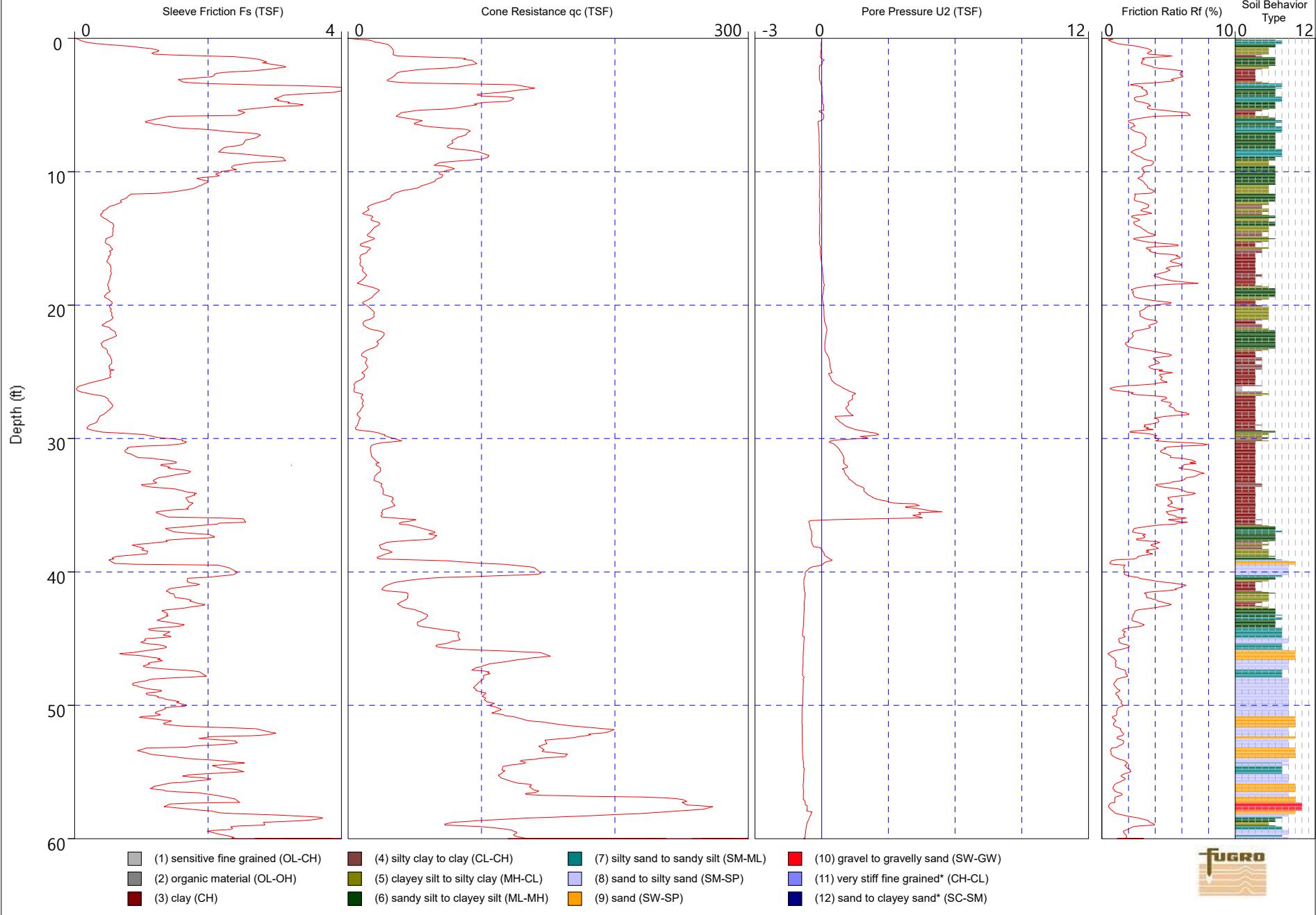
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Job Number: 04.19170066
Operator: Cesar Guzman
Location: Macon, GA

CPT Number: CPT-22
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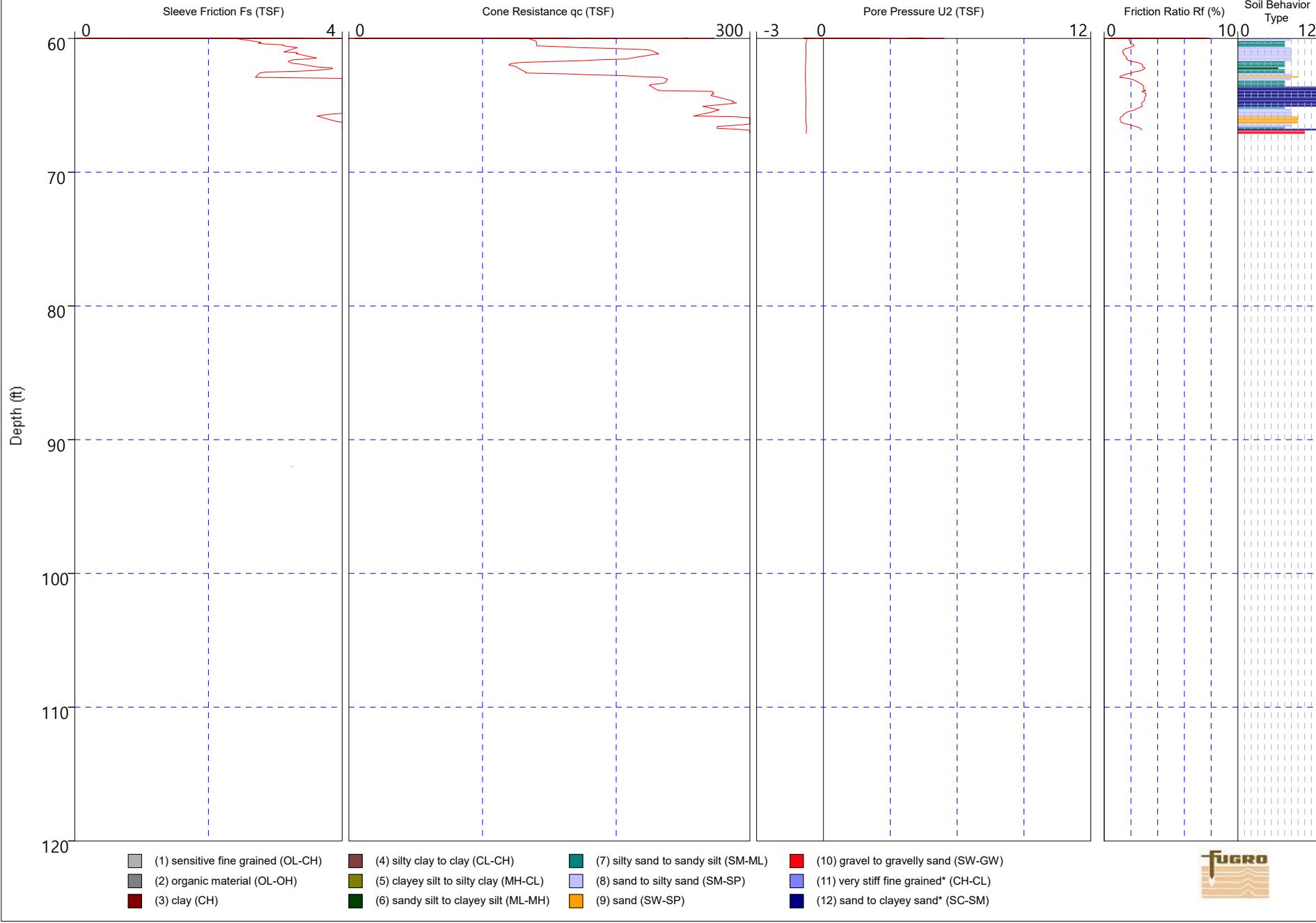
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Job Number: 04.19170066
Operator: Cesar Guzman
Location: Macon, GA

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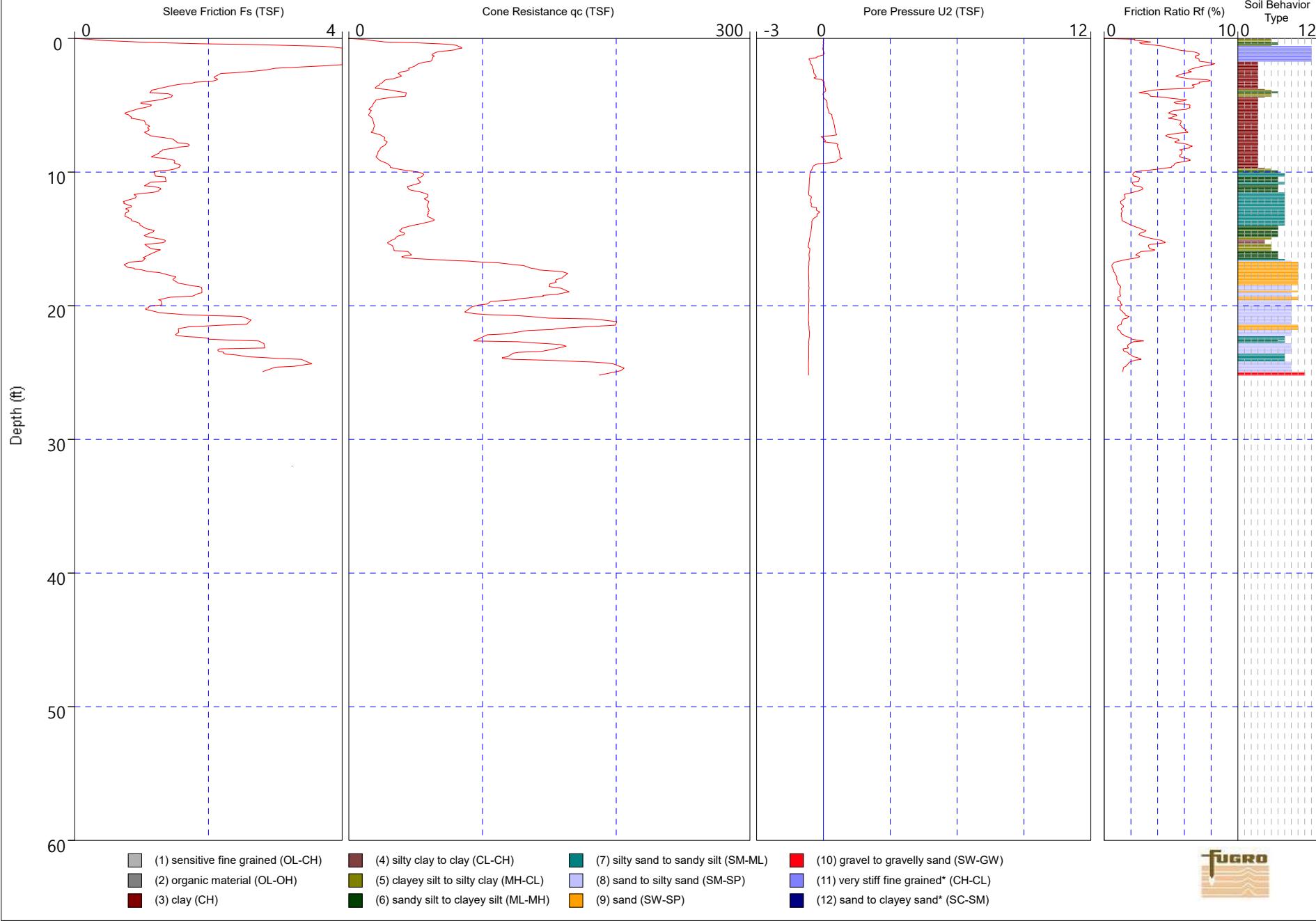
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Job Number: 04.19170066
Operator: Albert Fonseca
Location: Macon, GA

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Elevation: 0.00

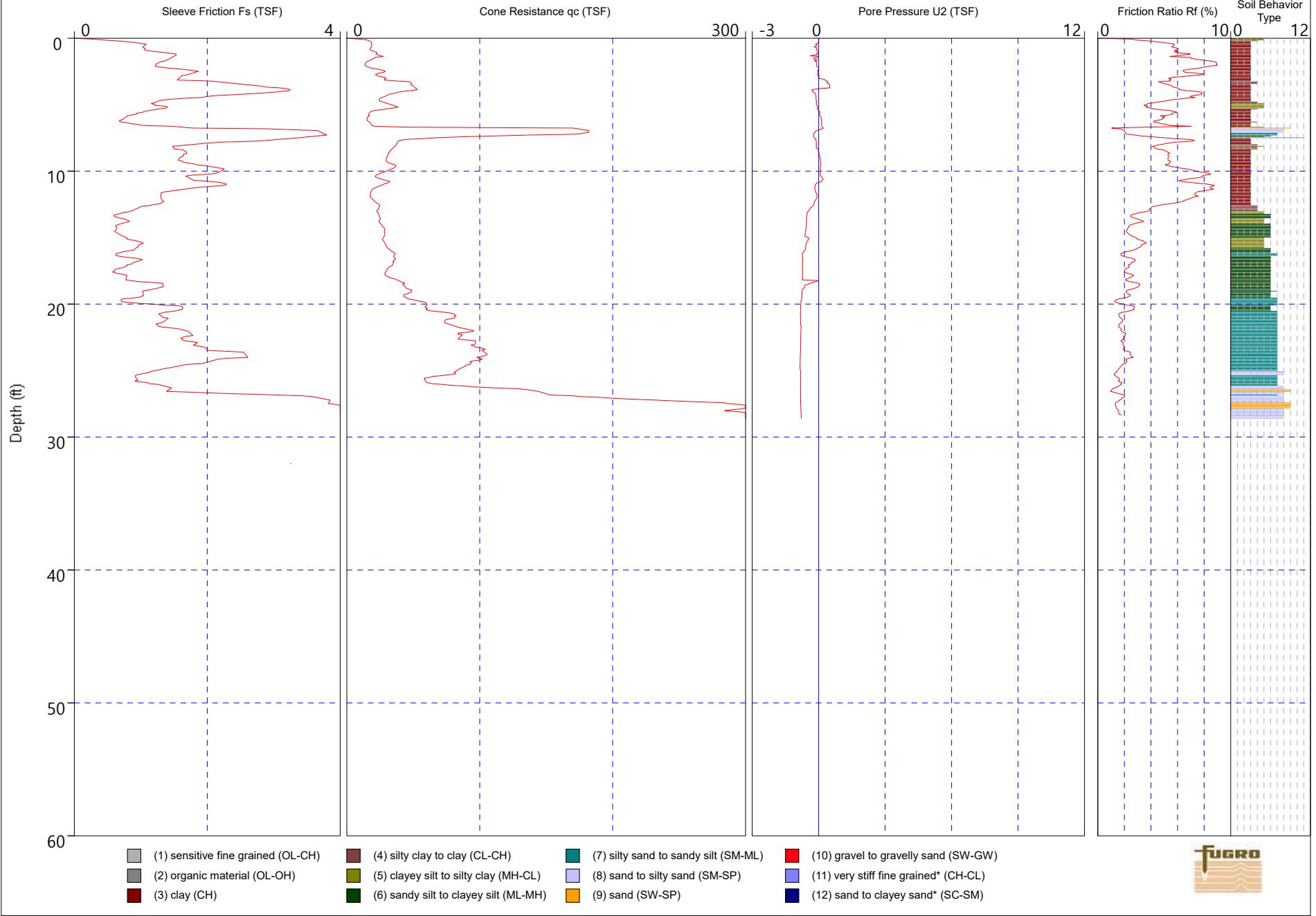
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Location: Macon, GA

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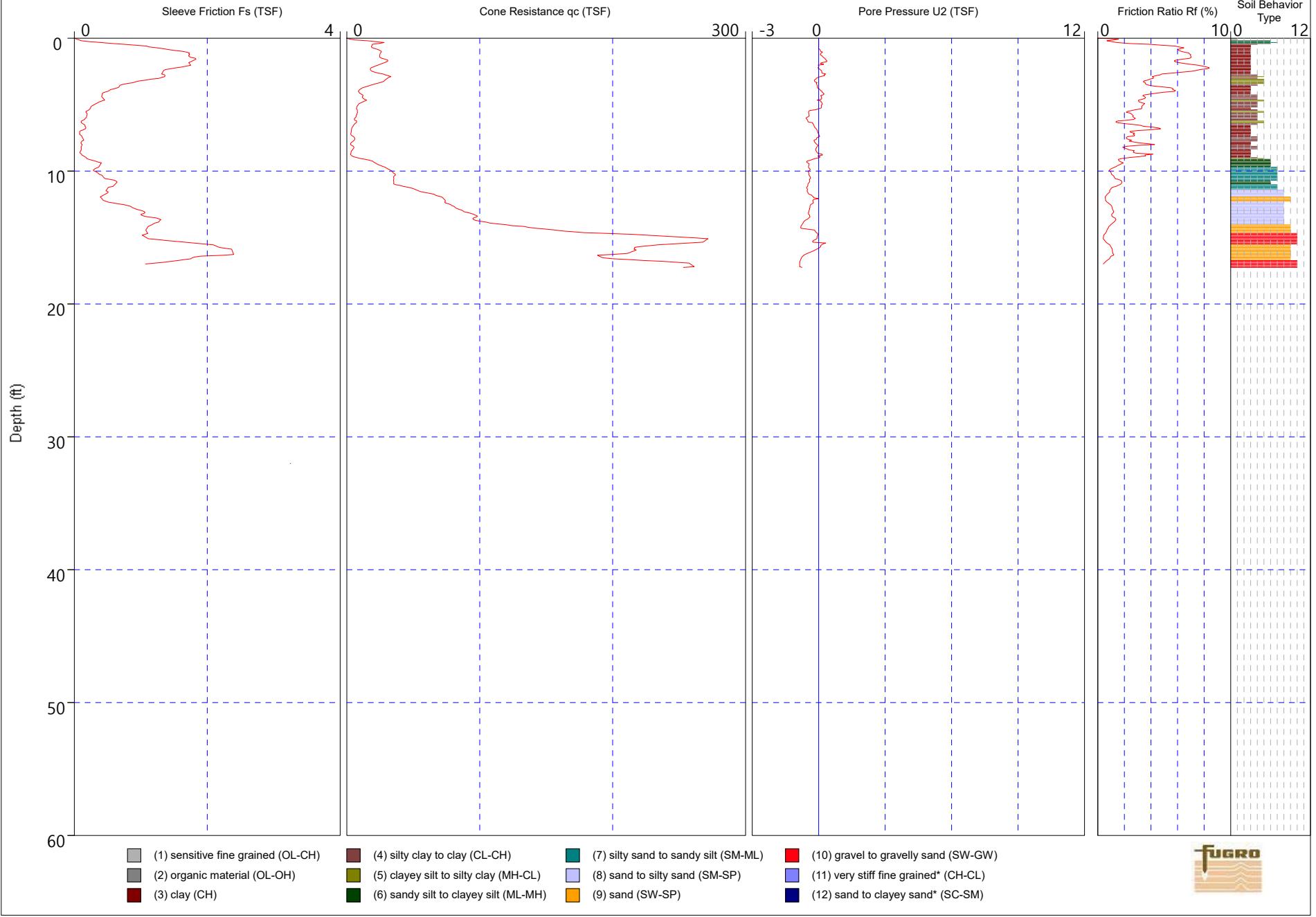
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Job Number: 04.19170066
Operator: Albert Fonseca
Location: Macon, GA

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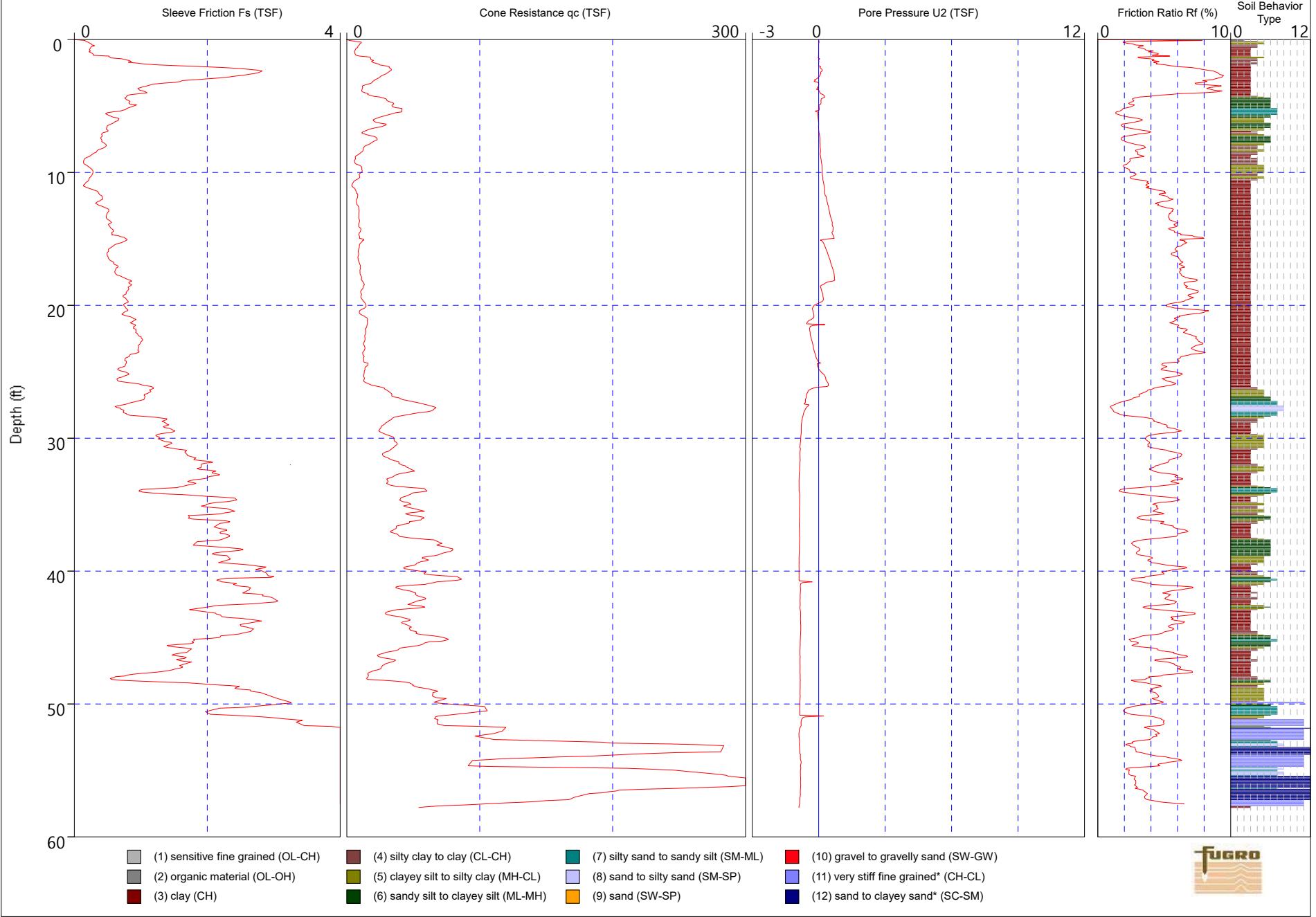
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Location: Macon, GA

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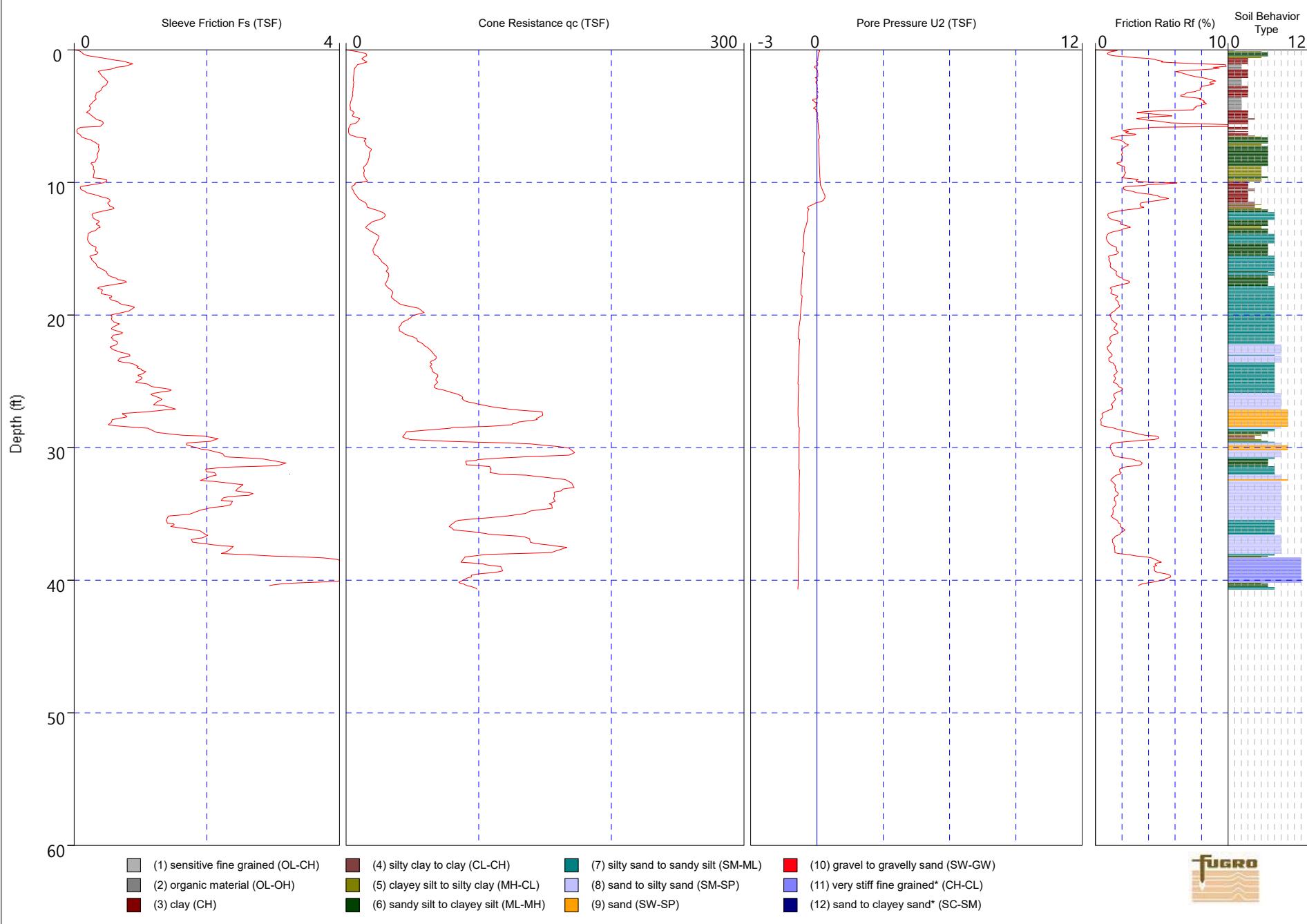
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Job Number: 04.19170066
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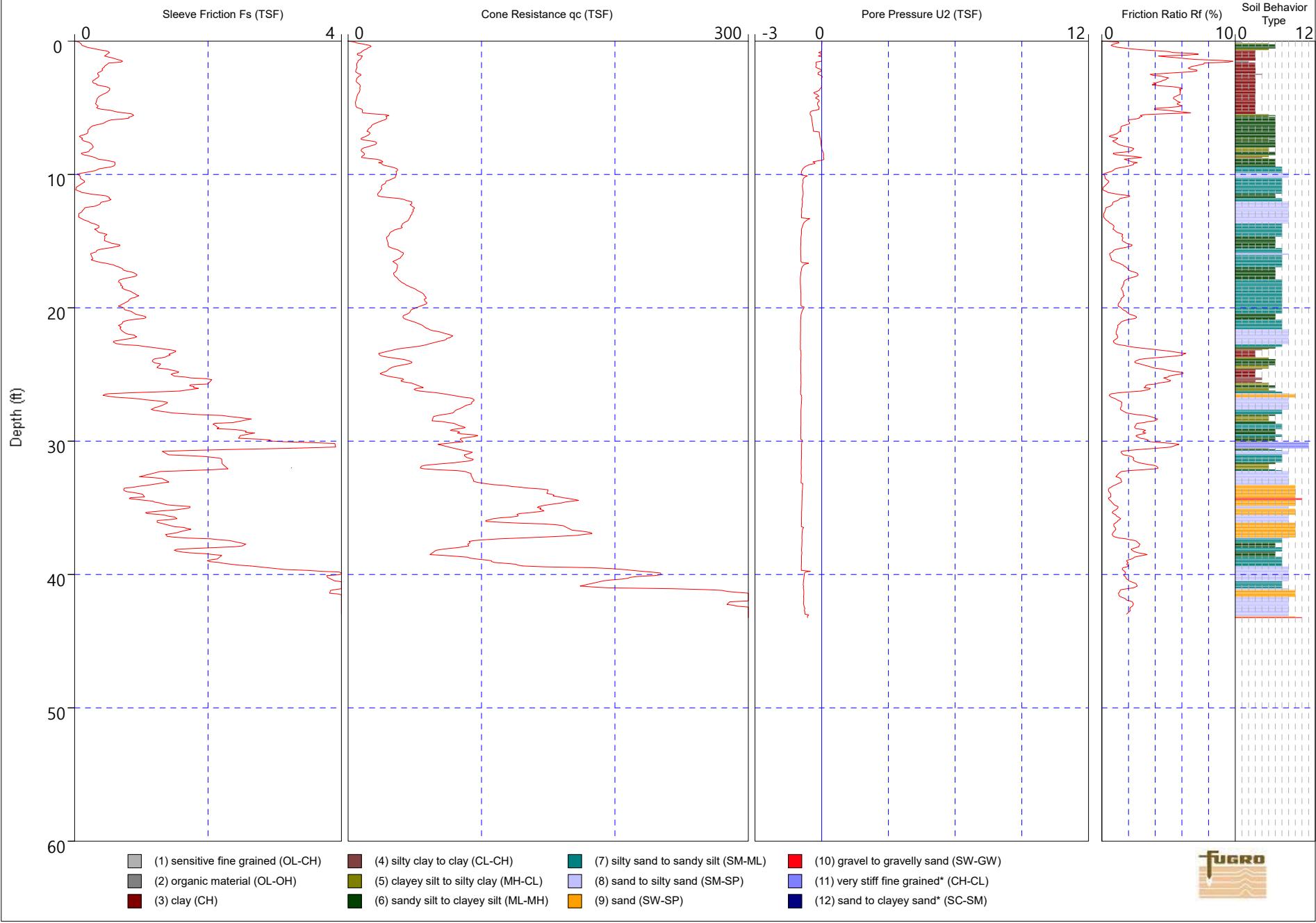


Robertson et al. 1986 *Overconsolidated or Cemented

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Operator: Cesar Guzman
Location: Macon, GA

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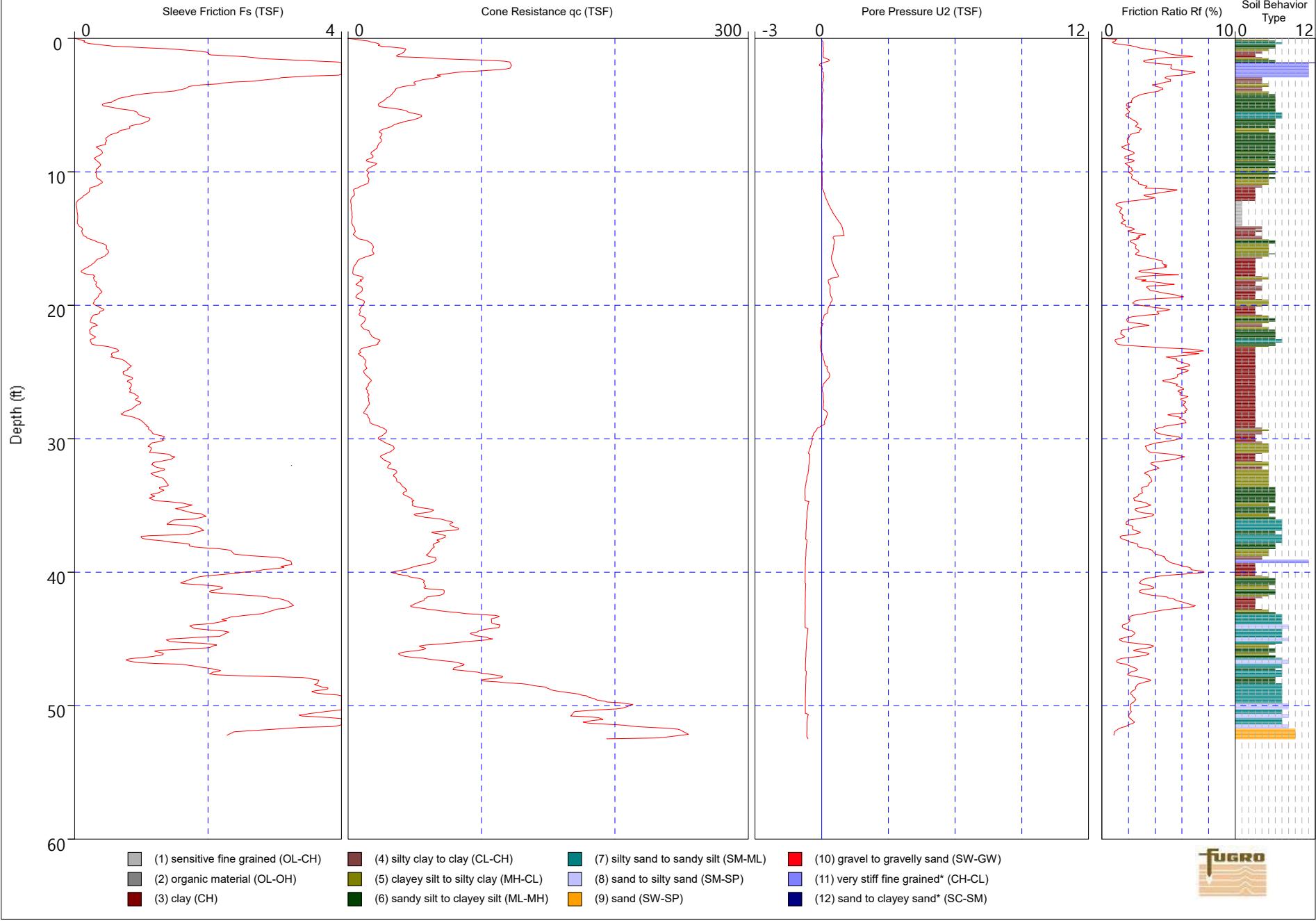
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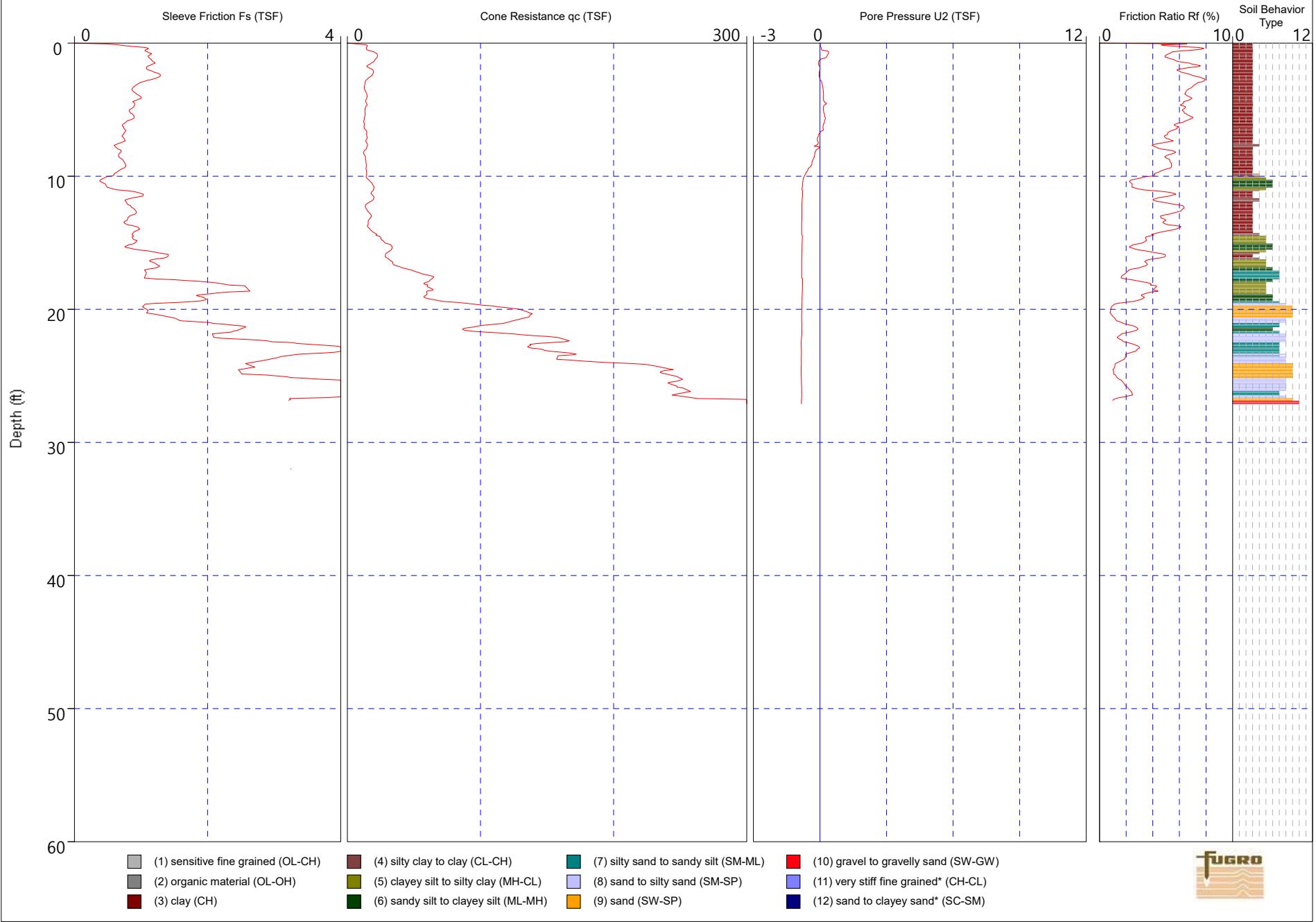
Robertson et al. 1986 *Overconsolidated or Cemented



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Operator: Cesar Guzman
Location: Macon, GA

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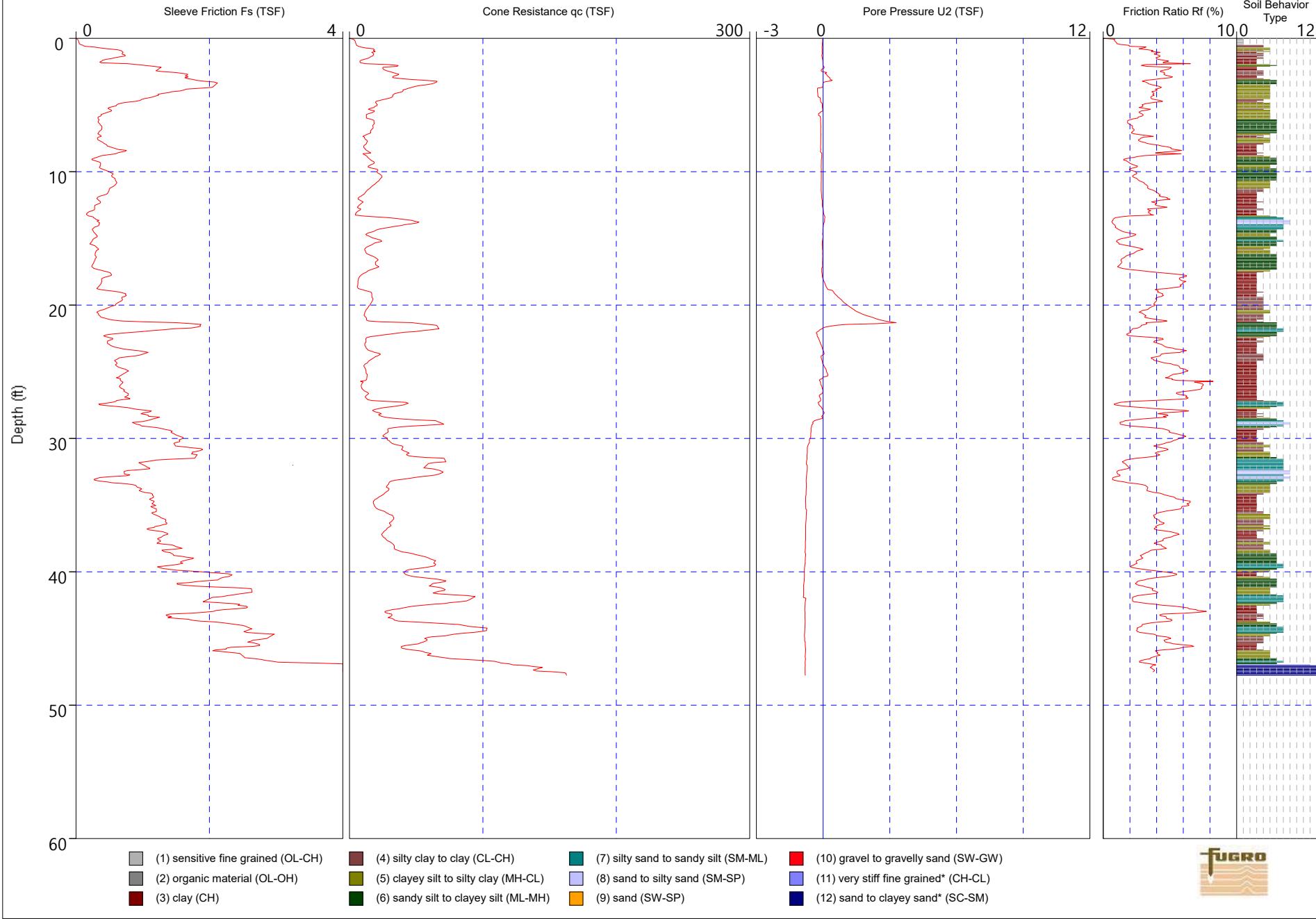
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Operator: Cesar Guzman
Location: Macon, GA

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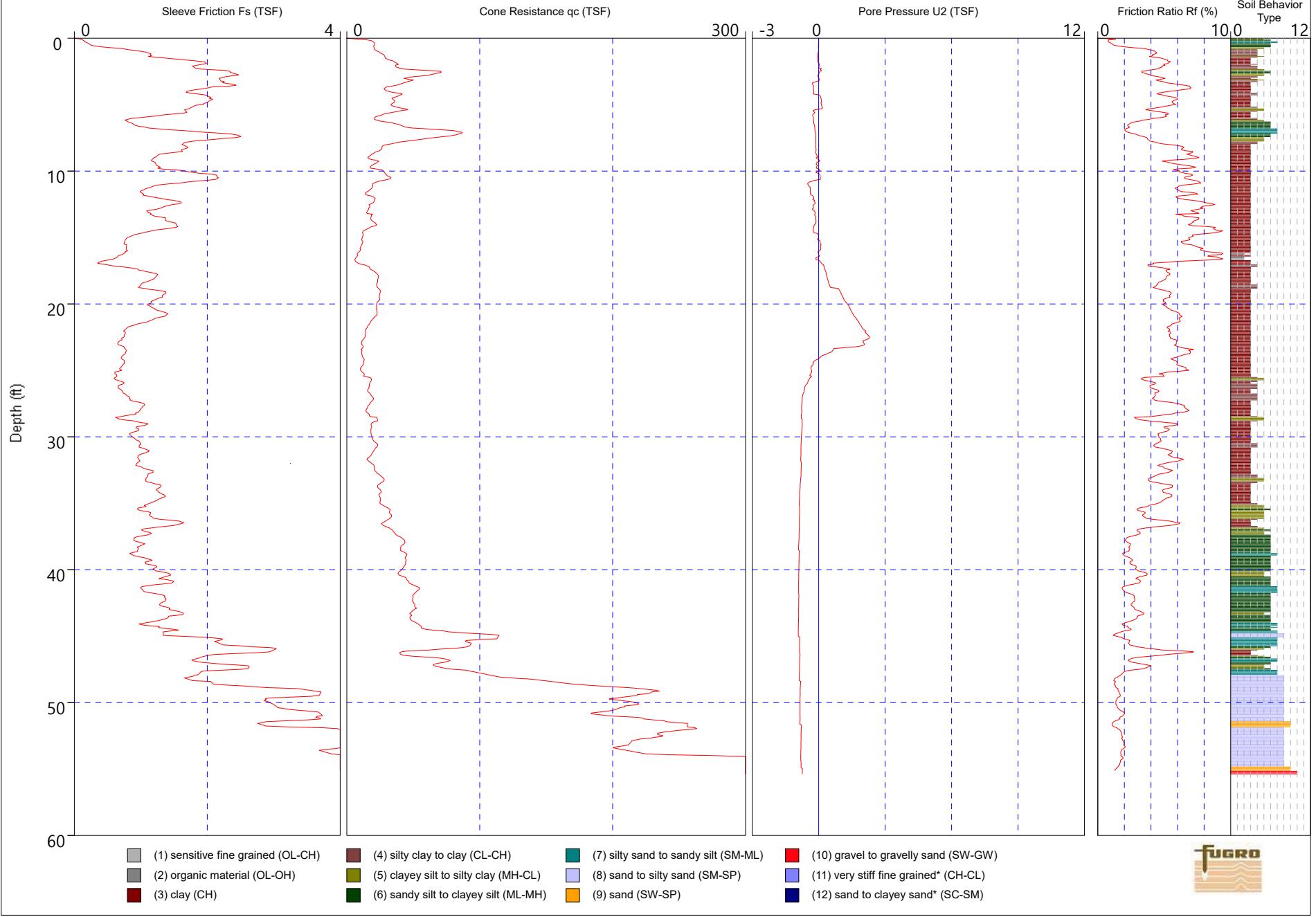
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Location: Macon, GA

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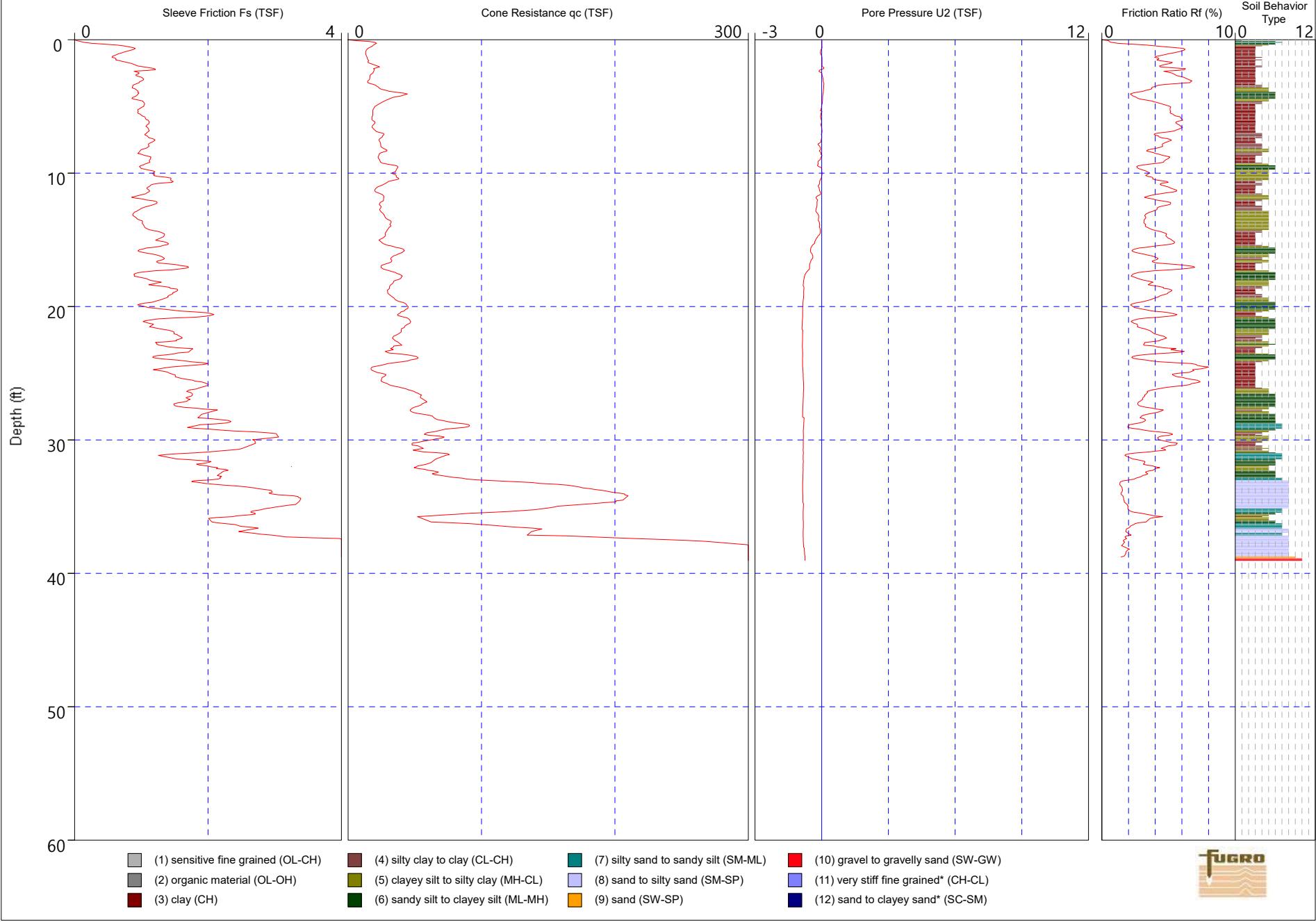
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Job Number: 04.19170066
Operator: Cesar Guzman
Location: Macon, GA

CPT Number: CPT-33
Date: 26-Oct-2017
Elevation: 0.00

Coordinates:
Cone Number: CP15-CF75PB7SN2-P1E1 2874

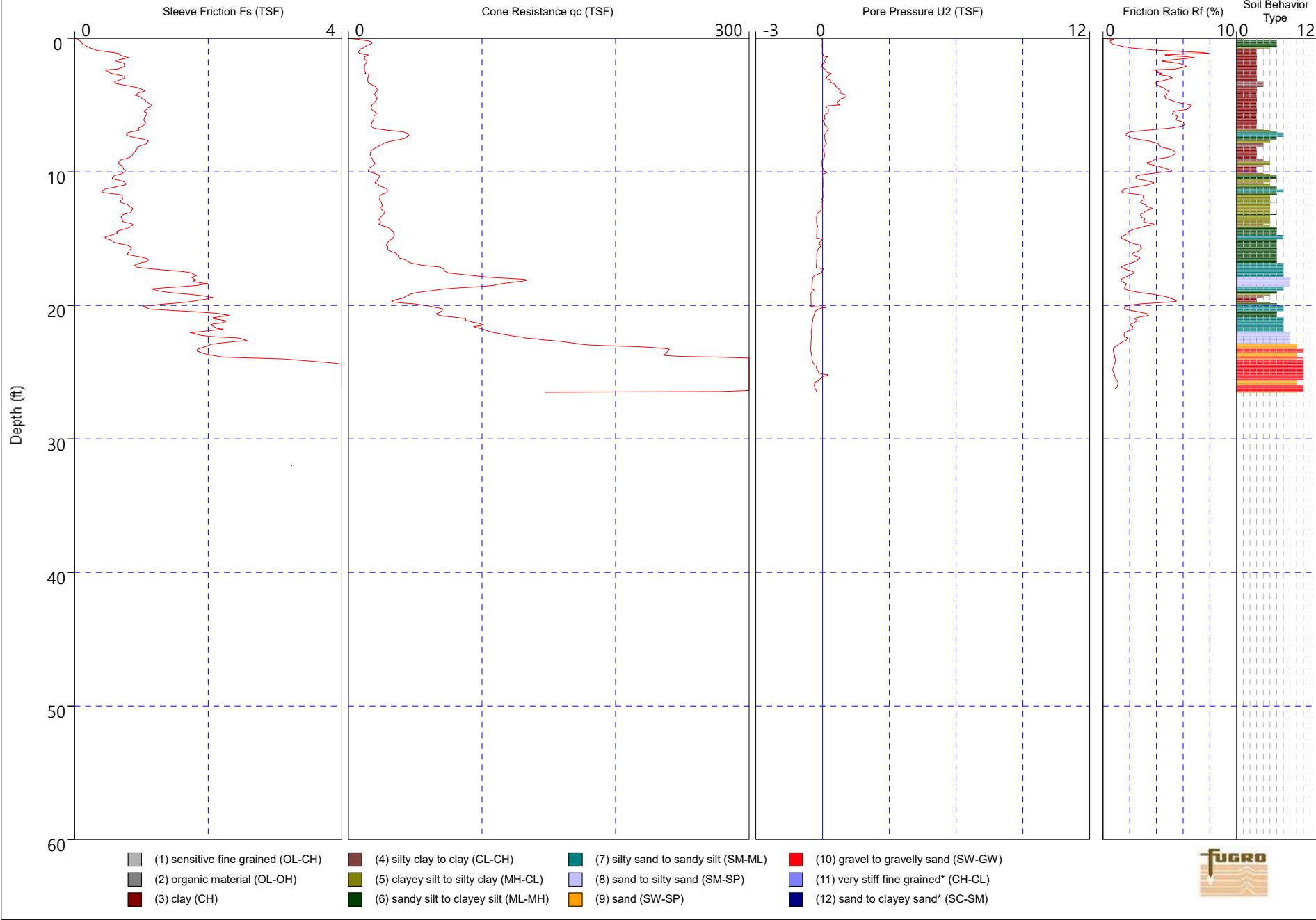


Robertson et al. 1986 *Overconsolidated or Cemented

Job Number: 04.19170066
Operator: Albert Fonseca
Location: Macon, GA

CPT Number: CPT-34
Date: 24-Oct-2017
Elevation: 0.00

Coordinates:
Cone Number: CP15-CF75PB7SN2-P1E1 1473



Robertson et al. 1986 *Overconsolidated or Cemented

Appendix C. Stratigraphic Logs of CPT Borings

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

Page 1 of 1

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

DATE: 10/30/17

BORING LOCATION: AP3

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 8.6 ft

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

ELEVATION: 359.65 ft

LATITUDE: 32.93118611

LONGITUDE: -83.70932222

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ ($^{\circ}$) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
		SOIL FILL/GCL	3 6 8 11 9 17 14 11 9 6 3 3 3 2 3 5 3 3 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 2 0 0 0 0 2 2 2 0 0 0 2 2 2 3 5 2 3 2 3 4 1 1 1 1 1 4 4 4 12 8 7 9 8 10 11 10 18 48 63 50 39 38 53		19 34 28 21 21 22 28 26 20 19 20 24 19 19 18 23 18 23			QU=2.254 tsf QU=2.426 tsf QU=3.2 tsf QU=3.052 tsf QU=4.79 tsf QU=1.442 tsf QU=1.16 tsf QU=1.198 tsf QU=0.88 tsf QU=1.048 tsf QU=1.296 tsf QU=0.964 tsf QU=0.626 tsf QU=0.402 tsf QU=0.228 tsf QU=0.272 tsf QU=0.222 tsf QU=0.174 tsf QU=0.15 tsf QU=0.282 tsf QU=0.294 tsf QU=0.542 tsf QU=0.528 tsf QU=0.482 tsf QU=0.19 tsf QU=0.148 tsf QU=0.078 tsf QU=0.08 tsf QU=0.168 tsf QU=0.25 tsf QU=0.318 tsf QU=1.214 tsf QU=0.828 tsf QU=0.972 tsf QU=0.77 tsf QU=1.032 tsf QU=0.498 tsf QU=0.372 tsf QU=0.686 tsf QU=0.588 tsf QU=0.338 tsf QU=0.432 tsf
0		Coal Ash, very soft to soft, slightly to medium plastic						
355								
5								
10	∇ ATD							
15								
20								
25								
30								
35								
325		Sand, with gravel, medium dense to very dense						
35		CPT Terminated at 34.4 feet depth						

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT.GPJ JACOBS CIVIL.GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

Page 1 of 1

AP3 CPT-02

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

DATE: 10/30/17

BORING LOCATION: AP3

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 8.3 ft

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

ELEVATION: 358.30 ft

LATITUDE: 32.9306

LONGITUDE: -83.70903889

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (°) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
0		SOIL FILL/GCL	5 9 9 12 21 17 14 12 12 9 8 6 6 5 2 2 8 5 2 2 3 3 2 2 0 0 2 0 0 2 3 8 9 8		22 33 26 22 25 28 25 23 23 18 19 24 32			QU=3.35 tsf QU=2.958 tsf QU=4.438 tsf QU=4.7 tsf QU=4.118 tsf QU=4.39 tsf QU=3.04 tsf QU=2.754 tsf QU=2.122 tsf QU=2.016 tsf QU=1.7 tsf QU=0.728 tsf QU=0.736 tsf QU=1.672 tsf QU=0.67 tsf QU=0.432 tsf QU=0.832 tsf QU=0.476 tsf QU=0.364 tsf QU=0.164 tsf QU=0.364 tsf QU=0.18 tsf QU=0.136 tsf QU=0.706 tsf QU=0.85 tsf QU=2.248 tsf QU=2.866 tsf QU=2.4 tsf
5		Coal Ash, very soft to soft, slightly to medium plastic						
10	▽ ATD							
15								
20								
25								
30								
35								
335		Sand, with gravel, medium dense to very dense	20 35 38 42 53 59 74 81 87 78 53 65 57 36 30 38					
340								
345								
350								
355		CPT Terminated at 24.2 feet depth						
360								
365								
370								
375								
380								
385								
390								
395								
400								
405								
410								
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420								
425								
430								
435								
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815								
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825								
830								
835								
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845								
850								
855								
860								
865								
870								
875								
880								
885								
890								
895								
900								
905								
910								
915								
920								
925								
930								
935								
940								
945								
950								
955								
960								
965								
970								
975								
980								
985								
990								
995								
1000								

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT GPJ JACOBS CIVL.GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

Page 1 of 1

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

DATE: 10/30/17

BORING LOCATION: AP3

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 9.4 ft

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

ELEVATION: 357.39 ft

LATITUDE: 32.92970833

LONGITUDE: -83.70861667

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

AP3 CPT-04

Page 1 of 1

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

DATE: 10/30/17

BORING LOCATION: AP3

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 9.0 ft

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

ELEVATION: 355.97 ft

LATITUDE: 32.92899444

LONGITUDE: -83.70832222

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (°) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
0		SOIL FILL/GCL	5 8 9 9 14 9 9		19			QU=2.818 tsf QU=3.392 tsf QU=3.38 tsf QU=4.622 tsf QU=3.046 tsf
5		Coal Ash, very soft to soft, slightly to medium plastic	8 6 5 3 3 5 5 3 2 0 2 2 2 2 2 3 8	26 22 19 23 28 25 23 24				QU=3.04 tsf QU=2.41 tsf QU=1.618 tsf QU=1.346 tsf QU=1.182 tsf QU=1.826 tsf QU=1.78 tsf QU=1.774 tsf QU=1.352 tsf QU=1.952 tsf QU=1.204 tsf QU=0.856 tsf QU=0.454 tsf QU=0.35 tsf QU=0.448 tsf QU=0.414 tsf QU=0.618 tsf QU=0.57 tsf QU=0.648 tsf QU=1.11 tsf QU=2.512 tsf QU=2.97 tsf QU=3.642 tsf QU=3.822 tsf QU=3.846 tsf QU=4.266 tsf QU=4.424 tsf QU=5.49 tsf QU=6.736 tsf
10	▽ ATD	Sand, with gravel, medium dense to very dense	9 12 12 12 14 15 18 21 27 26 32 18 24 25 24 24 29 39 40 45 51 63 84 80	29 36 45 46 42				QU=8.384 tsf QU=5.006 tsf
15		CPT Terminated at 25.9 feet depth						
20								
25								
30								
32.5								
35								
320								

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT GPJ JACOBS CIVIL.GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

AP3 CPT-05

Page 1 of 1

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

DATE: 10/25/17

BORING LOCATION: AP3

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 9.2 ft

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

ELEVATION: 354.22 ft

LATITUDE: 32.92831944

LONGITUDE: -83.707825

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (%) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
0		SOIL FILL/GCL	5 6 11 12 6 5 5 3 2 3 6 8 5 5 5 3 2 2 3 2 3 5 5 3 2 0 0 3 5 5 5 6		24 28 25 25 27 29 27 28 27 27 29 29 26 28 32 31			QU=2.618 tsf QU=3.542 tsf QU=4.542 tsf QU=2.362 tsf QU=1.8 tsf QU=1.66 tsf QU=1.484 tsf QU=0.962 tsf QU=1.1 tsf QU=1.27 tsf QU=0.514 tsf QU=0.432 tsf QU=0.94 tsf QU=1.098 tsf QU=0.646 tsf QU=1.252 tsf QU=1.338 tsf QU=0.562 tsf QU=0.182 tsf QU=0.192 tsf QU=0.91 tsf QU=1.336 tsf QU=1.358 tsf QU=1.252 tsf QU=1.756 tsf
350		Coal Ash, very soft to soft, slightly to medium plastic						
345	▽ ATD							
340								
335								
330								
325								
320								
315								
310								
305								
300								
295								
290								
285								
280								
275								
270								
265								
260								
255								
250								
245								
240								
235								
230								
225								
220								
215								
210								
205								
200								
195								
190								
185								
180								
175								
170								
165								
160								
155								
150								
145								
140								
135								
130								
125								
120								
115								
110								
105								
100								
95								
90								
85								
80								
75								
70								
65								
60								
55								
50								
45								
40								
35								

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT GPJ JACOBS CIVIL.GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

Page 1 of 2

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

DATE: 10/25/17

BORING LOCATION: AP3

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 9.0 ft

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

ELEVATION: 352.02 ft

LATITUDE: 32.92751667

LONGITUDE: -83.70763056

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

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AP3 CPT-06

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

DATE: 10/25/17

ELEVATION: 352.02 ft

BORING LOCATION: AP3

LATITUDE: 32.92751667

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 9.0 ft

LONGITUDE: -83.70763056

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (°) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
315 40 310 45 305 50 300 55 295 60 290 65 285 70		CPT Terminated at 46.5 feet depth	29 34 33 28 28 34 40 40 33 36 32 29 24 26 26 28 29 26 29 37 38 36					

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT.GPJ JACOBS CIVL.GDT 31918

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

AP3 CPT-07

Page 1 of 2

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

DATE: 10/24/17

BORING LOCATION: AP3

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 12.3 ft

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (°) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
0		SOIL FILL/GCL	5 5 17 23 12 5 2 2 2 2 2 2 0 2 3 5 3 3 8 6 8 8 9 9 8 8 8 11 12 12 12 12 15 15 15 17 21 26 26 26 22 28 30 32 26 22 33 33 31 24 31 39 46 43 28 28 26 36 27 24 27 25 21 21 27 26 32	28 33 22 19 16 18 26 25				QU=1.632 tsf QU=1.542 tsf QU=0.49 tsf QU=0.32 tsf QU=0.288 tsf QU=0.288 tsf QU=0.162 tsf QU=0.28 tsf QU=0.268 tsf QU=0.268 tsf QU=0.142 tsf QU=0.314 tsf QU=1.074 tsf QU=1.208 tsf QU=1.006 tsf QU=0.988 tsf QU=2.446 tsf QU=2.034 tsf QU=2.67 tsf QU=3.058 tsf QU=2.542 tsf QU=2.03 tsf QU=2.164 tsf QU=4.038 tsf QU=4.142 tsf QU=4.198 tsf QU=5.206 tsf QU=4.994 tsf
350		Coal Ash, very soft to soft, slightly to medium plastic						
5								
345								
10								
340								
15								
335								
20								
330								
25								
325								
30								
320								
35								

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT GPJ JACOBS CIVL.GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

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AP3 CPT-07

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

DATE: 10/24/17

ELEVATION: 351.26 ft

BORING LOCATION: AP3

LATITUDE: 32.92692222

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 12.3 ft

LONGITUDE: -83.70733333

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (°) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
315 310 305 300 295 290 285 280		CPT Terminated at 38.2 feet depth	33 35 32 31 23					

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT GPJ JACOBS CIVL.GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

AP3 CPT-08

Page 1 of 2

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

DATE: 10/24/17

BORING LOCATION: AP3

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 16.7 ft

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (°) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
0		SOIL FILL/GCL	2 3 2 2 0 0 0 0 2 3 2 2 5 9 8 6 3 2 5 5 6 6 5 3 2 2 2 0 0 3 5 5 2 2 0 0 3 5 5 6 8 8 9 9 10 10 8 10 9 11 12 13 10 9 10 12 15 18 20 16 12 13 15 16 15 16 17 17	16				QU=1.082 tsf QU=1.074 tsf QU=0.69 tsf QU=0.422 tsf QU=0.246 tsf QU=0.236 tsf QU=0.198 tsf QU=0.214 tsf QU=0.204 tsf QU=0.47 tsf QU=0.896 tsf QU=0.786 tsf QU=0.556 tsf QU=3.402 tsf QU=2.74 tsf QU=2.1 tsf QU=1.52 tsf QU=0.98 tsf QU=1.606 tsf QU=1.886 tsf QU=0.994 tsf QU=0.774 tsf QU=0.75 tsf QU=0.554 tsf QU=0.436 tsf QU=0.258 tsf QU=0.29 tsf QU=0.294 tsf QU=1.096 tsf QU=1.442 tsf QU=1.326 tsf QU=1.106 tsf QU=1.36 tsf QU=1.808 tsf QU=2.1 tsf QU=2.288 tsf QU=2.438 tsf QU=2.536 tsf QU=1.89 tsf QU=2.464 tsf QU=3.122 tsf QU=3.034 tsf QU=2.846 tsf QU=3.1 tsf QU=3.026 tsf QU=3.824 tsf QU=4.038 tsf QU=3.288 tsf QU=4.918 tsf QU=6.558 tsf
345		Coal Ash, very soft to soft, slightly to medium plastic	11 13 24 22 16 23 24 26 25 22 17 22 27 27 26					
340								
335								
330								
325								
320								
315								
310								
305								
300								
295								
290								
285								
280								
275								
270								
265								
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25								
20								
15								
10								
5								
0								

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT GPJ JACOBS CIVIL GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

Page 2 of 2

AP3 CPT-08

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

DATE: 10/24/17

ELEVATION: 349.73 ft

BORING LOCATION: AP3

LATITUDE: 32.92636111

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 16.7 ft

LONGITUDE: -83.70709722

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (°) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
310 40		Sand, with gravel, medium dense to very dense	18 20 22 25 26 27 31 32 34 28 23 26 30 27 32 30 30 36 44 44 47 48 39 38 32 25 30 31 28 31 38 37					

CPT Terminated at 52.1 feet depth

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

Page 1 of 2

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

DATE: 10/30/17

BORING LOCATION: AP3

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 10.2 ft

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

ELEVATION: 361.22 ft

LATITUDE: 32.93099167

LONGITUDE: -83.70877778

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

Page 2 of 2

AP3 CPT-09

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

DATE: 10/30/17

ELEVATION: 361.22 ft

BORING LOCATION: AP3

LATITUDE: 32.93099167

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 10.2 ft

LONGITUDE: -83.70877778

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (°) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
325 40 320 45 315 50 310 55 305 60 295 70 290		CPT Terminated at 41.7 feet depth	38 40 43 38 38 36 31 28 27 26 28					

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT GPJ JACOBS CIVIL.GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

Page 1 of 2

AP3 CPT-09SL

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

DATE: 10/31/17

ELEVATION: 361.22 ft

BORING LOCATION: AP3

LATITUDE: 32.93099167

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 10.2 ft

LONGITUDE: -83.70877778

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 0.2 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (%) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
0		SOIL FILL/GCL	3 8 14 33 23 24 38 38 27 18 12 8 6 5 3 3 3 3 2 2 3 3 3 3 2 2 3 9 21 17 18 17 14 8 5 5 6 9 11 12 12 14 16 25 37 36 30 23 17 23 22 27 28 22 30 28 20 25 21 20 21 30 29 21 20 34 39 37 23 26 29	15 28 32 25 22 22 21 23 19 27				QU=2.696 tsf QU=4.588 tsf QU=11.236 tsf QU=8.022 tsf QU=2.964 tsf QU=2.26 tsf QU=1.782 tsf QU=1.402 tsf QU=1.24 tsf QU=1.222 tsf QU=1.018 tsf QU=0.912 tsf QU=0.852 tsf QU=0.96 tsf QU=0.954 tsf QU=1.028 tsf QU=0.914 tsf QU=0.694 tsf QU=0.804 tsf QU=1.074 tsf QU=1.72 tsf QU=1.42 tsf QU=1.894 tsf QU=2.724 tsf QU=2.796 tsf QU=3.17 tsf QU=3.546 tsf QU=4.396 tsf QU=5.12 tsf QU=8.778 tsf QU=9.14 tsf
360								
5		Coal Ash, very soft to medium stiff, slightly to medium plastic						
355								
10	ATD							
350								
15								
345								
20								
340		Silt, some sand, medium stiff to hard						
25								
335								
30								
330								
35								

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT GPJ JACOBS CIVIL.GDT 3/22/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

AP3 CPT-09SL

Page 2 of 2

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

DATE: 10/31/17

ELEVATION: 361.22 ft

BORING LOCATION: AP3

LATITUDE: 32.93099167

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 10.2 ft

LONGITUDE: -83.70877778

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 0.2 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (°) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
325 40 320 45 315 50 310 55 305 60 300 65 295 70 290		CPT Terminated at 38.3 feet depth	45 48 43 40 39					

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT GPJ JACOBS CIVIL.GDT 3/22/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

AP3 CPT-10

Page 1 of 1

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

DATE: 10/30/17

BORING LOCATION: AP3

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 11.7 ft

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (°) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
360		SOIL FILL/GCL	5 8 9 12 33 21 12 9 9 8 8 6 5 3 3 3 2 2 2	17 34				QU=2.746 tsf QU=2.946 tsf QU=3.914 tsf QU=11.378 tsf QU=3.812 tsf QU=2.77 tsf QU=2.708 tsf QU=2.462 tsf QU=2.59 tsf QU=2.394 tsf QU=1.676 tsf QU=1.34 tsf QU=1.144 tsf QU=0.938 tsf QU=0.758 tsf QU=0.684 tsf QU=0.558 tsf QU=0.678 tsf
355		Coal Ash, very soft to medium stiff, slightly to medium plastic	12 9 9 8 8 6 5 3 3 3 2 2 2	30 29				
350		Sand, with gravel, medium dense to very dense	12 32 48 41 38 33 27 32 63 78 75 60 45 35 30 24 17 11 9 7 6 6 4 4 3 3 1 3 4 0 35 0 0 0 1 2 4 4 7 7 5 7 3 16	32 28 34				
345		Silt, some sand, soft to medium stiff	23 24 22 23 20 17					QU=2.338 tsf QU=2.074 tsf QU=1.786 tsf QU=1.658 tsf QU=1.258 tsf QU=1.034 tsf QU=0.966 tsf QU=0.872 tsf QU=0.388 tsf QU=0.18 tsf QU=0.178 tsf QU=0.14 tsf QU=0.16 tsf QU=0.136 tsf QU=0.128 tsf QU=0.116 tsf QU=0.242 tsf QU=0.688 tsf
340		CPT Terminated at 32.5 feet depth						
335								
330								
325								

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

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AP3 CPT-11

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

DATE: 10/30/17

ELEVATION: 360.80 ft

BORING LOCATION: AP3

LATITUDE: 32.92966667

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 12.8 ft

LONGITUDE: -83.70786389

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (%) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
0		SOIL FILL/GCL	3 9 9 15 14 26 33 36 35 36 24 12 6 5 6 5 3 3 2 3 5 6 6 8 11 9 11 9 12 24 23 17 18 23 21 23 20 27 33 32 31 34	11 27 34 34 18 17 18 23 21 23 20 27 33 32 31 34				QU=3.01 tsf QU=3.296 tsf QU=5.134 tsf QU=4.704 tsf QU=9.058 tsf
5		Coal Ash, very soft to medium stiff, slightly to medium plastic	5 6 5 6 5 3 3 2 3 5 6 6 8 11 9 11 9 12 24 23 17 9 9 8 5 3 3 3 9 8 7 7 8 9 9 10 11 11 13 27 36 66 64 59 70 72 72 68 66 74					QU=1.9 tsf QU=1.626 tsf QU=1.938 tsf QU=1.404 tsf QU=0.944 tsf QU=0.674 tsf QU=0.492 tsf QU=1.334 tsf QU=1.53 tsf QU=2.032 tsf
10								
15								
20								
25		Sand, with silt and some gravel, medium dense to very dense						QU=1.01 tsf QU=1.188 tsf QU=0.782 tsf QU=0.804 tsf QU=2.592 tsf QU=2.196 tsf QU=1.78 tsf QU=2.094 tsf QU=2.218 tsf QU=2.656 tsf QU=2.718 tsf QU=3.066 tsf QU=3.644 tsf QU=3.98 tsf QU=5 tsf
30		CPT Terminated at 31.5 feet depth						
35								
325								

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT GPJ JACOBS CIVL.GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

Page 1 of 2

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

DATE: 10/30/17

BORING LOCATION: AP3

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 14.2 ft

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

ELEVATION: 361.16 ft

LATITUDE: 32.92923333

LONGITUDE: -83.70775833

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT.GPJ JACOBS CIVIL.GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

Page 2 of 2

AP3 CPT-12

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

DATE: 10/30/17

ELEVATION: 361.16 ft

BORING LOCATION: AP3

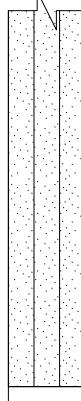
LATITUDE: 32.92923333

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 14.2 ft

LONGITUDE: -83.70775833

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (°) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
325		Sand, with silt and some gravel, medium dense to very dense	8 7 5 6 10 14 8 5 9 14 15 16 18 27 28 29 32 32 41 36					QU=3.506 tsf QU=2.438 tsf QU=1.788 tsf QU=2.87 tsf QU=3.96 tsf QU=2.596 tsf
40								
320								
45								
315		CPT Terminated at 45.8 feet depth						
50								
310								
55								
305								
60								
300								
65								
295								
70								
290								

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT GPJ JACOBS CIVIL.GDT 31918

JACOBS

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

Page 1 of 2

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

DATE: 10/30/17

BORING LOCATION: AP3

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 14.3 ft

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

ELEVATION: 360.27 ft

LATITUDE: 32.92902778

LONGITUDE: -83.70742222

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT.GPJ JACOBS CIVIL.GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

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AP3 CPT-13

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

DATE: 10/30/17

ELEVATION: 360.27 ft

BORING LOCATION: AP3

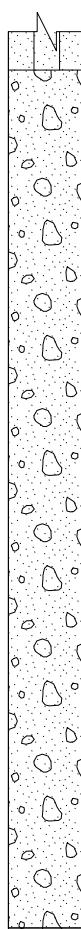
LATITUDE: 32.92902778

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 14.3 ft

LONGITUDE: -83.70742222

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (%) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
320		Sand, with gravel, medium dense to very dense	7 7 8 8 10 10 12 14 15 17 13 16 17 15 15 15 18 21 20 19 17 16 16 16 18 17 13 15 16 13 9 11 14 15 20 27 26 24 22 23 24 24 23 26 24 24 27 28 23					QU=3.92 tsf QU=3.852 tsf
315								
310								
305								
300								
295								
290								
60		CPT Terminated at 59.3 feet depth						QU=8.218 tsf QU=5.692 tsf

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT GPJ JACOBS CIVL.GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

Page 1 of 2

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

DATE: 10/25/17

BORING LOCATION: AP3

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 14.8 ft

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

ELEVATION: 359.75 ft

LATITUDE: 32.92851944

LONGITUDE: -83.70735833

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT.GPJ JACOBS CIVIL.GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

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AP3 CPT-14

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

DATE: 10/25/17

BORING LOCATION: AP3

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 14.8 ft

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

ELEVATION: 359.75 ft

LATITUDE: 32.92851944

LONGITUDE: -83.70735833

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

Page 1 of 2

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

DATE: 10/27/17

BORING LOCATION: AP3

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 15.1 ft

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

ELEVATION: 360.10 ft

LATITUDE: 32.92838333

LONGITUDE: -83.70701389

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' ($^{\circ}$) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
360 0		SOIL FILL/GCL	5 11 11 23 32 23 17 12 6 3 3 3 3 3 2 2 3 8 8 6 5 5 6 6 5 3 3 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 3 4 4 3 1 1 1 1 1 5 7 7 7 7 8	27 27 25 21 25 27 27 27 19 16 20 22 20 21 27 25 23 23 25 24 21 22 25	QU=1.874 tsf QU=3.524 tsf QU=3.452 tsf QU=5.66 tsf QU=3.874 tsf QU=2.24 tsf QU=1.308 tsf QU=1.022 tsf QU=0.858 tsf QU=0.842 tsf QU=0.938 tsf QU=0.73 tsf QU=0.68 tsf QU=1.228 tsf QU=1.858 tsf QU=1.76 tsf QU=1.468 tsf QU=1.612 tsf QU=1.45 tsf QU=1.162 tsf QU=0.918 tsf QU=0.53 tsf QU=1.656 tsf QU=1.418 tsf QU=1.272 tsf QU=1.352 tsf QU=1.658 tsf QU=0.988 tsf QU=0.74 tsf QU=1.408 tsf QU=1.168 tsf QU=1.174 tsf QU=1.334 tsf QU=1.012 tsf QU=0.488 tsf QU=0.522 tsf QU=0.478 tsf QU=0.432 tsf QU=0.506 tsf QU=0.478 tsf QU=0.718 tsf QU=1.75 tsf QU=2.574 tsf QU=2.342 tsf QU=2.14 tsf QU=2.482 tsf QU=3.074 tsf QU=3.524 tsf QU=2.89 tsf QU=5.862 tsf QU=7.856 tsf			
355 5		Coal Ash, very soft to soft, slightly to medium plastic						
350 10								
345 15 ATD								
340 20								
335 25								
330 30		Sand, with silt and some gravel, medium dense to dense						
325 35								

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT.GPJ JACOBS CIVIL.GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

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AP3 CPT-15

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

DATE: 10/27/17

ELEVATION: 360.10 ft

BORING LOCATION: AP3

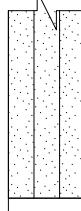
LATITUDE: 32.92838333

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 15.1 ft

LONGITUDE: -83.70701389

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (°) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
320-40				25 24 26 24 22 24 21				
315-45		CPT Terminated at 40.9 feet depth						
310-50								
305-55								
300-60								
295-65								
290-70								

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

Page 1 of 2

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

DATE: 10/25/17

BORING LOCATION: AP3

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 15.0 ft

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

ELEVATION: 359.02 ft

LATITUDE: 32.92783611

LONGITUDE: -83.706975

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (°) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
0		SOIL FILL/GCL	5 8 6 21 23 24 24 21 30 29 21 9 8 9 5 5 9 9 6 6 5 5 3 8 9 6 3 2 2 0 0 2 6 5 5 3 2 3 3 2 2 3 3 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 5 16 14					QU=2.532 tsf QU=2.3 tsf
355		Coal Ash, very soft to soft, slightly to medium plastic	27 24 19					QU=7.896 tsf QU=8.734 tsf
350								QU=3.22 tsf
345								QU=1.97 tsf QU=1.758 tsf
15								QU=1.794 tsf QU=1.416 tsf
340								QU=0.878 tsf QU=0.672 tsf QU=0.498 tsf QU=0.234 tsf QU=0.178 tsf QU=0.494 tsf
20								
335								QU=1.14 tsf QU=0.596 tsf QU=1.418 tsf QU=1.068 tsf QU=0.708 tsf QU=0.65 tsf QU=1.018 tsf QU=0.942 tsf QU=0.552 tsf QU=0.646 tsf QU=0.616 tsf QU=1.22 tsf QU=0.844 tsf QU=0.71 tsf QU=0.672 tsf QU=0.78 tsf QU=0.346 tsf QU=0.47 tsf QU=0.928 tsf QU=0.406 tsf QU=0.338 tsf QU=0.402 tsf QU=0.466 tsf QU=0.45 tsf QU=0.646 tsf QU=0.506 tsf QU=0.54 tsf QU=0.62 tsf QU=0.576 tsf QU=0.498 tsf QU=1.002 tsf QU=1.162 tsf QU=1.136 tsf QU=1.104 tsf QU=2.098 tsf
25								
330								
30								
325								
35		Sand, with gravel and some silt, medium dense to very	16 14					QU=6.352 tsf

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT.GPJ JACOBS CIVIL.GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

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AP3 CPT-16

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

DATE: 10/25/17

ELEVATION: 359.02 ft

BORING LOCATION: AP3

LATITUDE: 32.92783611

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 15.0 ft

LONGITUDE: -83.706975

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (°) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
320 40 315 45 310 50 305 55 300 60 295 65 290 70		<p>dense</p> <p>CPT Terminated at 44.4 feet depth</p>	10 9 10 8 6 10 14 15 17 25 23 19 32 32 38 50 53					QU=3.988 tsf QU=3.67 tsf QU=4.406 tsf QU=3.604 tsf QU=3.022 tsf QU=4.634 tsf QU=6.312 tsf QU=8.15 tsf

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT.GPJ JACOBS CIVL.GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

AP3 CPT-17A

Page 1 of 2

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

DATE: 10/27/17

BORING LOCATION: AP3

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 17.0 ft

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

ELEVATION: 360.00 ft

LATITUDE: 32.92771389

LONGITUDE: -83.70657778

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT.GPJ JACOBS CIVIL.GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

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AP3 CPT-17A

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

DATE: 10/27/17

ELEVATION: 360.00 ft

BORING LOCATION: AP3

LATITUDE: 32.92771389

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 17.0 ft

LONGITUDE: -83.70657778

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (°) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
320			2					QU=0.78 tsf
319			3					QU=1.12 tsf
318			4					QU=1.348 tsf
317			5					QU=1.584 tsf
316			4					QU=1.296 tsf
315			4					QU=1.28 tsf
314			4					QU=1.43 tsf
313			4					QU=1.296 tsf
312			3					QU=1.096 tsf
311			3					QU=1.472 tsf
310		Sand, with gravel and some silt, medium dense to very dense	4					QU=1.812 tsf
309			4					QU=2.028 tsf
308			6					QU=3.086 tsf
307			7					QU=3.764 tsf
306			9					
305			12					
304			12					
303			14					
302			14					
301			20					
300			23					
299			20					
298			22					
297			25					
296			27					
295			29					
294			35					
293			36					
292			37					
291			37					
290			39					
289			40					
288			46					
287			46					
286			45					
285			46					
284		CPT Terminated at 53.4 feet depth						
283								
282								
281								
280								
279								
278								
277								
276								
275								
274								
273								
272								
271								
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LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

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PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

DATE: 10/25/17

BORING LOCATION: AP3

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 19.3 ft

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

ELEVATION: 358.27 ft

LATITUDE: 32.92718611

LONGITUDE: -83.70663611

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

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AP3 CPT-18A

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

DATE: 10/25/17

ELEVATION: 358.27 ft

BORING LOCATION: AP3

LATITUDE: 32.92718611

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 19.3 ft

LONGITUDE: -83.70663611

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (°) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
320			1					QU=0.318 tsf
315			2					QU=0.468 tsf
310			2					QU=0.598 tsf
305			2					QU=0.716 tsf
300			2					QU=0.744 tsf
295			4					QU=0.63 tsf
290			3					QU=1.236 tsf
285			1					QU=0.63 tsf
280			2					QU=1.06 tsf
275			4					QU=2.064 tsf
270			5					QU=2.332 tsf
265			9					
260			11					
255			13					
250			11					
245			11					
240			9					
235			11					
230			13					
225			14					
220			17					
215			20					
210			20					
205			19					
200			25					
195			25					
190			21					
185			16					
180			14					
175			15					
170			15					
165			17					
160			19					
155			20					
150			12					
145			8					
140			7					
135			9					
130			12					
125			17					
120			17					
115			23					
110			21					
105			18					
100			19					
95			22					
90			20					
85			17					
80			15					
75			16					
70			22					
65			28					
60			25					
55			25					
50			31					
45			44					
40			45					
35			43					
30			39					
25								
20								
15								
10								
5								
0								
320		Sand, with silt and some gravel, medium dense to dense						
265		CPT Terminated at 66.1 feet depth						

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT GPJ JACOBS CIVL.GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

AP3 CPT-19

Page 1 of 2

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

DATE: 10/26/17

BORING LOCATION: AP3

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 26.1 ft

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

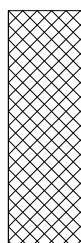
NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

ELEVATION: 360.10 ft

LATITUDE: 32.92665278

LONGITUDE: -83.70636389

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (%) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
360-0		SOIL FILL/GCL	5 11 11 30 42 38 47 63 57 59 50 33 26 39 39 56 47 47 38 29 32 38 47 45 18 12 9 8 5 8 6 5 3 2 5 3 3 4 6 4 4 3 3 1 4 4 4 4 5 5 3 3 3 3 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 4 5 9 7		15 26 26 20 24 23			QU=3.746 tsf QU=3.872 tsf
355-5								QU=9.112 tsf
350-10								QU=13.032 tsf
345-15		Coal Ash, very soft to soft, slightly to medium plastic	18 12 9 8 5 8 6 5 3 2 5 3 3 4 6 4 4 3 3 1 4 4 4 4 5 5 3 3 3 3 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 4 4 4 4 5 5 3 3 3 3 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 4 5 9 7		12 17 17 23 20 17 18			QU=5.798 tsf QU=4.016 tsf QU=2.764 tsf QU=1.712 tsf QU=1.662 tsf QU=1.588 tsf QU=0.774 tsf QU=0.566 tsf QU=0.46 tsf QU=1.324 tsf QU=1.19 tsf QU=0.942 tsf QU=0.646 tsf QU=0.714 tsf QU=1.4 tsf QU=1.844 tsf QU=1.882 tsf QU=1.4 tsf QU=1.134 tsf QU=1.032 tsf QU=0.634 tsf QU=0.44 tsf QU=1.062 tsf QU=1.522 tsf QU=1.458 tsf QU=1.546 tsf QU=1.738 tsf QU=1.648 tsf QU=1.372 tsf QU=1.392 tsf QU=1.234 tsf QU=1.408 tsf QU=0.976 tsf QU=0.61 tsf QU=0.55 tsf QU=0.638 tsf QU=0.604 tsf QU=0.474 tsf QU=0.4 tsf QU=0.482 tsf QU=0.516 tsf QU=0.418 tsf QU=1.358 tsf QU=1.736 tsf QU=4.302 tsf QU=2.888 tsf
335-25	▽ ATD							
330-30								
325-35								

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT GPJ JACOBS CIVL.GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

Page 2 of 2

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

DATE: 10/26/17

BORING LOCATION: AP3

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 26.1 ft

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

ELEVATION: 360.10 ft

LATITUDE: 32.92665278

LONGITUDE: -83.70636389

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

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PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

DATE: 10/26/17

BORING LOCATION: AP3

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 24.0 ft

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

ELEVATION: 359.00 ft

LATITUDE: 32.92685833

LONGITUDE: -83.70596944

FOR AP3 CBT WITH IAT-ONG ARKwright CBT GBP | JACOBS CIVIL LTD 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

Page 2 of 2

AP3 CPT-20

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

DATE: 10/26/17

ELEVATION: 359.00 ft

BORING LOCATION: AP3

LATITUDE: 32.92685833

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 24.0 ft

LONGITUDE: -83.70596944

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (°) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
320			10					
315			10					
310			9					
305			9					
300			11					
295			13					
290			13					
285			13					
280			16					
275			16					
270			16					
265			14					
260			14					
255			13					
250			13					
245			14					
240			15					
235			17					
230			16					
225			15					
220			16					
215			17					
210			17					
205			24					
200			26					
195			22					
190			27					
185			31					
180			35					
175			32					
170			37					
165		CPT Terminated at 51.2 feet depth						
160								
155								
150								
145								
140								
135								
130								
125								
120								
115								
110								
105								
100								
95								
90								
85								
80								
75								
70								

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT GPJ JACOBS CIVIL.GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

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AP3 CPT-21

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

DATE: 10/24/17

BORING LOCATION: AP3

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 22.7 ft

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

ELEVATION: 350.66 ft

LATITUDE: 32.925875

LONGITUDE: -83.70625556

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (%) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
350		SOIL FILL/GCL	5 6 8 14 18 18 15 11 11 11		21			QU=2.5 tsf QU=2.612 tsf QU=4.862 tsf
345		Coal Ash, very soft to soft, slightly to medium plastic	11 8 6 3 3 3 3 5 6 5 3 3 3 3 5 5 3 3 2 2 2 2 2 0 1 1 1 1 3 3 5 5 5 4 4 4 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 10 8 6 5	28 30 20 28 25 23 27 23 25 26 27 23 25 26 27 23 24 26 25 17 20 23 28			QU=3.518 tsf QU=2.516 tsf QU=2.226 tsf QU=1.098 tsf QU=0.99 tsf QU=1.156 tsf QU=1.144 tsf QU=1.28 tsf QU=1.878 tsf QU=1.862 tsf QU=1.446 tsf QU=1.126 tsf QU=1.234 tsf QU=1.446 tsf QU=1.324 tsf QU=1.18 tsf QU=0.91 tsf QU=0.606 tsf QU=0.73 tsf QU=0.724 tsf QU=0.786 tsf QU=0.866 tsf QU=0.934 tsf QU=0.986 tsf QU=0.506 tsf QU=0.368 tsf QU=0.324 tsf QU=0.302 tsf QU=0.32 tsf QU=0.286 tsf QU=0.278 tsf QU=0.324 tsf QU=0.49 tsf QU=1.016 tsf QU=0.758 tsf QU=0.86 tsf QU=1.33 tsf QU=1.488 tsf QU=1.792 tsf QU=1.434 tsf QU=1.044 tsf QU=0.99 tsf QU=0.85 tsf QU=0.846 tsf QU=1.236 tsf QU=0.854 tsf QU=1.434 tsf QU=1.282 tsf QU=1.24 tsf QU=1.58 tsf QU=1.356 tsf QU=1.796 tsf QU=4.19 tsf QU=2.62 tsf QU=2.032 tsf QU=1.986 tsf QU=1.788 tsf	
340								
335								
330								
325								
320								
315								

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT GPJ JACOBS CIVIL.GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

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AP3 CPT-21

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

DATE: 10/24/17

ELEVATION: 350.66 ft

BORING LOCATION: AP3

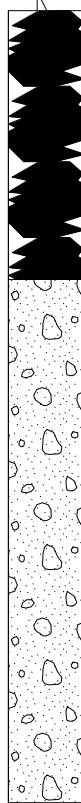
LATITUDE: 32.925875

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 22.7 ft

LONGITUDE: -83.70625556

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (°) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
310			3 3 3 3 4 4 4 3 3 3 3 3 3 4					QU=1.024 tsf QU=0.86 tsf QU=0.812 tsf QU=0.924 tsf QU=1.23 tsf QU=1.192 tsf QU=1.248 tsf QU=0.968 tsf QU=0.866 tsf QU=0.878 tsf QU=0.808 tsf QU=0.758 tsf QU=1.368 tsf
305		Sand, with gravel and some silt, medium dense to very dense	7 4 3 5 7 9 11 10 11 14 15 15 17 27 27 30 34 31 35 39 31 25 26 21 20 34 40					QU=1.57 tsf QU=2.582 tsf QU=3.75 tsf QU=4.874 tsf QU=6.246 tsf QU=5.48 tsf QU=6.352 tsf
295		CPT Terminated at 56.6 feet depth						

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT GPJ JACOBS CIVIL.GDT 31918

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

AP3 CPT-22

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PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

DATE: 10/26/17

BORING LOCATION: AP3

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 29.2 ft

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (°) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
0		SOIL FILL/GCL	5 9 14 29 21 12 17 39 33 33 23 14 15 23 27 24 24 30 26 23 21 20 17 11	27				QU=3.638 tsf QU=4.726 tsf QU=7.31 tsf QU=3.902 tsf QU=5.79 tsf
355			8 5 5 6 6 6 5 5 5 3 5 5 5 6 6 4 6 6 4 5 8 7 5 4 5 5 4 4 2 1 2 3 3 2 8 9 5 5 7 7 7 6 7 9 9 9	23 27 29				QU=8.158 tsf QU=4.384 tsf QU=8.8 tsf QU=5.4 tsf QU=2.768 tsf QU=1.662 tsf QU=1.65 tsf QU=2.286 tsf QU=2.164 tsf QU=1.784 tsf QU=1.554 tsf QU=1.598 tsf QU=1.206 tsf QU=1.016 tsf QU=1.19 tsf QU=1.416 tsf QU=1.028 tsf QU=2.116 tsf QU=2.156 tsf QU=1.422 tsf QU=1.832 tsf QU=2.122 tsf QU=1.408 tsf QU=1.874 tsf QU=1.93 tsf QU=1.232 tsf QU=1.506 tsf QU=1.494 tsf QU=1.292 tsf QU=0.766 tsf QU=0.508 tsf QU=1.004 tsf QU=1.21 tsf QU=1.118 tsf QU=0.858 tsf QU=0.878 tsf QU=0.852 tsf QU=3.018 tsf QU=3.414 tsf QU=1.896 tsf QU=1.97 tsf QU=2.348 tsf QU=2.618 tsf QU=2.346 tsf QU=2.45 tsf QU=2.86 tsf QU=3.228 tsf QU=3.72 tsf QU=3.258 tsf QU=2.928 tsf
350		Coal Ash, very soft to soft, slightly to medium plastic	17 20 21 22 24 23 22					
10								
345								
15								
340								
20								
335								
25								
330								
30	▽ ATD							
325								
35								

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT GPJ JACOBS CIVL.GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

Page 2 of 2

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

DATE: 10/26/17

BORING LOCATION: AP3

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 29.2 ft

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

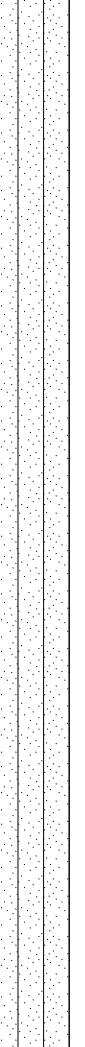
NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

ELEVATION: 359.21 ft

LATITUDE: 32.92623889

LONGITUDE: -83.70583611

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' ($^{\circ}$) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
		<p>Sand, with silt and some gravel, medium dense to dense</p> <p>CPT Terminated at 67.1 feet depth</p>		11 11 14 8 6 6 12 23 20 8 7 9 9 9 10 10 11 13 12 13 18 16 14 16 13 13 14 15 15 18 24 24 20 18 19 18 16 15 16 16 16 21 28 28 24 14 15 16 18 23 27 20 17 22 29 31 35 36 33 30 34 33 26				QU=4.836 tsf QU=4.208 tsf QU=2.932 tsf QU=2.95 tsf QU=4.428 tsf QU=3.078 tsf QU=4.932 tsf QU=4.452 tsf QU=5.07 tsf

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT.GPJ JACOBS CIVIL.GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

AP3 CPT-23

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PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

DATE: 10/31/17

ELEVATION: 359.05 ft

BORING LOCATION: AP3

LATITUDE: 32.93128611

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 8.1 ft

LONGITUDE: -83.70841944

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (%) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
0		SOIL FILL/GCL	12 27 23 21 17 12 9 9 12 8 6 6 6 6 8 11 9 8 9 12 15 15 14 17 15 17 12 12 11 12 14 26 33 39 39 41 37 28 23 34 47 35 26 33 36 29 42 44 36	22				QU=6.408 tsf QU=5.04 tsf QU=4.176 tsf QU=2.912 tsf QU=2.784 tsf QU=4.352 tsf QU=2.194 tsf QU=1.818 tsf QU=1.768 tsf QU=2.04 tsf QU=2.048 tsf QU=2.56 tsf QU=3.064 tsf QU=2.662 tsf QU=2.358 tsf QU=2.894 tsf QU=4.164 tsf
355		Coal Ash, medium stiff, slightly to medium plastic		25				
5				27				
350				30				
10		Sand, with silt and some gravel, medium dense to dense		33				
345				33				
15				35				
340								
20								
335								
25		CPT Terminated at 25.2 feet depth						QU=3.446 tsf QU=3.882 tsf
30								
325								
35								

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT GPJ JACOBS CIVL.GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

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AP3 CPT-24

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

DATE: 10/31/17

BORING LOCATION: AP3

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 7.6 ft

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

ELEVATION: 357.57 ft

LATITUDE: 32.93059444

LONGITUDE: -83.70794722

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (%) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
0		SOIL FILL/GCL	5 6 8 6 8 9		17			QU=1.846 tsf QU=2.042 tsf QU=2.602 tsf QU=1.814 tsf QU=2.29 tsf QU=2.744 tsf QU=4.384 tsf QU=5.654 tsf QU=3.67 tsf QU=3.028 tsf QU=3.512 tsf QU=1.85 tsf QU=1.836 tsf
355		Coal Ash, medium stiff, slightly to medium plastic	14 18 12 9 11 6 6 32 41 15 12 11 11 14 11 12 9 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 11 11 11 9 9 12 15 13 15 17 21 19 22 23 24 25 27 24 21 17 14 22 33 51 60 64 75		34			
350	▽ ATD							QU=4.7 tsf QU=3.886 tsf QU=3.452 tsf QU=3.398 tsf QU=3.844 tsf QU=2.674 tsf QU=3.236 tsf QU=2.436 tsf QU=1.978 tsf QU=2.308 tsf QU=2.654 tsf QU=2.652 tsf QU=2.764 tsf
345		Sand, with silt and some gravel, medium dense to dense						QU=3.086 tsf QU=3.412 tsf
340								
20								
335								
25								
330								
30		CPT Terminated at 29.2 feet depth						
325								
35								

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT GPJ JACOBS CIVL.GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

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AP3 CPT-25

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

DATE: 10/30/17

BORING LOCATION: AP3

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 6.7 ft

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

ELEVATION: 354.70 ft

LATITUDE: 32.92996667

LONGITUDE: -83.70751111

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT.GPJ JACOBS CIVIL.GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

Page 1 of 2

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

DATE: 10/27/17

BORING LOCATION: AP3

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 6.6 ft

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

ELEVATION: 353.58 ft

LATITUDE: 32.92932778

LONGITUDE: -83.70705278

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

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AP3 CPT-26A

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

DATE: 10/27/17

ELEVATION: 353.58 ft

BORING LOCATION: AP3

LATITUDE: 32.92932778

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 6.6 ft

LONGITUDE: -83.70705278

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (°) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
315			12					QU=5.638 tsf
40			9					QU=4.112 tsf
310			10					QU=4.17 tsf
45			13					
305			15					
50			14					
300			12					
55			11					
295		Sand, with silt and some gravel, medium dense to dense	15					QU=6.328 tsf
60			14					QU=5.262 tsf
290			13					QU=7.422 tsf
65			12					
285			10					
70			8					
		CPT Terminated at 58.3 feet depth	6					
			7					
			6					
			4					
			6					
			10					
			12					
			13					
			16					
			14					
			13					
			17					
			19					
			23					
			39					
			35					
			20					
			23					
			37					
			44					
			39					
			28					
			23					
			15					

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT GPJ JACOBS CIVL.GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

Page 1 of 2

AP3 CPT-27

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

DATE: 10/27/17

BORING LOCATION: AP3

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 7.5 ft

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

ELEVATION: 352.52 ft

LATITUDE: 32.92868611

LONGITUDE: -83.706575

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (°) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
0 350 5 345 10 340 15 335 20 330 25 325 30 320 35		<p>SOIL FILL/GCL</p> <p>Coal Ash, medium stiff, slightly to medium plastic</p> <p>Sand, with silt and some gravel, medium dense to dense</p>	3 5 3 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 0 3 5 5 5 5 2 2 3 5 6 6 6 6 8 6 5 5 6 6 6 6 8 9 9 9 11 14 15 14 12 12 13 14 16 17 16 16 17 17 19 20 22 28 27 21 14 13 27 34 28 23 23 29 33 31 30 29 26 20 16	23 19 17 18 17 24 26 25 23 26				

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT GPJ JACOBS CIVL.GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

Page 2 of 2

AP3 CPT-27

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

DATE: 10/27/17

ELEVATION: 352.52 ft

BORING LOCATION: AP3

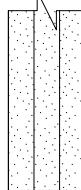
LATITUDE: 32.92868611

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 7.5 ft

LONGITUDE: -83.706575

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (%) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
315 40 310 45 305 50 300 55 295 60 290 65 285 70		CPT Terminated at 40.7 feet depth	17 23 26 27 20 22 25 21 19 17					QU=9.844 tsf

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT GPJ JACOBS CIVL.GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

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AP3 CPT-28

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

DATE: 10/27/17

BORING LOCATION: AP3

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 6.9 ft

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

ELEVATION: 350.85 ft

LATITUDE: 32.92798333

LONGITUDE: -83.706075

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (°) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
350		SOIL FILL/GCL	2 3 3 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 8 5 3 3 5 3 5 8 9 8 6 5 9 12 11 9 11 9 8 9 9 9 11 11 11 12 15 17 15 13 13 14 17 18 15 11 10 12 9 11 15 15 18 20 17 17 19 20 21 21 19 19 16 16 17 19 23 25 25 23 20	16 18 22				QU=1.194 tsf QU=1.026 tsf QU=0.752 tsf QU=0.742 tsf QU=0.814 tsf QU=0.886 tsf QU=0.946 tsf QU=0.722 tsf QU=0.65 tsf QU=1.266 tsf QU=1.218 tsf QU=1.79 tsf
345	▽ ATD	Coal Ash, medium stiff, slightly to medium plastic						
340		Sand, with silt and some gravel, medium dense to dense						
335								
330								
325								
320								
315								

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT GPJ JACOBS CIVL.GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

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AP3 CPT-28

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

DATE: 10/27/17

ELEVATION: 350.85 ft

BORING LOCATION: AP3

LATITUDE: 32.92798333

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 6.9 ft

LONGITUDE: -83.706075

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (%) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
40			23					
310			28					
			23					
			17					
			13					
			17					
			22					
			35					
			35					
			32					
			42					
			49					
			47					
			49					
			48					
45		CPT Terminated at 43.4 feet depth						
305								
50								
300								
55								
295								
60								
290								
65								
285								
70								
280								

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT GPJ JACOBS CIVL.GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

AP3 CPT-29

Page 1 of 2

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

DATE: 10/26/17

BORING LOCATION: AP3

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 19.7 ft

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

ELEVATION: 355.71 ft

LATITUDE: 32.92698611

LONGITUDE: -83.70565556

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (°) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
355		SOIL FILL/GCL	3 11 14 35 39 24 18 12 9 8 9 14	27				QU=4.034 tsf QU=4.578 tsf QU=11.918 tsf
350		Coal Ash, soft to medium stiff, slightly to medium plastic	12 9 8 6 6 5 5 5 5 2 2 0 0 0 2 2 5	23 21 21 21 21 17 20 25 30				QU=5.886 tsf QU=4.26 tsf QU=3.568 tsf
345			6 6 3 2 3 3 3 3 3 5 3 3 3 4 4 6 4 4 5	23 23 23 24 21				QU=1.98 tsf QU=1.9 tsf QU=1.786 tsf QU=1.656 tsf QU=1.642 tsf QU=0.726 tsf QU=0.454 tsf QU=0.236 tsf QU=0.266 tsf QU=0.328 tsf QU=0.314 tsf QU=0.52 tsf QU=0.578 tsf QU=1.638 tsf QU=2.06 tsf QU=1.796 tsf QU=0.752 tsf QU=0.44 tsf QU=0.766 tsf QU=0.928 tsf QU=1.094 tsf QU=0.788 tsf QU=1.266 tsf QU=1.052 tsf QU=1.128 tsf QU=1.298 tsf QU=1.37 tsf
340			6 6 3 2 3 3 3 3 3 5 3 3 3 4 4 6 4 4 5	23 23 24 21				QU=1.31 tsf QU=1.068 tsf QU=1.42 tsf QU=1.426 tsf QU=1.532 tsf QU=1.808 tsf QU=1.58 tsf QU=1.672 tsf QU=1.734 tsf QU=1.506 tsf QU=1.556 tsf QU=1.86 tsf QU=2.882 tsf QU=2.826 tsf QU=3.016 tsf QU=3.728 tsf QU=2.932 tsf QU=3.308 tsf QU=3.62 tsf QU=3.898 tsf QU=4.186 tsf QU=4.72 tsf
335		Sand, with silt and some gravel, medium dense to dense	8 8 9 7 8 8 9 10 10 11 13 12	16				QU=6.08 tsf
320								

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT GPJ JACOBS CIVL.GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

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AP3 CPT-29

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

DATE: 10/26/17

ELEVATION: 355.71 ft

BORING LOCATION: AP3

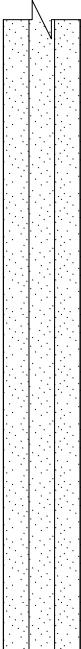
LATITUDE: 32.92698611

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 19.7 ft

LONGITUDE: -83.70565556

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (°) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
315		CPT Terminated at 52.5 feet depth	14 16 13 13 14 13 14 11 10 11 13 13 12 13 18 18 17 16 14 10 8 12 14 17 20 24 27 30 28 25 27 31 29					QU=6.826 tsf QU=4.976 tsf QU=4.72 tsf QU=7.27 tsf QU=5.906 tsf QU=6.528 tsf

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT GPJ JACOBS CIVIL.GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

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AP3 CPT-30

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

DATE: 10/26/17

BORING LOCATION: AP3

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENSIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 10.6 ft

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

FOB AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ABKWBRIGHT CPT.GB | JACOBS CIVIL GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

AP3 CPT-31

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PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

DATE: 10/26/17

BORING LOCATION: AP3

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 23.6 ft

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (°) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
0		SOIL FILL/GCL	0					QU=0.466 tsf
3			3					QU=1.478 tsf
5			5					QU=1.882 tsf
3			3					QU=1.36 tsf
9			9					QU=3.216 tsf
11			11					QU=3.782 tsf
18			18					QU=6.336 tsf
14			14					QU=5 tsf
11		Coal Ash, medium stiff, slightly to medium plastic	11	25				QU=3.77 tsf
6			6					QU=2.456 tsf
5			5					QU=1.94 tsf
5			5					QU=1.568 tsf
5			5					QU=1.89 tsf
3			3					QU=1.428 tsf
3			3					QU=1.41 tsf
5			5					QU=1.302 tsf
5			5					QU=1.472 tsf
5			5					QU=1.956 tsf
8			8					QU=2.32 tsf
6			6					QU=1.668 tsf
5			5					QU=1.078 tsf
3			3					QU=0.914 tsf
3			3					QU=0.77 tsf
3			3					QU=1.232 tsf
11			11	20				QU=1.642 tsf
8			8					QU=1.394 tsf
5			5					QU=1.71 tsf
6			6					QU=1.034 tsf
6			6					QU=0.714 tsf
3			3					QU=0.898 tsf
3			3					QU=1.856 tsf
6			6					QU=1.856 tsf
4			4					QU=1.488 tsf
4			4					QU=1.29 tsf
12			12	31				QU=3.53 tsf
18			18					QU=1.338 tsf
7			7					QU=1.49 tsf
4			4					QU=2.296 tsf
5			5					QU=1.578 tsf
7			7					QU=1.3 tsf
5			5					QU=1.44 tsf
4			4					QU=1.168 tsf
4			4					QU=1.066 tsf
5			5					QU=1.43 tsf
7			7					QU=2.72 tsf
7			7					QU=2.672 tsf
14			14					QU=4.122 tsf
10			10					QU=2.994 tsf
8			8					QU=3.39 tsf
9			9					QU=4.396 tsf
11			11					QU=5.474 tsf
13			13					QU=3.174 tsf
14			14					QU=2.712 tsf
12			12					QU=2.064 tsf
11			11					QU=2.394 tsf
7			7					QU=3.428 tsf
7			7					
6			6					
6			6					
8			8					

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT GPJ JACOBS CIVIL.GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

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AP3 CPT-31

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

DATE: 10/26/17

ELEVATION: 356.63 ft

BORING LOCATION: AP3

LATITUDE: 32.92661667

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 23.6 ft

LONGITUDE: -83.70538611

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (°) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
320			8					QU=3.49 tsf
			7					QU=3.178 tsf
			6					QU=2.784 tsf
			7					QU=3.346 tsf
			8					QU=3.84 tsf
			11					
			12					
			10					
			10					QU=5.128 tsf
			13					QU=7.42 tsf
			14					QU=4.324 tsf
			15					QU=3.326 tsf
			15					QU=5.522 tsf
			9					QU=8.292 tsf
			7					QU=6.068 tsf
			10					QU=4.946 tsf
			17					QU=6.94 tsf
			14					
			11					
			9					
			12					
			18					
			24					
			27					
310		Sand, with clay and some gravel, medium dense to dense						
310		CPT Terminated at 48.9 feet depth						
305								
300								
295								
290								
285								

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT GPJ JACOBS CIVIL.GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

AP3 CPT-32

Page 1 of 2

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

DATE: 10/26/17

BORING LOCATION: AP3

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 27.2 ft

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (%) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
0		SOIL FILL/GCL	3 6 8 11 15 20 15 11 12 12 14 9 9 15 24 15 11 8 8 8 12 11	16 26 25 29 31 26 27				QU=2.338 tsf QU=3.016 tsf QU=3.828 tsf QU=5.152 tsf QU=6.738 tsf QU=4.954 tsf QU=3.42 tsf QU=4.14 tsf QU=3.868 tsf QU=4.41 tsf QU=3.13 tsf QU=3.158 tsf
5			8 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 5 5 5 3 6 9 9 9 10 9 9 8 7 5 5 5 5 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 5 5 5 6 6 5 5 5 7 7 7 7 7	21 22 28 32 32 31 28 20				QU=5.148 tsf QU=2.974 tsf QU=2.1 tsf QU=2.334 tsf QU=2.318 tsf QU=3.344 tsf QU=2.828 tsf QU=2.058 tsf QU=1.758 tsf QU=2.256 tsf QU=1.84 tsf QU=1.9 tsf QU=2.17 tsf QU=2.004 tsf QU=1.344 tsf QU=1.288 tsf QU=1.158 tsf QU=0.924 tsf QU=0.8 tsf QU=1.842 tsf QU=2.5 tsf QU=2.576 tsf QU=2.588 tsf QU=2.76 tsf QU=2.648 tsf QU=2.492 tsf QU=2.472 tsf QU=2.07 tsf QU=1.706 tsf QU=1.554 tsf QU=1.342 tsf QU=1.288 tsf QU=1.26 tsf QU=1.406 tsf QU=1.228 tsf QU=1.376 tsf QU=1.986 tsf QU=1.846 tsf QU=1.916 tsf QU=2.11 tsf QU=1.75 tsf QU=1.77 tsf QU=2.452 tsf QU=2.042 tsf QU=2.038 tsf QU=2.232 tsf QU=2.478 tsf QU=2.1 tsf QU=1.812 tsf QU=2.254 tsf QU=2.57 tsf QU=3.02 tsf QU=2.66 tsf QU=2.782 tsf QU=2.786 tsf QU=3.228 tsf QU=3.634 tsf
10		Coal Ash, soft to medium stiff, slightly to medium plastic						
15								
20								
25								
30								
35		Sand, with silt and some gravel, medium dense to dense						

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT GPJ JACOBS CIVIL.GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

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AP3 CPT-32

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

DATE: 10/26/17

ELEVATION: 357.21 ft

BORING LOCATION: AP3

LATITUDE: 32.92627778

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 27.2 ft

LONGITUDE: -83.705375

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (°) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
320			7					QU=3.388 tsf
315			7					QU=3.254 tsf
310			8					QU=4.004 tsf
45			8					QU=4.408 tsf
50			8					QU=5.4 tsf
305			9					QU=4.942 tsf
300			9					QU=7.61 tsf
295			9					
290			10					
285			10					
280			9					
275			9					
270			14					
265			16					
260			15					
255			10					
250			12					
245			13					
240			15					
235			19					
230			25					
225			31					
220			28					
215			28					
210			27					
205			29					
200			32					
195			32					
190			30					
185			28					
180			29					
175			43					
170			48					
165			45					
55		CPT Terminated at 55.4 feet depth						

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT.GPJ JACOBS CIVL.GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

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AP3 CPT-33

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

DATE: 10/26/17

ELEVATION: 349.28 ft

BORING LOCATION: AP3

LATITUDE: 32.92636111

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 18.3 ft

LONGITUDE: -83.70478333

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (%) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
0		SOIL FILL/GCL	5 5 5 5 6 6 6 8		20			QU=1.918 tsf QU=1.604 tsf QU=1.538 tsf QU=1.904 tsf QU=2.218 tsf QU=1.838 tsf QU=1.904 tsf QU=3.052 tsf
345		Coal Ash, medium stiff, slightly to medium plastic	11 8 6 6 6 8 9 8 9 8 9 11		25			QU=2.702 tsf QU=2.094 tsf QU=2.018 tsf QU=2.126 tsf QU=2.24 tsf QU=2.82 tsf QU=2.668 tsf QU=2.964 tsf QU=2.56 tsf QU=3.114 tsf QU=3.996 tsf
340		Interbedded layers of clay (possibly ash) and silt, with sand lenses	12 11 8 9 9 11 11 11 11 12 12 11 11 11 12 12 11 12 13 14 14 12 12 12 10 13 11 7 8 9 13 14 13 15 18 17 17 14 13 14 14 17 25 34 36 33 24 14		21			QU=4.008 tsf QU=3.128 tsf QU=2.338 tsf QU=2.904 tsf QU=2.744 tsf QU=2.72 tsf QU=3.074 tsf QU=3.528 tsf QU=3.29 tsf QU=2.988 tsf QU=2.988 tsf
330								QU=3.836 tsf QU=3.234 tsf QU=3.242 tsf
325								QU=3.708 tsf QU=3.356 tsf QU=3.646 tsf
320								QU=4.742 tsf QU=4.584 tsf
315								QU=4.478 tsf QU=3.882 tsf QU=4.124 tsf QU=3.502 tsf
310								QU=3.746 tsf QU=2.14 tsf QU=2.96 tsf QU=3.194 tsf QU=5.018 tsf
305								QU=5.308 tsf
300								QU=7.158 tsf QU=5.78 tsf QU=6.158 tsf
295								QU=6.526 tsf
290								QU=6.914 tsf

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT GPJ JACOBS CIVL.GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

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AP3 CPT-33

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

DATE: 10/26/17

ELEVATION: 349.28 ft

BORING LOCATION: AP3

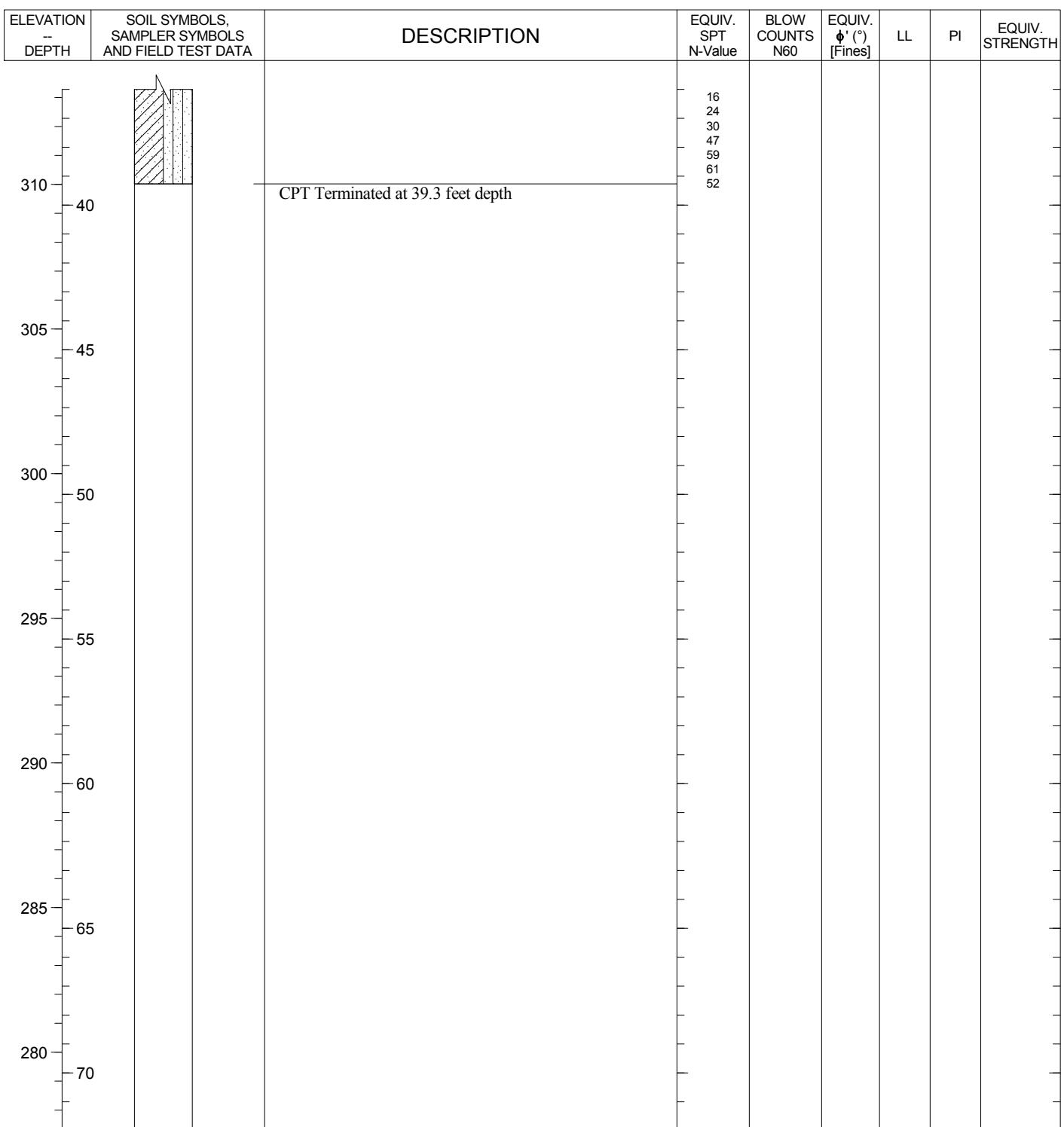
LATITUDE: 32.92636111

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 18.3 ft

LONGITUDE: -83.70478333

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data



FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT.GPJ JACOBS CIVL.GDT 3/19/18

LOG OF CONE PENETRATION TEST PROBE

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AP3 CPT-34

PROJECT: Former Arkwright Plant - AP3

PROJECT NUMBER: DK9201IW.5000

DATE: 10/24/17

ELEVATION: 347.28 ft

BORING LOCATION: AP3

LATITUDE: 32.92587778

DEPTH TO WATER (FROM POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP): 20.3 ft

LONGITUDE: -83.70495

DRILL METHOD: CPT push ~ 2.0 cm/s

NOTES: CPTs & Misc. tests performed by Fugro; Equiv. values obtained from interpreted results of raw CPT data

ELEVATION -- DEPTH	SOIL SYMBOLS, SAMPLER SYMBOLS AND FIELD TEST DATA	DESCRIPTION	EQUIV. SPT N-Value	BLOW COUNTS N60	EQUIV. ϕ' (%) [Fines]	LL	PI	EQUIV. STRENGTH
0		SOIL FILL/GCL	3 3 3 5 3 5 5 6 6 6 8 6 8 12 11 8 6 6 6 8		21			QU=1.152 tsf QU=1.262 tsf QU=1.436 tsf QU=1.334 tsf QU=1.58 tsf QU=1.692 tsf QU=2.31 tsf QU=2.272 tsf QU=2.176 tsf QU=1.956 tsf QU=2.198 tsf QU=1.992 tsf QU=2.616 tsf
345		Coal Ash, soft to medium stiff, slightly to medium plastic			26			
5					31			
340					36			
10					28			
335		Interbedded layers of clay (possibly ash) and silt, with sand lenses			29			
15					27			
330					25			
20	ATD				21			
325					21			
25		Sand, with gravel, medium dense to very dense			24			
320		CPT Terminated at 26.5 feet depth			28			
30								
315								
35								

FOR AP3 CPT WITH LAT-LONG ARKWRIGHT CPT GPJ JACOBS CIVIL.GDT 3/19/18

Probe number	Soil thickness(feet) above ash	Thickness Stats
AP3 CPT 01	4	Max. thickness = 12
AP3 CPT 02	5	Min. thickness = 2
AP3 CPT 03	5	Average = 5
AP3 CPT 04	4	
AP3 CPT 05	2.5	
AP3 CPT 06	3	
AP3 CPT 07	2.5	
AP3 CPT 08	2	
AP3 CPT 09	5	
AP3 CPT 09SL	5	
AP3 CPT 10	3	
AP3 CPT 11	5	
AP3 CPT 12	7	
AP3 CPT 13	7	
AP3 CPT 14	7	
AP3 CPT 15	4	
AP3 CPT 16	6	
AP3 CPT 17A	5	
AP3 CPT 18A	9	
AP3 CPT 19	12	
AP3 CPT 20	11	
AP3 CPT 21	5	
AP3 CPT 22	12	
AP3 CPT 23	3	
AP3 CPT 24	3	
AP3 CPT 25	3	
AP3 CPT 26A	6	
AP3 CPT 27	2	
AP3 CPT 28	2	
AP3 CPT 29	6	
AP3 CPT 30	2	
AP3 CPT 31	4	
AP3 CPT 32	11	
AP3 CPT 33	4	
AP3 CPT 34	2	

Appendix D. AP3 Landfill Global Stability & CPT Analyses

Purpose:

- Analyze CPT results and perform global stability analyses of existing AP3 Landfill.

References:

- AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications, 2014
- Fugro USA Land Inc. Report for Piezocone Penetration Testing and Related Services - November 2017
- Georgia Power - Ash Pond 2 and 3 and Ash Monofill - Site Acceptability Report - November 2005
- Electric Power Research Institute - Engineering Correlations for Geotechnical Parameters for Ponded Fly Ash 2014 Technical Report

Assumptions:*Subsurface Conditions:*

Refer to CPT Logs AP-01 through AP-34 and cross-section data on Figures AP3-1, -2 and -3.

Soil Profile and Soil Parameters

Soil	Elev.		PI (%)	Unit Weight (pcf)	Drained Strength		Undrained Strength	
	From (ft)	To (ft)			c'	Φ'	c	Φ'
					(psf)	(deg.)	(psf)	(deg.)
In-Situ GCL & Soil	~ 360	~ 355	-	110	100	15	100	15
In-Situ Sluiced CCR	~ 355	~ 330	-	90	0	22	0	22
Foundation Soil	~ 330	Below	-	108	300	24	500	20
Embankment/Levee Fill	Vary	Vary	-	120	100	28	700	10

Notes: - A residual shear strength (friction angle) was conservatively assumed for the in-situ geosynthetic clay liner (GCL).

- A nominal cohesion value was added to preclude any shallow sloughing failure surfaces from the results.
- Parameters for in-situ sluiced CCR based on EPRI report recommendation after processing CPT data

*Seismic Parameters:**Seismic Site Classification:*

The site was determined as Class E based on the amount of soft CCR fill encountered.

The seismic parameters:

Using USGS Seismic Design Maps Tool, the seismic parameters are determined for

Site Class E at: 32.92765°N, 83.70681°W

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{PGA} = 0.052 \text{ g} & A_s = 0.131 \text{ g} \\ S_s = 0.122 \text{ g} & S_{Ds} = 0.306 \text{ g} \\ S_1 = 0.050 \text{ g} & S_{D1} = 0.174 \text{ g} \end{array}$$

For external and global stability, use height adjusted horizontal peak acceleration

$$k_{av} = 0.065 \text{ g} \quad (0.5 \times A_s)$$

Analysis:*Global Stability*

Global stability of the existing AP3 Landfill was evaluated under short term and long term loading cases using software SLOPE/W Version 2012 developed by GEO-SLOPE International Ltd. The factor of safety (FOS) of the critical potential failure surface was obtained for each loading case. The minimum FOS criteria of slope stability as per project requirements is as follows:

Short Term, Undrained Condition, Total Stress Parameters - Minimum FOS = 1.5

Long Term, Drained Condition, Effective Stress Parameters - Minimum FOS = 1.5

Seismic, Undrained Condition, Total Stress Parameters - Minimum FOS = 1.1

The global stability at Sections A-A through O-O as presented on Figures AP3-1, -2 and -3 was analyzed.

Groundwater surface assumed for analyses based on map of potentiometric surface utilizing surrounding monitoring wells.

Section	Load Condition	FOS		Note
		Criteria	Calc. FOS	
A-A	Short Term, Undrained, Total Stress	1.50	4.48	OK
	Long Term, Drained, Effective Stress		4.48	OK
	Seismic, Undrained, Total Stress	1.10	2.20	OK
B-B	Short Term, Undrained, Total Stress	1.50	8.21	OK
	Long Term, Drained, Effective Stress		8.21	OK
	Seismic, Undrained, Total Stress	1.10	3.62	OK
C-C	Short Term, Undrained, Total Stress	1.50	9.26	OK
	Long Term, Drained, Effective Stress		9.26	OK
	Seismic, Undrained, Total Stress	1.10	3.63	OK
D-D	Short Term, Undrained, Total Stress	1.50	6.53	OK
	Long Term, Drained, Effective Stress		6.53	OK
	Seismic, Undrained, Total Stress	1.10	2.95	OK
E-E	Short Term, Undrained, Total Stress	1.50	7.82	OK
	Long Term, Drained, Effective Stress		7.79	OK
	Seismic, Undrained, Total Stress	1.10	3.39	OK
F-F	Short Term, Undrained, Total Stress	1.50	8.32	OK
	Long Term, Drained, Effective Stress		8.32	OK
	Seismic, Undrained, Total Stress	1.10	2.92	OK
G-G	Short Term, Undrained, Total Stress	1.50	12.01	OK
	Long Term, Drained, Effective Stress		12.01	OK
	Seismic, Undrained, Total Stress	1.10	3.87	OK
H-H	Short Term, Undrained, Total Stress	1.50	3.51	OK
	Long Term, Drained, Effective Stress		3.51	OK
	Seismic, Undrained, Total Stress	1.10	2.49	OK
I-I	Short Term, Undrained, Total Stress	1.50	2.51	OK
	Long Term, Drained, Effective Stress		2.51	OK
	Seismic, Undrained, Total Stress	1.10	1.97	OK
J-J	Short Term, Undrained, Total Stress	1.50	2.06	OK
	Long Term, Drained, Effective Stress		1.93	OK
	Seismic, Undrained, Total Stress	1.10	1.67	OK
K-K	Short Term, Undrained, Total Stress	1.50	12.20	OK
	Long Term, Drained, Effective Stress		12.20	OK
	Seismic, Undrained, Total Stress	1.10	3.67	OK
L-L	Short Term, Undrained, Total Stress	1.50	4.61	OK
	Long Term, Drained, Effective Stress		4.61	OK
	Seismic, Undrained, Total Stress	1.10	2.89	OK
M-M	Short Term, Undrained, Total Stress	1.50	9.99	OK
	Long Term, Drained, Effective Stress		9.99	OK
	Seismic, Undrained, Total Stress	1.10	3.27	OK
N-N	Short Term, Undrained, Total Stress	1.50	7.78	OK
	Long Term, Drained, Effective Stress		7.78	OK
	Seismic, Undrained, Total Stress	1.10	3.02	OK
O-O	Short Term, Undrained, Total Stress	1.50	10.30	OK
	Long Term, Drained, Effective Stress		10.30	OK
	Seismic, Undrained, Total Stress	1.10	3.28	OK

Notes: - Where failure surface passes through only GCL and in-situ CCR, FOS is the same for short term and long term conditions due to conservative selection of residual shear strengths (friction angles).

Liquefaction

Liquefaction of the CCR fill material was also analyzed to determine if a seismic event could induce settlement and lateral spread of material contained in AP3 Landfill. CPT data was processed utilizing program Clique v.2.2.0.35 developed by GeoLogismiki (2006). A cyclic resistance ratio for an assumed magnitude 7.5 earthquake with seismic magnitude parameters as presented above was calculated and compared to the cyclic stress ratio. The ratio of these two numbers is equivalent to the factor of safety against liquefaction.

CPT	Liquefaction Results
AP3 CPT-01	Potentially liquefiable layers at 22 and 25 to 31 feet depth
AP3 CPT-02	No liquefaction
AP3 CPT-03	No liquefaction
AP3 CPT-04	No liquefaction
AP3 CPT-05	No liquefaction
AP3 CPT-06	No liquefaction
AP3 CPT-07	No liquefaction
AP3 CPT-08	No liquefaction
AP3 CPT-09	No liquefaction
AP3 CPT-09SL	Unlikely to liquefy
AP3 CPT-10	Potentially liquefiable layers at 18 to 19 and 29 to 32 feet depth
AP3 CPT-11	Unlikely to liquefy
AP3 CPT-12	Unlikely to liquefy
AP3 CPT-13	Unlikely to liquefy
AP3 CPT-14	Potentially liquefiable layers at 30 to 31 feet depth
AP3 CPT-15	No liquefaction
AP3 CPT-16	No liquefaction
AP3 CPT-17A	No liquefaction
AP3 CPT-18A	Unlikely to liquefy
AP3 CPT-19	No liquefaction
AP3 CPT-20	No liquefaction
AP3 CPT-21	Potentially liquefiable layers at 43 to 44 feet depth
AP3 CPT-22	No liquefaction
AP3 CPT-23	No liquefaction
AP3 CPT-24	No liquefaction
AP3 CPT-25	No liquefaction
AP3 CPT-26A	No liquefaction
AP3 CPT-27	Unlikely to liquefy
AP3 CPT-28	Potentially liquefiable layers at 10 to 11 feet depth
AP3 CPT-29	No liquefaction
AP3 CPT-30	No liquefaction
AP3 CPT-31	Unlikely to liquefy
AP3 CPT-32	No liquefaction
AP3 CPT-33	No liquefaction
AP3 CPT-34	No liquefaction

Because only localized CCR layers are identified as potentially liquefiable, settlement is not likely to be a concern. Excess pore water pressures will alleviate to non-liquefiable layers just outside of the potentially liquefiable zones in both the horizontal and vertical direction.

However, lateral squeezing/spreading of CCR material towards the levee at the south side of AP3 Landfill will still be checked. Logs of monitoring wells GWA-7 and GWA-8 are drilled nearest the south levee containing the AP3 Landfill. These locations were analyzed for liquefaction potential using the IDOT liquefaction spreadsheet and the results of SPT sampling and laboratory testing performed on samples for these two well logs.

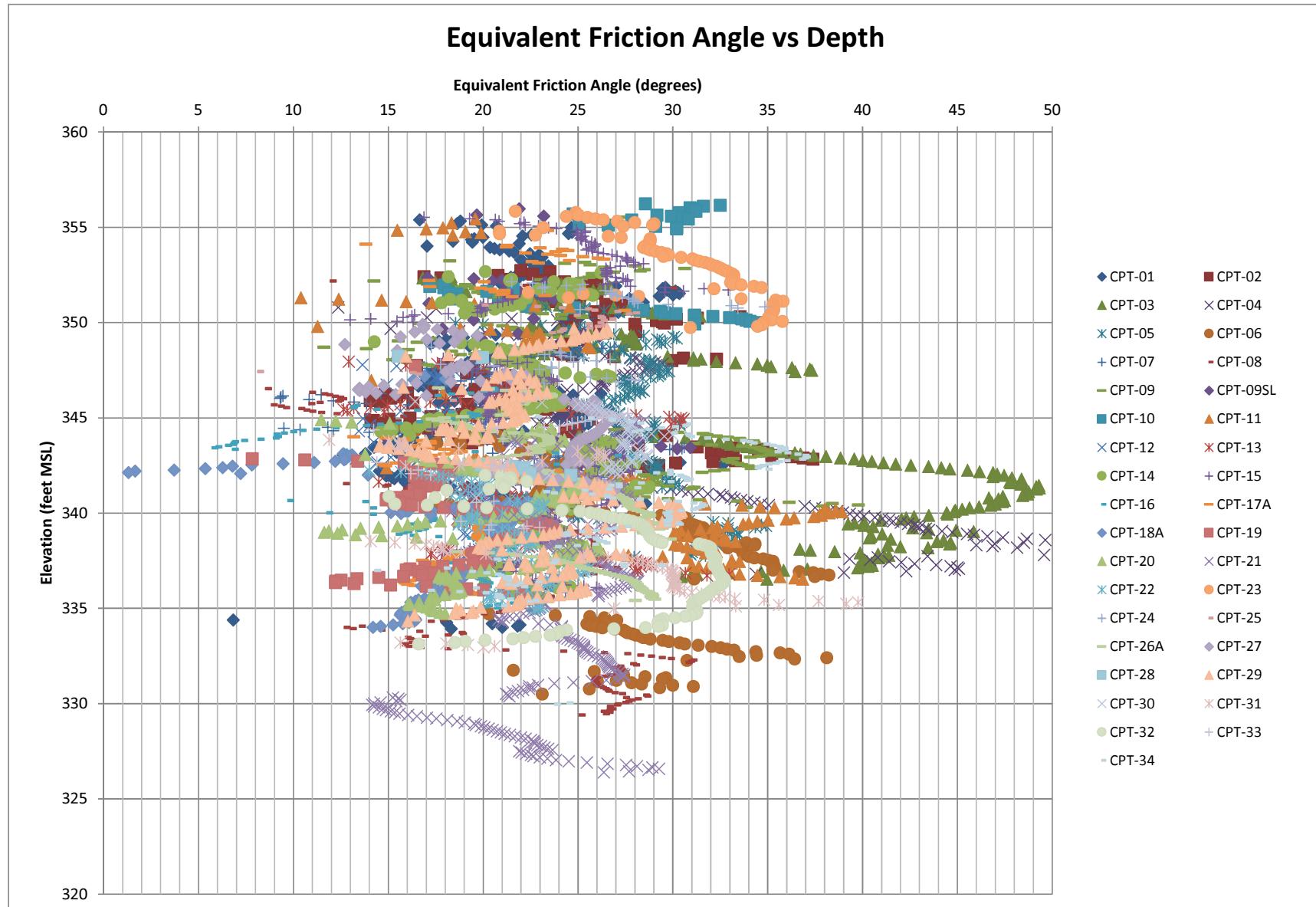
Boring/Well Log	Liquefaction Results
GWA-07	No liquefaction
GWA-08	No liquefaction

Even in the rare case of liquefaction of the CCR material in localized seams, the levee material containing the CCR is not anticipated to liquefy.

Conclusions:

Global stability of the existing AP3 Landfill meets all criteria for short term, long term and seismic loading conditions.

Liquefaction analyses indicate that CCR material may liquefy at very localized soft spots, but likely not cause any settlement or lateral spreading of CCR material. The levee containing AP3 Landfill at the south end of the site is not anticipated to be liquefiable.



Equivalent Friction Angle calculated using Equation 4-20 from report by Electric Power Research Institute - Engineering Correlations for Geotechnical Parameters for Ponded Fly Ash 2014 Technical Report based on processed CPT data

USGS Design Maps Summary Report

User-Specified Input

Report Title Former Arkwright Plant - AP3
Wed February 14, 2018 15:21:07 UTC

Building Code Reference Document 2009 AASHTO Guide Specifications for LRFD Seismic Bridge Design
(which utilizes USGS hazard data available in 2002)

Site Coordinates 32.92765°N, 83.70681°W

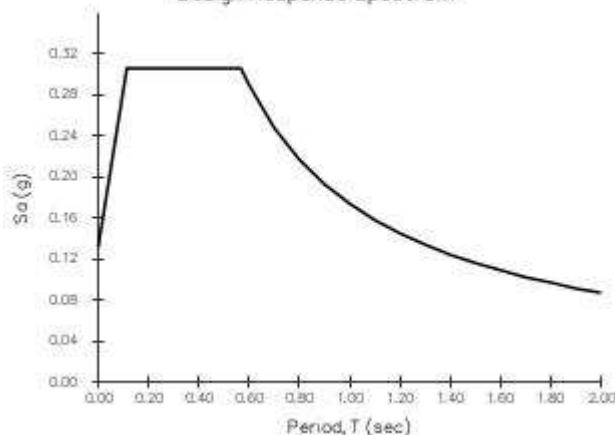
Site Soil Classification Site Class E – “Soft Clay Soil”



USGS-Provided Output

PGA = 0.052 g	A_s = 0.131 g
S_s = 0.122 g	S_{DS} = 0.306 g
S₁ = 0.050 g	S_{D1} = 0.174 g

Design Response Spectrum



Although this information is a product of the U.S. Geological Survey, we provide no warranty, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy of the data contained therein. This tool is not a substitute for technical subject-matter knowledge.

Article 3.4.1 — Design Spectra Based on General Procedure

Note: Maps in the 2009 AASHTO Specifications are provided by AASHTO for Site Class B.

Adjustments for other Site Classes are made, as needed, in Article 3.4.2.3.

From [Figure 3.4.1-2](#) ^[1]

PGA = 0.052 g

From [Figure 3.4.1-3](#) ^[2]

S_s = 0.122 g

From [Figure 3.4.1-4](#) ^[3]

S_1 = 0.050 g

Article 3.4.2.1 — Site Class Definitions

The authority having jurisdiction (not the USGS), site-specific geotechnical data, and/or the default has classified the site as Site Class E, based on the site soil properties in accordance with Article 3.4.2.

Table 3.4.2.1-1 Site Class Definitions

SITE CLASS	SOIL PROFILE NAME	Soil shear wave velocity, \bar{v}_s , (ft/s)	Standard penetration resistance, \bar{N}	Soil undrained shear strength, \bar{s}_u , (psf)
A	Hard rock	$\bar{v}_s > 5,000$	N/A	N/A
B	Rock	$2,500 < \bar{v}_s \leq 5,000$	N/A	N/A
C	Very dense soil and soft rock	$1,200 < \bar{v}_s \leq 2,500$	$\bar{N} > 50$	>2,000 psf
D	Stiff soil profile	$600 \leq \bar{v}_s < 1,200$	$15 \leq \bar{N} \leq 50$	1,000 to 2,000 psf
E	Stiff soil profile	$\bar{v}_s < 600$	$\bar{N} < 15$	<1,000 psf
E	—	Any profile with more than 10 ft of soil having the characteristics:		
		<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Plasticity index $PI > 20$, 2. Moisture content $w \geq 40\%$, and 3. Undrained shear strength $\bar{s}_u < 500$ psf 		
F	—	Any profile containing soils having one or more of the following characteristics:		
		<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Soils vulnerable to potential failure or collapse under seismic loading such as liquefiable soils, quick and highly sensitive clays, collapsible weakly cemented soils. 2. Peats and/or highly organic clays ($H > 10$ feet of peat and/or highly organic clay where H = thickness of soil) 3. Very high plasticity clays ($H > 25$ feet with plasticity index $PI > 75$) 4. Very thick soft/medium stiff clays ($H > 120$ feet) 		

For SI: 1ft/s = 0.3048 m/s 1lb/ft² = 0.0479 kN/m²

Article 3.4.2.3 – Site Coefficients

Table 3.4.2.3-1 (for F_{pga})—Values of F_{pga} as a Function of Site Class and Mapped Peak Ground Acceleration Coefficient

Site Class	Mapped Peak Ground Acceleration				
	PGA ≤ 0.10	PGA = 0.20	PGA = 0.30	PGA = 0.40	PGA ≥ 0.50
A	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
B	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
C	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.0
D	1.6	1.4	1.2	1.1	1.0
E	2.5	1.7	1.2	0.9	0.9
F	See AASHTO Article 3.4.3				

Note: Use straight-line interpolation for intermediate values of PGA

For Site Class = E and PGA = 0.052 g, $F_{\text{PGA}} = 2.500$

Table 3.4.2.3-1 (for F_a)—Values of F_a as a Function of Site Class and Mapped Short-Period Spectral Acceleration Coefficient

Site Class	Spectral Response Acceleration Parameter at Short Periods				
	$S_s \leq 0.25$	$S_s = 0.50$	$S_s = 0.75$	$S_s = 1.00$	$S_s \geq 1.25$
A	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
B	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
C	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.0
D	1.6	1.4	1.2	1.1	1.0
E	2.5	1.7	1.2	0.9	0.9
F	See AASHTO Article 3.4.3				

Note: Use straight-line interpolation for intermediate values of S_s

For Site Class = E and $S_s = 0.122$ g, $F_a = 2.500$

Table 3.4.2.3-2—Values of F_v as a Function of Site Class and Mapped 1-sec Period Spectral Acceleration Coefficient

Site Class	Mapped Spectral Response Acceleration Coefficient at 1-sec Periods				
	$S_1 \leq 0.10$	$S_1 = 0.20$	$S_1 = 0.30$	$S_1 = 0.40$	$S_1 \geq 0.50$
A	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
B	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
C	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.3
D	2.4	2.0	1.8	1.6	1.5
E	3.5	3.2	2.8	2.4	2.4
F	See AASHTO Article 3.4.3				

Note: Use straight-line interpolation for intermediate values of S_1

For Site Class = E and $S_1 = 0.050$ g, $F_v = 3.500$

Equation (3.4.1-1):

$$A_s = F_{PGA} \text{ PGA} = 2.500 \times 0.052 = 0.131 \text{ g}$$

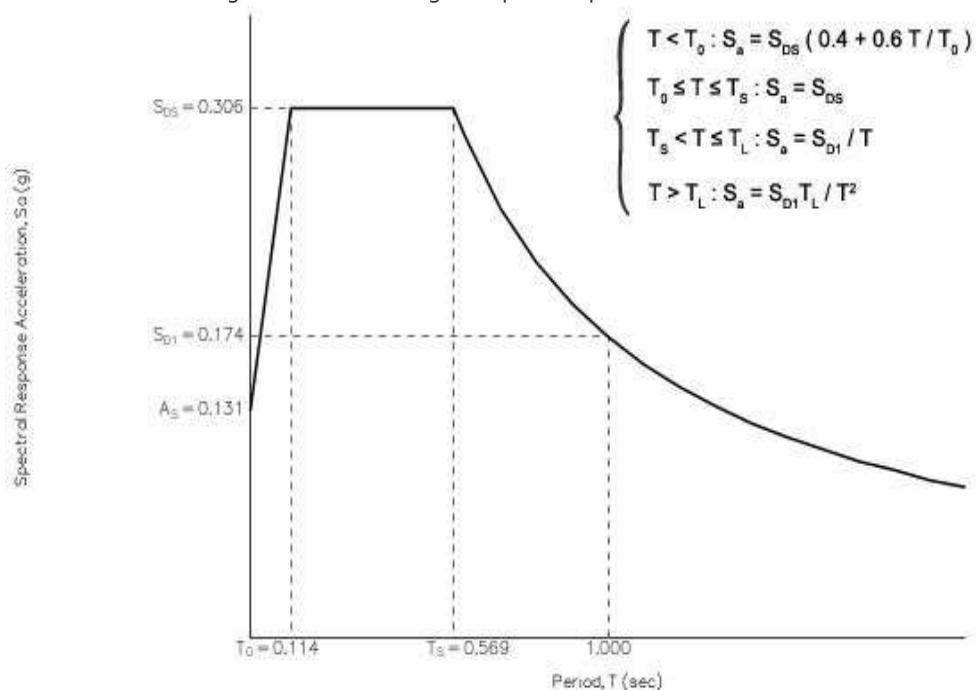
Equation (3.4.1-2):

$$S_{DS} = F_a S_s = 2.500 \times 0.122 = 0.306 \text{ g}$$

Equation (3.4.1-3):

$$S_{D1} = F_v S_1 = 3.500 \times 0.050 = 0.174 \text{ g}$$

Figure 3.4.1-1: Design Response Spectrum



Article 3.5 - Selection of Seismic Design Category (SDC)

Table 3.5-1—Partitions for Seismic Design Categories A, B, C, and D

VALUE OF S_{D1}	SDC
$S_{D1} < 0.15g$	A
$0.15g \leq S_{D1} < 0.30g$	B
$0.30g \leq S_{D1} < 0.50g$	C
$0.50g \leq S_{D1}$	D

For $S_{D1} = 0.174$ g, Seismic Design Category = B

Seismic Design Category \equiv "the design category in accordance with Table 3.5-1" = B

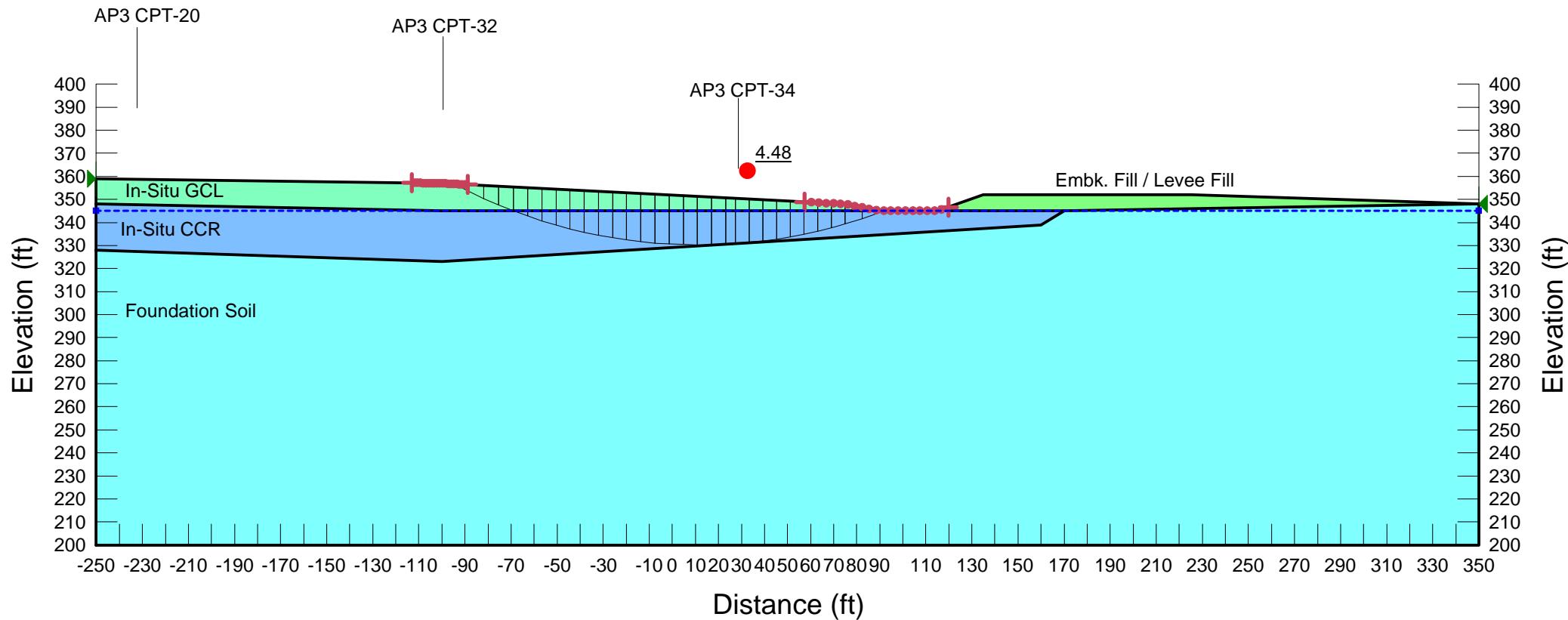
References

1. *Figure 3.4.1-2:* <https://earthquake.usgs.gov/hazards/designmaps/downloads/pdfs/AASHTO-2009-Figure-3.4.1-2.pdf>
2. *Figure 3.4.1-3:* <https://earthquake.usgs.gov/hazards/designmaps/downloads/pdfs/AASHTO-2009-Figure-3.4.1-3.pdf>
3. *Figure 3.4.1-4:* <https://earthquake.usgs.gov/hazards/designmaps/downloads/pdfs/AASHTO-2009-Figure-3.4.1-4.pdf>

Former Plant Arkwright
AP3 Landfill

Section A-A
Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Short Term Analysis
Total Stress Parameters



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 700 psf Phi': 10 °

Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Phi': 15 °

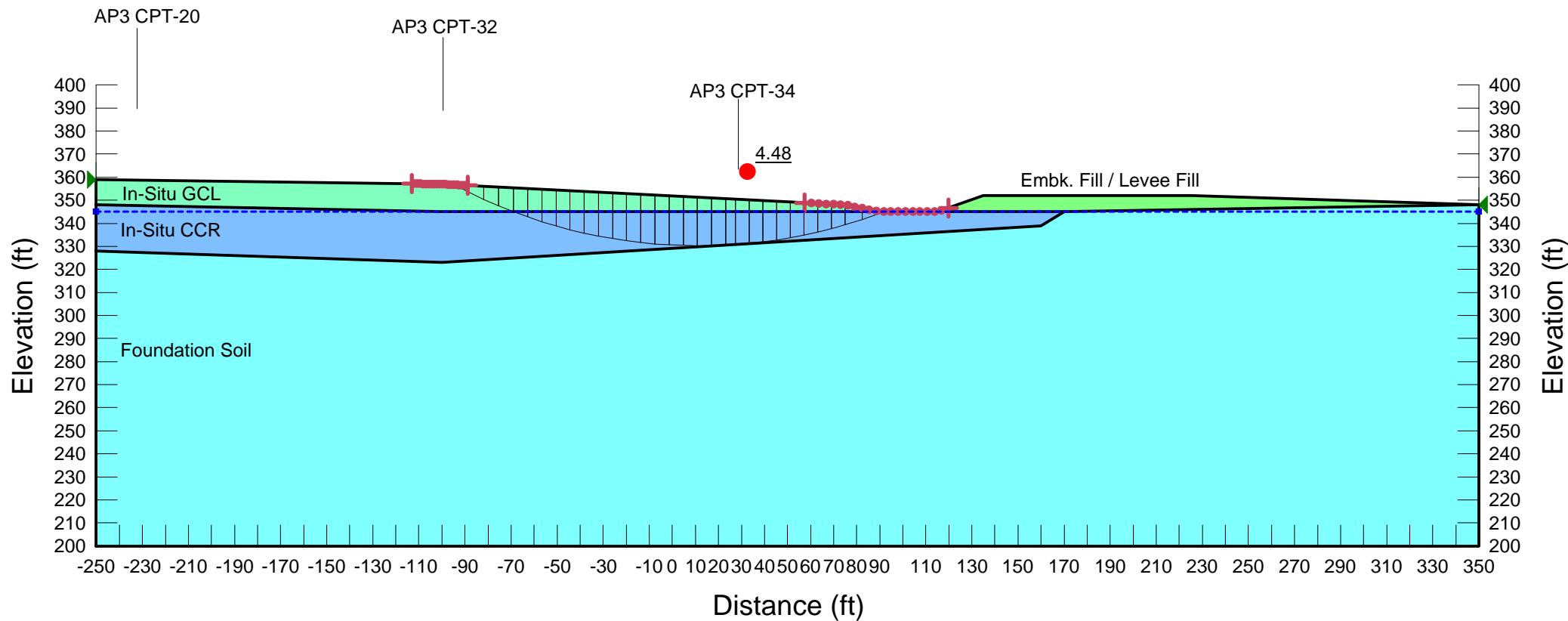
Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 500 psf Phi': 20 °

Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Phi': 22 °

Former Plant Arkwright
AP3 Landfill

Section A-A
Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Long Term Analysis
Effective Stress Parameters



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Φ' : 28 °

Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Φ' : 15 °

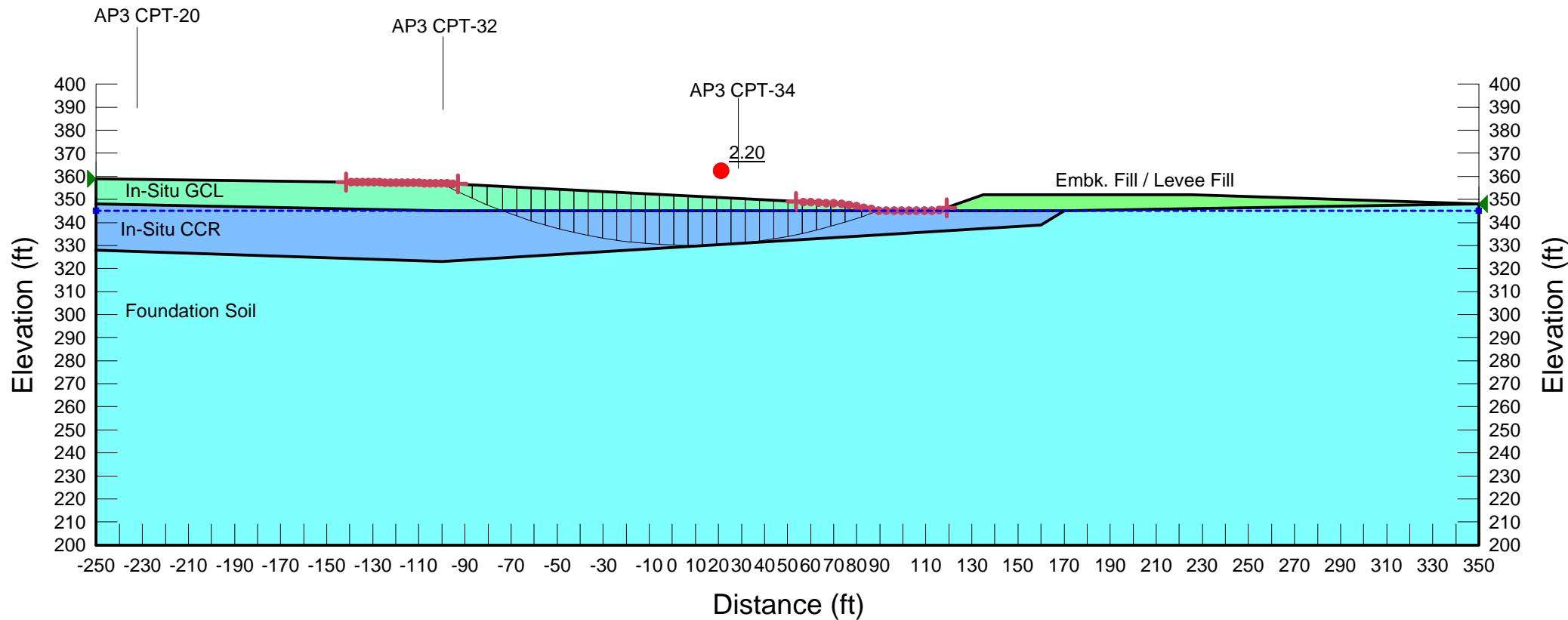
Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 300 psf Φ' : 24 °

Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Φ' : 22 °

Former Plant Arkwright
AP3 Landfill

Section A-A
Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Seismic Analysis
Total Stress Parameters
 $kh = 0.5 \times As = 0.5 \times 0.131g = 0.065g$



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 700 psf Phi': 10 °

Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Phi': 15 °

Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 500 psf Phi': 20 °

Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Phi': 22 °

Former Plant Arkwright

AP3 Landfill

Section B-B

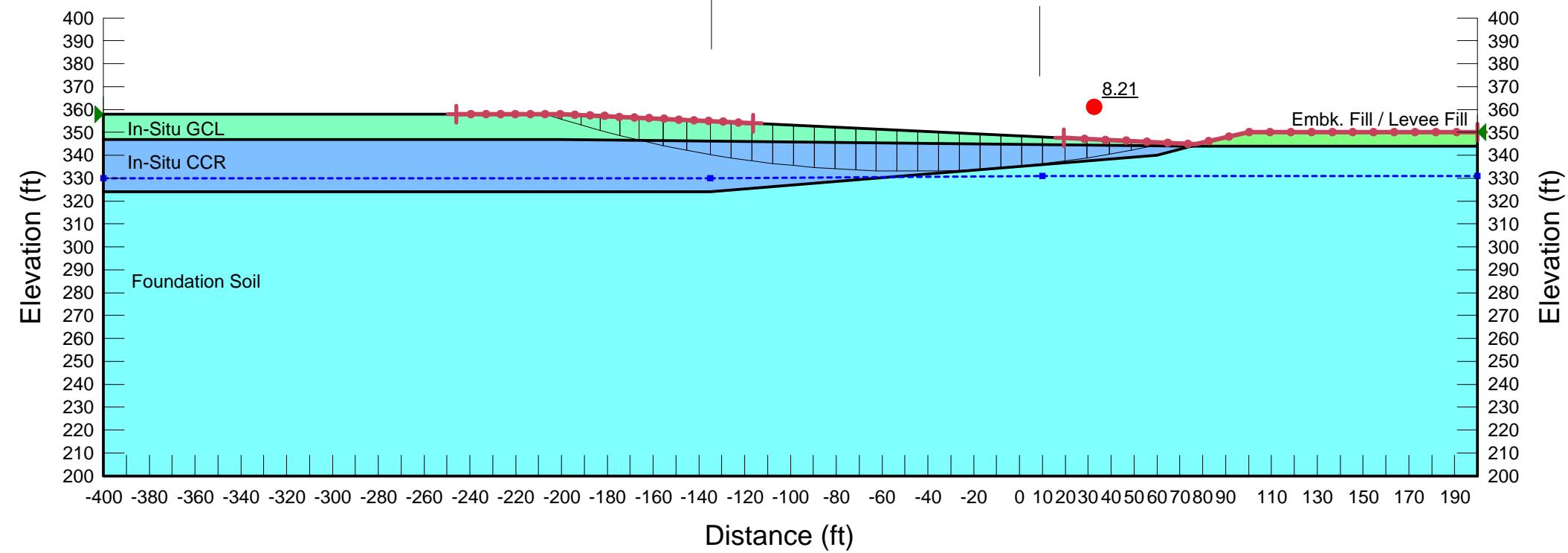
Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Short Term Analysis
Total Stress Parameters

AP3 CPT-32

AP3 CPT-33

8.21



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 700 psf Phi': 10 °

Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Phi': 15 °

Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 500 psf Phi': 20 °

Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Phi': 22 °

Former Plant Arkwright

AP3 Landfill

Section B-B

Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Long Term Analysis
Effective Stress Parameters

AP3 CPT-32

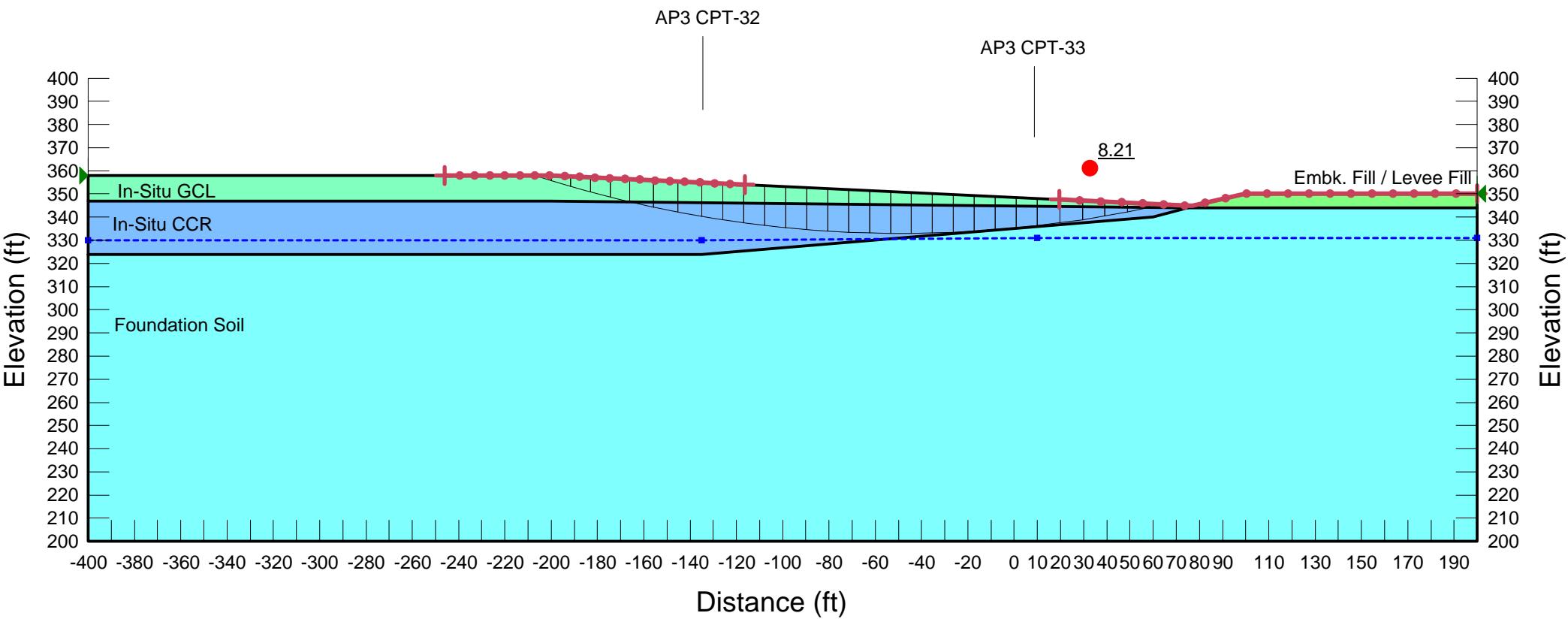
AP3 CPT-33

8.21

Emb. Fill / Levee Fill

Elevation (ft)

Elevation (ft)



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Phi': 28 °

Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Phi': 15 °

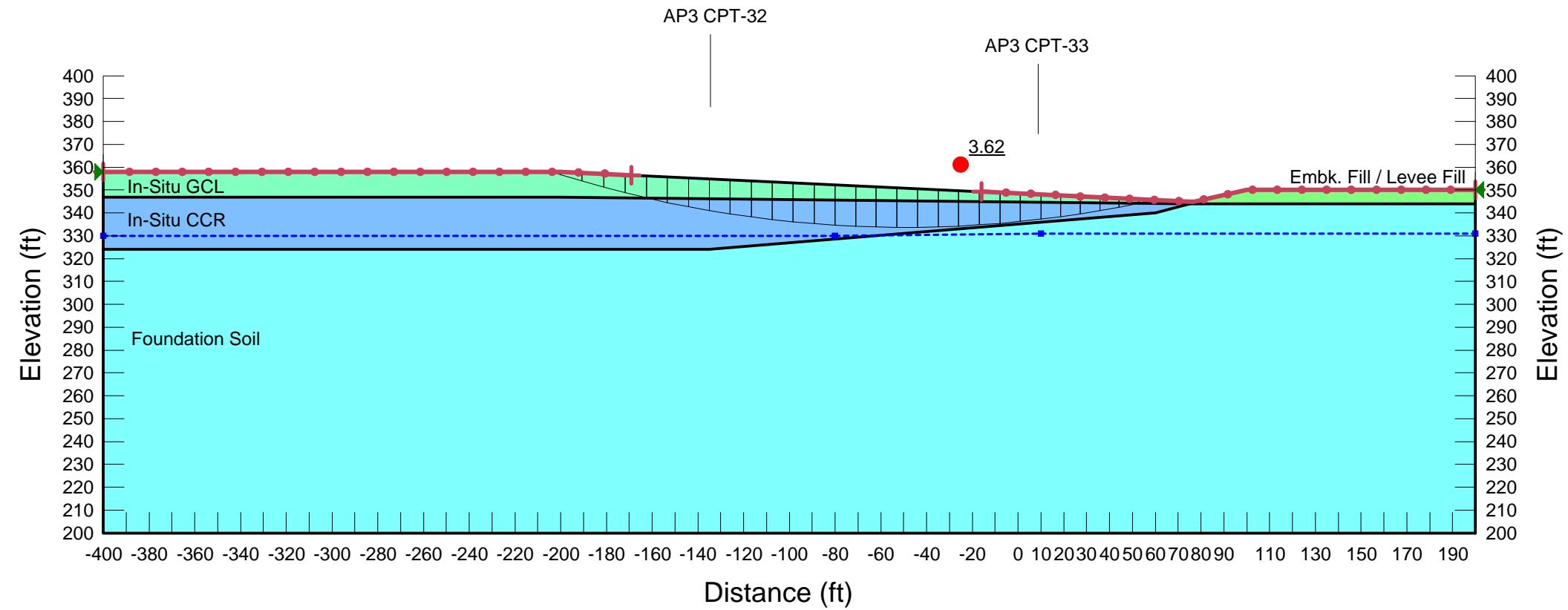
Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 300 psf Phi': 24 °

Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Phi': 22 °

Former Plant Arkwright
AP3 Landfill

Section B-B
Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Seismic Analysis
Total Stress Parameters
 $kh = 0.5 \times As = 0.5 \times 0.131g = 0.065g$



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 700 psf Phi': 10 °
 Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Phi': 15 °
 Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 500 psf Phi': 20 °
 Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Phi': 22 °

Former Plant Arkwright

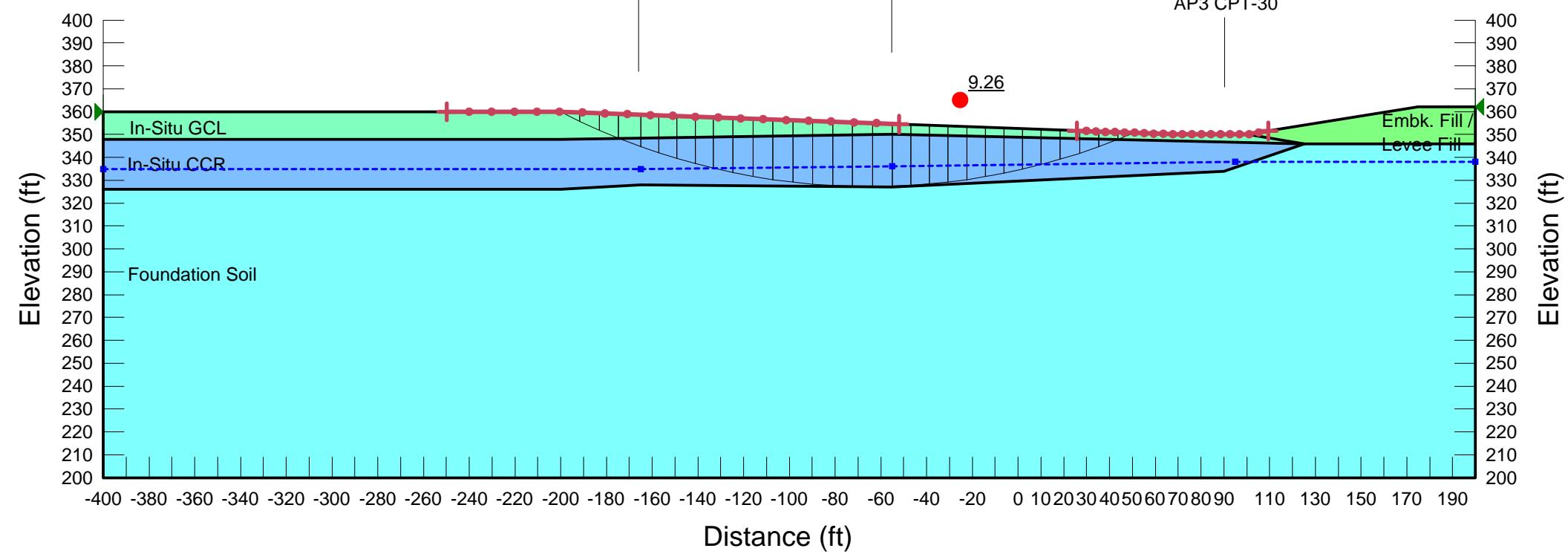
AP3 Landfill

Section C-C

Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Short Term Analysis
Total Stress Parameters

AP3 CPT-20 AP3 CPT-29 AP3 CPT-30



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 700 psf Φ' : 10 °

Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Φ' : 15 °

Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 500 psf Φ' : 20 °

Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Φ' : 22 °

Former Plant Arkwright

AP3 Landfill

Section C-C

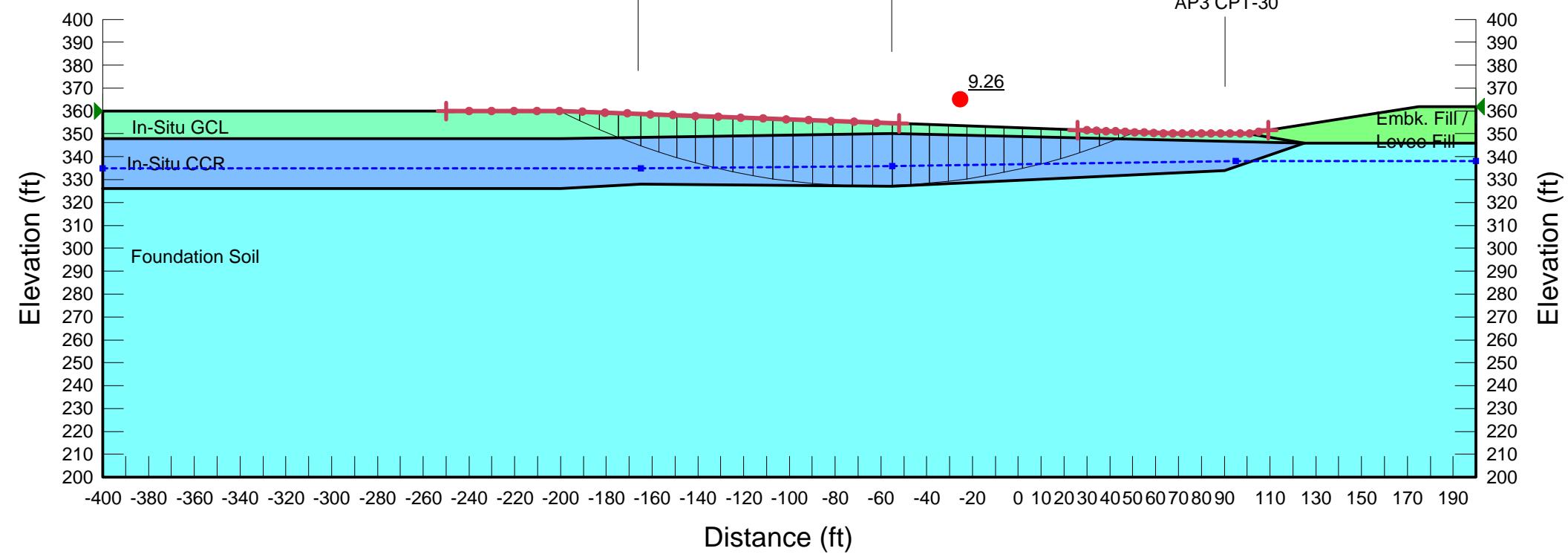
Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Long Term Analysis
Effective Stress Parameters

AP3 CPT-20

AP3 CPT-29

AP3 CPT-30



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Φ' : 28 °

Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Φ' : 15 °

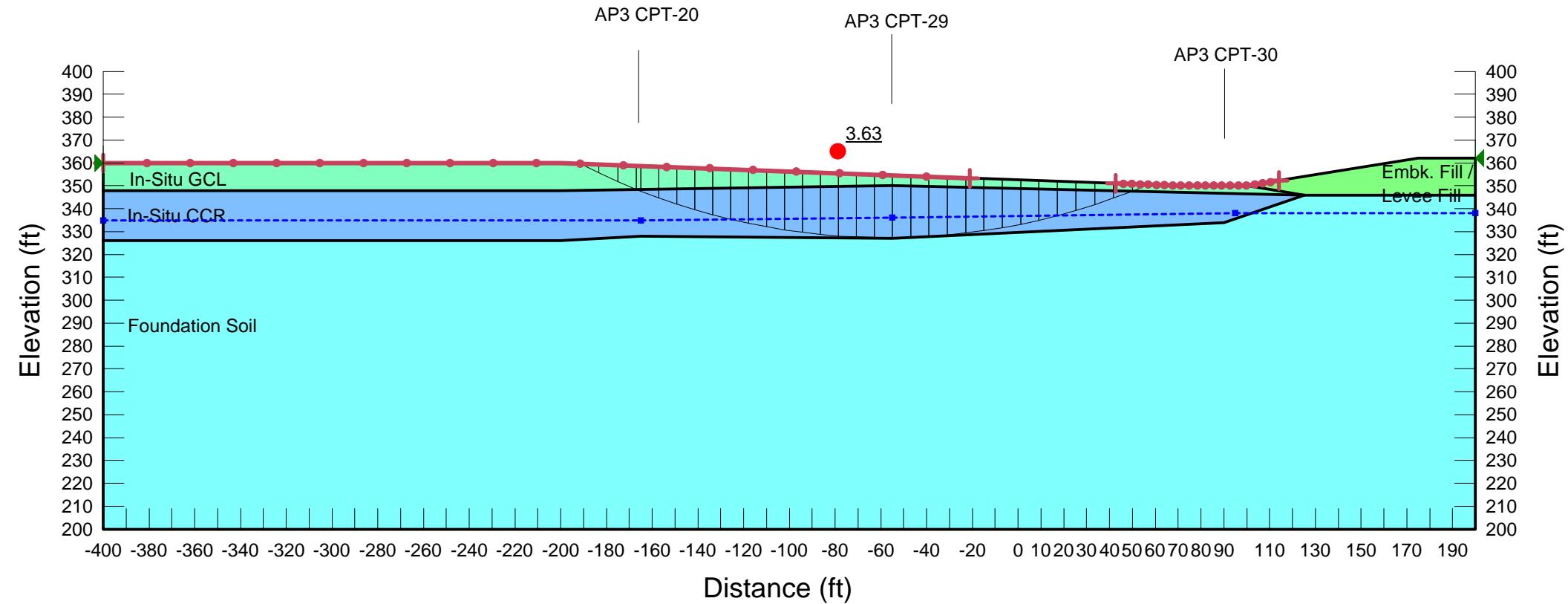
Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 300 psf Φ' : 24 °

Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Φ' : 22 °

Former Plant Arkwright
AP3 Landfill

Section C-C
Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Seismic Analysis
Total Stress Parameters
 $kh = 0.5 \times As = 0.5 \times 0.131g = 0.065g$

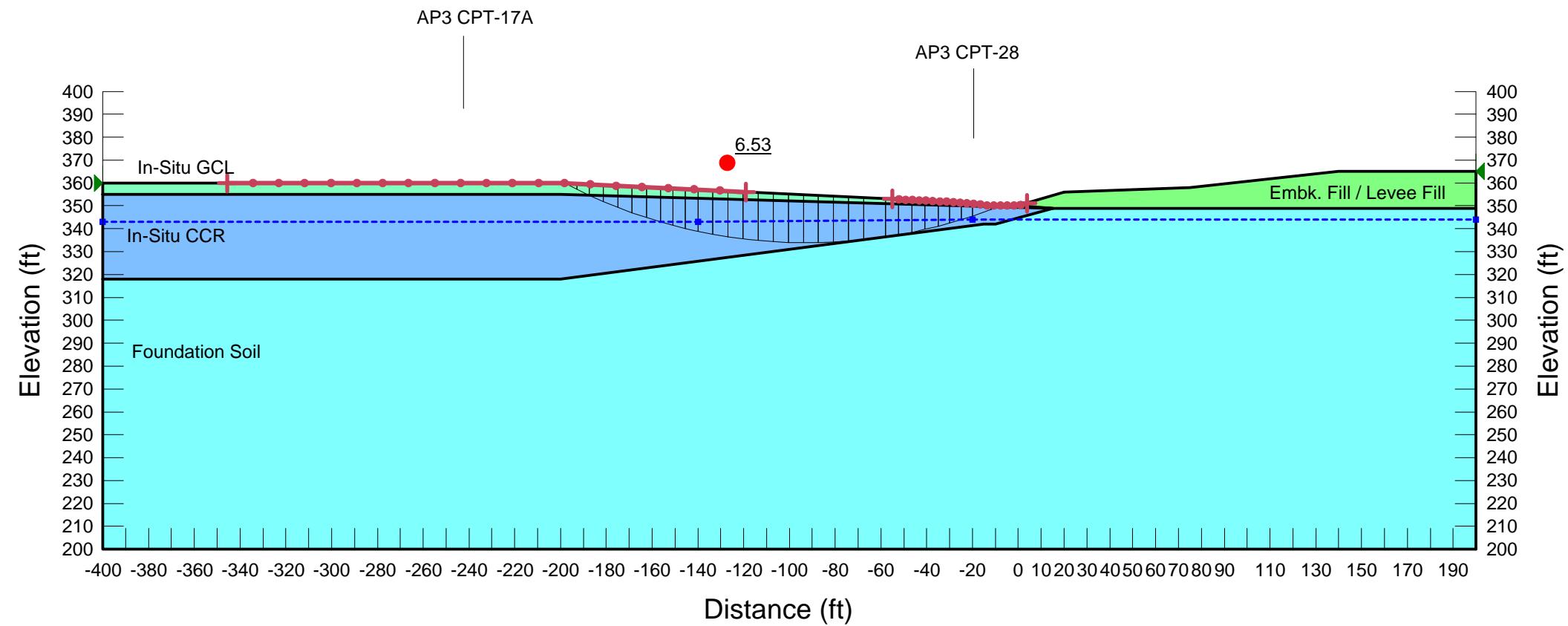


Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 700 psf Φ' : 10 °
 Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Φ' : 15 °
 Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 500 psf Φ' : 20 °
 Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Φ' : 22 °

Former Plant Arkwright
AP3 Landfill

Section D-D
Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Short Term Analysis
Total Stress Parameters



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 700 psf Φ' : 10 °
 Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Φ' : 15 °
 Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 500 psf Φ' : 20 °
 Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Φ' : 22 °

Former Plant Arkwright

AP3 Landfill

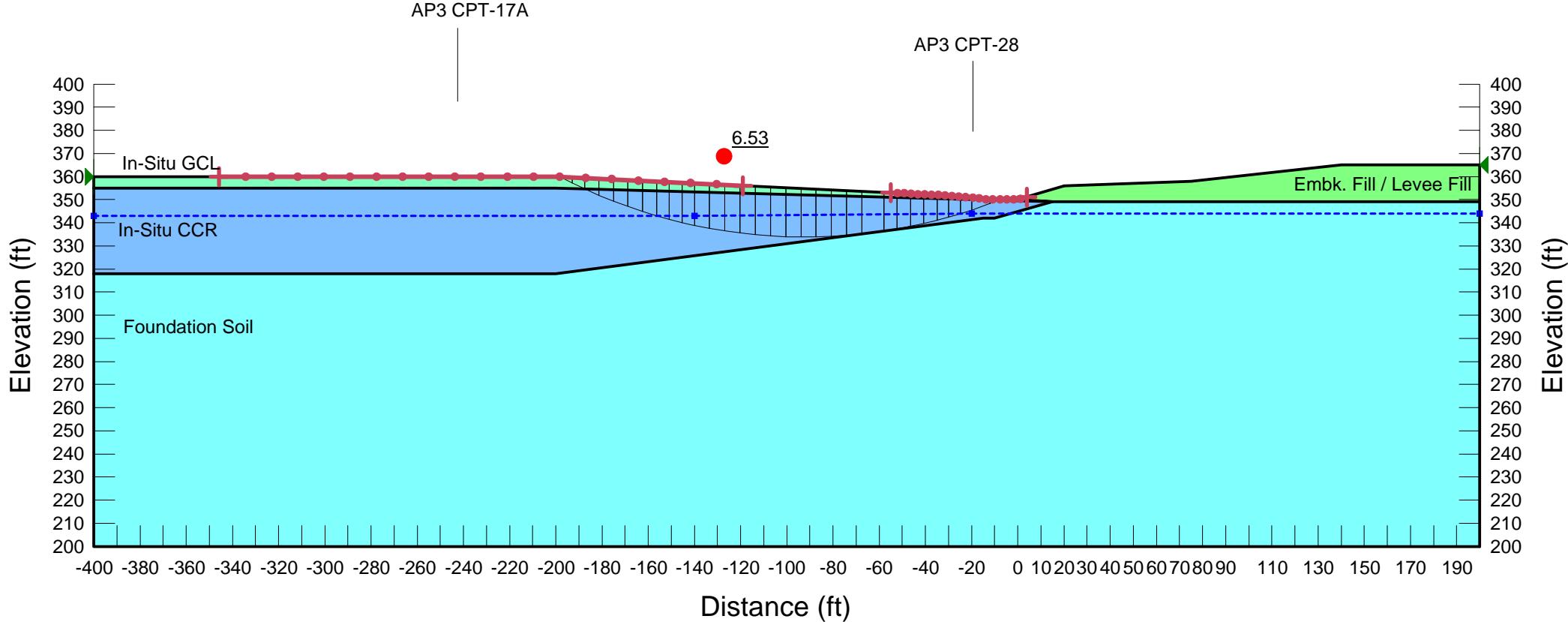
Section D-D

Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Long Term Analysis
Effective Stress Parameters

AP3 CPT-17A

AP3 CPT-28



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Φ' : 28 °

Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Φ' : 15 °

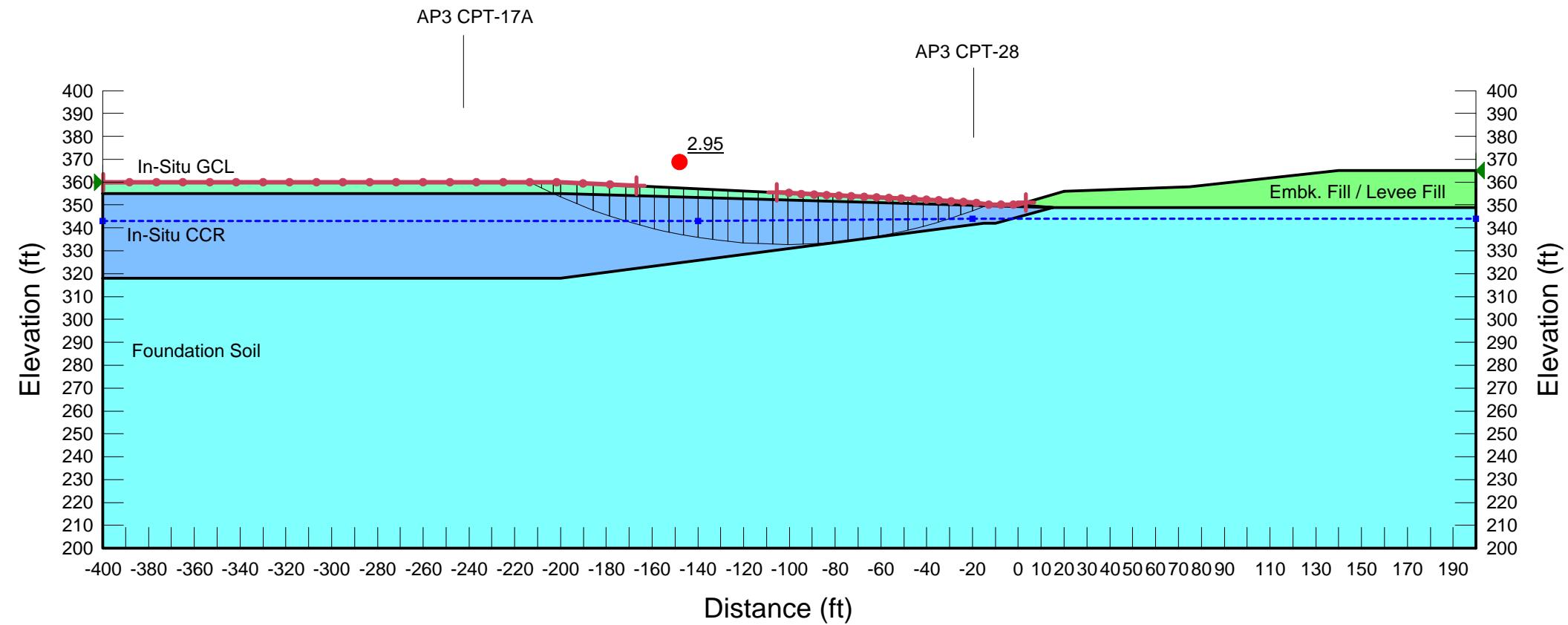
Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 300 psf Φ' : 24 °

Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Φ' : 22 °

Former Plant Arkwright
AP3 Landfill

Section D-D
Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Seismic Analysis
Total Stress Parameters
 $kh = 0.5 \times As = 0.5 \times 0.131g = 0.065g$



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 700 psf Φ' : 10 °
 Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Φ' : 15 °
 Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 500 psf Φ' : 20 °
 Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Φ' : 22 °

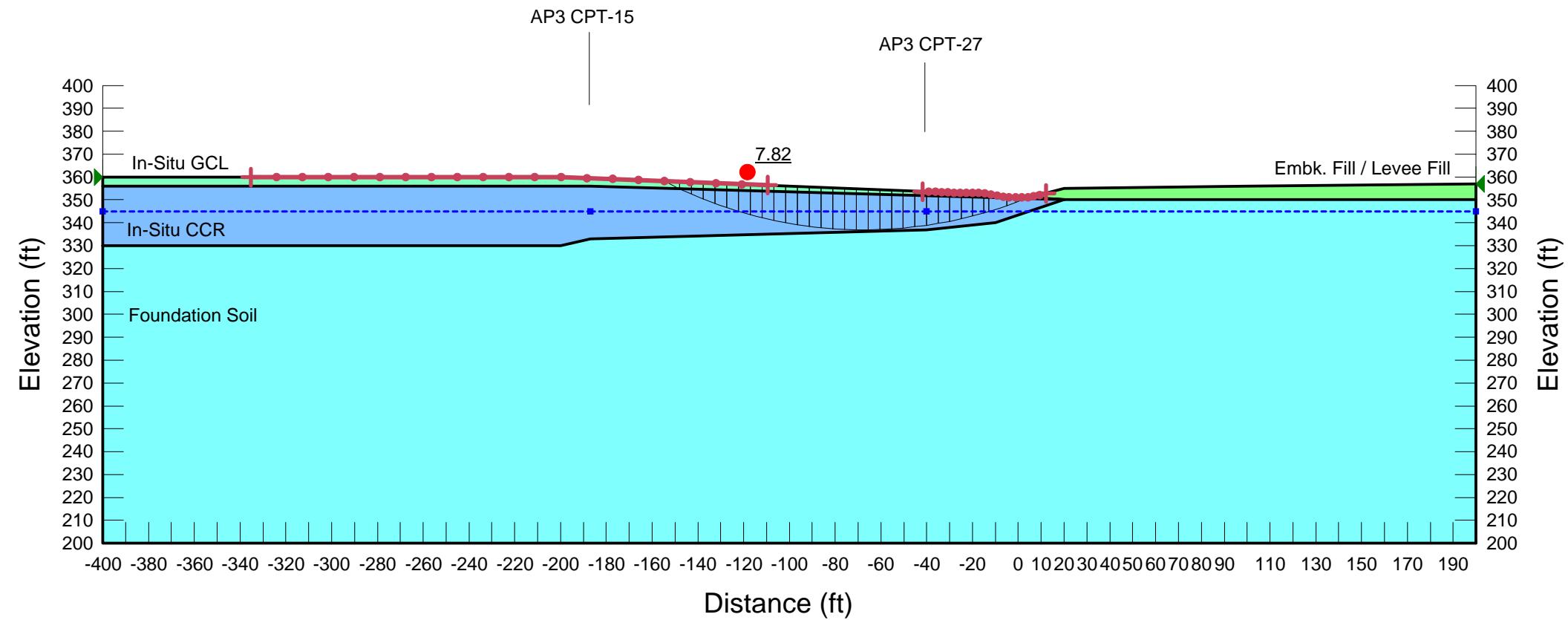
Former Plant Arkwright

AP3 Landfill

Section E-E

Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Short Term Analysis
Total Stress Parameters



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 700 psf Φ' : 10 °

Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Φ' : 15 °

Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 500 psf Φ' : 20 °

Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Φ' : 22 °

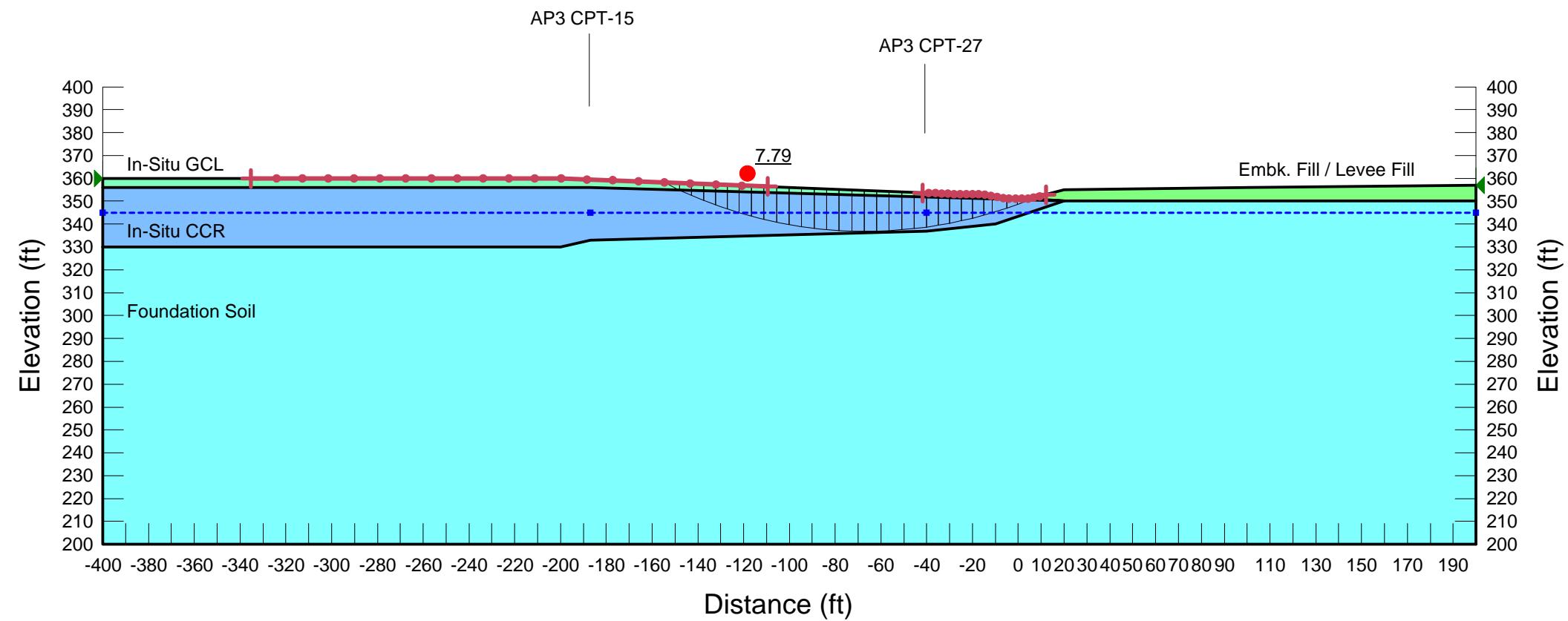
Former Plant Arkwright

AP3 Landfill

Section E-E

Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Long Term Analysis
Effective Stress Parameters



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Φ' : 28 °

Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Φ' : 15 °

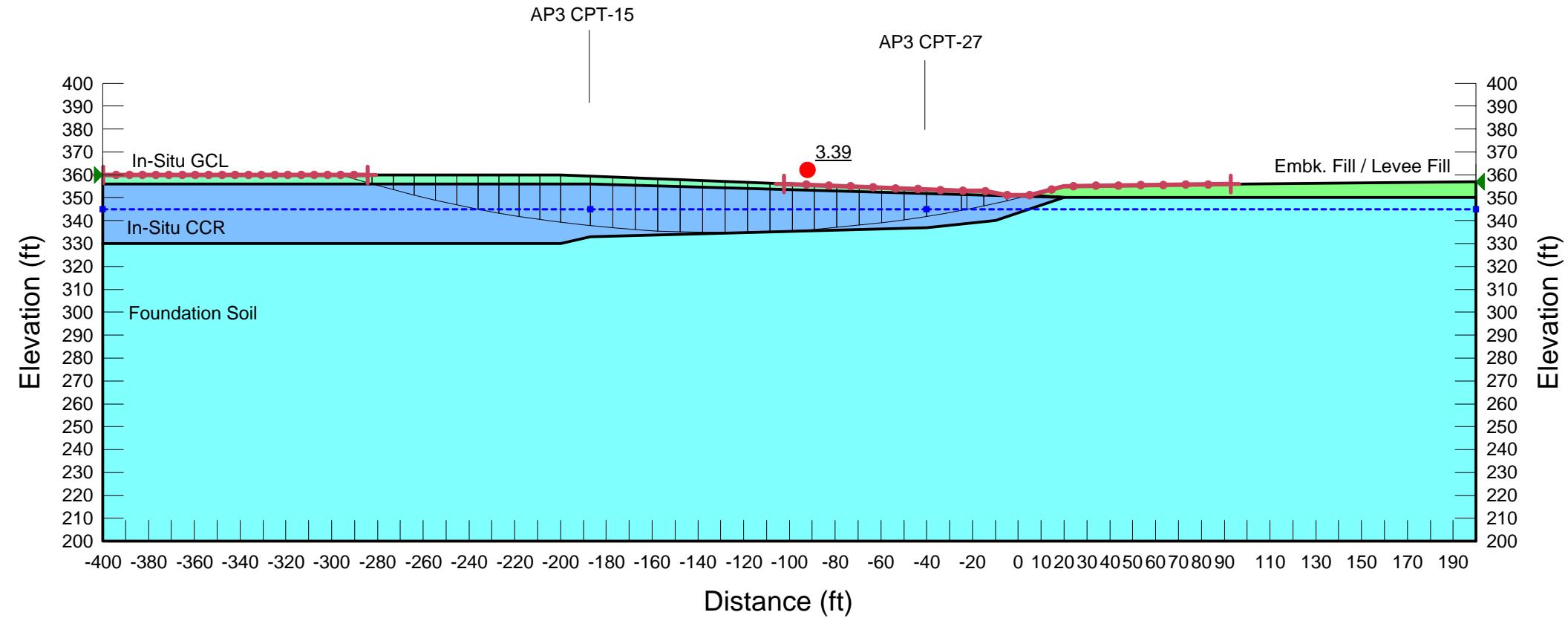
Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 300 psf Φ' : 24 °

Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Φ' : 22 °

Former Plant Arkwright
AP3 Landfill

Section E-E
Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Seismic Analysis
Total Stress Parameters
 $kh = 0.5 \times As = 0.5 \times 0.131g = 0.065g$



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 700 psf Φ' : 10 °
 Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Φ' : 15 °
 Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 500 psf Φ' : 20 °
 Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Φ' : 22 °

Former Plant Arkwright

AP3 Landfill

Section F-F

Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Short Term Analysis
Total Stress Parameters

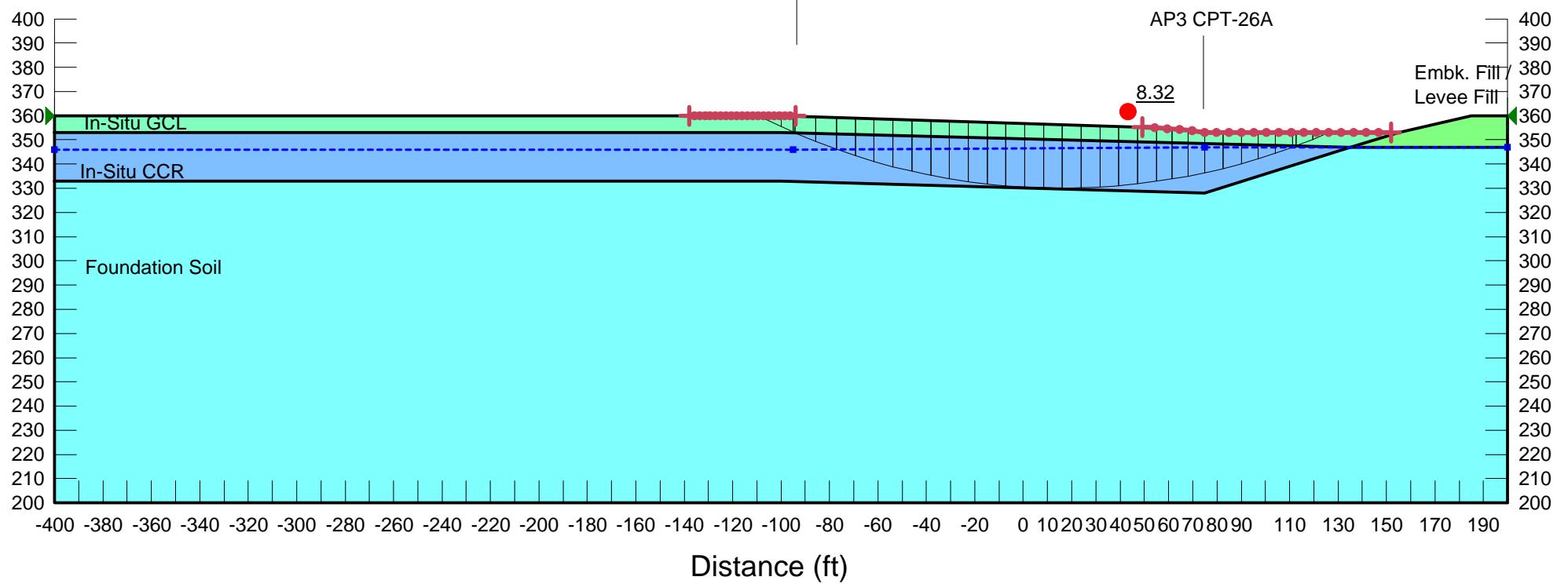
AP3 CPT-13

AP3 CPT-26A

Embk. Fill/
Levee Fill

Elevation (ft)

Elevation (ft)



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 700 psf Φ' : 10 °

Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Φ' : 15 °

Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 500 psf Φ' : 20 °

Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Φ' : 22 °

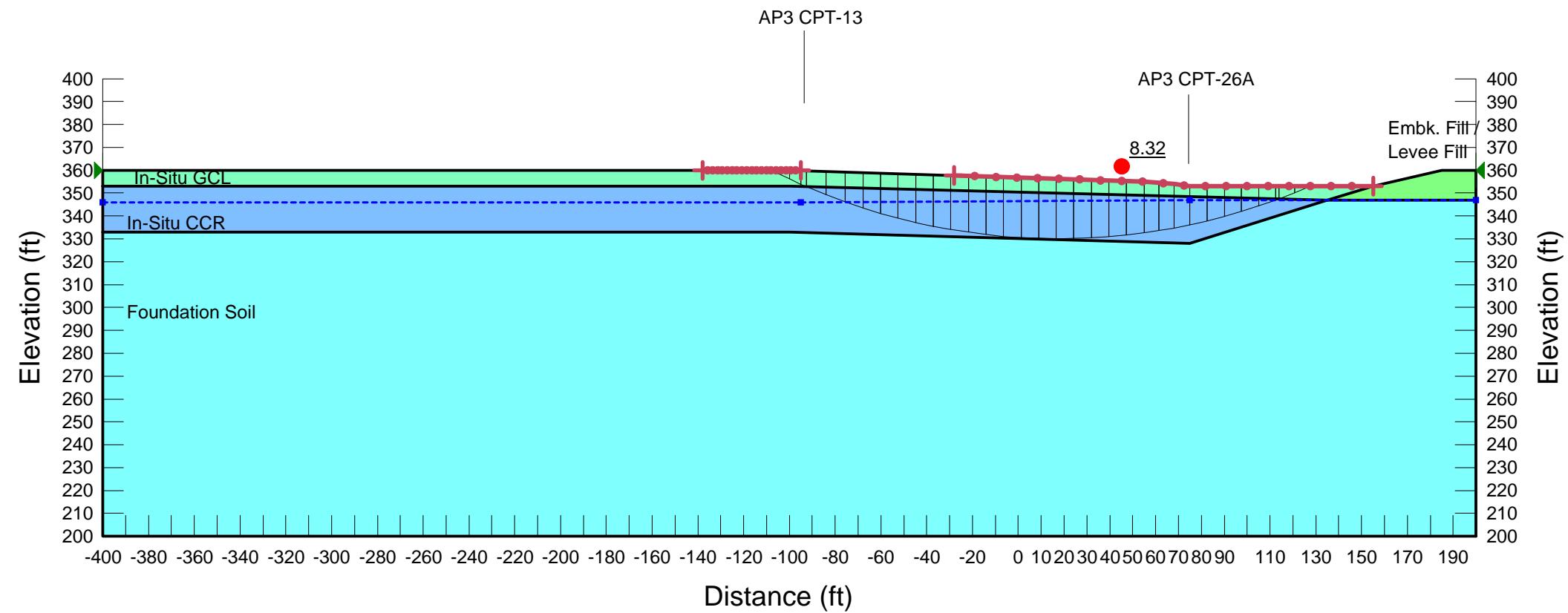
Former Plant Arkwright

AP3 Landfill

Section F-F

Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Long Term Analysis
Effective Stress Parameters



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Φ' : 28 °

Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Φ' : 15 °

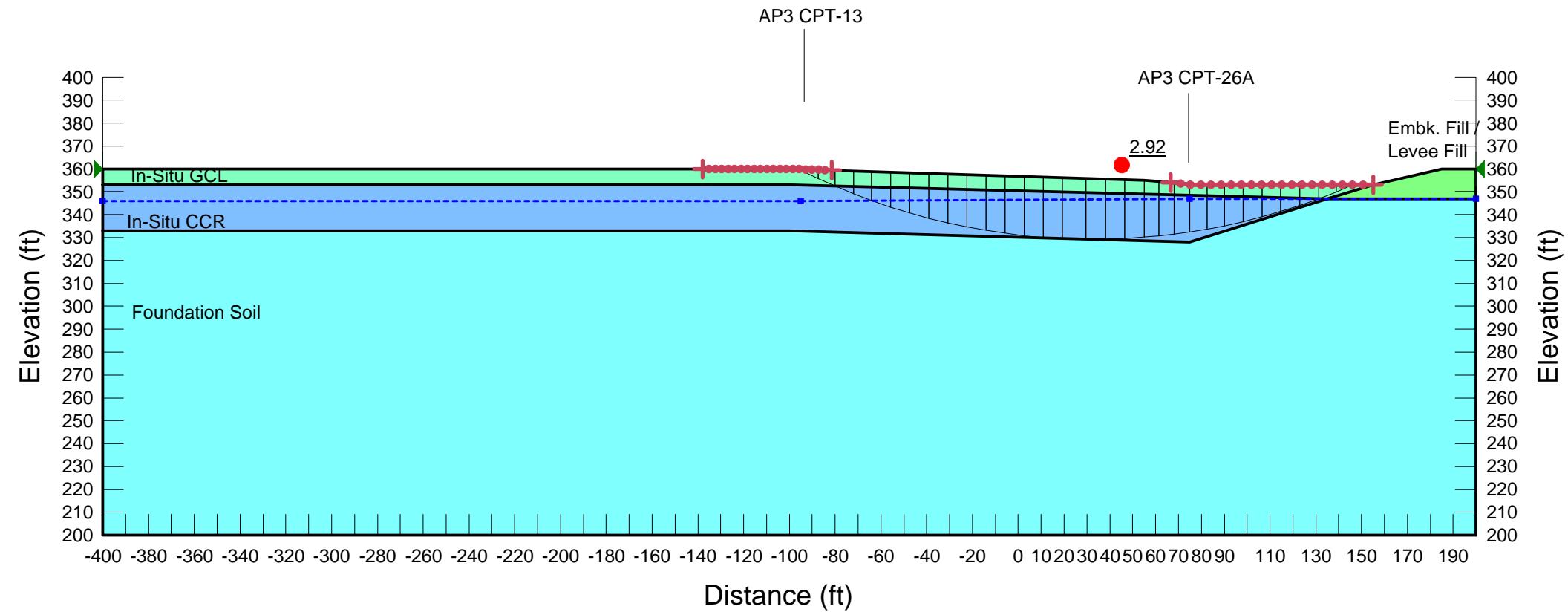
Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 300 psf Φ' : 24 °

Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Φ' : 22 °

Former Plant Arkwright
AP3 Landfill

Section F-F
Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Seismic Analysis
Total Stress Parameters
 $kh = 0.5 \times As = 0.5 \times 0.131g = 0.065g$



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 700 psf Phi': 10 °
 Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Phi': 15 °
 Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 500 psf Phi': 20 °
 Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Phi': 22 °

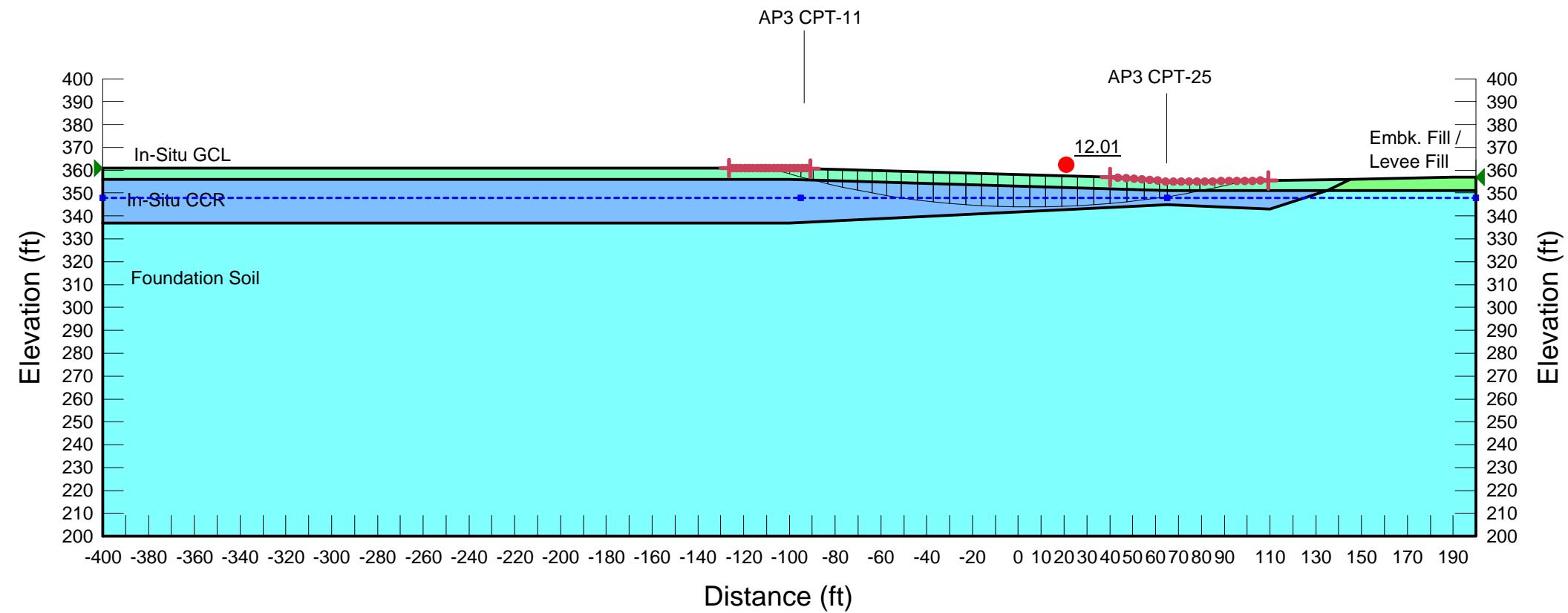
Former Plant Arkwright

AP3 Landfill

Section G-G

Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Short Term Analysis
Total Stress Parameters



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 700 psf Φ' : 10 °

Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Φ' : 15 °

Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 500 psf Φ' : 20 °

Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Φ' : 22 °

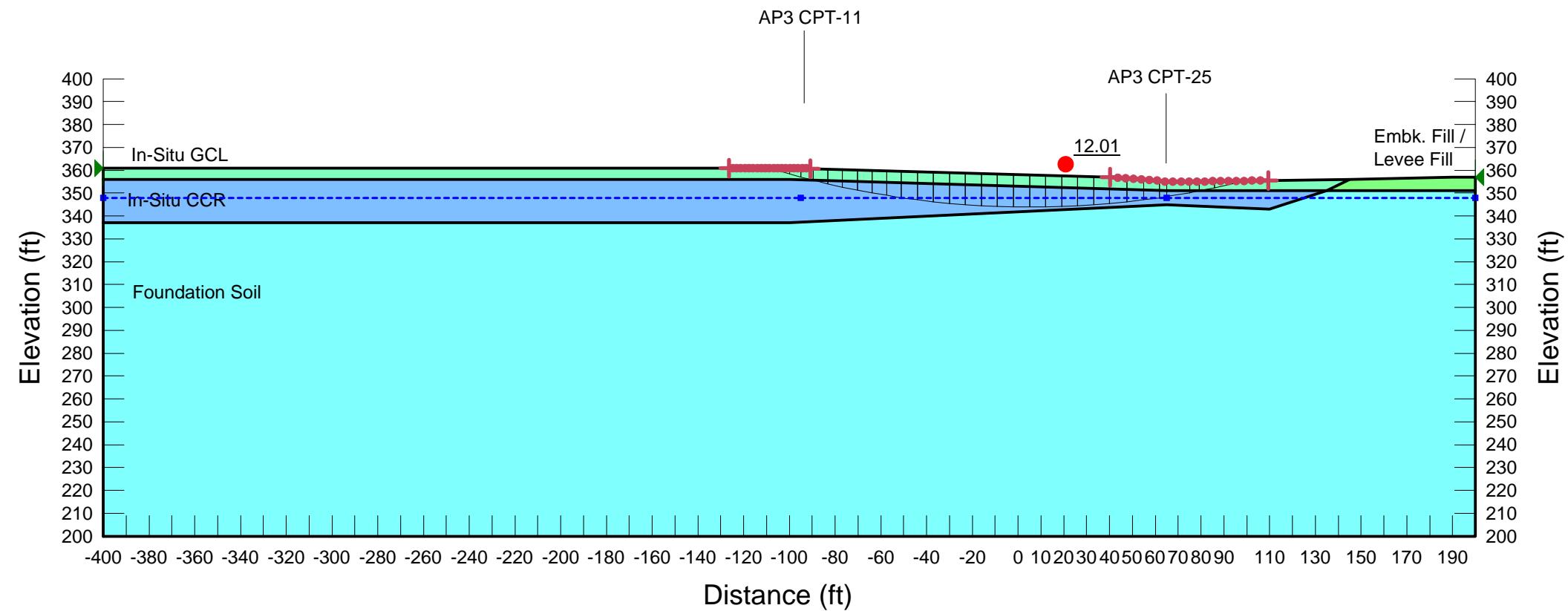
Former Plant Arkwright

AP3 Landfill

Section G-G

Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Long Term Analysis
Effective Stress Parameters



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Phi': 28 °

Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Phi': 15 °

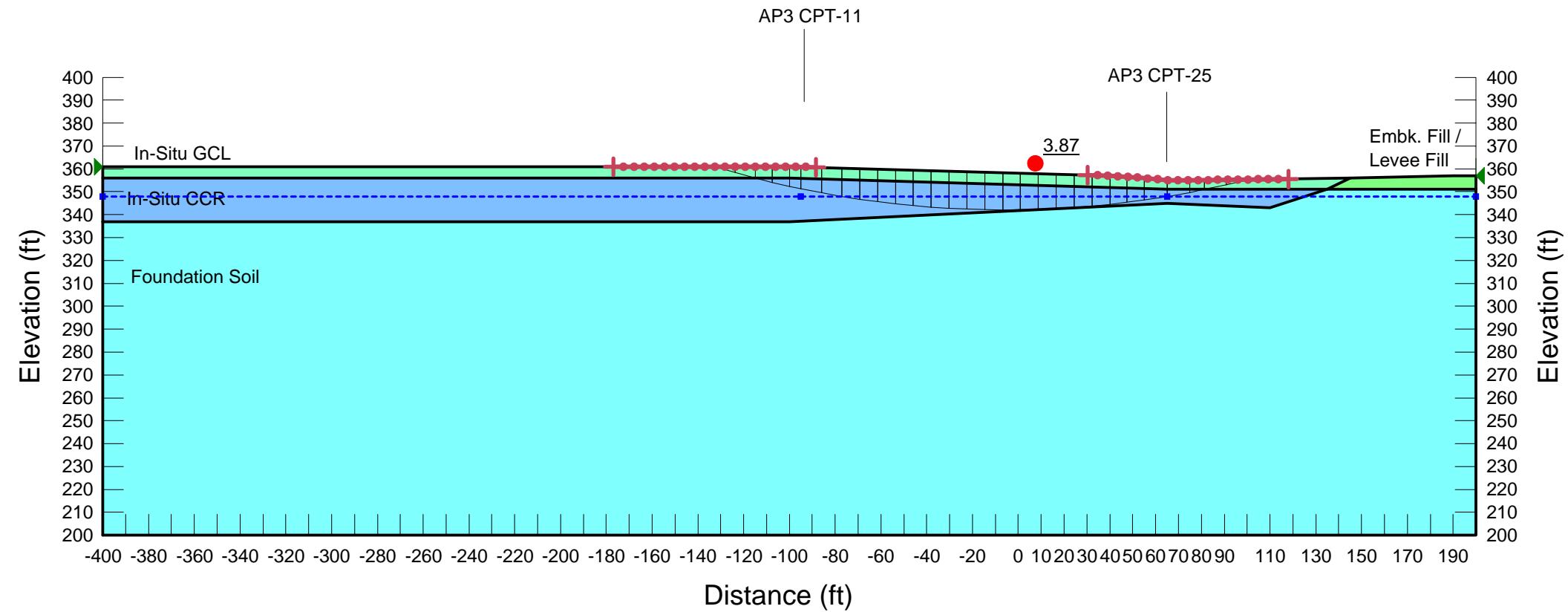
Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 300 psf Phi': 24 °

Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Phi': 22 °

Former Plant Arkwright
AP3 Landfill

Section G-G
Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Seismic Analysis
Total Stress Parameters
 $kh = 0.5 \times As = 0.5 \times 0.131g = 0.065g$



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 700 psf Phi': 10 °
 Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Phi': 15 °
 Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 500 psf Phi': 20 °
 Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Phi': 22 °

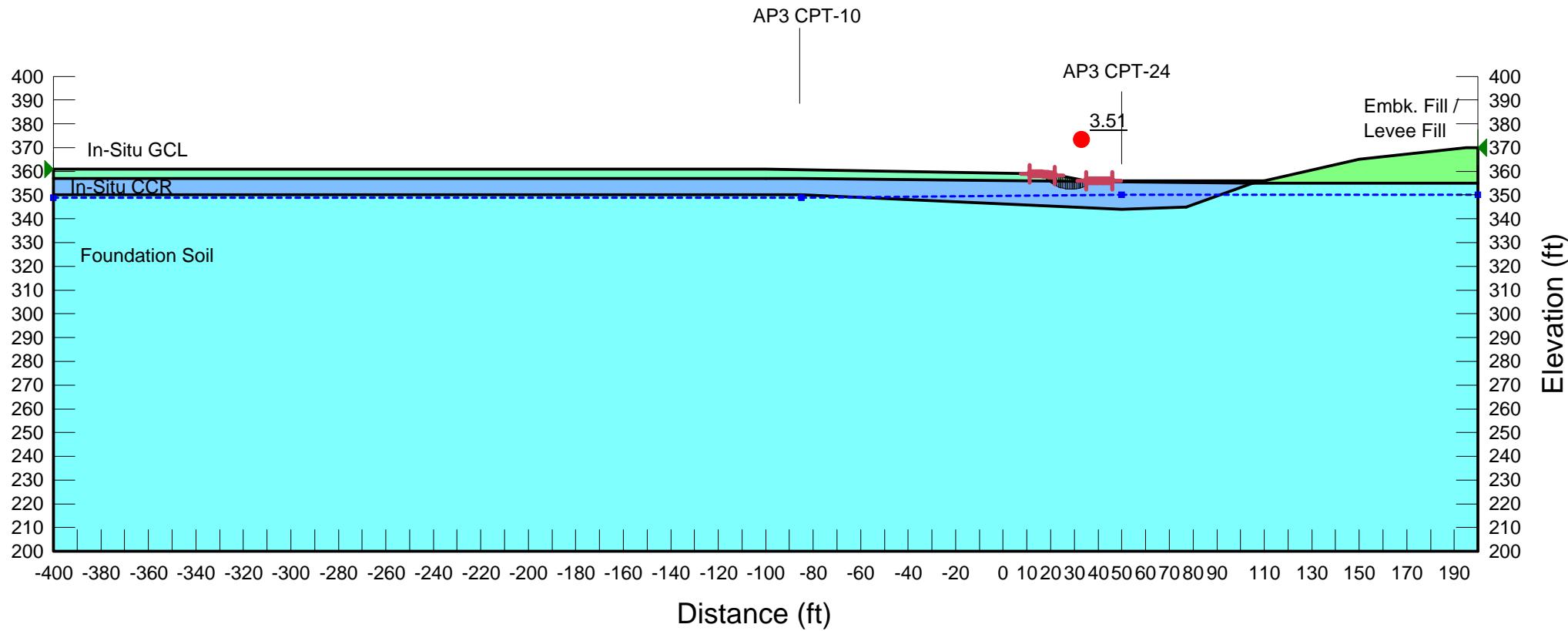
Former Plant Arkwright

AP3 Landfill

Section H-H

Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Short Term Analysis
Total Stress Parameters



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 700 psf Φ' : 10 °

Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Φ' : 15 °

Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 500 psf Φ' : 20 °

Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Φ' : 22 °

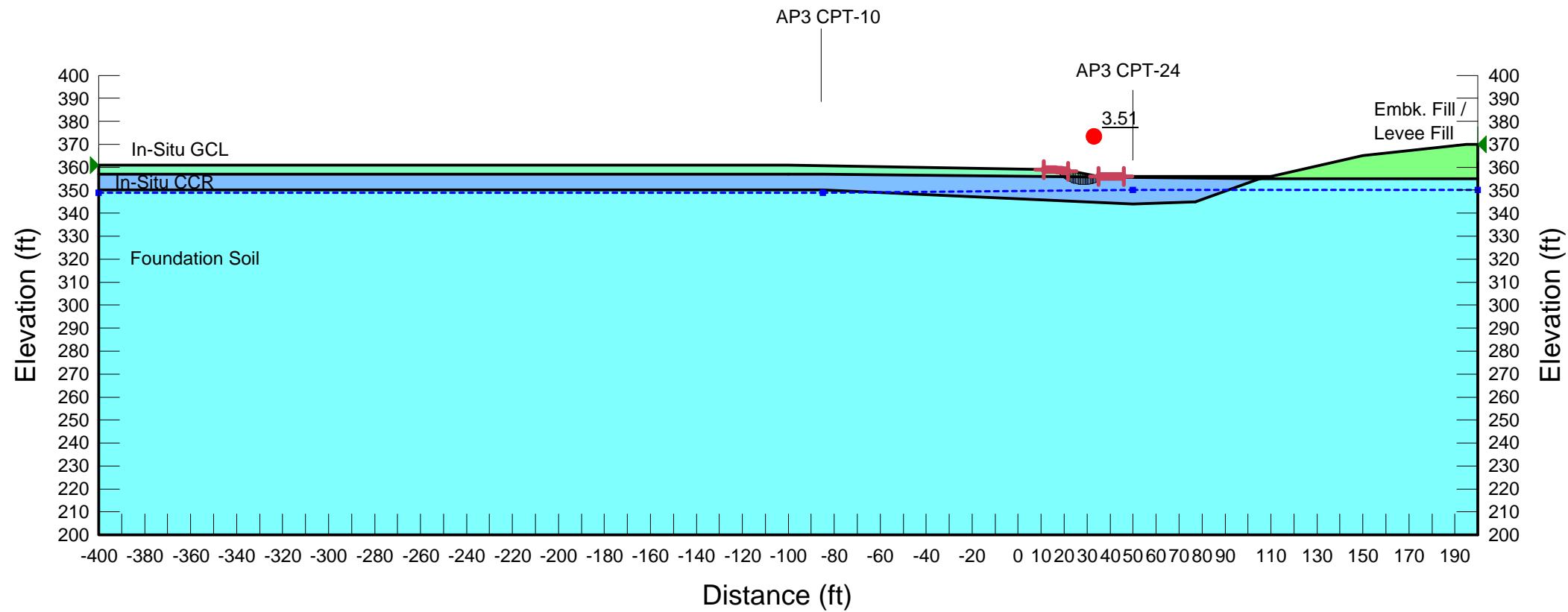
Former Plant Arkwright

AP3 Landfill

Section H-H

Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Long Term Analysis
Effective Stress Parameters



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Phi': 28 °

Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Phi': 15 °

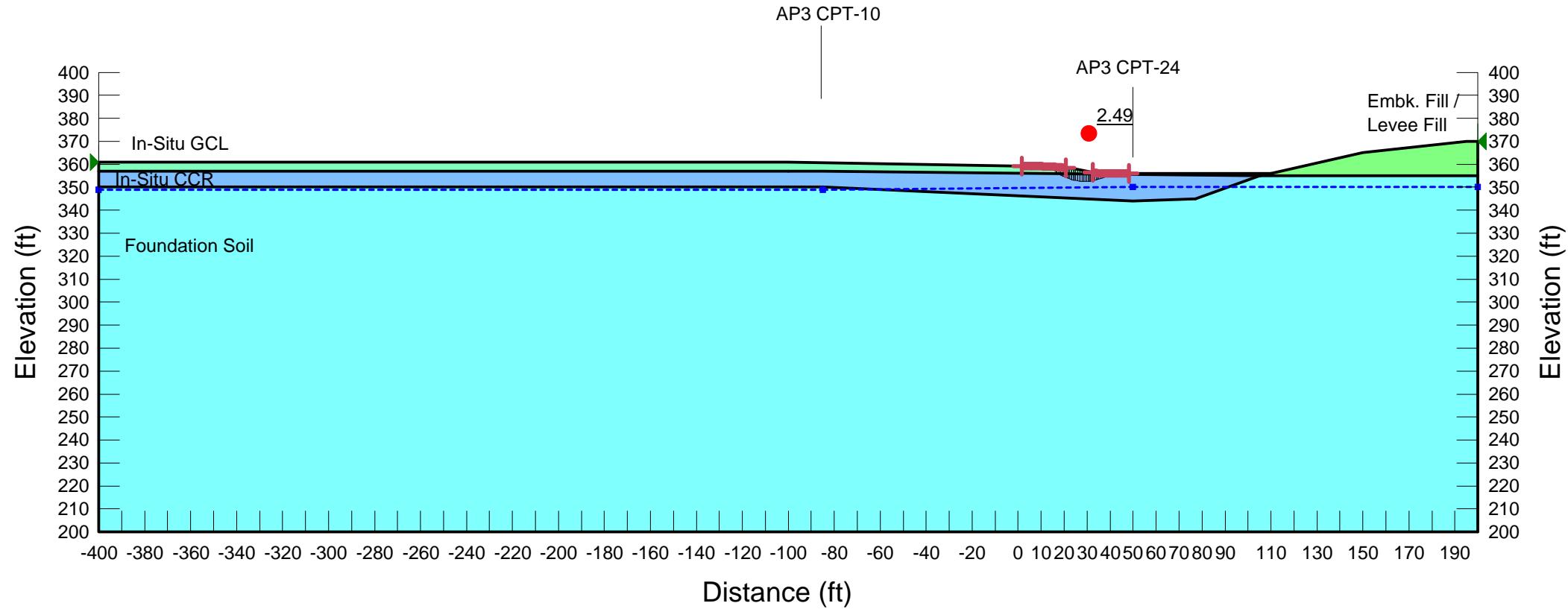
Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 300 psf Phi': 24 °

Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Phi': 22 °

Former Plant Arkwright
AP3 Landfill

Section H-H
Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Seismic Analysis
Total Stress Parameters
 $kh = 0.5 \times As = 0.5 \times 0.131g = 0.065g$



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 700 psf Φ' : 10 °
 Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Φ' : 15 °
 Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 500 psf Φ' : 20 °
 Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Φ' : 22 °

Former Plant Arkwright

AP3 Landfill

Section I-I

Global Stability - Spencer's Method

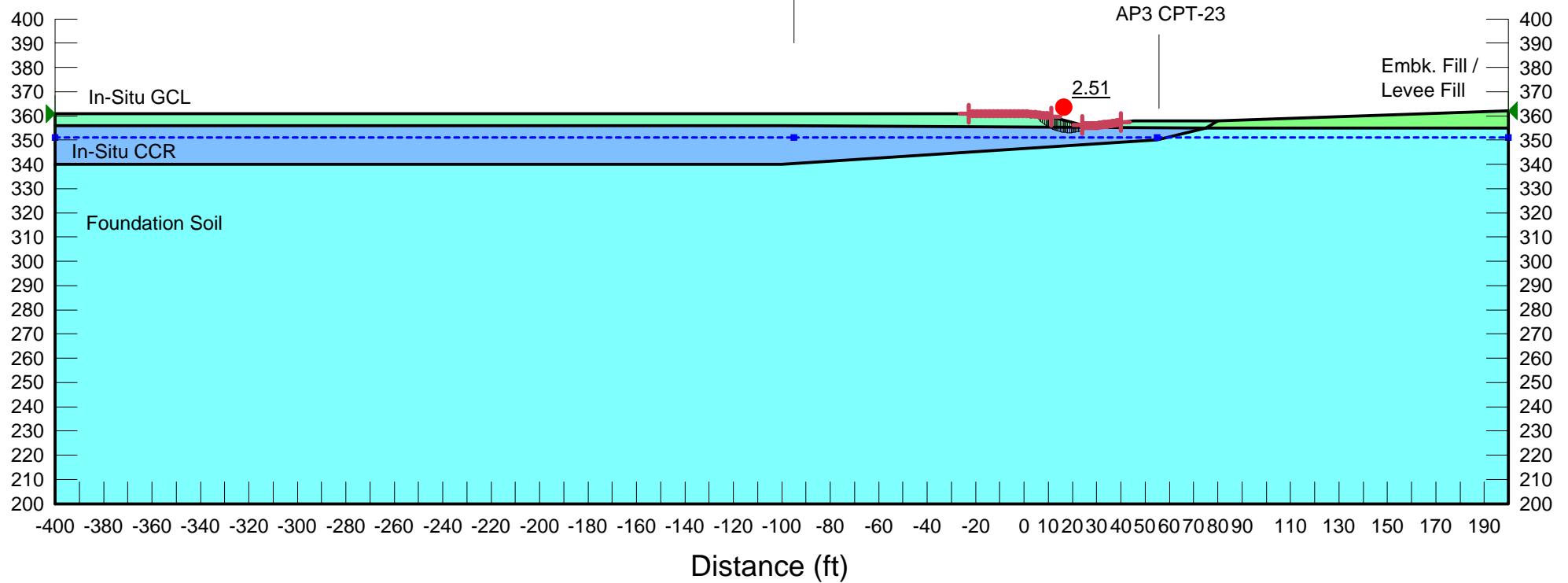
Short Term Analysis
Total Stress Parameters

AP3 CPT-09/09SL

AP3 CPT-23

Embk. Fill /
Levee Fill

Elevation (ft)



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 700 psf Phi': 10 °

Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Phi': 15 °

Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 500 psf Phi': 20 °

Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Phi': 22 °

Former Plant Arkwright

AP3 Landfill

Section I-I

Global Stability - Spencer's Method

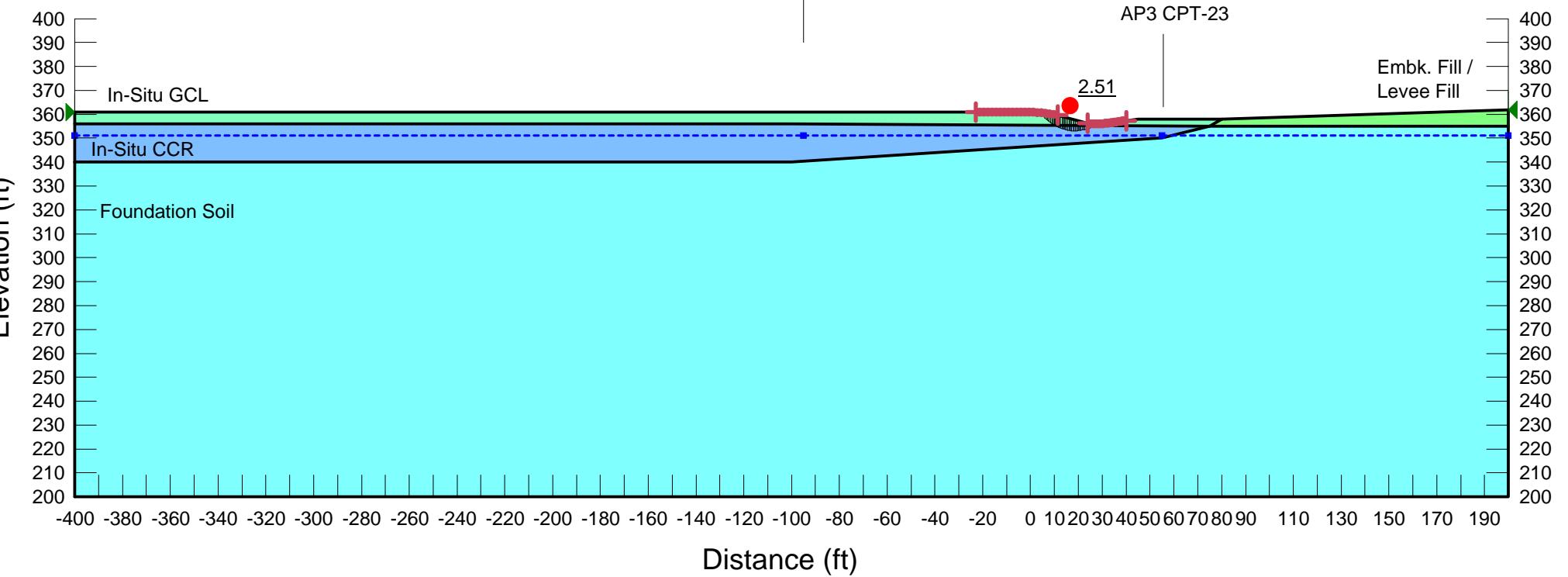
Long Term Analysis
Effective Stress Parameters

AP3 CPT-09/09SL

AP3 CPT-23

Embk. Fill /
Levee Fill

Elevation (ft)



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Phi': 28 °

Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Phi': 15 °

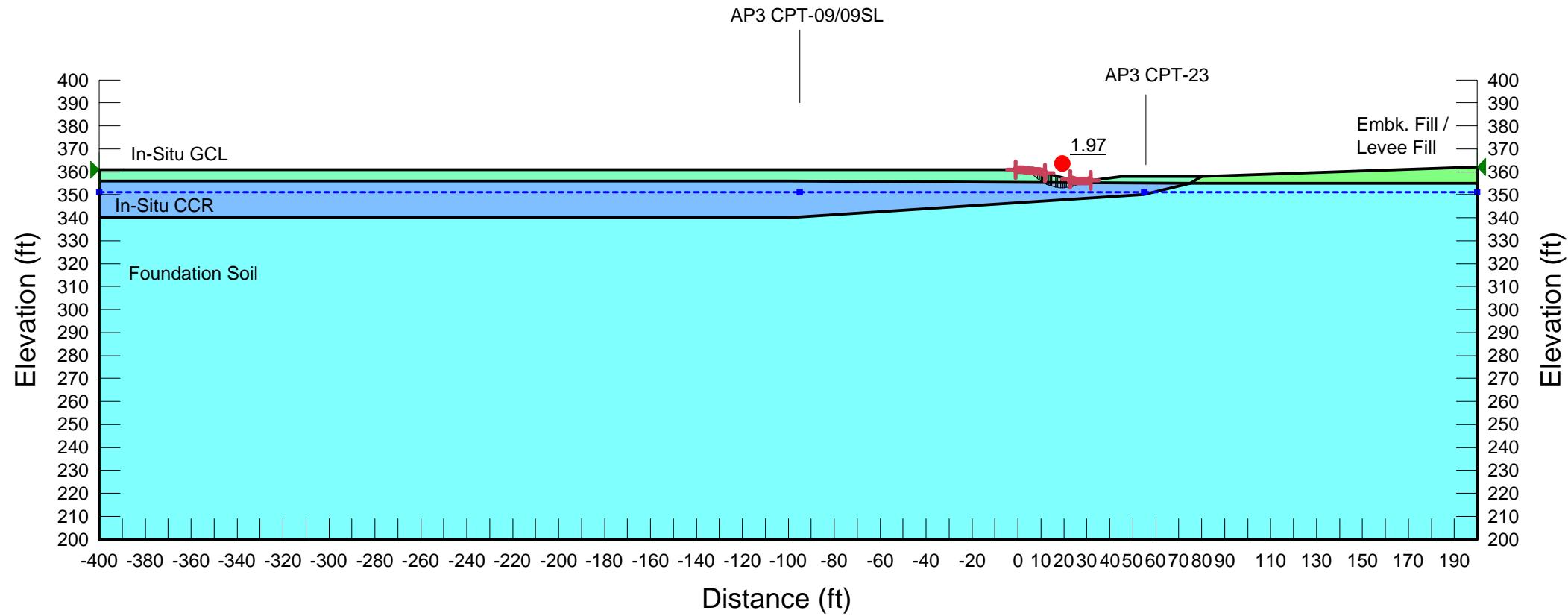
Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 300 psf Phi': 24 °

Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Phi': 22 °

Former Plant Arkwright
AP3 Landfill

Section I-I
Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Seismic Analysis
Total Stress Parameters
 $kh = 0.5 \times As = 0.5 \times 0.131g = 0.065g$

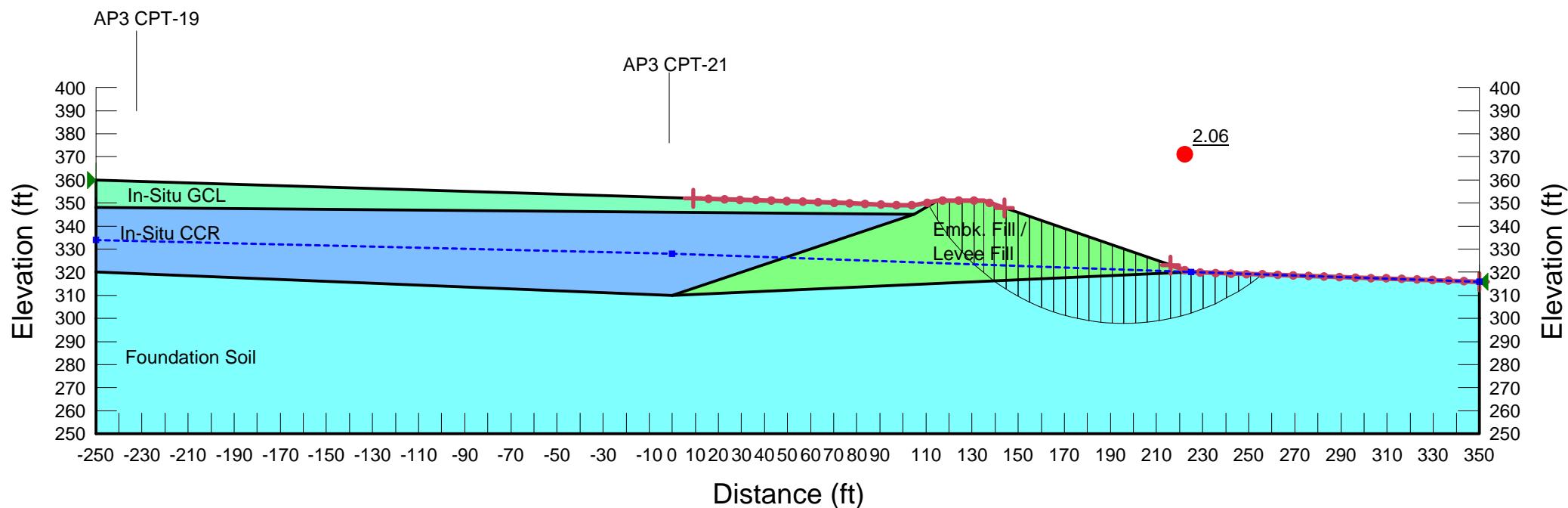


Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 700 psf Phi': 10 °
 Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Phi': 15 °
 Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 500 psf Phi': 20 °
 Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Phi': 22 °

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AP3 Landfill

Section J-J
Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Short Term Analysis
Total Stress Parameters



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 700 psf Phi': 10 °

Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Phi': 15 °

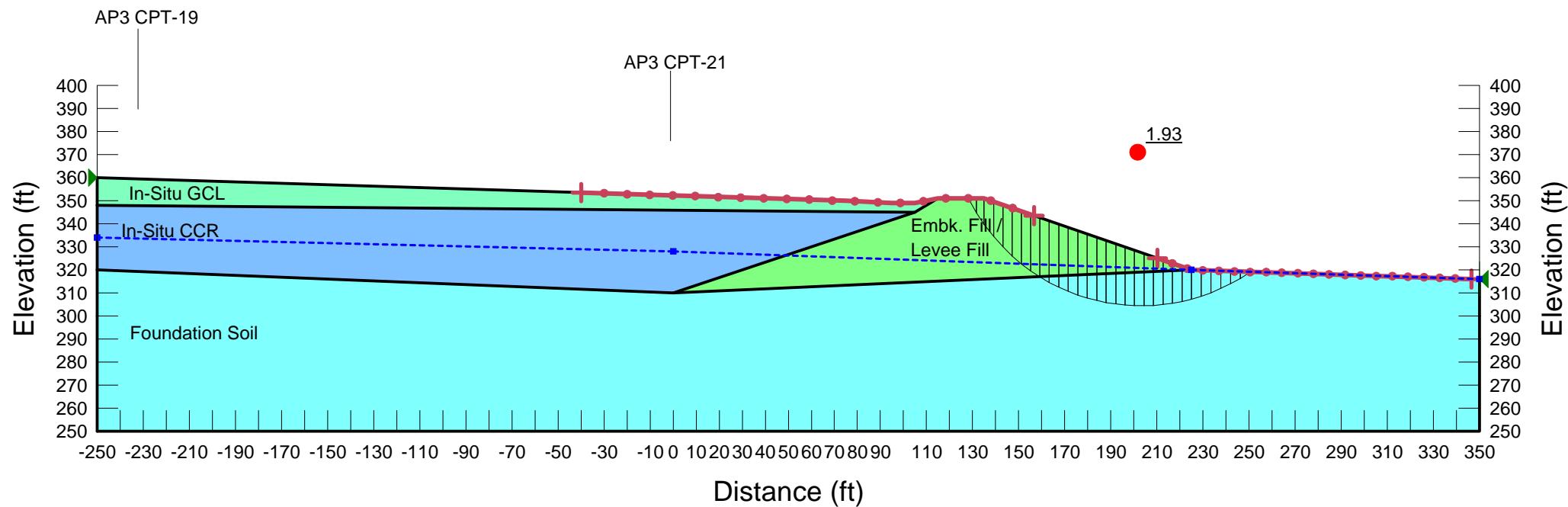
Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 500 psf Phi': 20 °

Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Phi': 22 °

Former Plant Arkwright
AP3 Landfill

Section J-J
Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Long Term Analysis
Effective Stress Parameters

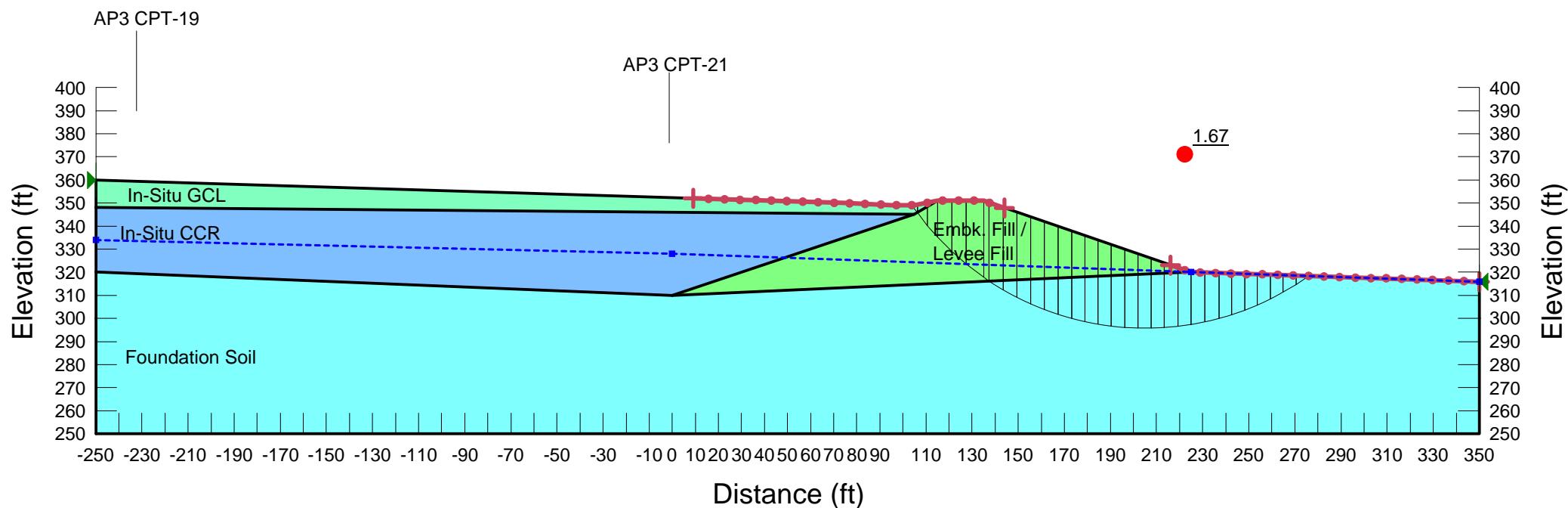


Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Phi': 28 °
 Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Phi': 15 °
 Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 300 psf Phi': 24 °
 Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Phi': 22 °

Former Plant Arkwright
AP3 Landfill

Section J-J
Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Seismic Analysis
Total Stress Parameters
 $k_h = 0.5 \times A_s = 0.5 \times 0.131g = 0.065g$



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 700 psf Φ' : 10 °

Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Φ' : 15 °

Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 500 psf Φ' : 20 °

Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Φ' : 22 °

Former Plant Arkwright

AP3 Landfill

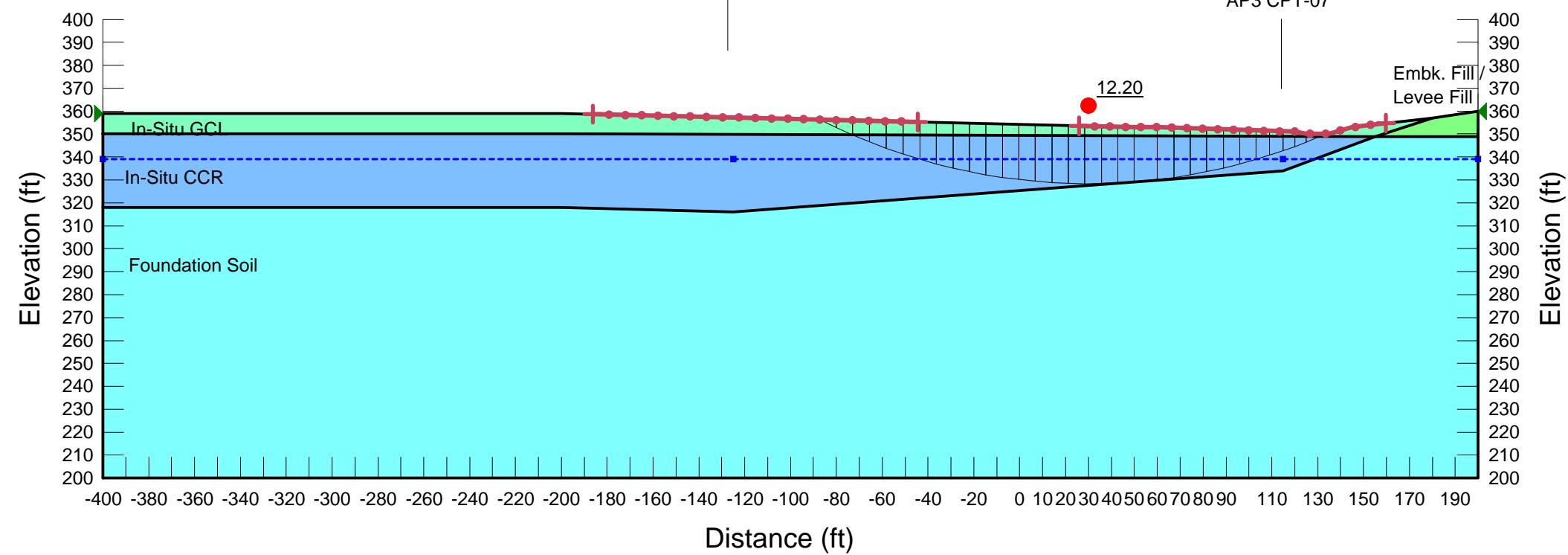
Section K-K

Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Short Term Analysis
Total Stress Parameters

AP3 CPT-18A

AP3 CPT-07



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 700 psf Phi': 10 °

Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Phi': 15 °

Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 500 psf Phi': 20 °

Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Phi': 22 °

Former Plant Arkwright

AP3 Landfill

Section K-K

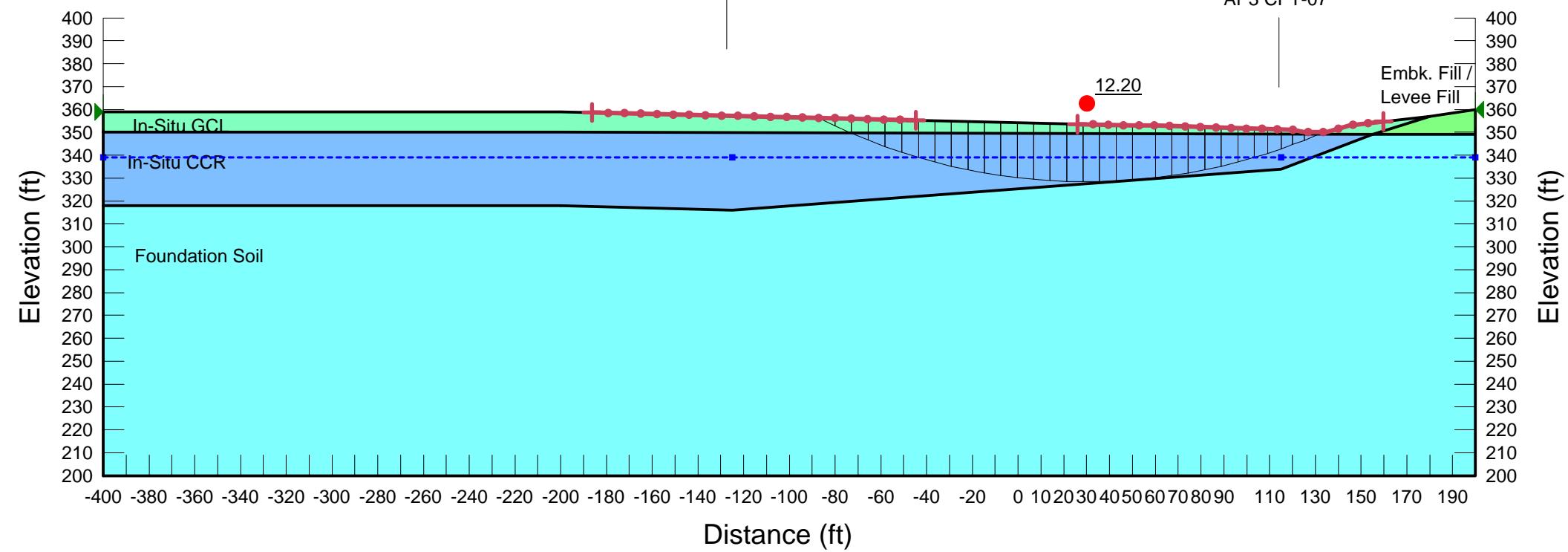
Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Long Term Analysis
Effective Stress Parameters

AP3 CPT-18A

AP3 CPT-07

Emb. Fill /
Levee Fill



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Phi': 28 °

Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Phi': 15 °

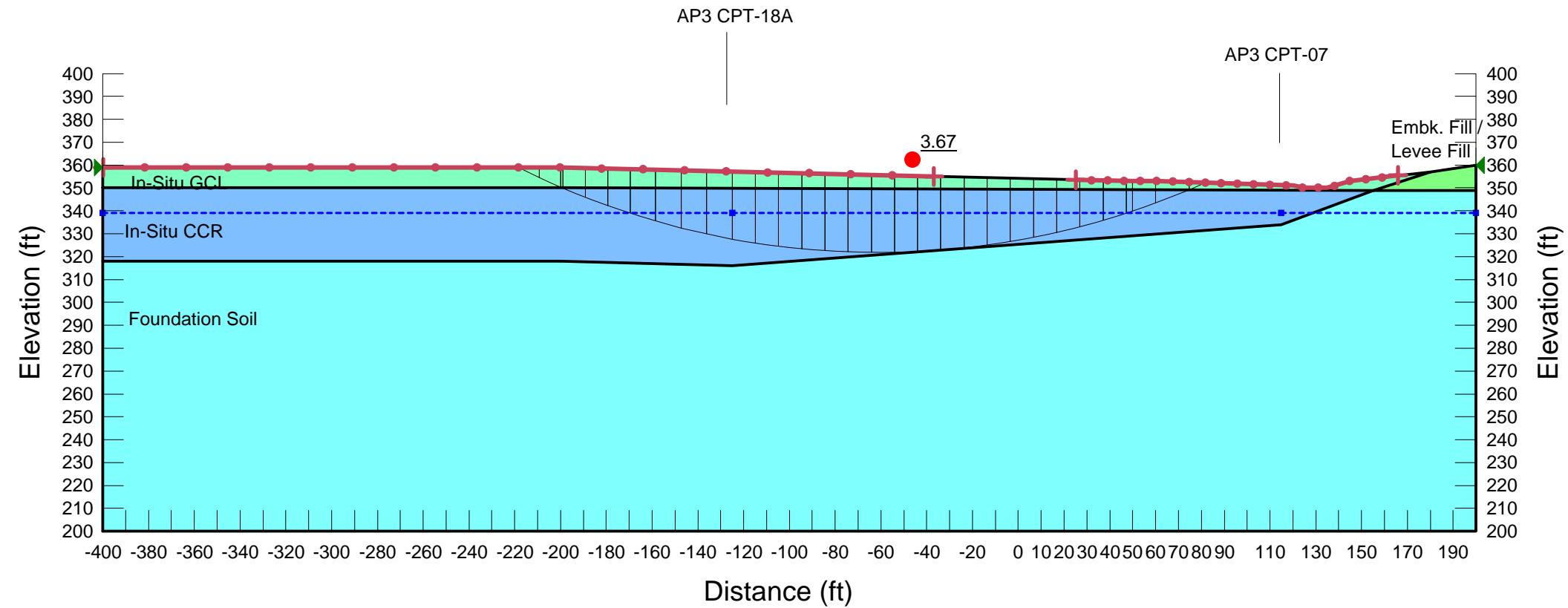
Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 300 psf Phi': 24 °

Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Phi': 22 °

Former Plant Arkwright
AP3 Landfill

Section K-K
Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Seismic Analysis
Total Stress Parameters
 $kh = 0.5 \times As = 0.5 \times 0.131g = 0.065g$



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 700 psf Phi': 10 °
 Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Phi': 15 °
 Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 500 psf Phi': 20 °
 Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Phi': 22 °

Former Plant Arkwright

AP3 Landfill

Section L-L

Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Short Term Analysis
Total Stress Parameters

AP3 CPT-16

AP3 CPT-06

In-Situ GCL

Embk. Fill/
Levee Fill

In-Situ CCR

340

350

360

370

380

390

400

360

350

340

330

320

310

300

290

280

270

260

250

240

230

220

210

200

400

390

380

370

360

350

340

330

320

310

300

290

280

270

260

250

240

230

220

210

200

400

390

380

370

360

350

340

330

320

310

300

290

280

270

260

250

240

230

220

210

200

400

390

380

370

360

350

340

330

320

310

300

290

280

270

260

250

240

230

220

210

200

400

390

380

370

360

350

340

330

320

310

300

290

280

270

260

250

240

230

220

210

200

400

390

380

370

360

350

340

330

320

310

300

290

280

270

260

250

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360

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330

320

310

300

290

280

270

260

250

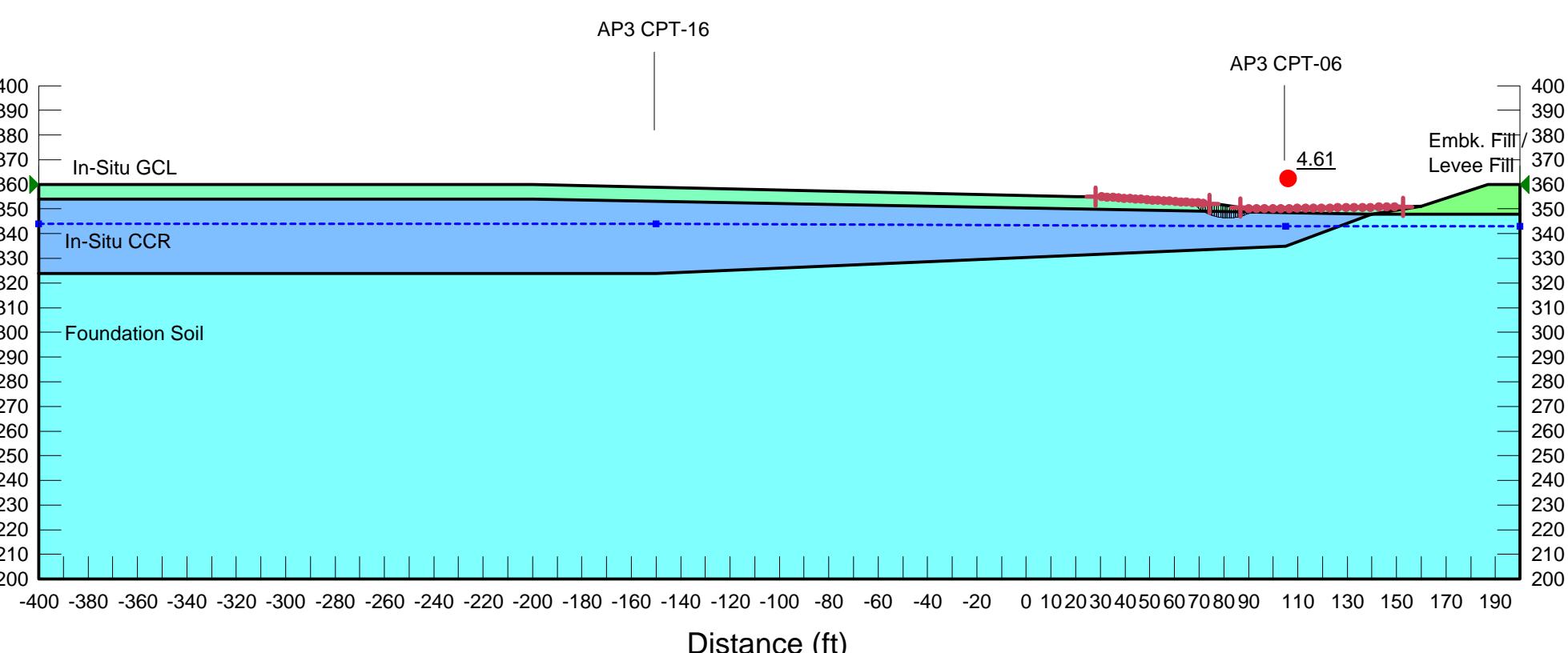
240

230

220

210

200



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 700 psf Phi': 10 °

Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Phi': 15 °

Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 500 psf Phi': 20 °

Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Phi': 22 °

Former Plant Arkwright

AP3 Landfill

Section L-L

Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Long Term Analysis
Effective Stress Parameters

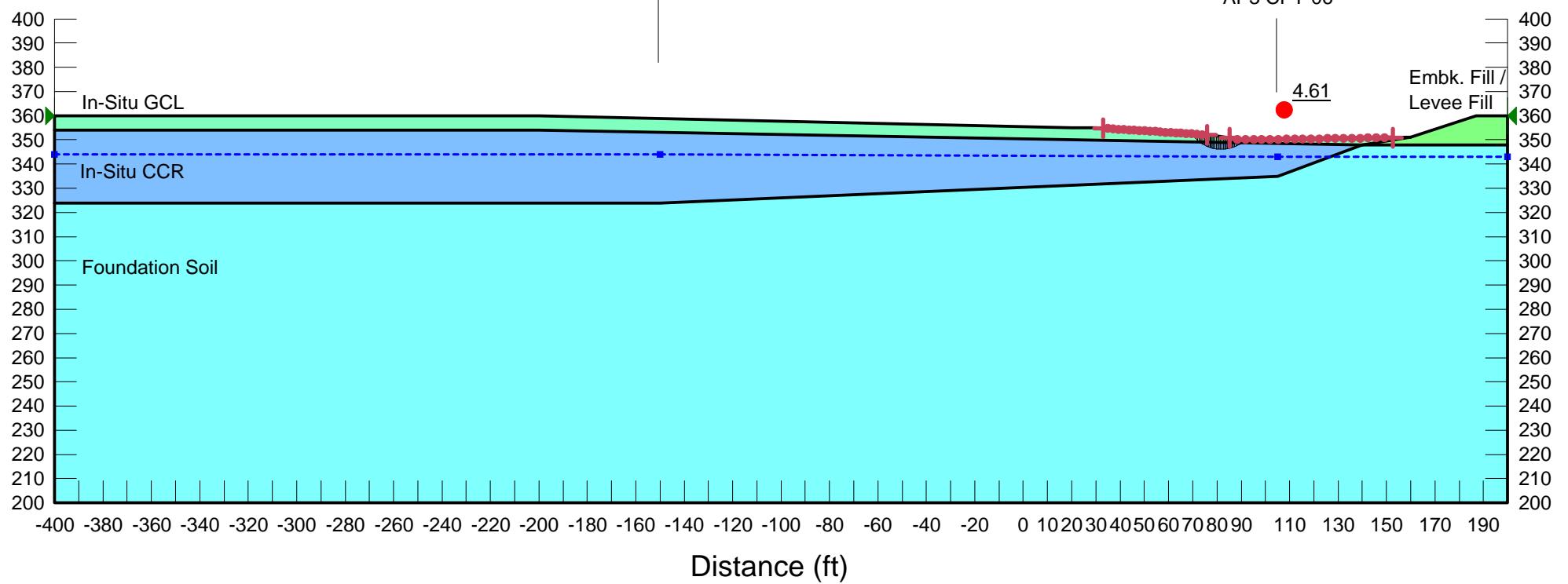
AP3 CPT-16

AP3 CPT-06

Emb. Fill /
Levee Fill

Elevation (ft)

Elevation (ft)



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Phi': 28 °

Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Phi': 15 °

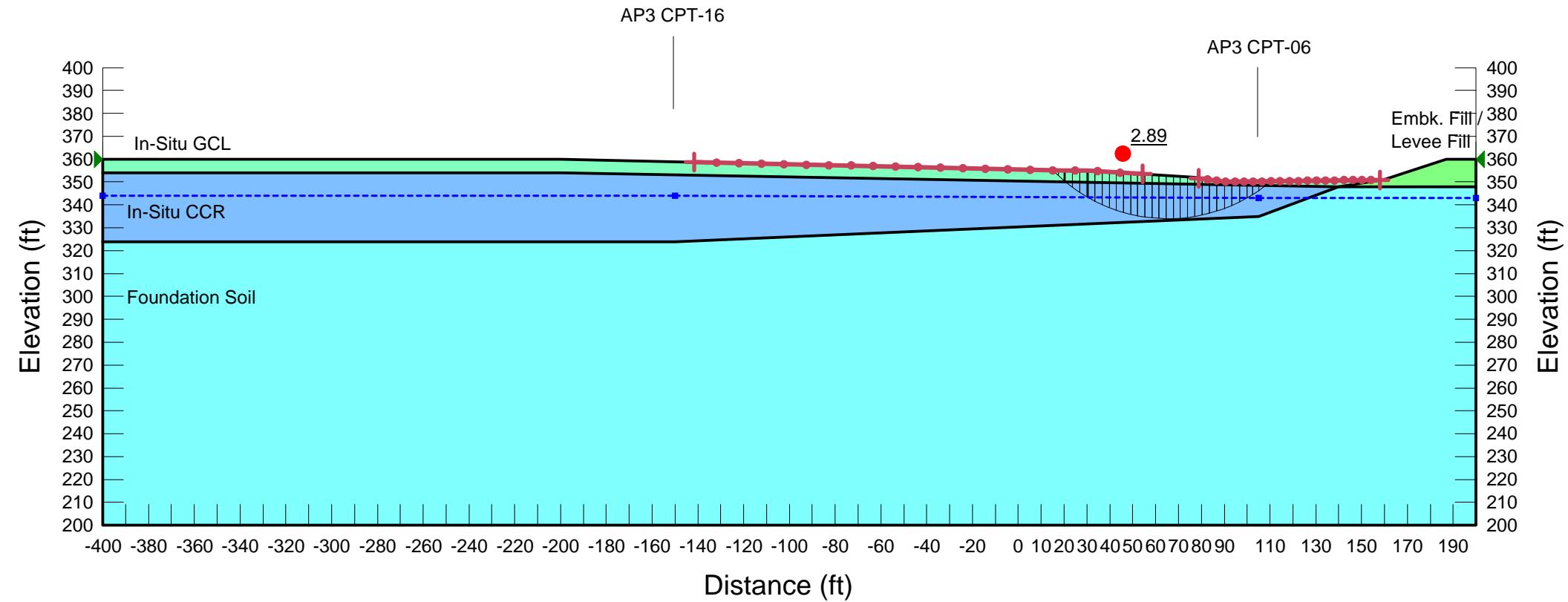
Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 300 psf Phi': 24 °

Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Phi': 22 °

Former Plant Arkwright
AP3 Landfill

Section L-L
Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Seismic Analysis
Total Stress Parameters
 $kh = 0.5 \times As = 0.5 \times 0.131g = 0.065g$



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 700 psf Φ' : 10 °
 Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Φ' : 15 °
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 Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Φ' : 22 °

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AP3 Landfill

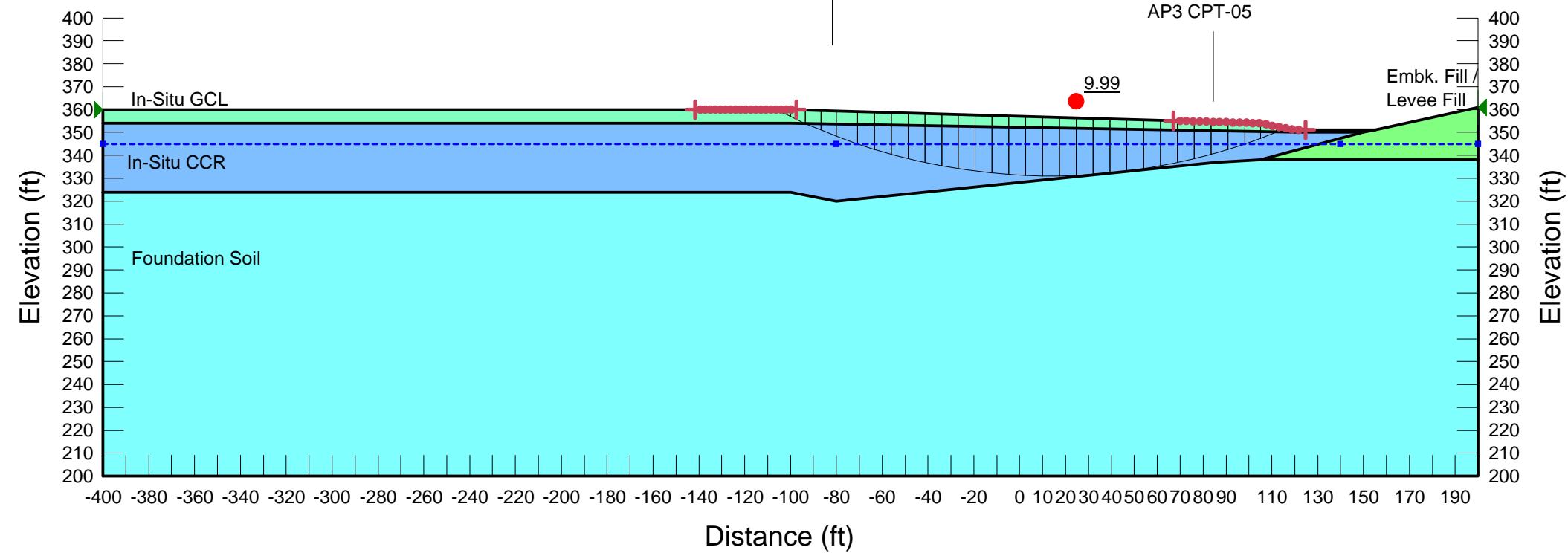
Section M-M

Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Short Term Analysis
Total Stress Parameters

AP3 CPT-14

AP3 CPT-05



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 700 psf Phi': 10 °

Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Phi': 15 °

Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 500 psf Phi': 20 °

Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Phi': 22 °

Former Plant Arkwright

AP3 Landfill

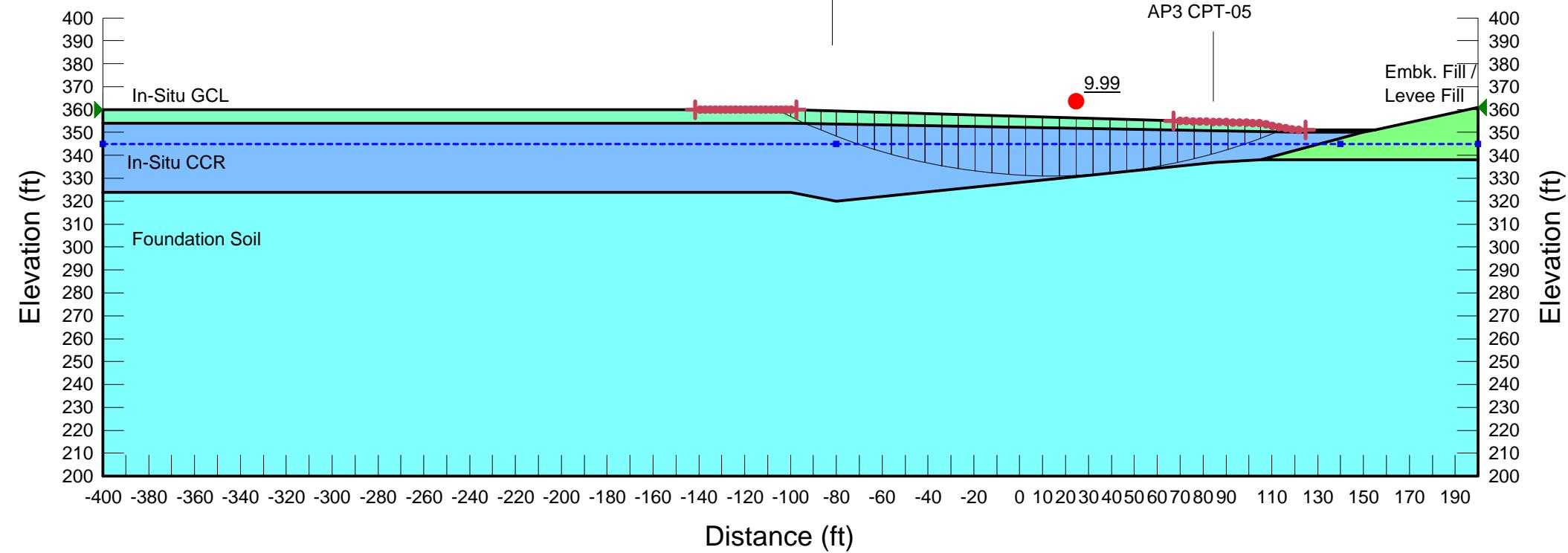
Section M-M

Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Long Term Analysis
Effective Stress Parameters

AP3 CPT-14

AP3 CPT-05



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Phi': 28 °

Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Phi': 15 °

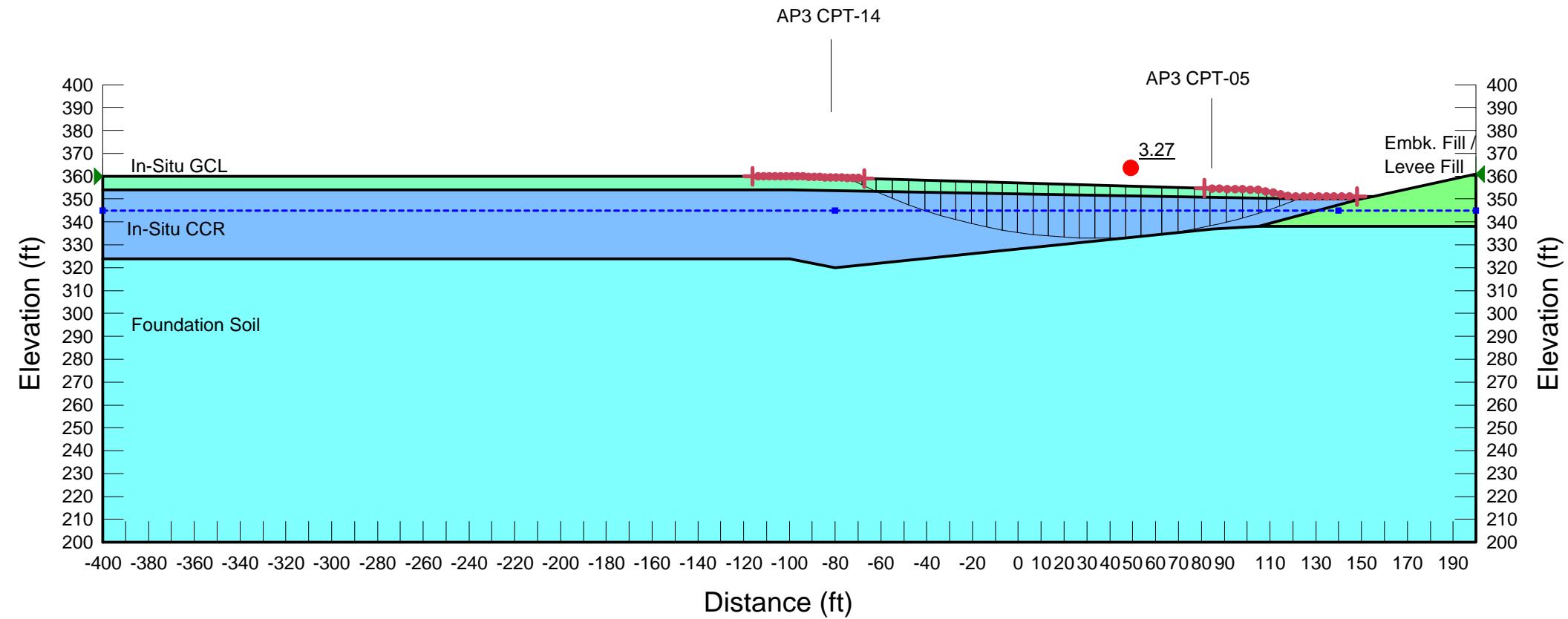
Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 300 psf Phi': 24 °

Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Phi': 22 °

Former Plant Arkwright
AP3 Landfill

Section M-M
Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Seismic Analysis
Total Stress Parameters
 $kh = 0.5 \times As = 0.5 \times 0.131g = 0.065g$



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 700 psf Φ' : 10 °
 Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Φ' : 15 °
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 Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Φ' : 22 °

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AP3 Landfill

Section N-N

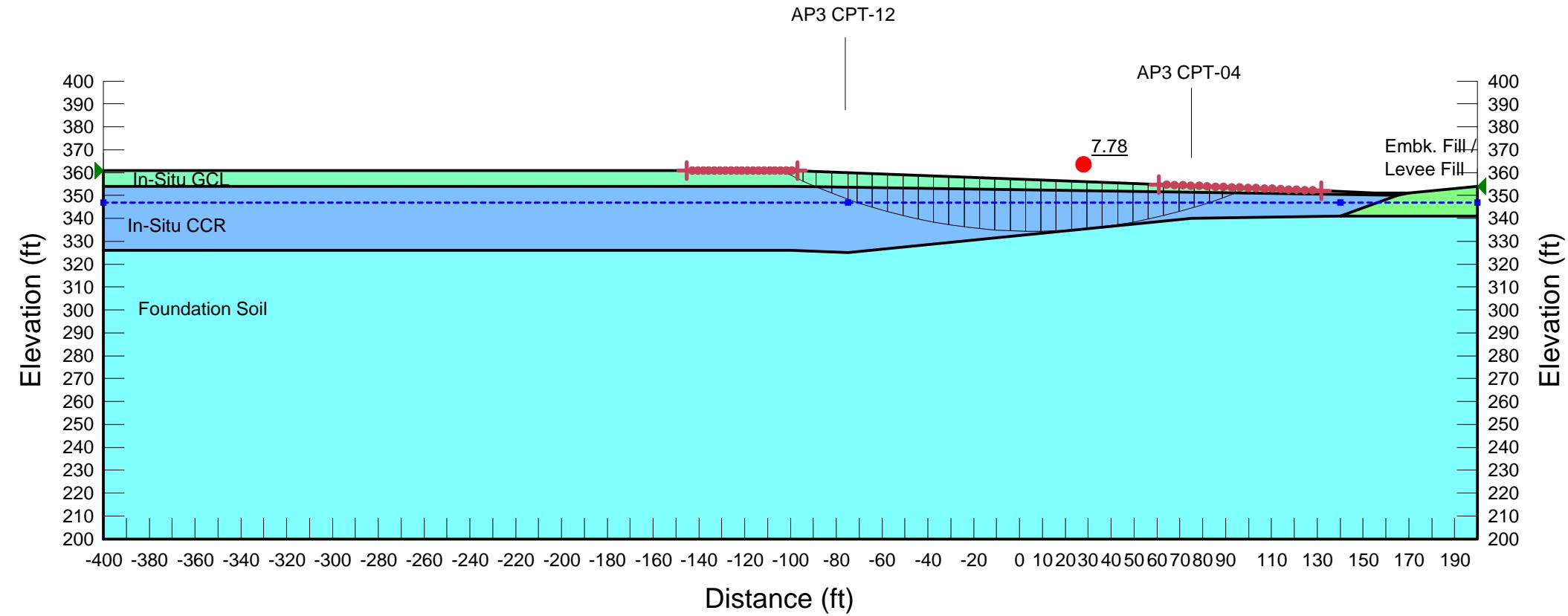
Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Short Term Analysis
Total Stress Parameters

AP3 CPT-12

AP3 CPT-04

Emb. Fill/
Levee Fill



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 700 psf Phi': 10 °

Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Phi': 15 °

Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 500 psf Phi': 20 °

Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Phi': 22 °

Former Plant Arkwright

AP3 Landfill

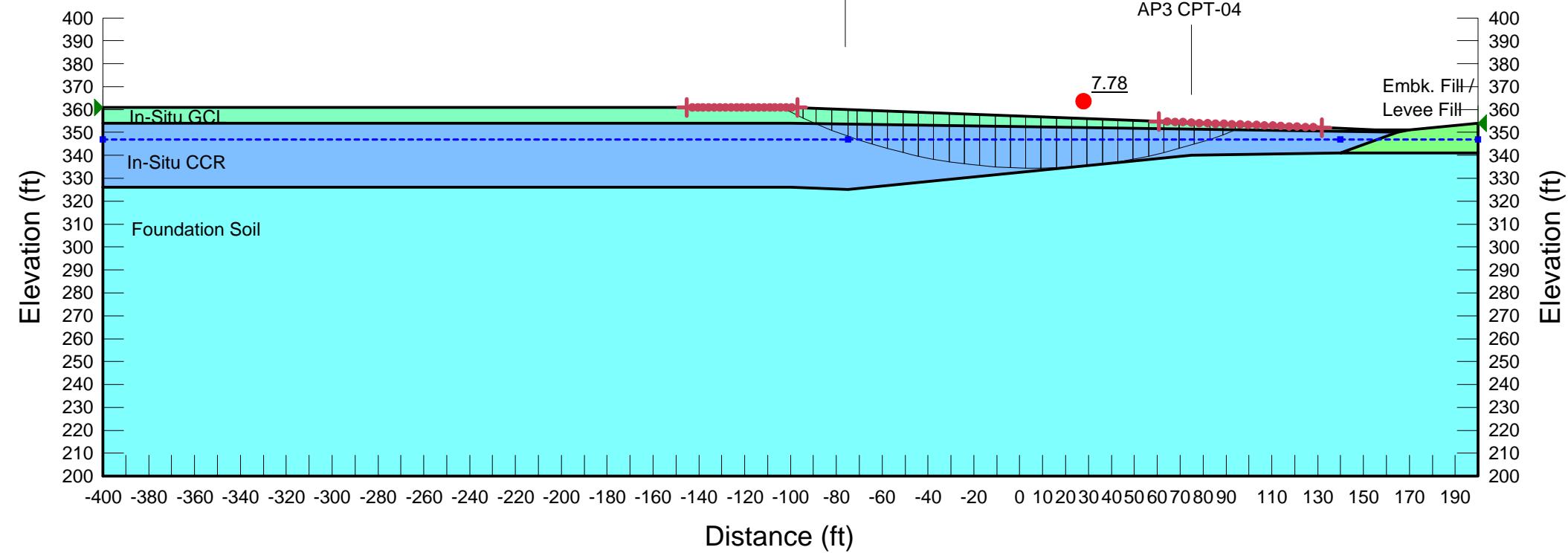
Section N-N

Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Long Term Analysis
Effective Stress Parameters

AP3 CPT-12

AP3 CPT-04



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Phi': 28 °

Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Phi': 15 °

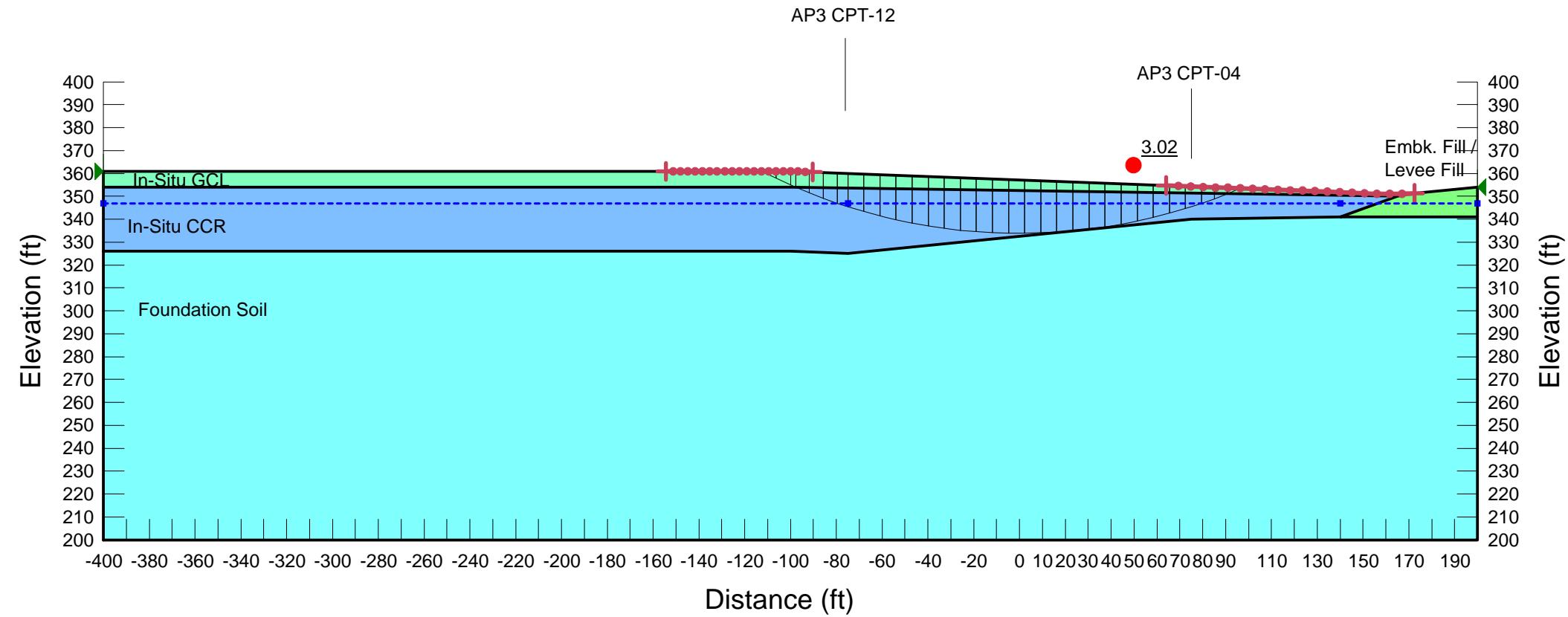
Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 300 psf Phi': 24 °

Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Phi': 22 °

Former Plant Arkwright
AP3 Landfill

Section N-N
Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Seismic Analysis
Total Stress Parameters
 $kh = 0.5 \times As = 0.5 \times 0.131g = 0.065g$



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 700 psf Phi': 10 °
 Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Phi': 15 °
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 Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Phi': 22 °

Former Plant Arkwright

AP3 Landfill

Section O-O

Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Short Term Analysis
Total Stress Parameters

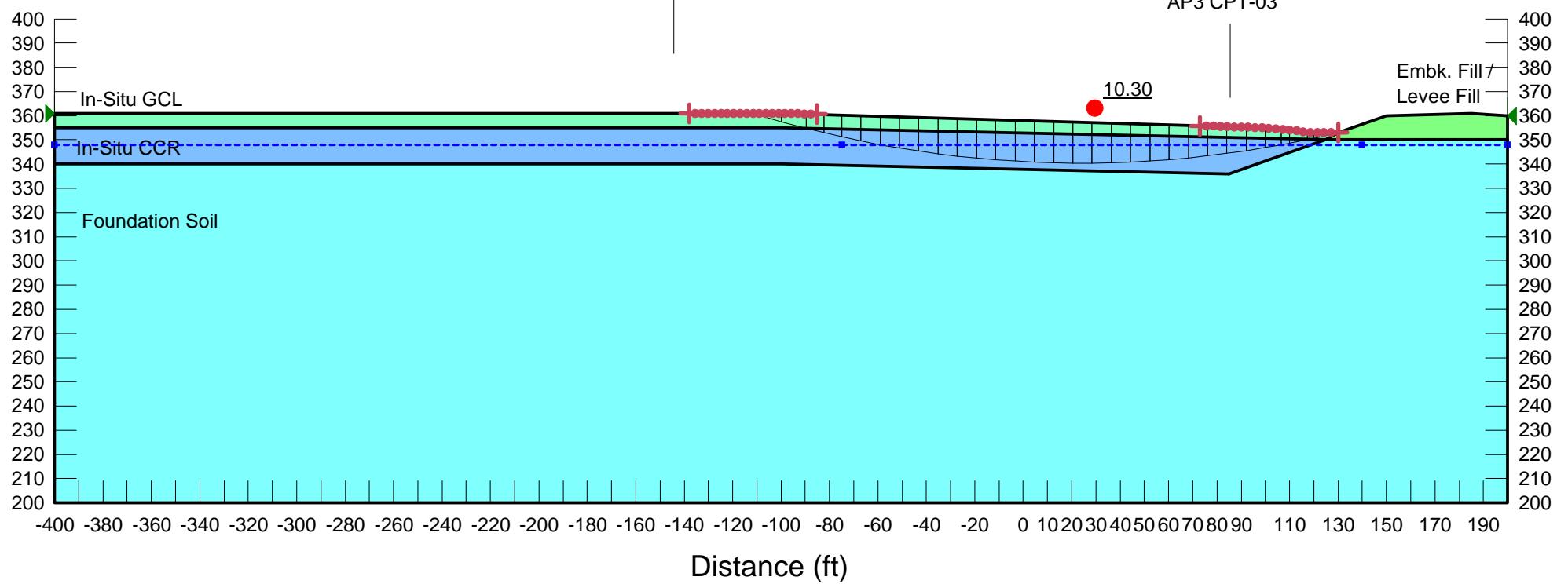
AP3 CPT-11

AP3 CPT-03

Embk. Fill /
Levee Fill

Elevation (ft)

Elevation (ft)



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 700 psf Phi': 10 °

Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Phi': 15 °

Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 500 psf Phi': 20 °

Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Phi': 22 °

Former Plant Arkwright

AP3 Landfill

Section O-O

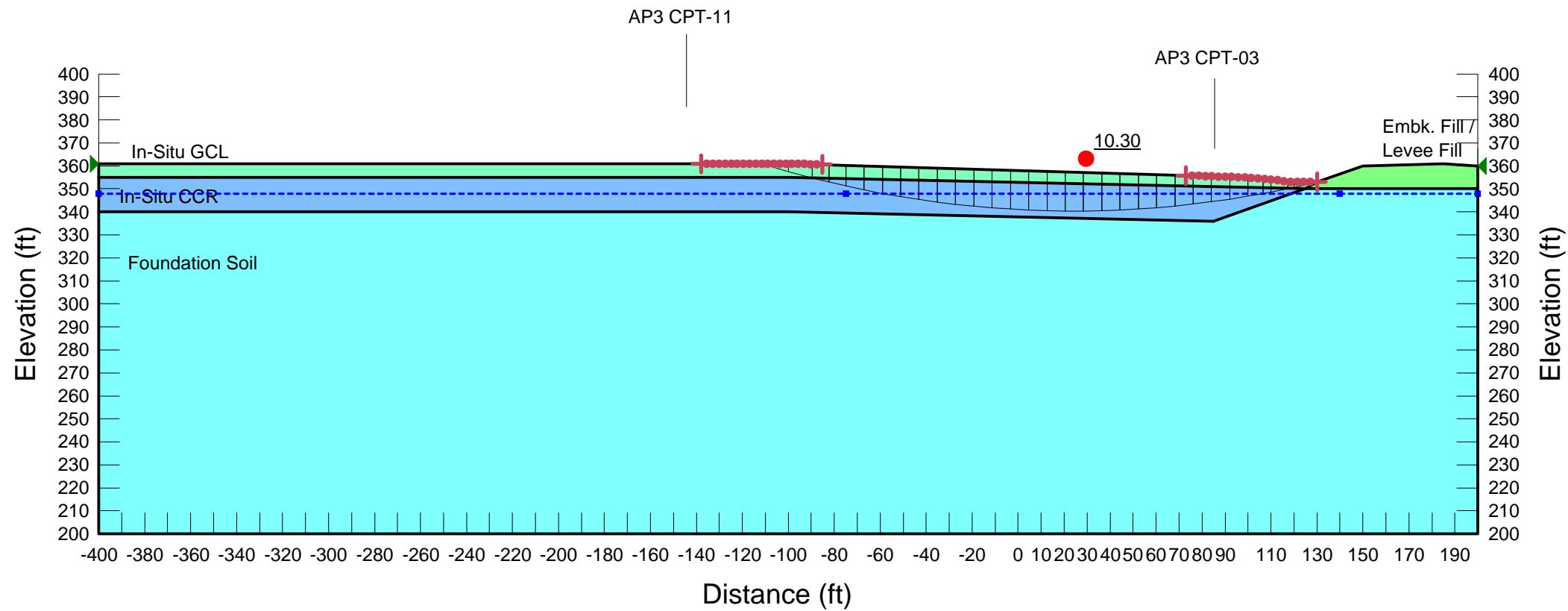
Global Stability - Spencer's Method

Long Term Analysis
Effective Stress Parameters

AP3 CPT-11

AP3 CPT-03

Emb. Fill /
Levee Fill



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Phi': 28 °

Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Phi': 15 °

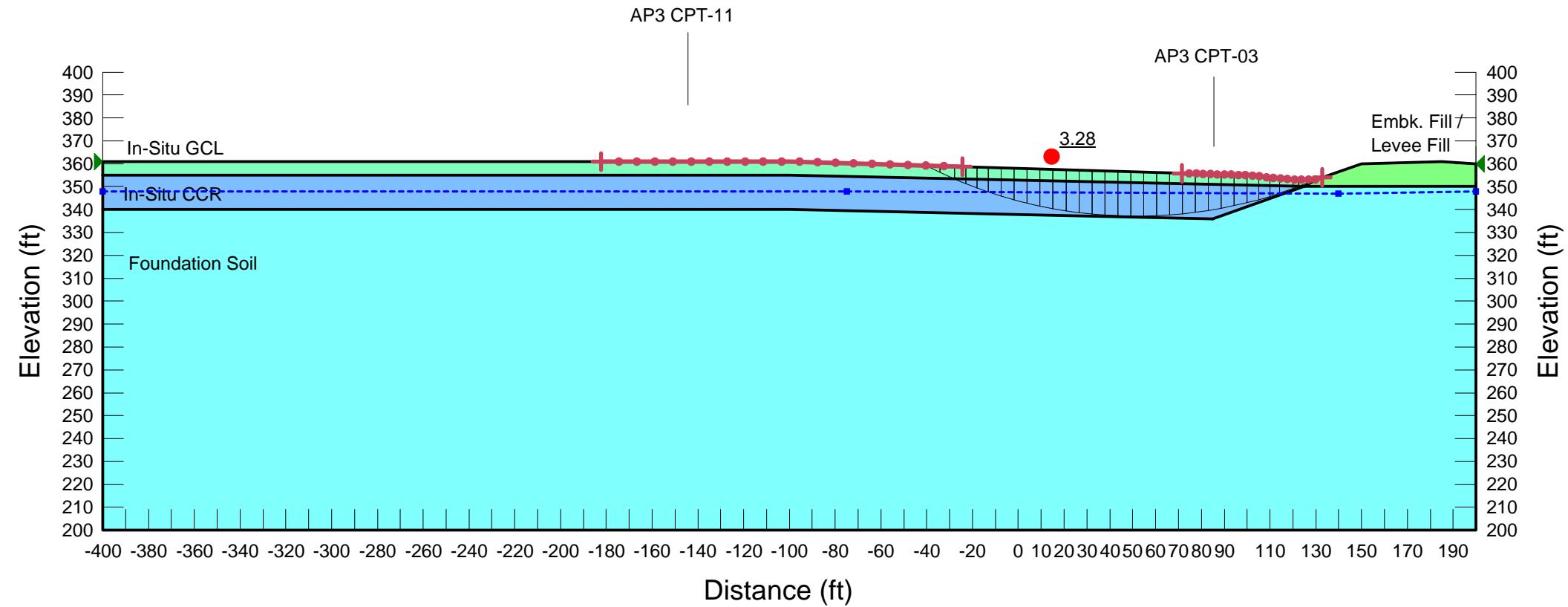
Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 300 psf Phi': 24 °

Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Phi': 22 °

Former Plant Arkwright
AP3 Landfill

Section O-O
Global Stability - Spencer's Method

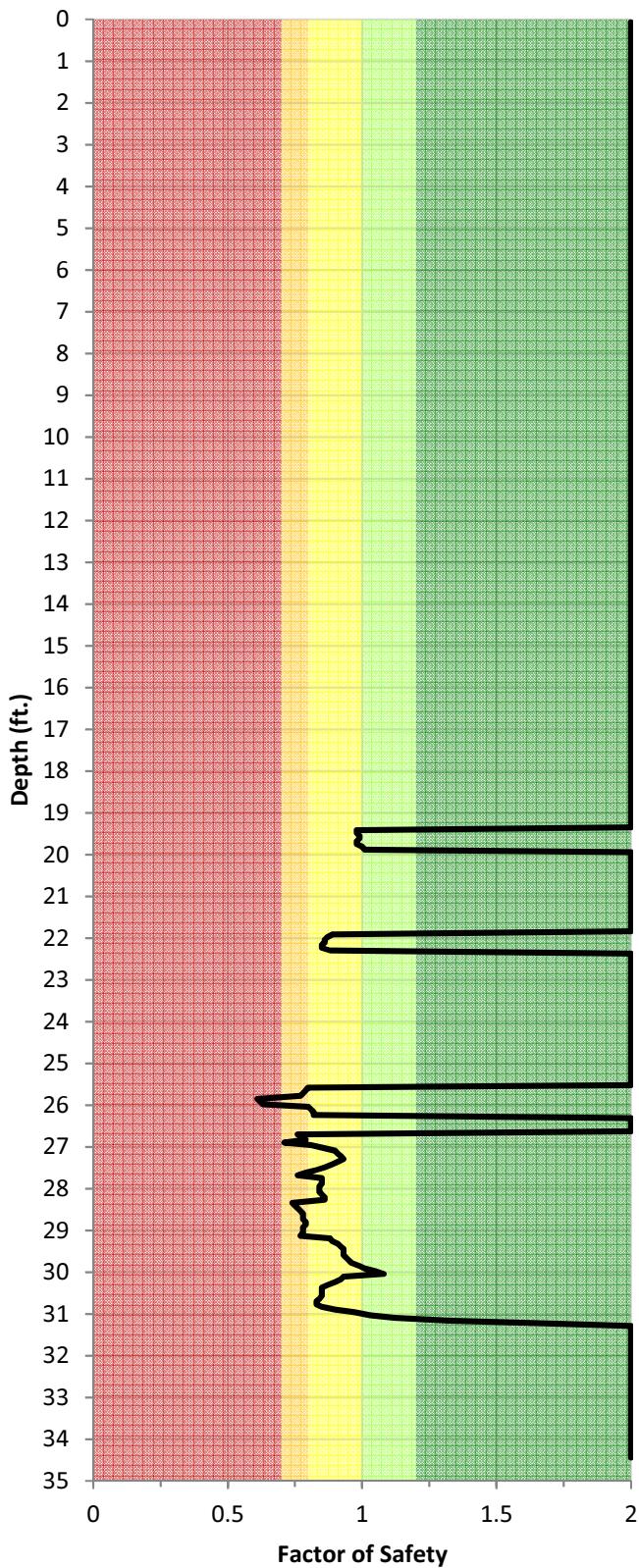
Seismic Analysis
Total Stress Parameters
 $kh = 0.5 \times As = 0.5 \times 0.131g = 0.065g$



Name: Embk. Fill/Levee Fill Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 700 psf Φ' : 10 °
 Name: In-Situ GCL Unit Weight: 110 pcf Cohesion': 100 psf Φ' : 15 °
 Name: Foundation Soil Unit Weight: 108 pcf Cohesion': 500 psf Φ' : 20 °
 Name: In-Situ CCR Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Φ' : 22 °

Liquefaction Factor of Safety Plot CPT-01

FOS Plot CPT-01



FOS Color Scheme

- Red: Almost Certain it will liquefy
- Yellow: Very Likely to Liquefy
- Yellow-Green: Liquefaction and no. liq. are equally Likely
- Green: Unlikely to liquefy
- Dark Green: Almost certain it will not liquefy

FOS = CRR 7.5 /CSR

FOS = Factor of Safety

CRR 7.5 = Cyclic Resistance Ratio

CSR = Cyclic Stress Ratio

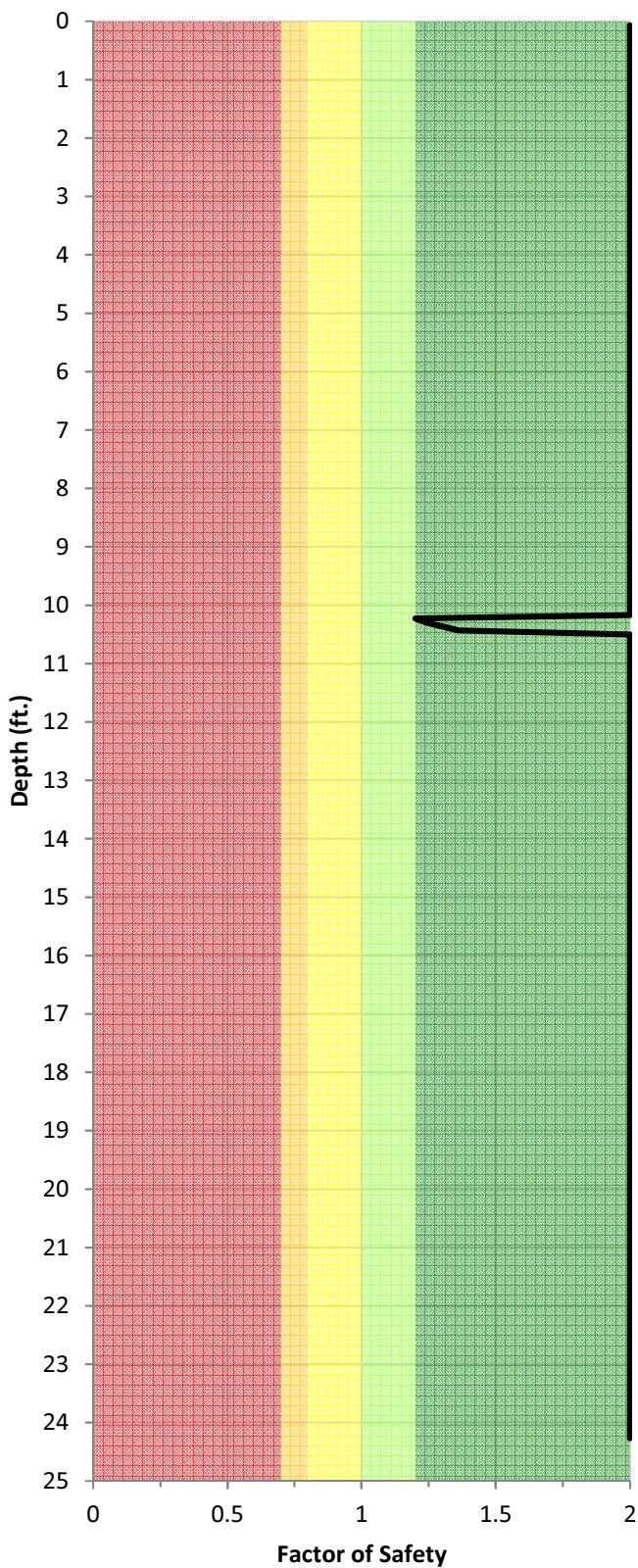
Values interpreted based on generated CPT data output of cone friction, tip resistance and pore pressure versus depth

Ref: CLiq v.2.2.0.35

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Liquefaction Factor of Safety Plot CPT-02

FOS Plot CPT-02



FOS Color Scheme

- Red: Almost Certain it will liquefy
- Yellow: Very Likely to Liquefy
- Yellow-Green: Liquefaction and no. liq. are equally Likely
- Green: Unlikely to liquefy
- Dark Green: Almost certain it will not liquefy

FOS = CRR 7.5 /CSR

FOS = Factor of Safety

CRR 7.5 = Cyclic Resistance Ratio

CSR = Cyclic Stress Ratio

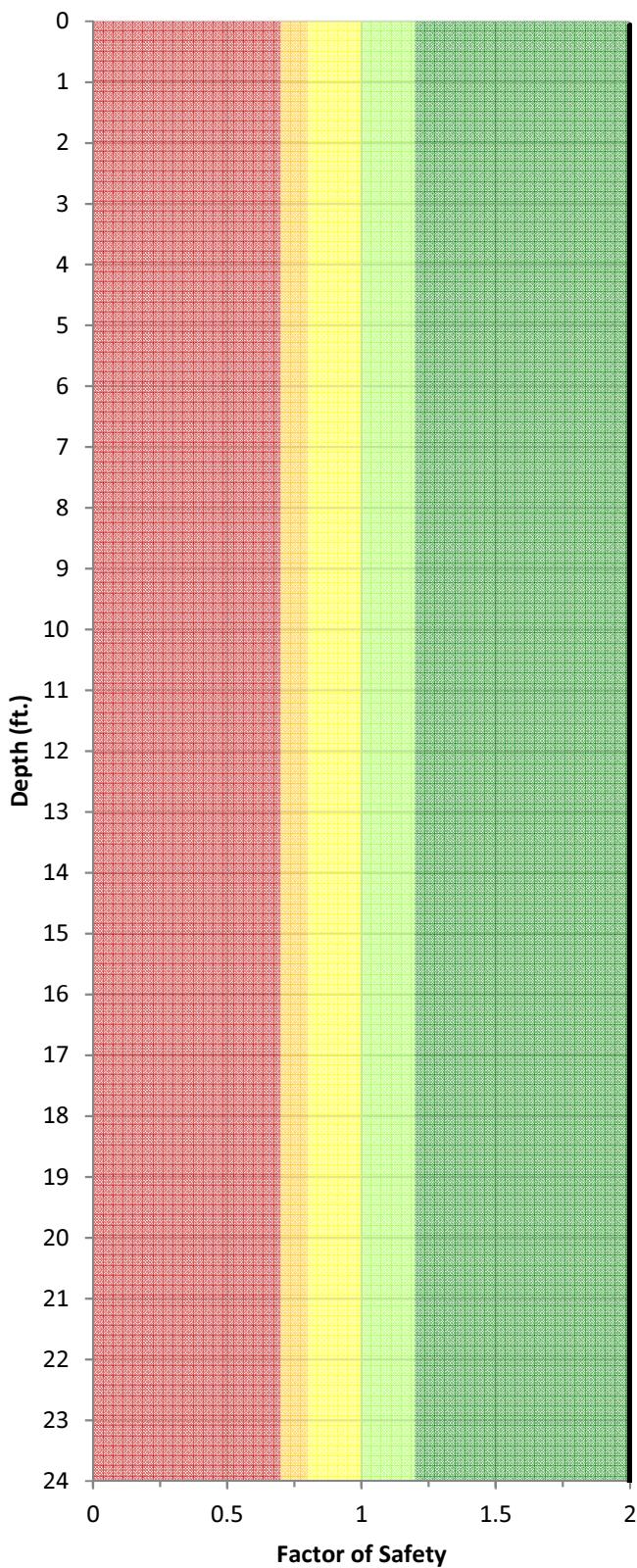
Values interpreted based on generated CPT data output of cone friction, tip resistance and pore pressure versus depth

Ref: CLiq v.2.2.0.35

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Liquefaction Factor of Safety Plot CPT-03

FOS Plot CPT-03



FOS Color Scheme

- Red: Almost Certain it will liquefy
- Orange: Very Likely to Liquefy
- Yellow: Liquefaction and no. liq. are equally Likely
- Light Green: Unlikely to liquefy
- Dark Green: Almost certain it will not liquefy

FOS = CRR 7.5 /CSR

FOS = Factor of Safety

CRR 7.5 = Cyclic Resistance Ratio

CSR = Cyclic Stress Ratio

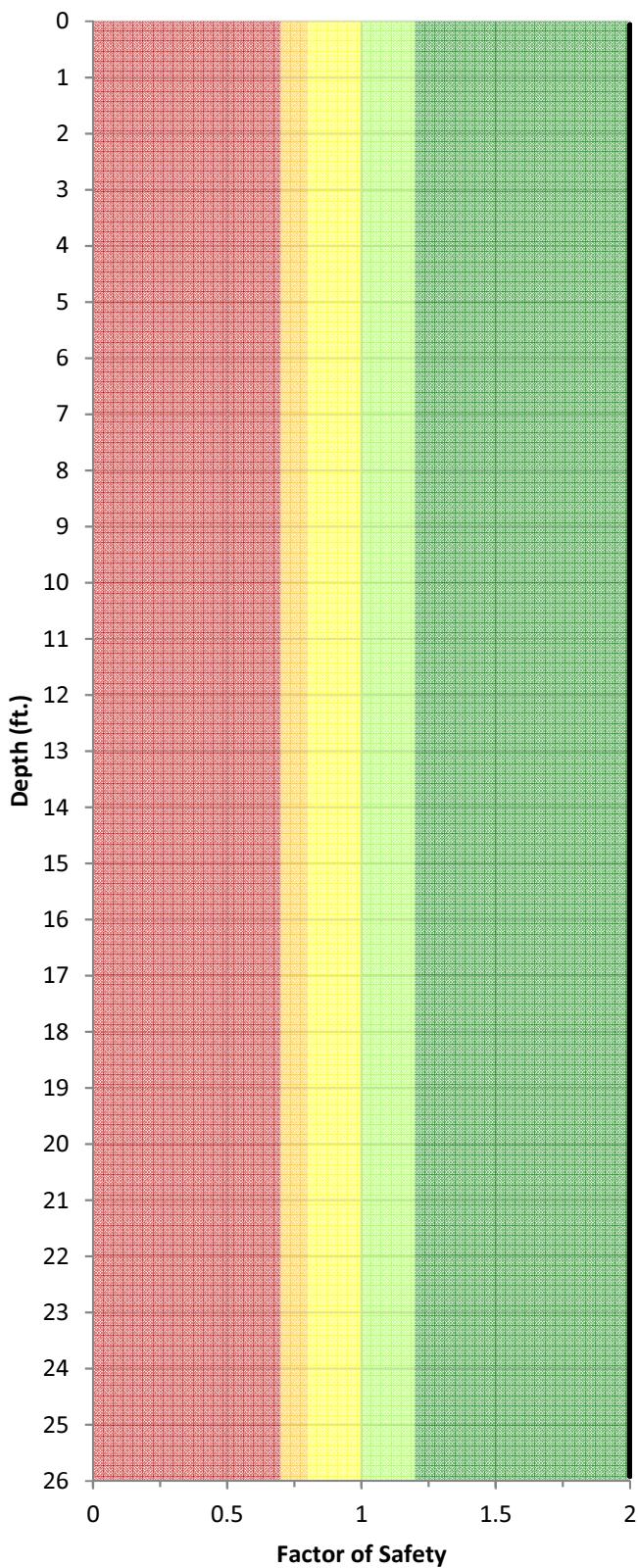
Values interpreted based on generated CPT data output of cone friction, tip resistance and pore pressure versus depth

Ref: CLiq v.2.2.0.35

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Liquefaction Factor of Safety Plot CPT-04

FOS Plot CPT-04



FOS Color Scheme

- Red: Almost Certain it will liquefy
- Yellow: Very Likely to Liquefy
- Yellow: Liquefaction and no. liq. are equally Likely
- Green: Unlikely to liquefy
- Green: Almost certain it will not liquefy

FOS = CRR 7.5 /CSR

FOS = Factor of Safety

CRR 7.5 = Cyclic Resistance Ratio

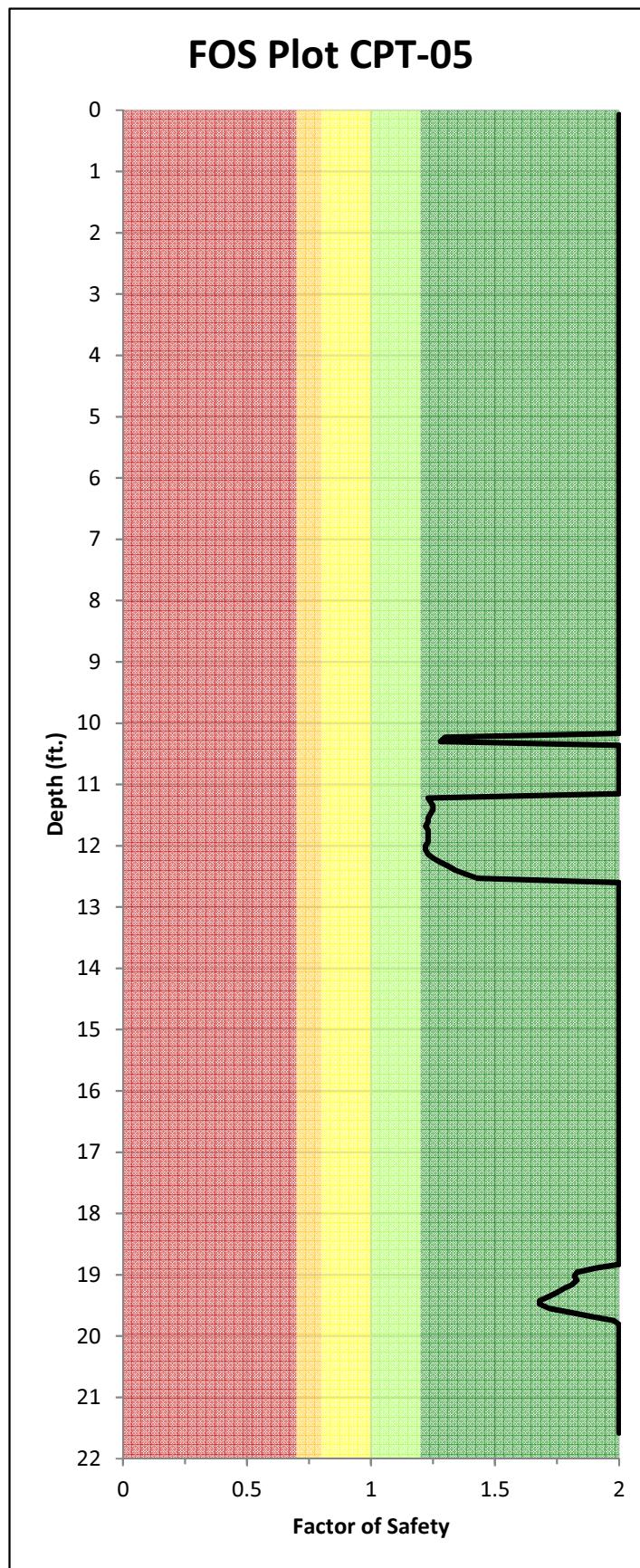
CSR = Cyclic Stress Ratio

Values interpreted based on generated CPT data output of cone friction, tip resistance and pore pressure versus depth

Ref: CLiq v.2.2.0.35

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Liquefaction Factor of Safety Plot CPT-05



FOS Color Scheme

- Red: Almost Certain it will liquefy
- Orange: Very Likely to Liquefy
- Yellow: Liquefaction and no. liq. are equally Likely
- Light Green: Unlikely to liquefy
- Dark Green: Almost certain it will not liquefy

FOS = CRR 7.5 /CSR

FOS = Factor of Safety

CRR 7.5 = Cyclic Resistance Ratio

CSR = Cyclic Stress Ratio

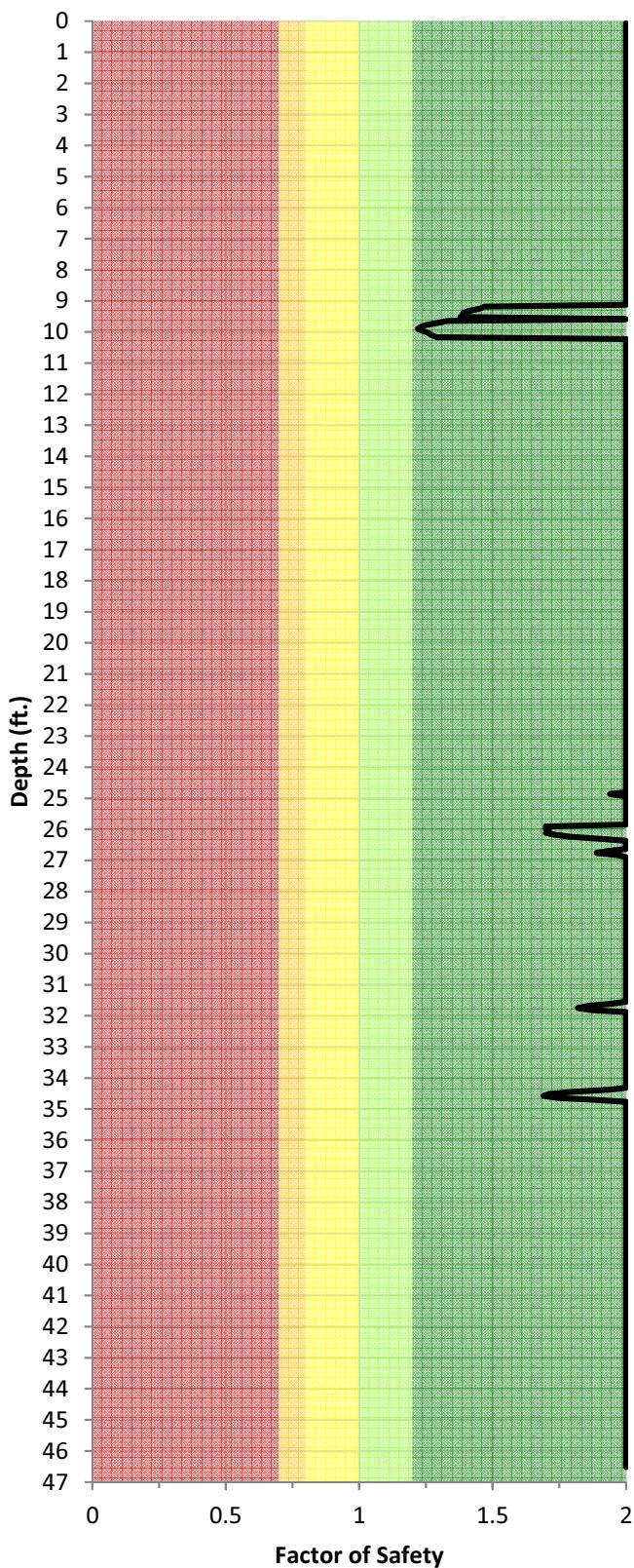
Values interpreted based on generated CPT data output of cone friction, tip resistance and pore pressure versus depth

Ref: CLiq v.2.2.0.35

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Liquefaction Factor of Safety Plot CPT-06

FOS Plot CPT-06



FOS Color Scheme

- Red: Almost Certain it will liquefy
- Orange: Very Likely to Liquefy
- Yellow: Liquefaction and no. liq. are equally Likely
- Light Green: Unlikely to liquefy
- Dark Green: Almost certain it will not liquefy

FOS = CRR 7.5 /CSR

FOS = Factor of Safety

CRR 7.5 = Cyclic Resistance Ratio

CSR = Cyclic Stress Ratio

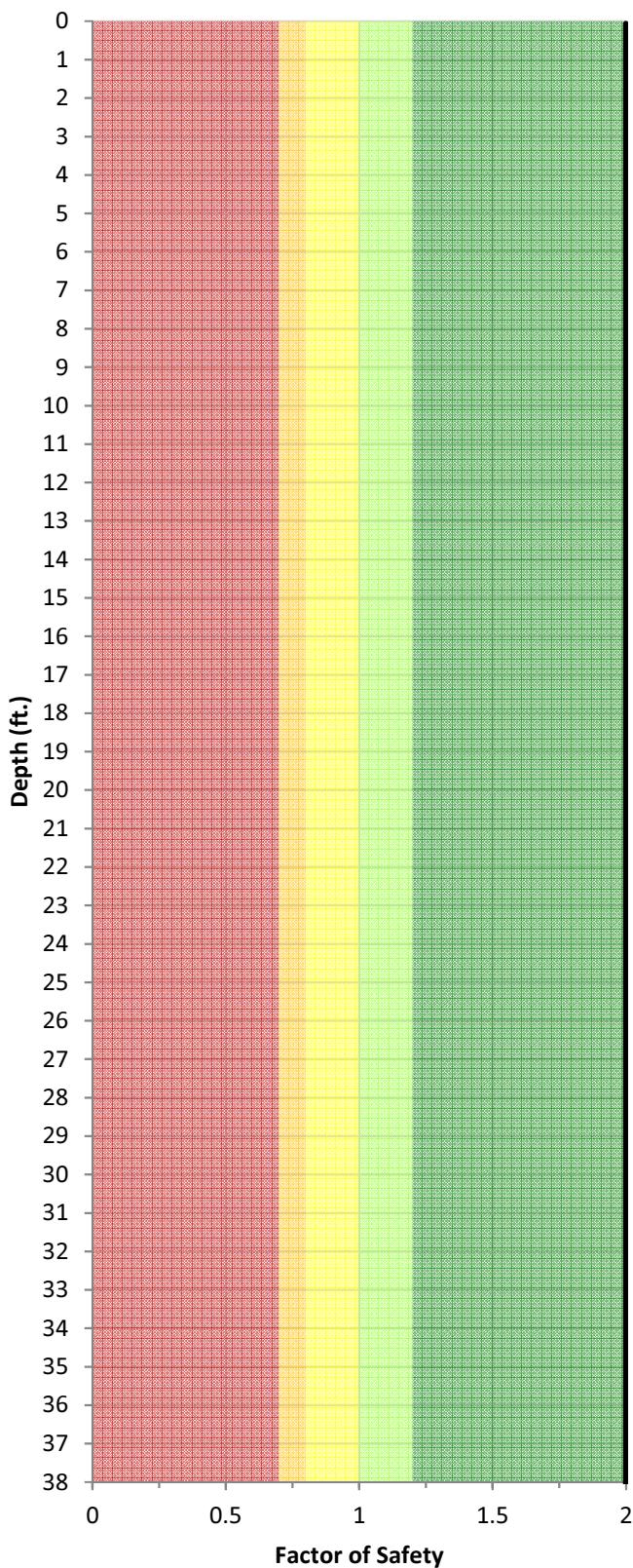
Values interpreted based on generated CPT data output of cone friction, tip resistance and pore pressure versus depth

Ref: CLiq v.2.2.0.35

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Liquefaction Factor of Safety Plot CPT-07

FOS Plot CPT-07



FOS Color Scheme

- Red: Almost Certain it will liquefy
- Orange: Very Likely to Liquefy
- Yellow: Liquefaction and no. liq. are equally Likely
- Light Green: Unlikely to liquefy
- Dark Green: Almost certain it will not liquefy

FOS = CRR 7.5 /CSR

FOS = Factor of Safety

CRR 7.5 = Cyclic Resistance Ratio

CSR = Cyclic Stress Ratio

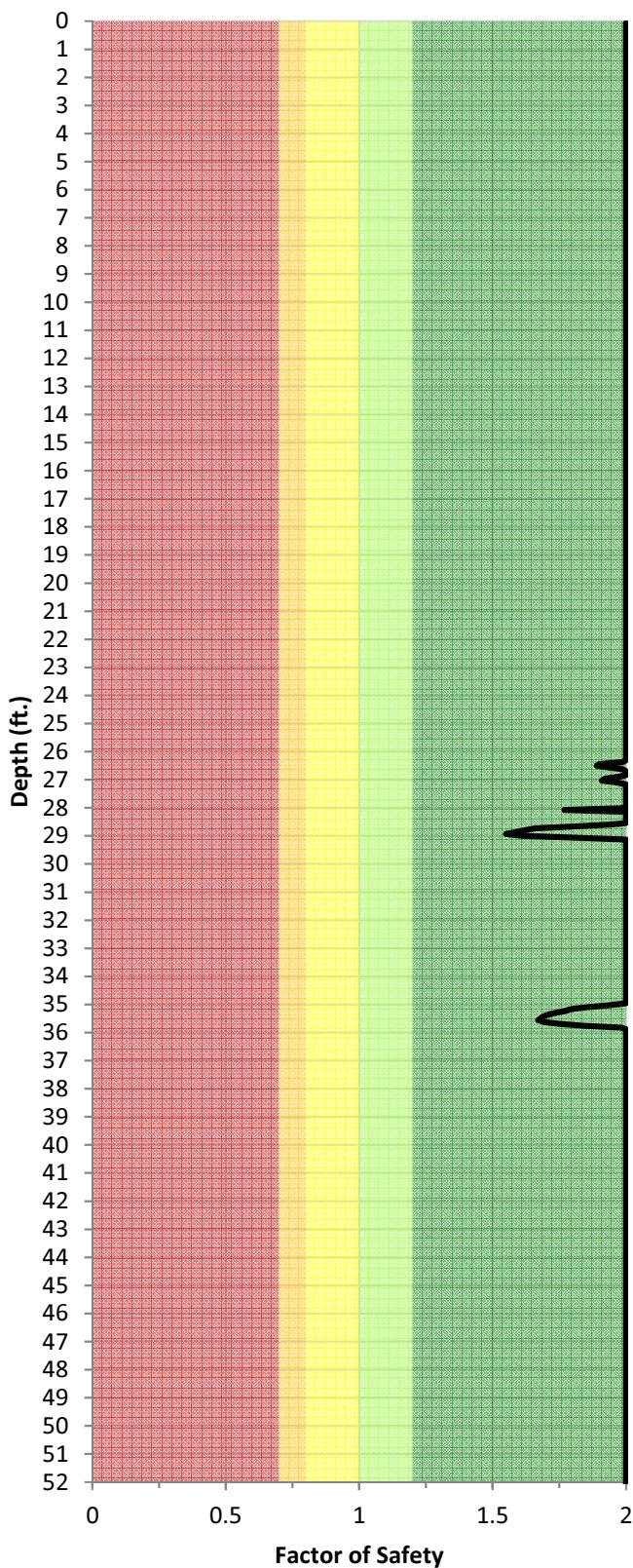
Values interpreted based on generated CPT data output of cone friction, tip resistance and pore pressure versus depth

Ref: CLiq v.2.2.0.35

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Liquefaction Factor of Safety Plot CPT-08

FOS Plot CPT-08



FOS Color Scheme

- █ Almost Certain it will liquefy
- █ Very Likely to Liquefy
- █ Liquefaction and no. liq. are equally Likely
- █ Unlikely to liquefy
- █ Almost certain it will not liquefy

FOS = CRR 7.5 /CSR

FOS = Factor of Safety

CRR 7.5 = Cyclic Resistance Ratio

CSR = Cyclic Stress Ratio

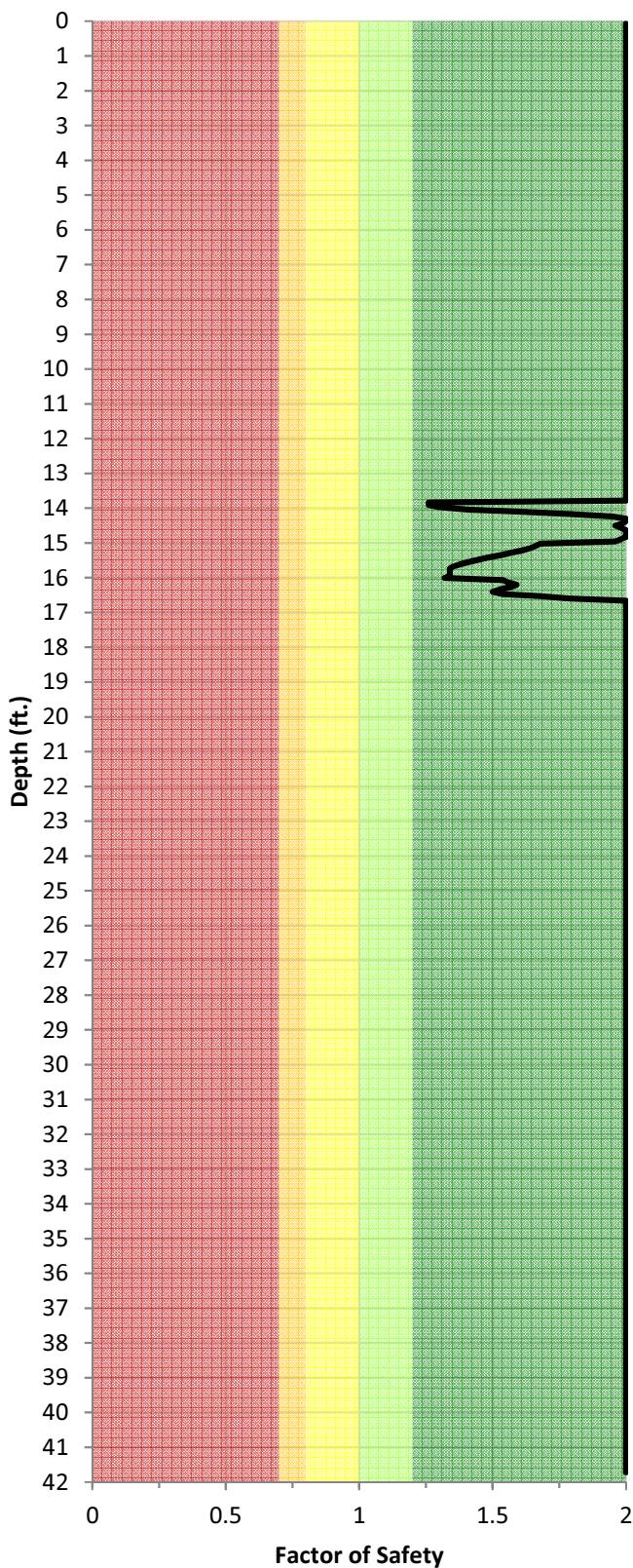
Values interpreted based on generated CPT data output of cone friction, tip resistance and pore pressure versus depth

Ref: CLiq v.2.2.0.35

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Liquefaction Factor of Safety Plot CPT-09

FOS Plot CPT-09



FOS Color Scheme

- Red: Almost Certain it will liquefy
- Orange: Very Likely to Liquefy
- Yellow: Liquefaction and no. liq. are equally Likely
- Light Green: Unlikely to liquefy
- Dark Green: Almost certain it will not liquefy

FOS = CRR 7.5 /CSR

FOS = Factor of Safety

CRR 7.5 = Cyclic Resistance Ratio

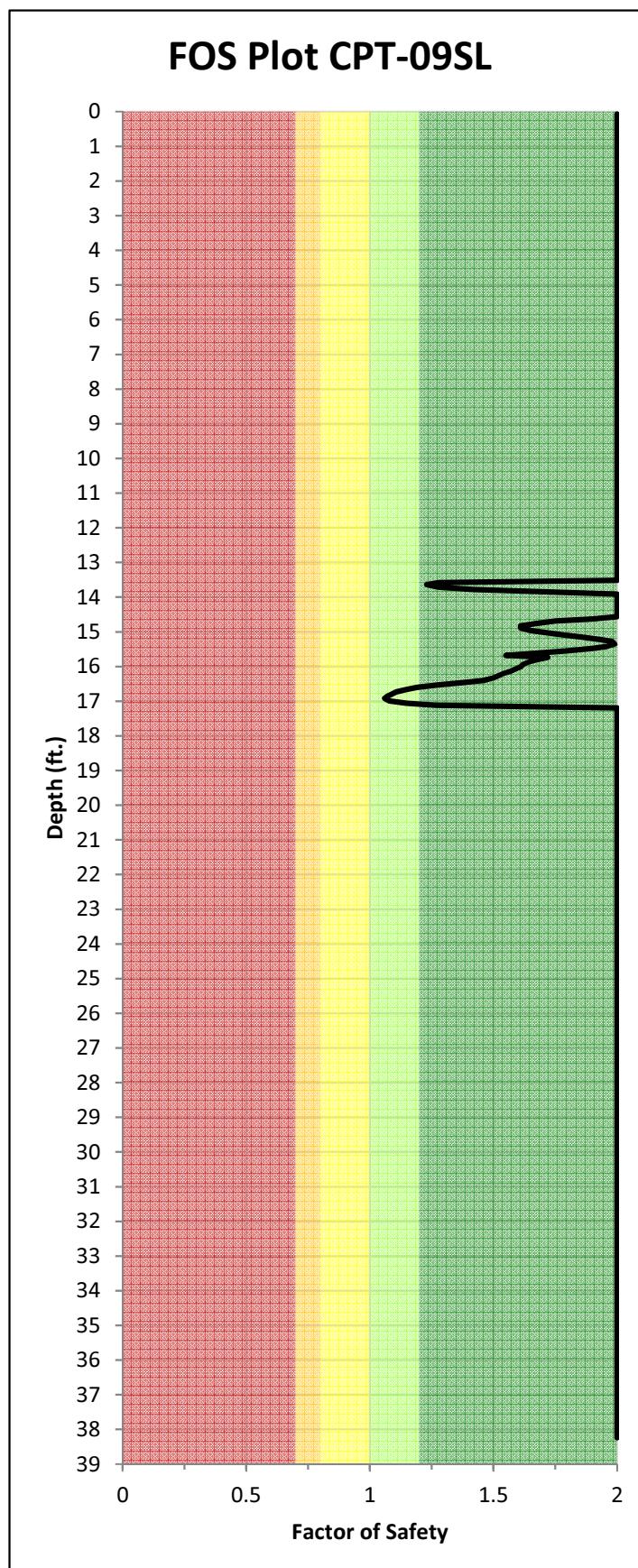
CSR = Cyclic Stress Ratio

Values interpreted based on generated CPT data output of cone friction, tip resistance and pore pressure versus depth

Ref: CLiq v.2.2.0.35

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Liquefaction Factor of Safety Plot CPT-09SL



FOS Color Scheme

- Red: Almost Certain it will liquefy
- Yellow: Very Likely to Liquefy
- Yellow-Green: Liquefaction and no. liq. are equally Likely
- Green: Unlikely to liquefy
- Dark Green: Almost certain it will not liquefy

FOS = CRR 7.5 /CSR

FOS = Factor of Safety

CRR 7.5 = Cyclic Resistance Ratio

CSR = Cyclic Stress Ratio

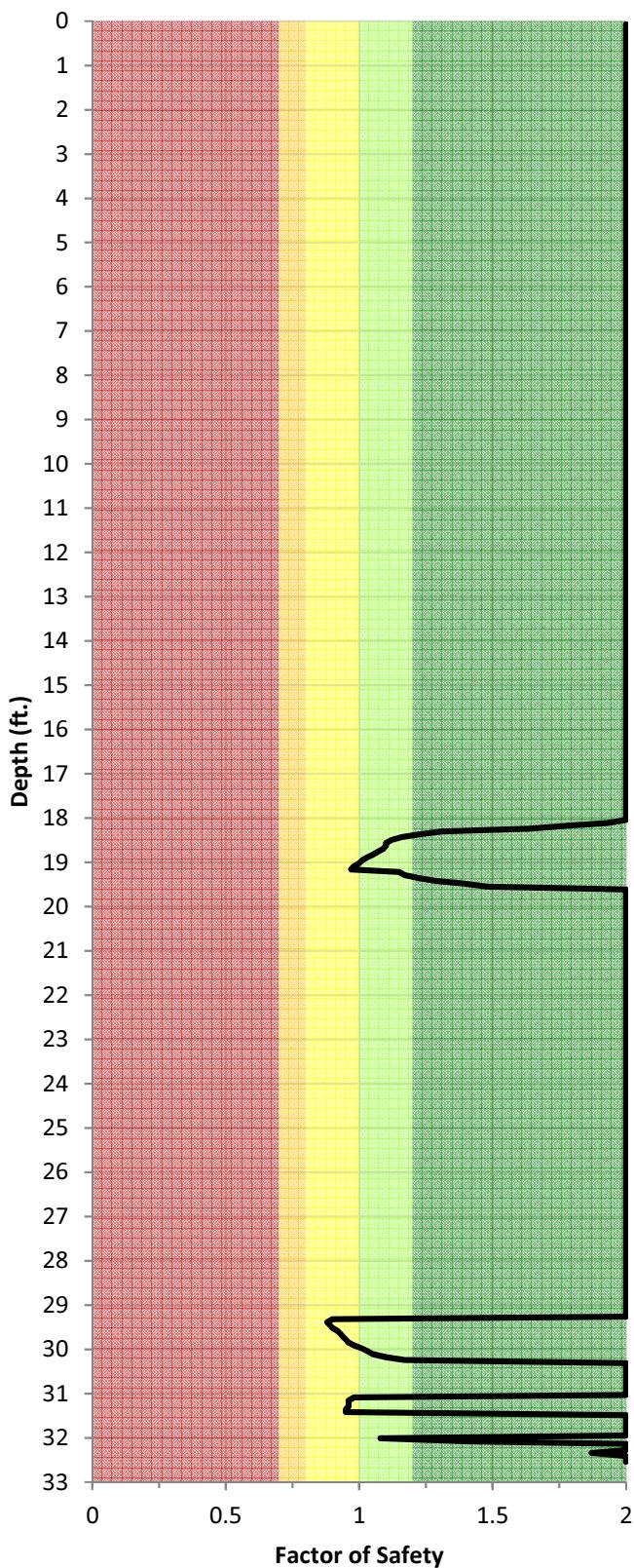
Values interpreted based on generated CPT data output of cone friction, tip resistance and pore pressure versus depth

Ref: CLiq v.2.2.0.35

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Liquefaction Factor of Safety Plot CPT-10

FOS Plot CPT-10



FOS Color Scheme

- Red: Almost Certain it will liquefy
- Orange: Very Likely to Liquefy
- Yellow: Liquefaction and no. liq. are equally Likely
- Light Green: Unlikely to liquefy
- Dark Green: Almost certain it will not liquefy

FOS = CRR 7.5 /CSR

FOS = Factor of Safety

CRR 7.5 = Cyclic Resistance Ratio

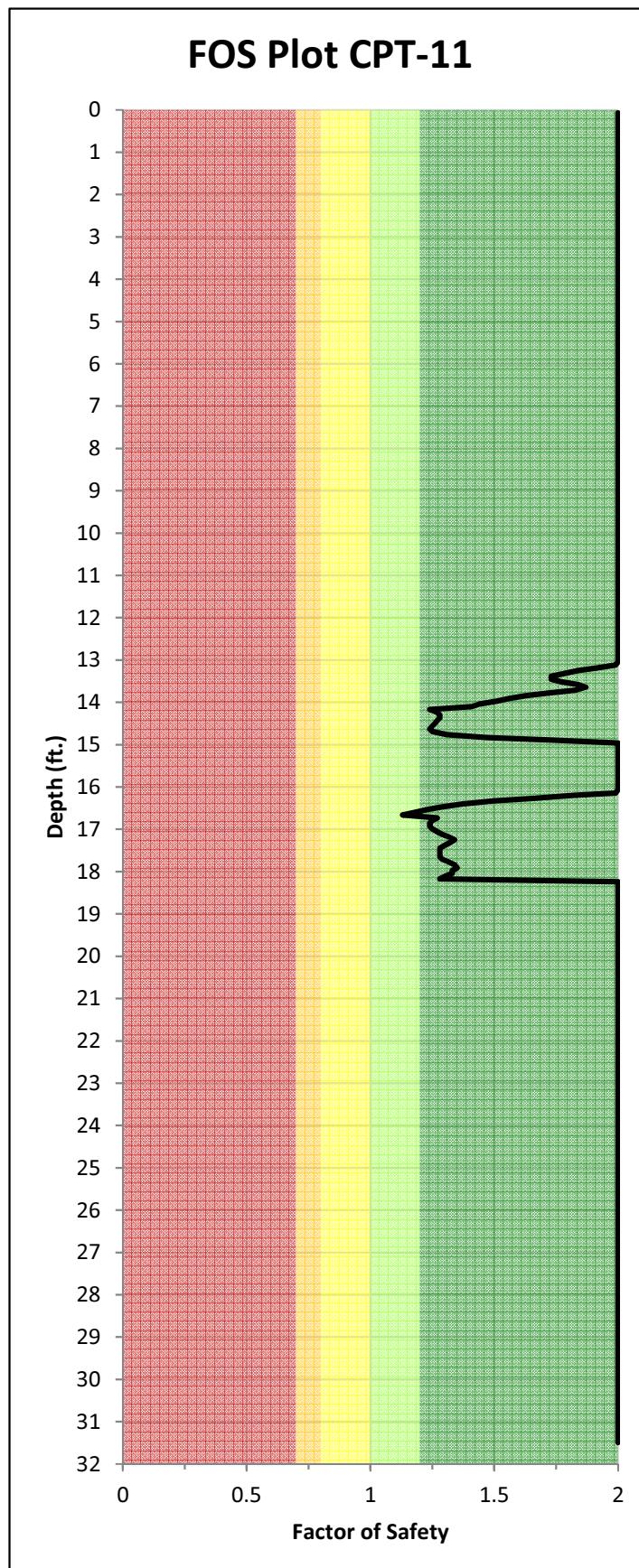
CSR = Cyclic Stress Ratio

Values interpreted based on generated CPT data output of cone friction, tip resistance and pore pressure versus depth

Ref: CLiq v.2.2.0.35

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Liquefaction Factor of Safety Plot CPT-11



FOS Color Scheme

- Red: Almost Certain it will liquefy
- Yellow: Very Likely to Liquefy
- Yellow-Green: Liquefaction and no. liq. are equally Likely
- Green: Unlikely to liquefy
- Dark Green: Almost certain it will not liquefy

FOS = CRR 7.5 /CSR

FOS = Factor of Safety

CRR 7.5 = Cyclic Resistance Ratio

CSR = Cyclic Stress Ratio

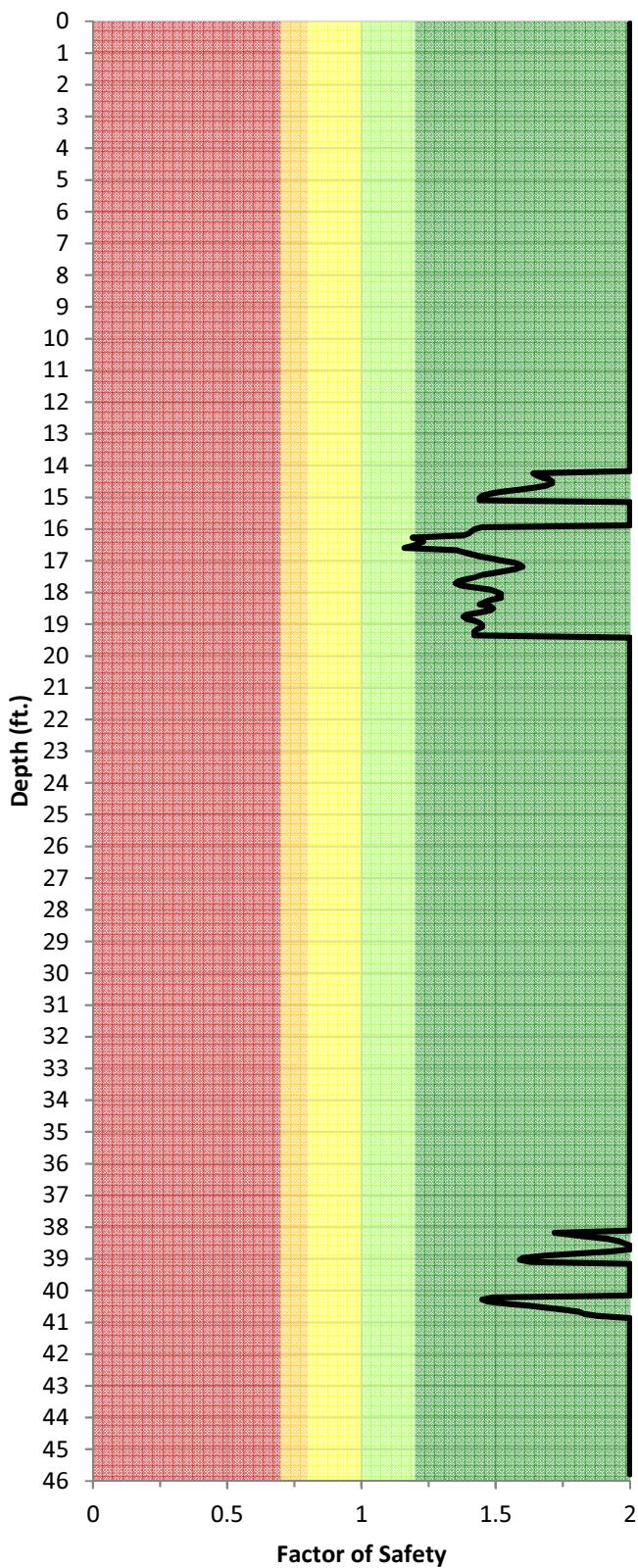
Values interpreted based on generated CPT data output of cone friction, tip resistance and pore pressure versus depth

Ref: CLiq v.2.2.0.35

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Liquefaction Factor of Safety Plot CPT-12

FOS Plot CPT-12



FOS Color Scheme

- [Red Box] Almost Certain it will liquefy
- [Yellow Box] Very Likely to Liquefy
- [Yellow Box] Liquefaction and no. liq. are equally Likely
- [Light Green Box] Unlikely to liquefy
- [Dark Green Box] Almost certain it will not liquefy

FOS = CRR 7.5 /CSR

FOS = Factor of Safety

CRR 7.5 = Cyclic Resistance Ratio

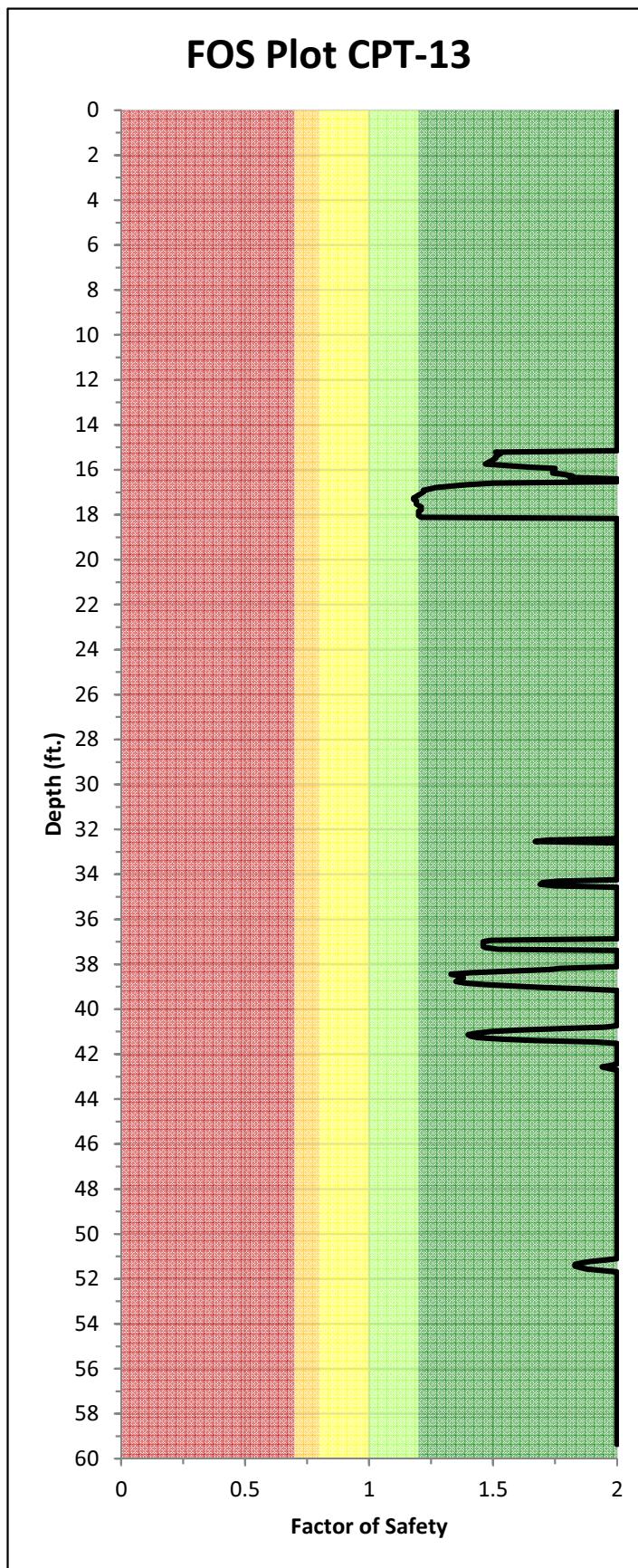
CSR = Cyclic Stress Ratio

Values interpreted based on generated CPT data output of cone friction, tip resistance and pore pressure versus depth

Ref: CLiq v.2.2.0.35

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Liquefaction Factor of Safety Plot CPT-13



FOS Color Scheme

- Red: Almost Certain it will liquefy
- Yellow: Very Likely to Liquefy
- Yellow: Liquefaction and no. liq. are equally Likely
- Light Green: Unlikely to liquefy
- Dark Green: Almost certain it will not liquefy

FOS = CRR 7.5 /CSR

FOS = Factor of Safety

CRR 7.5 = Cyclic Resistance Ratio

CSR = Cyclic Stress Ratio

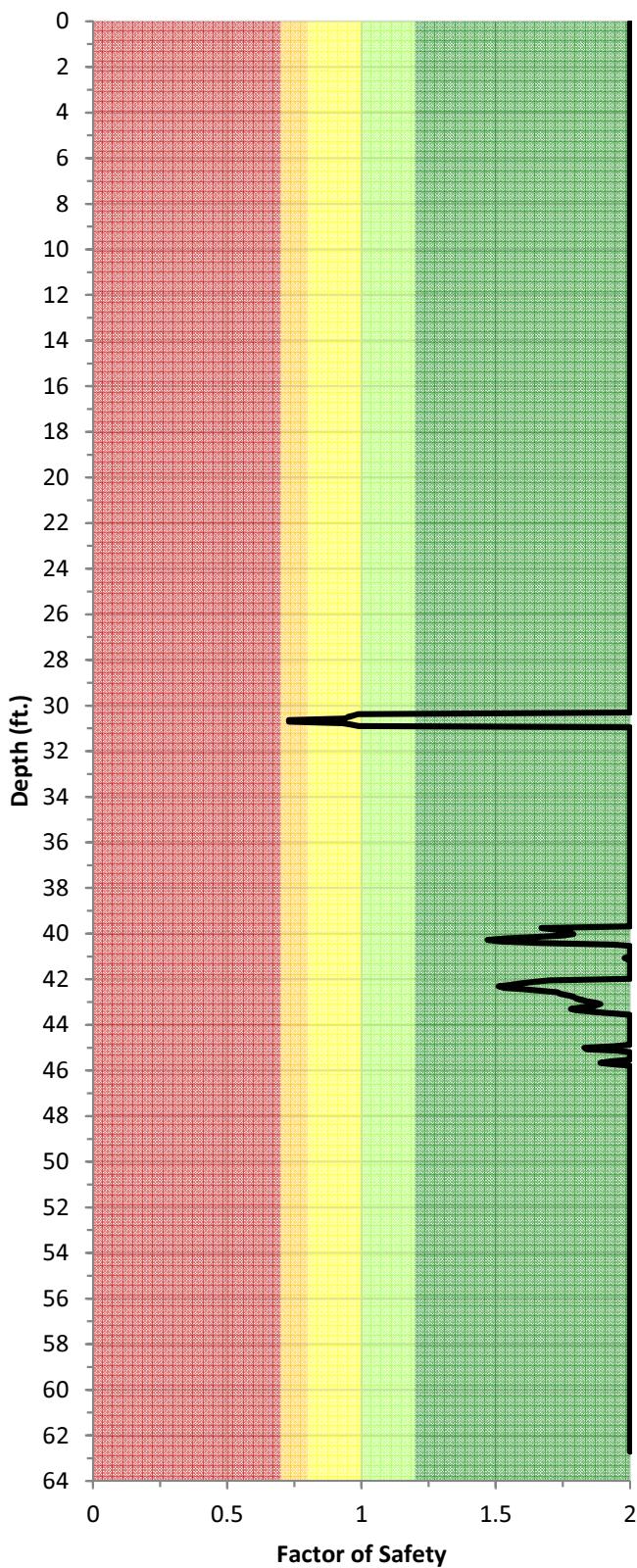
Values interpreted based on generated CPT data output of cone friction, tip resistance and pore pressure versus depth

Ref: CLiq v.2.2.0.35

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Liquefaction Factor of Safety Plot CPT-14

FOS Plot CPT-14



FOS Color Scheme

- Red: Almost Certain it will liquefy
- Yellow: Very Likely to Liquefy
- Yellow-Green: Liquefaction and no. liq. are equally Likely
- Green: Unlikely to liquefy
- Dark Green: Almost certain it will not liquefy

FOS = CRR 7.5 /CSR

FOS = Factor of Safety

CRR 7.5 = Cyclic Resistance Ratio

CSR = Cyclic Stress Ratio

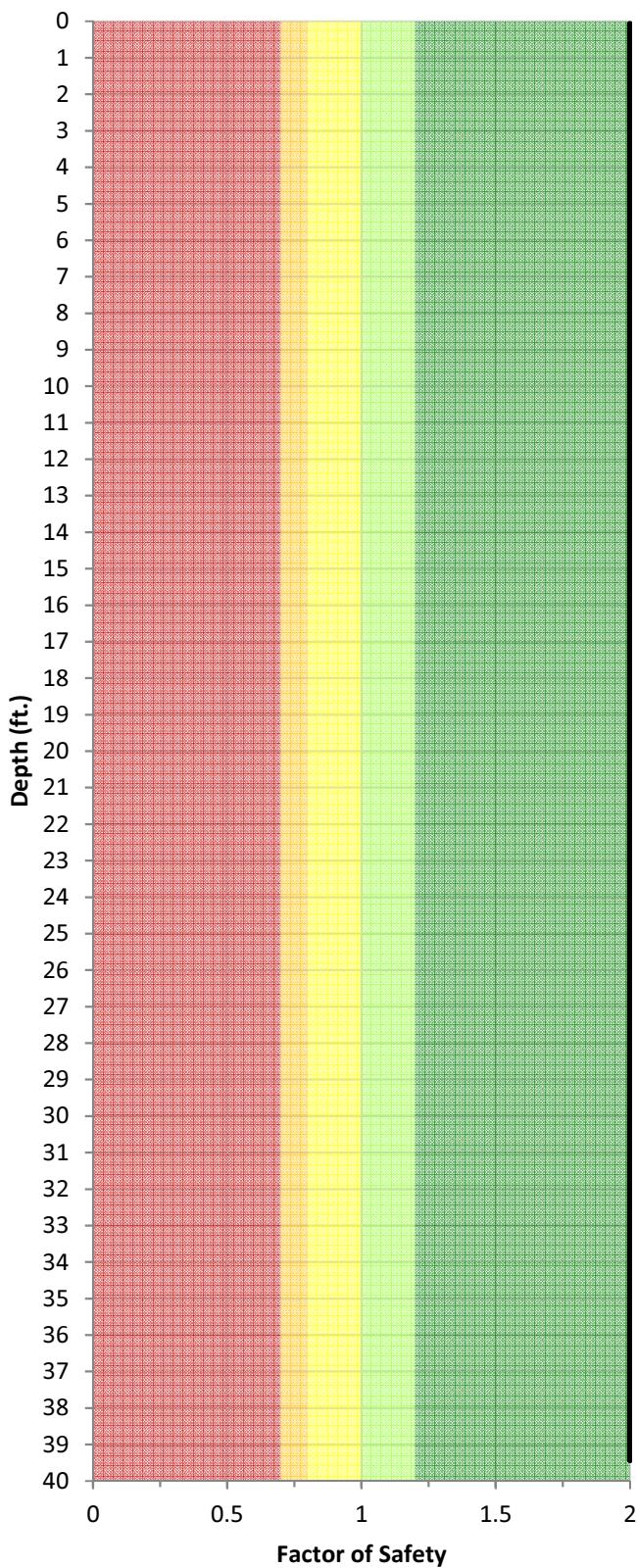
Values interpreted based on generated CPT data output of cone friction, tip resistance and pore pressure versus depth

Ref: CLiq v.2.2.0.35

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Liquefaction Factor of Safety Plot CPT-15

FOS Plot CPT-15



FOS Color Scheme

- █ Almost Certain it will liquefy
- █ Very Likely to Liquefy
- █ Liquefaction and no. liq. are equally Likely
- █ Unlikely to liquefy
- █ Almost certain it will not liquefy

FOS = CRR 7.5 /CSR

FOS = Factor of Safety

CRR 7.5 = Cyclic Resistance Ratio

CSR = Cyclic Stress Ratio

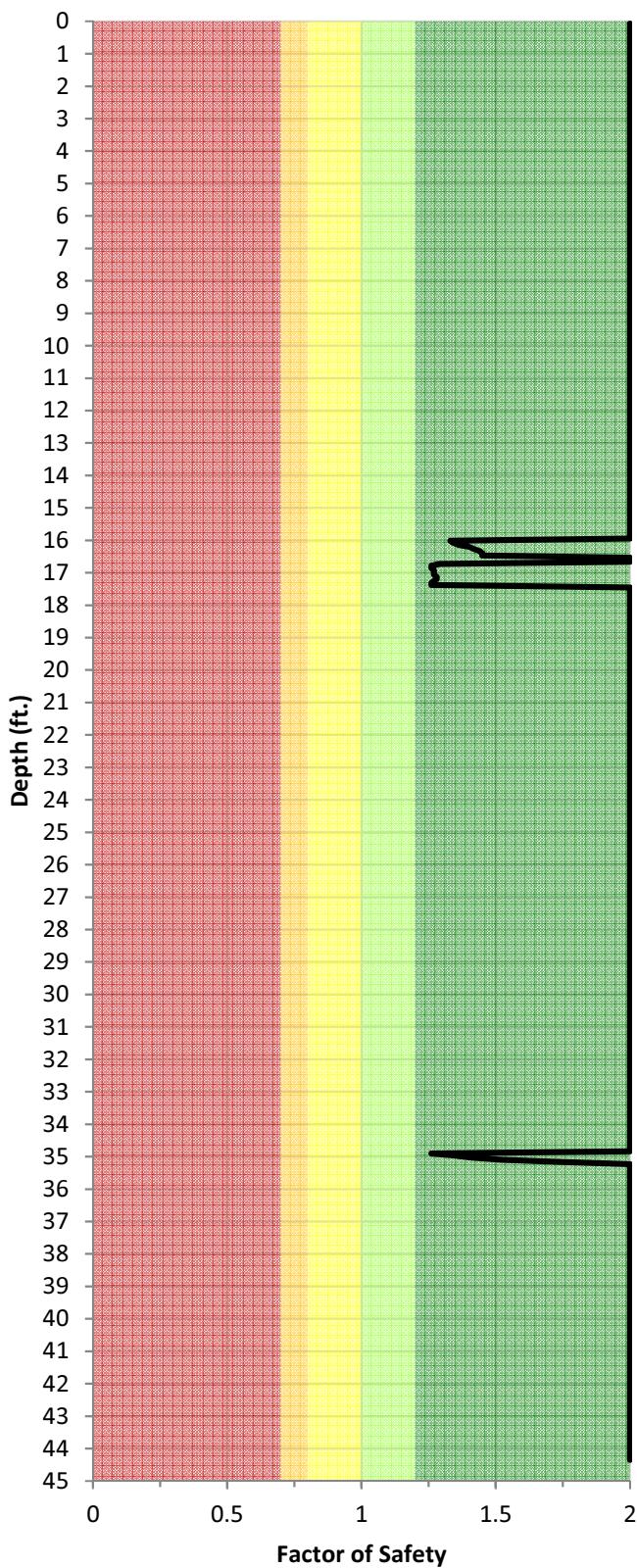
Values interpreted based on generated CPT data output of cone friction, tip resistance and pore pressure versus depth

Ref: CLiq v.2.2.0.35

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Liquefaction Factor of Safety Plot CPT-16

FOS Plot CPT-16



FOS Color Scheme

- Red: Almost Certain it will liquefy
- Yellow: Very Likely to Liquefy
- Yellow: Liquefaction and no. liq. are equally Likely
- Light Green: Unlikely to liquefy
- Dark Green: Almost certain it will not liquefy

FOS = CRR 7.5 /CSR

FOS = Factor of Safety

CRR 7.5 = Cyclic Resistance Ratio

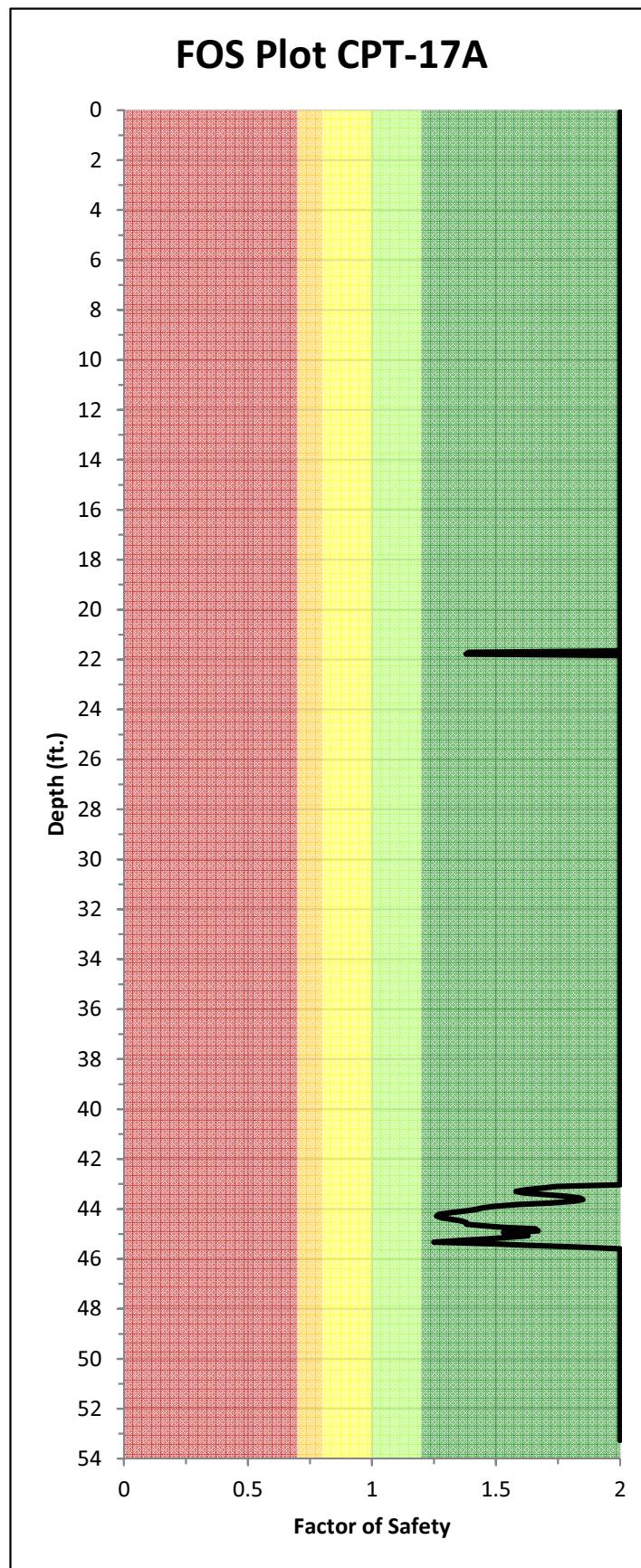
CSR = Cyclic Stress Ratio

Values interpreted based on generated CPT data output of cone friction, tip resistance and pore pressure versus depth

Ref: CLiq v.2.2.0.35

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Liquefaction Factor of Safety Plot CPT-17A



FOS Color Scheme

- Red: Almost Certain it will liquefy
- Orange: Very Likely to Liquefy
- Yellow: Liquefaction and no. liq. are equally Likely
- Light Green: Unlikely to liquefy
- Dark Green: Almost certain it will not liquefy

FOS = CRR 7.5 /CSR

FOS = Factor of Safety

CRR 7.5 = Cyclic Resistance Ratio

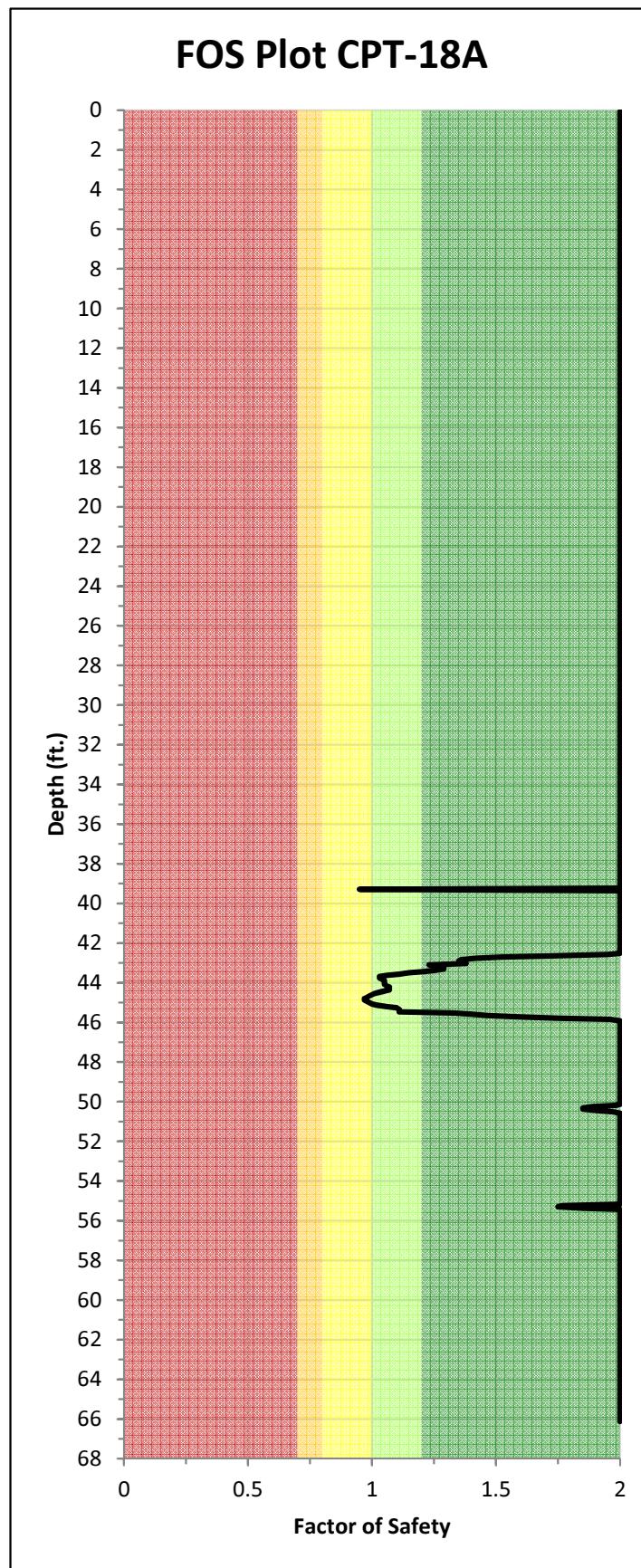
CSR = Cyclic Stress Ratio

Values interpreted based on generated CPT data output of cone friction, tip resistance and pore pressure versus depth

Ref: CLiq v.2.2.0.35

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Liquefaction Factor of Safety Plot CPT-18A



FOS Color Scheme

- Red: Almost Certain it will liquefy
- Orange: Very Likely to Liquefy
- Yellow: Liquefaction and no. liq. are equally Likely
- Light Green: Unlikely to liquefy
- Dark Green: Almost certain it will not liquefy

FOS = CRR 7.5 /CSR

FOS = Factor of Safety

CRR 7.5 = Cyclic Resistance Ratio

CSR = Cyclic Stress Ratio

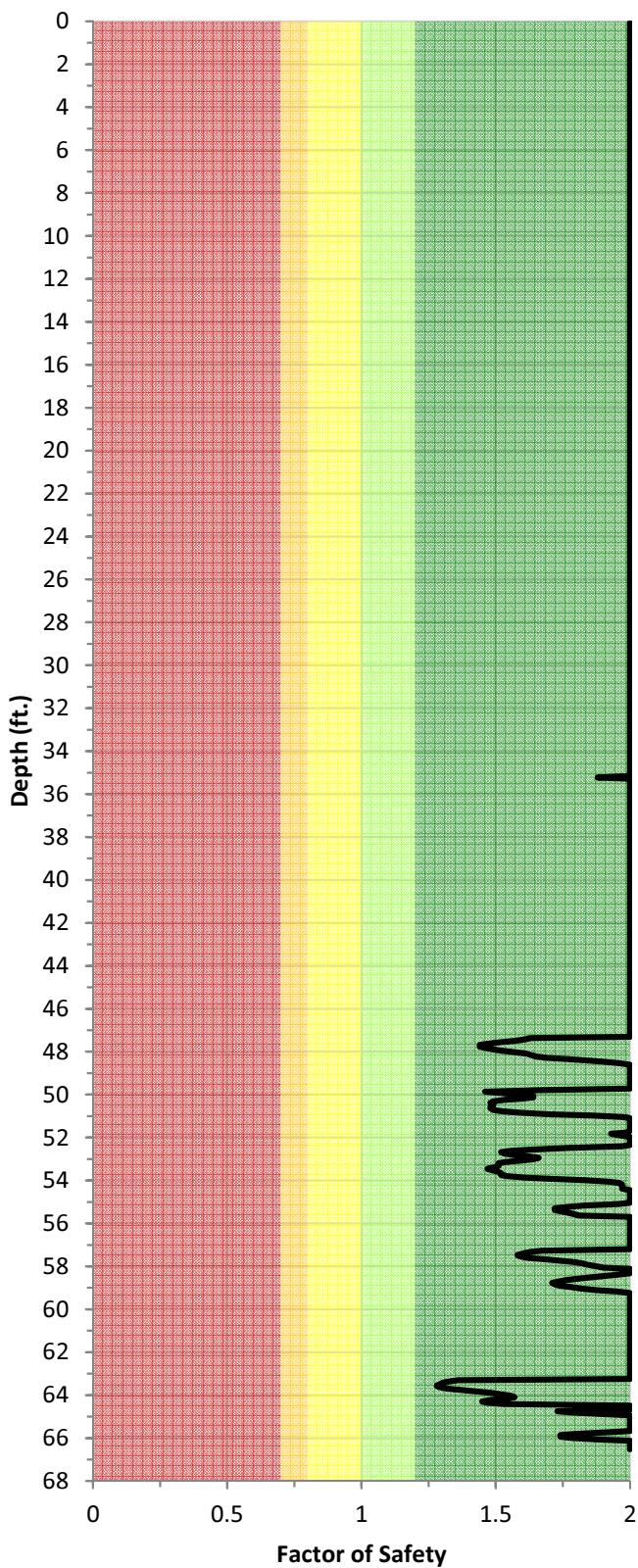
Values interpreted based on generated CPT data output of cone friction, tip resistance and pore pressure versus depth

Ref: CLiq v.2.2.0.35

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Liquefaction Factor of Safety Plot CPT-19

FOS Plot CPT-19



FOS Color Scheme

- █ Almost Certain it will liquefy
- █ Very Likely to Liquefy
- █ Liquefaction and no. liq. are equally Likely
- █ Unlikely to liquefy
- █ Almost certain it will not liquefy

FOS = CRR 7.5 /CSR

FOS = Factor of Safety

CRR 7.5 = Cyclic Resistance Ratio

CSR = Cyclic Stress Ratio

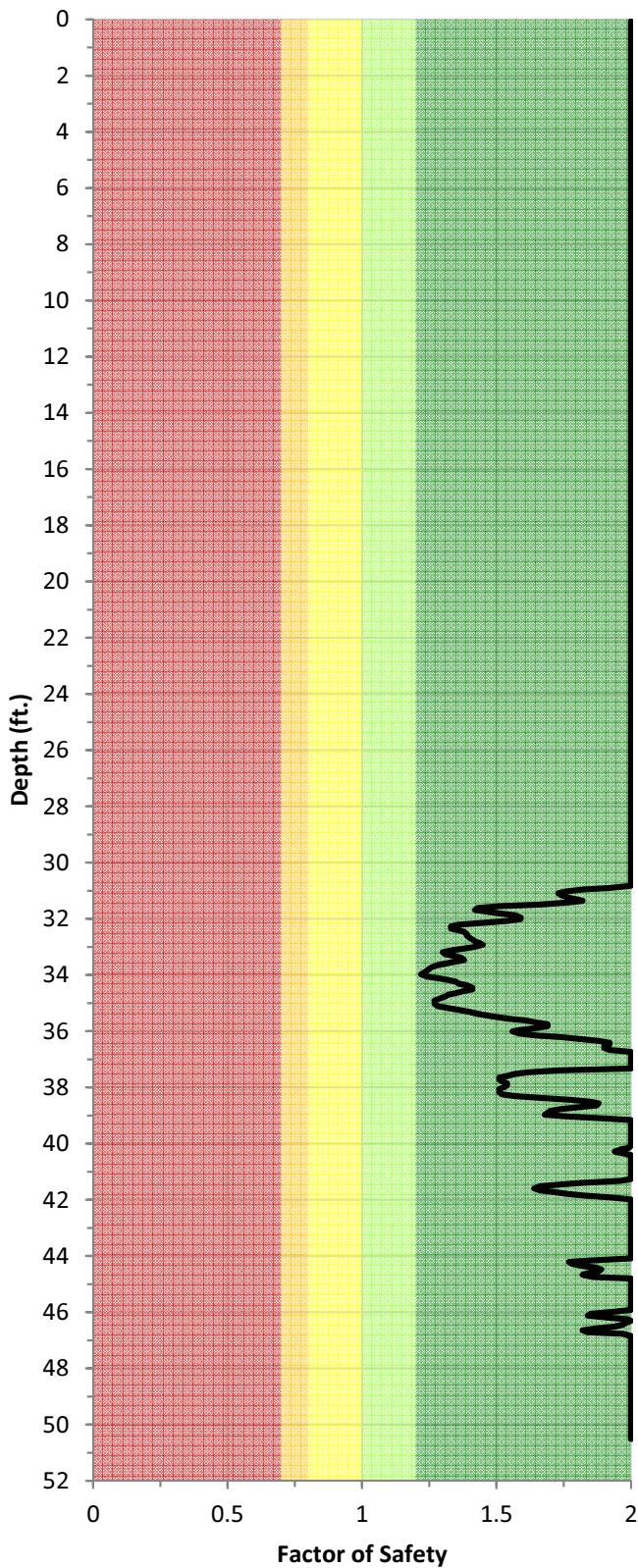
Values interpreted based on generated CPT data output of cone friction, tip resistance and pore pressure versus depth

Ref: CLiq v.2.2.0.35

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Liquefaction Factor of Safety Plot CPT-20

FOS Plot CPT-20



FOS Color Scheme

- Almost Certain it will liquefy
- Very Likely to Liquefy
- Liquefaction and no. liq. are equally Likely
- Unlikely to liquefy
- Almost certain it will not liquefy

FOS = CRR 7.5 /CSR

FOS = Factor of Safety

CRR 7.5 = Cyclic Resistance Ratio

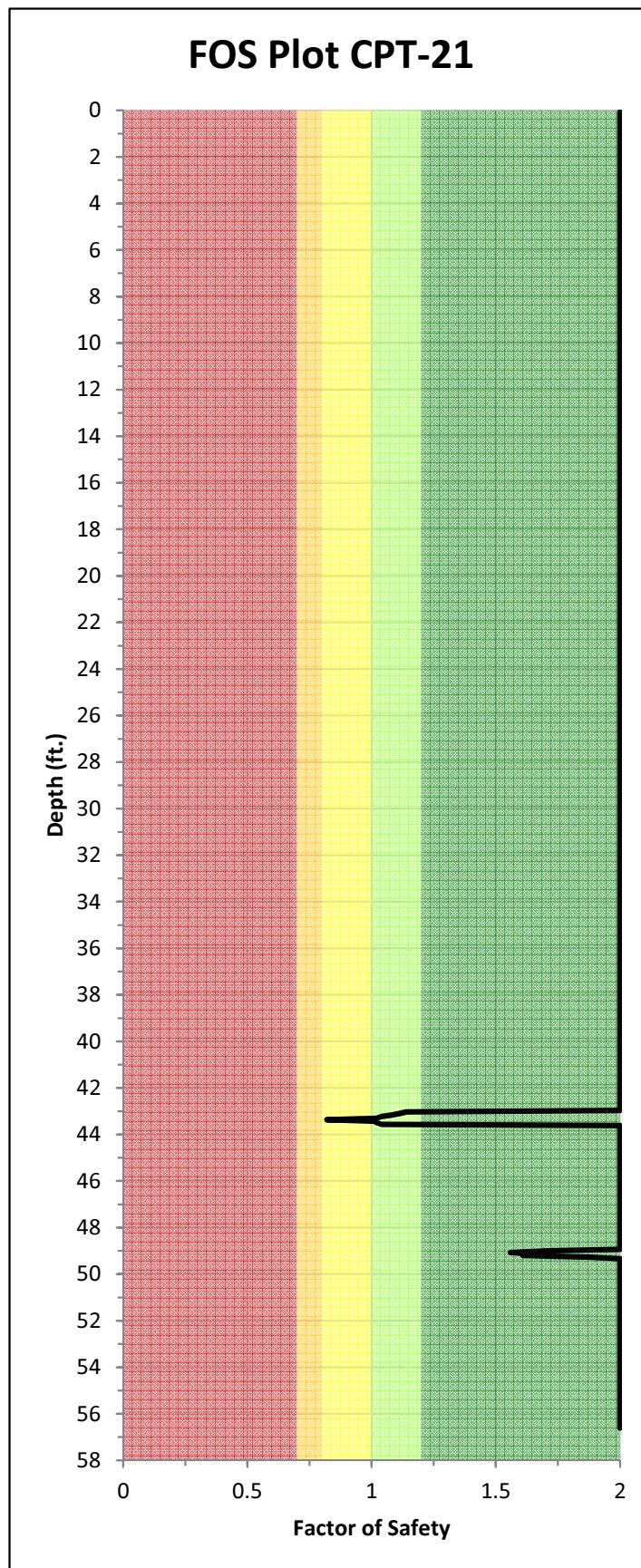
CSR = Cyclic Stress Ratio

Values interpreted based on generated CPT data output of cone friction, tip resistance and pore pressure versus depth

Ref: CLiq v.2.2.0.35

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Liquefaction Factor of Safety Plot CPT-21



FOS Color Scheme

- Red: Almost Certain it will liquefy
- Orange/Yellow: Very Likely to Liquefy
- Yellow: Liquefaction and no. liq. are equally Likely
- Light Green: Unlikely to liquefy
- Dark Green: Almost certain it will not liquefy

FOS = CRR 7.5 /CSR

FOS = Factor of Safety

CRR 7.5 = Cyclic Resistance Ratio

CSR = Cyclic Stress Ratio

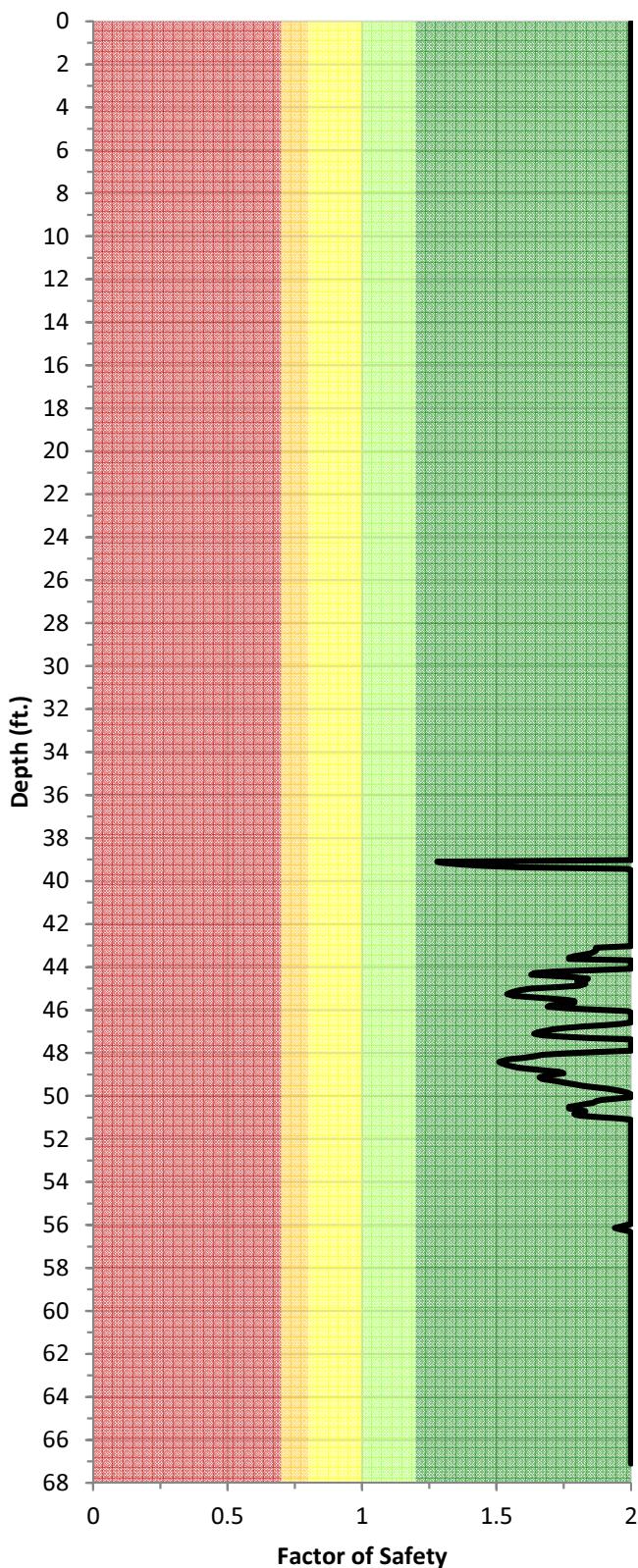
Values interpreted based on generated CPT data output of cone friction, tip resistance and pore pressure versus depth

Ref: CLiq v.2.2.0.35

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Liquefaction Factor of Safety Plot CPT-22

FOS Plot CPT-22



FOS Color Scheme

- Red: Almost Certain it will liquefy
- Yellow: Very Likely to Liquefy
- Yellow-Green: Liquefaction and no. liq. are equally Likely
- Green: Unlikely to liquefy
- Dark Green: Almost certain it will not liquefy

FOS = CRR 7.5 /CSR

FOS = Factor of Safety

CRR 7.5 = Cyclic Resistance Ratio

CSR = Cyclic Stress Ratio

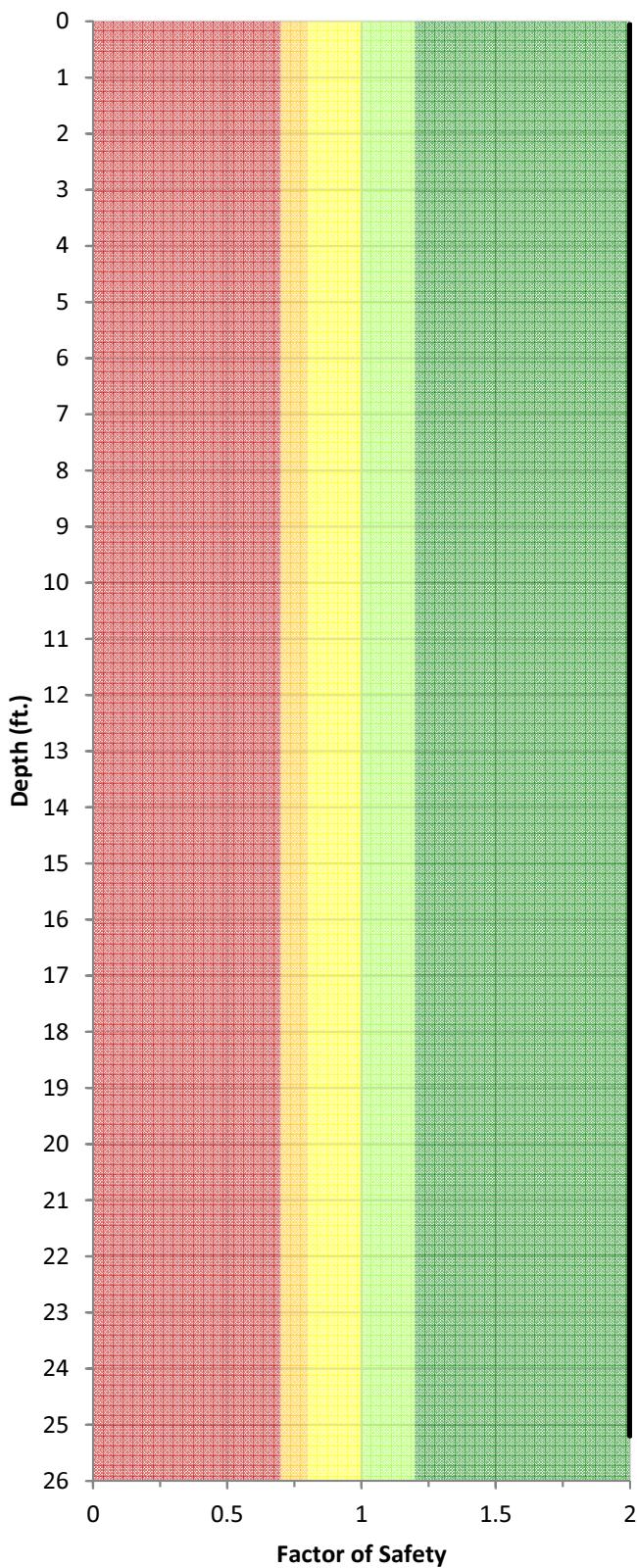
Values interpreted based on generated CPT data output of cone friction, tip resistance and pore pressure versus depth

Ref: CLiq v.2.2.0.35

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Liquefaction Factor of Safety Plot CPT-23

FOS Plot CPT-23



FOS Color Scheme

- Red: Almost Certain it will liquefy
- Orange: Very Likely to Liquefy
- Yellow: Liquefaction and no. liq. are equally Likely
- Light Green: Unlikely to liquefy
- Dark Green: Almost certain it will not liquefy

FOS = CRR 7.5 /CSR

FOS = Factor of Safety

CRR 7.5 = Cyclic Resistance Ratio

CSR = Cyclic Stress Ratio

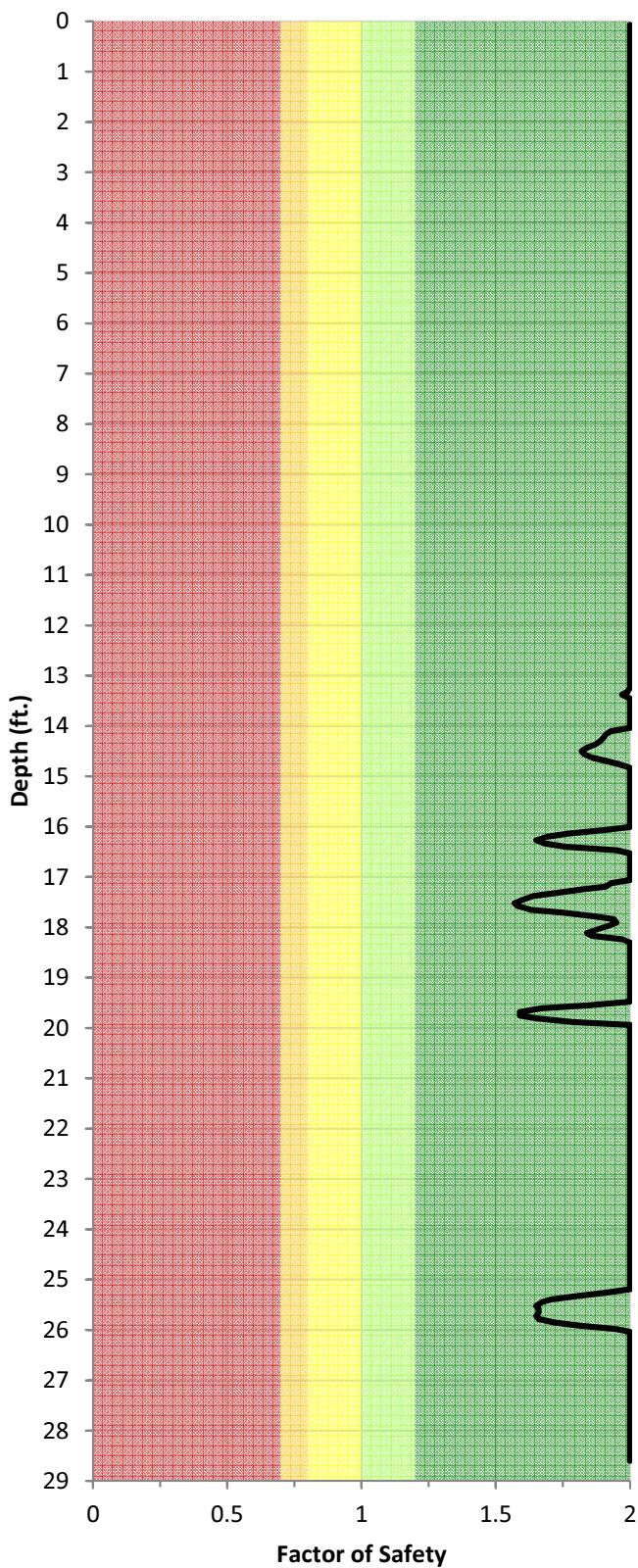
Values interpreted based on generated CPT data output of cone friction, tip resistance and pore pressure versus depth

Ref: CLiq v.2.2.0.35

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Liquefaction Factor of Safety Plot CPT-24

FOS Plot CPT-24



FOS Color Scheme

- Red: Almost Certain it will liquefy
- Yellow: Very Likely to Liquefy
- Yellow-Green: Liquefaction and no. liq. are equally Likely
- Green: Unlikely to liquefy
- Dark Green: Almost certain it will not liquefy

FOS = CRR 7.5 /CSR

FOS = Factor of Safety

CRR 7.5 = Cyclic Resistance Ratio

CSR = Cyclic Stress Ratio

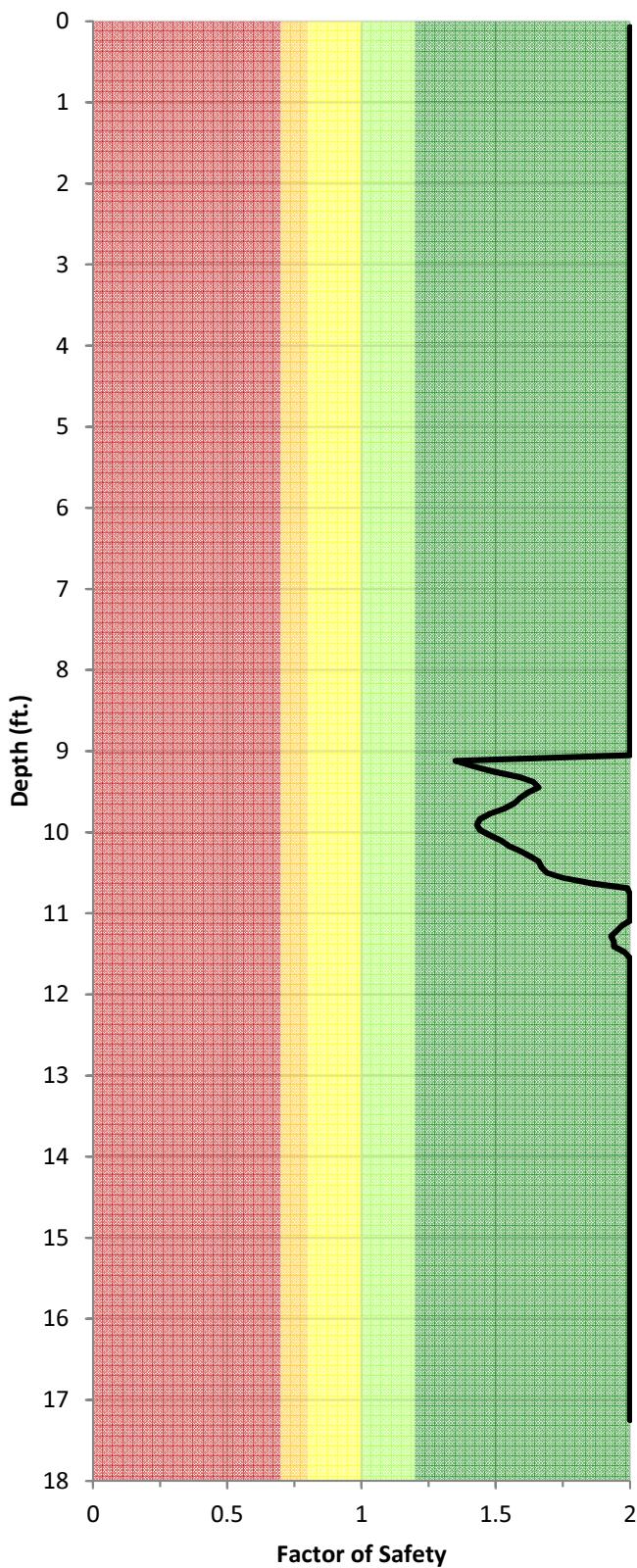
Values interpreted based on generated CPT data output of cone friction, tip resistance and pore pressure versus depth

Ref: CLiq v.2.2.0.35

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Liquefaction Factor of Safety Plot CPT-25

FOS Plot CPT-25



FOS Color Scheme

- [Red Box] Almost Certain it will liquefy
- [Yellow Box] Very Likely to Liquefy
- [Yellow Box] Liquefaction and no. liq. are equally Likely
- [Light Green Box] Unlikely to liquefy
- [Dark Green Box] Almost certain it will not liquefy

FOS = CRR 7.5 /CSR

FOS = Factor of Safety

CRR 7.5 = Cyclic Resistance Ratio

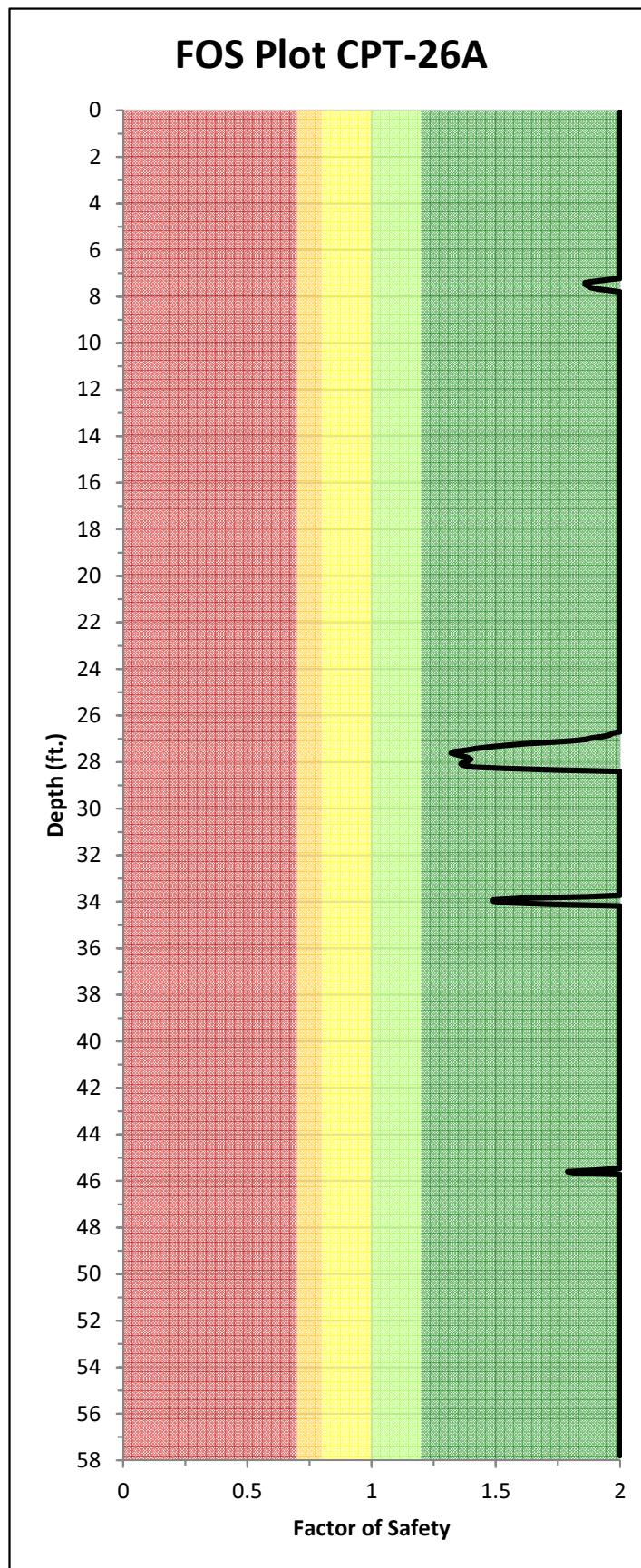
CSR = Cyclic Stress Ratio

Values interpreted based on generated CPT data output of cone friction, tip resistance and pore pressure versus depth

Ref: CLiq v.2.2.0.35

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Liquefaction Factor of Safety Plot CPT-26A



FOS Color Scheme

- Red: Almost Certain it will liquefy
- Yellow: Very Likely to Liquefy
- Yellow-Green: Liquefaction and no. liq. are equally Likely
- Green: Unlikely to liquefy
- Dark Green: Almost certain it will not liquefy

FOS = CRR 7.5 /CSR

FOS = Factor of Safety

CRR 7.5 = Cyclic Resistance Ratio

CSR = Cyclic Stress Ratio

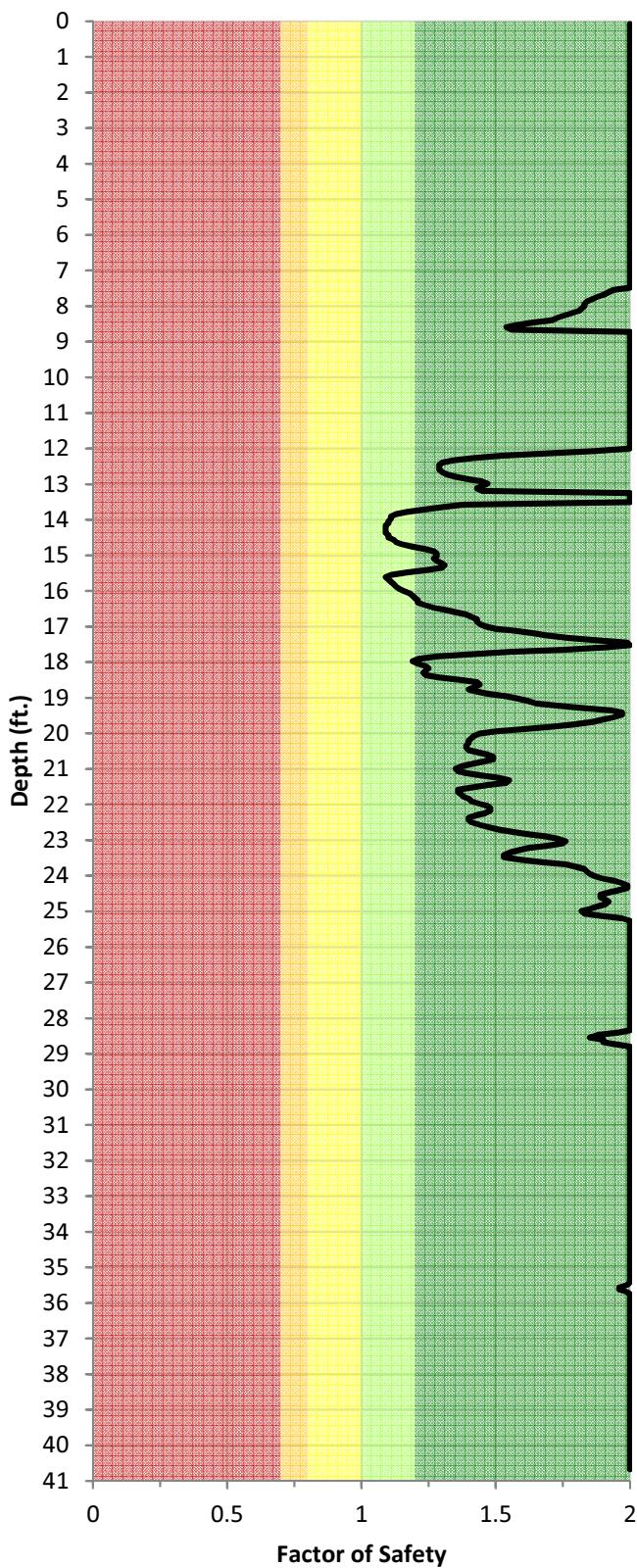
Values interpreted based on generated CPT data output of cone friction, tip resistance and pore pressure versus depth

Ref: CLiq v.2.2.0.35

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Liquefaction Factor of Safety Plot CPT-27

FOS Plot CPT-27



FOS Color Scheme

- █ Almost Certain it will liquefy
- █ Very Likely to Liquefy
- █ Liquefaction and no. liq. are equally Likely
- █ Unlikely to liquefy
- █ Almost certain it will not liquefy

FOS = CRR 7.5 /CSR

FOS = Factor of Safety

CRR 7.5 = Cyclic Resistance Ratio

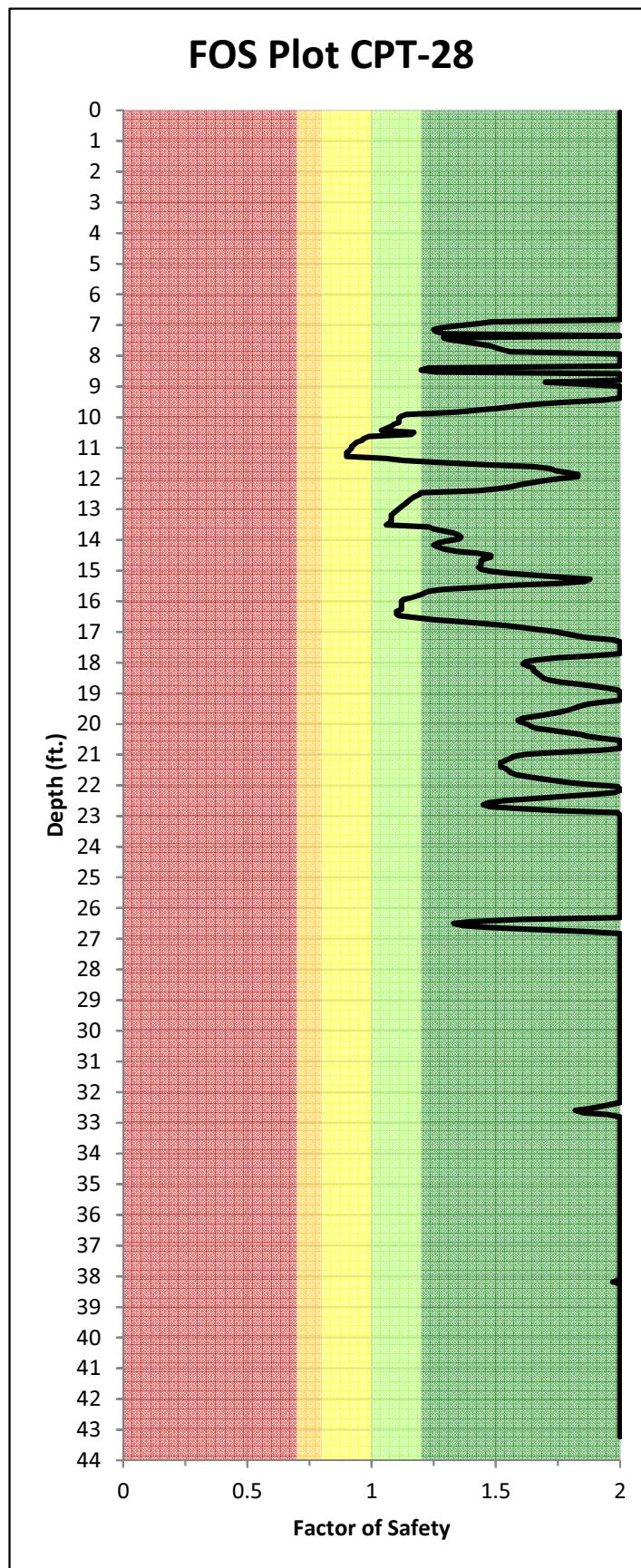
CSR = Cyclic Stress Ratio

Values interpreted based on generated CPT data output of cone friction, tip resistance and pore pressure versus depth

Ref: CLiq v.2.2.0.35

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Liquefaction Factor of Safety Plot CPT-28



FOS Color Scheme

- █ Almost Certain it will liquefy
- █ Very Likely to Liquefy
- █ Liquefaction and no. liq. are equally Likely
- █ Unlikely to liquefy
- █ Almost certain it will not liquefy

FOS = CRR 7.5 /CSR

FOS = Factor of Safety

CRR 7.5 = Cyclic Resistance Ratio

CSR = Cyclic Stress Ratio

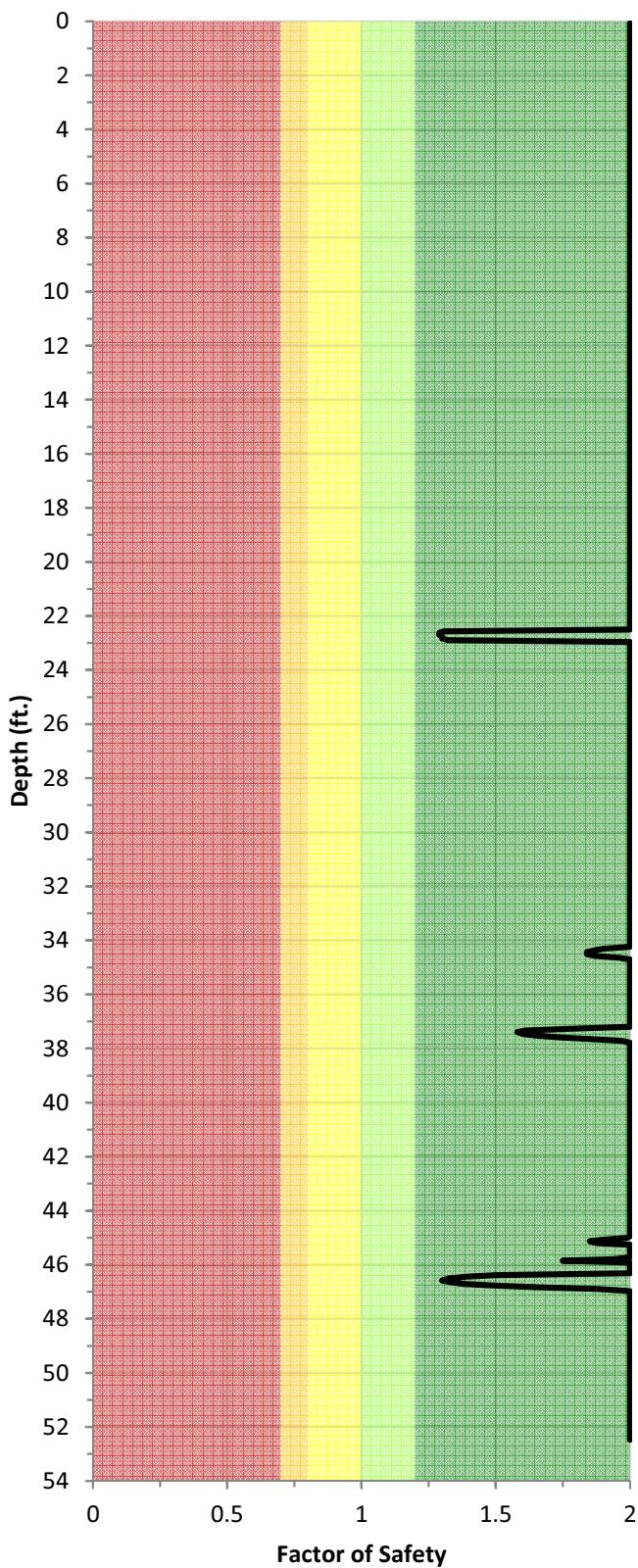
Values interpreted based on generated CPT data output of cone friction, tip resistance and pore pressure versus depth

Ref: CLiq v.2.2.0.35

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Liquefaction Factor of Safety Plot CPT-29

FOS Plot CPT-29



FOS Color Scheme

- Almost Certain it will liquefy
- Very Likely to Liquefy
- Liquefaction and no. liq. are equally Likely
- Unlikely to liquefy
- Almost certain it will not liquefy

FOS = CRR 7.5 /CSR

FOS = Factor of Safety

CRR 7.5 = Cyclic Resistance Ratio

CSR = Cyclic Stress Ratio

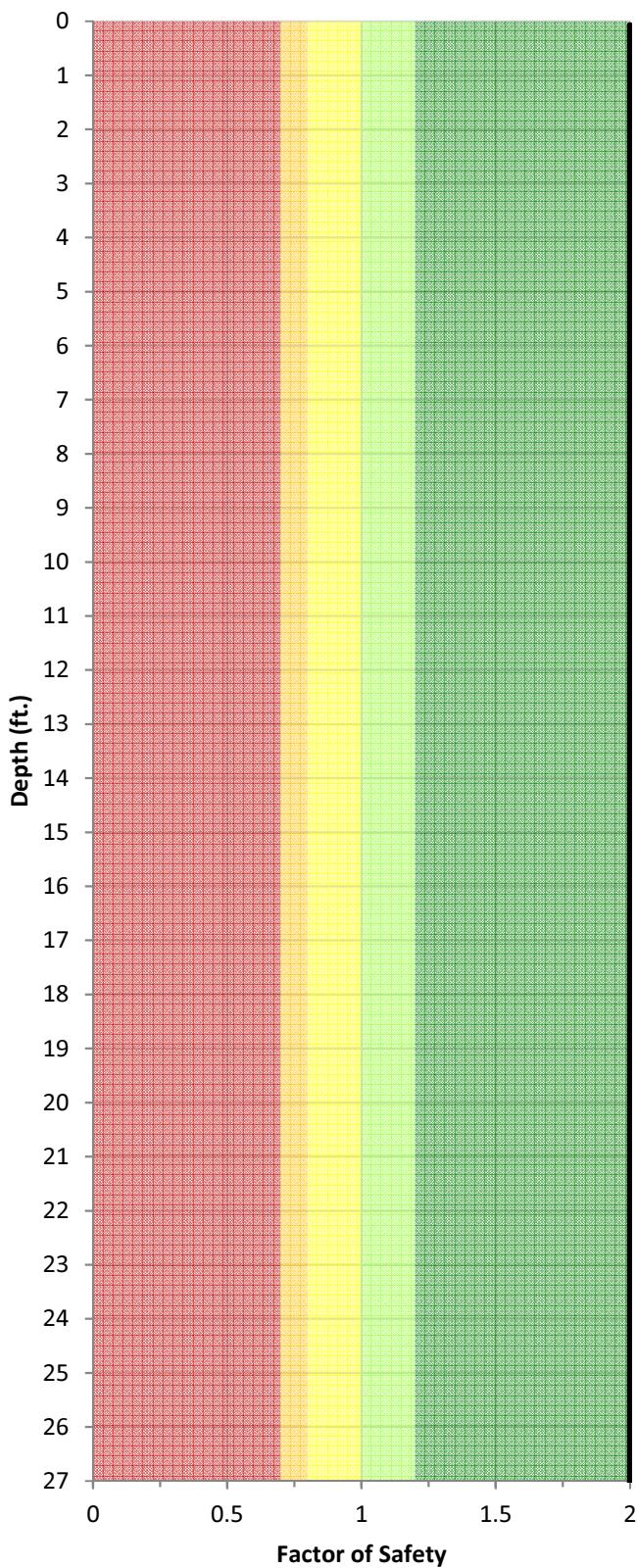
Values interpreted based on generated CPT data output of cone friction, tip resistance and pore pressure versus depth

Ref: CLiq v.2.2.0.35

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Liquefaction Factor of Safety Plot CPT-30

FOS Plot CPT-30



FOS Color Scheme

- █ Almost Certain it will liquefy
- █ Very Likely to Liquefy
- █ Liquefaction and no. liq. are equally Likely
- █ Unlikely to liquefy
- █ Almost certain it will not liquefy

FOS = CRR 7.5 /CSR

FOS = Factor of Safety

CRR 7.5 = Cyclic Resistance Ratio

CSR = Cyclic Stress Ratio

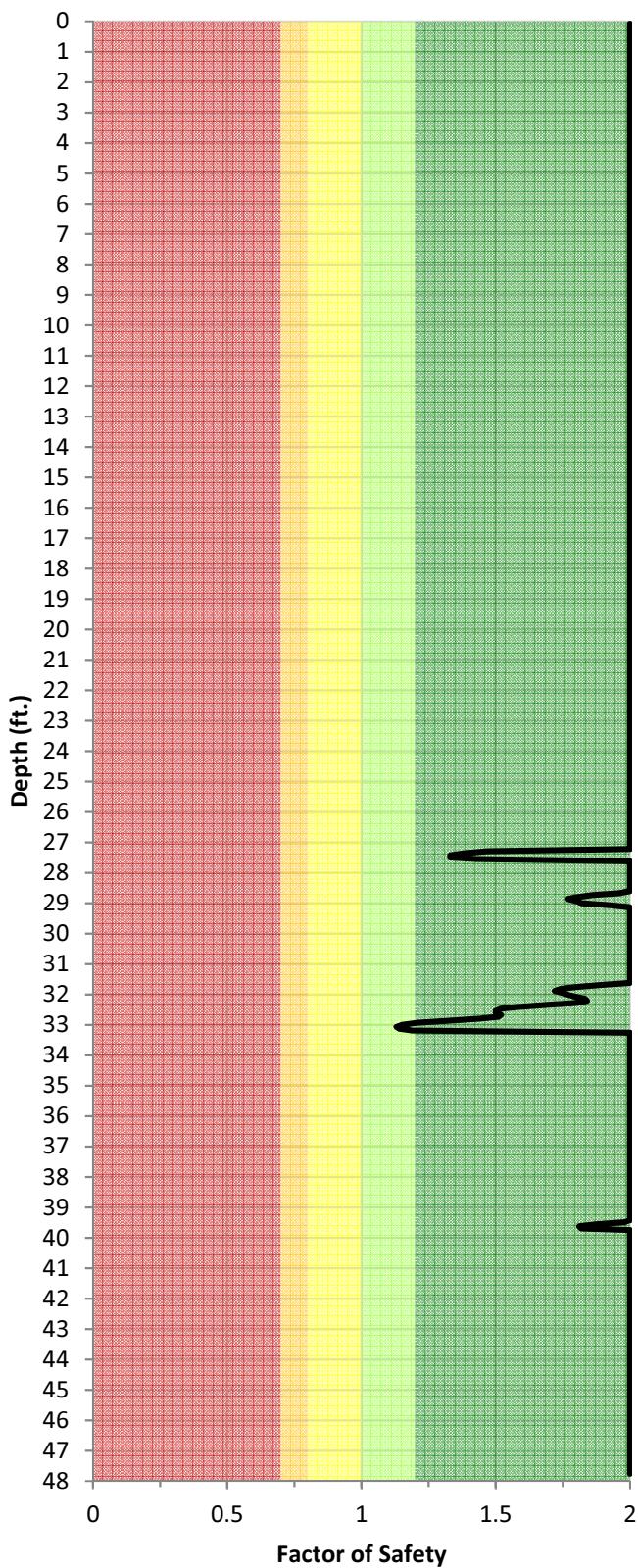
Values interpreted based on generated CPT data output of cone friction, tip resistance and pore pressure versus depth

Ref: CLiq v.2.2.0.35

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Liquefaction Factor of Safety Plot CPT-31

FOS Plot CPT-31



FOS Color Scheme

- █ Almost Certain it will liquefy
- █ Very Likely to Liquefy
- █ Liquefaction and no. liq. are equally Likely
- █ Unlikely to liquefy
- █ Almost certain it will not liquefy

FOS = CRR 7.5 /CSR

FOS = Factor of Safety

CRR 7.5 = Cyclic Resistance Ratio

CSR = Cyclic Stress Ratio

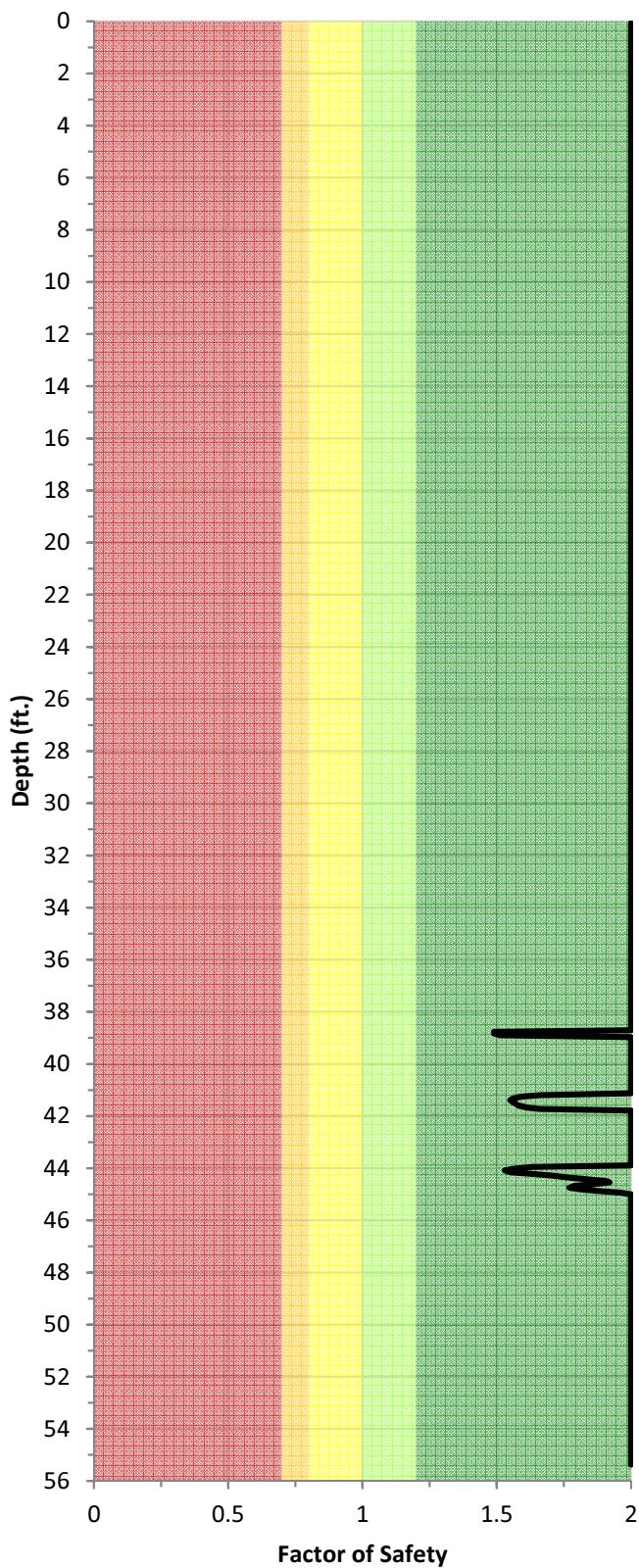
Values interpreted based on generated CPT data output of cone friction, tip resistance and pore pressure versus depth

Ref: CLiq v.2.2.0.35

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Liquefaction Factor of Safety Plot CPT-32

FOS Plot CPT-32



FOS Color Scheme

- Red: Almost Certain it will liquefy
- Orange: Very Likely to Liquefy
- Yellow: Liquefaction and no. liq. are equally Likely
- Light Green: Unlikely to liquefy
- Dark Green: Almost certain it will not liquefy

FOS = CRR 7.5 /CSR

FOS = Factor of Safety

CRR 7.5 = Cyclic Resistance Ratio

CSR = Cyclic Stress Ratio

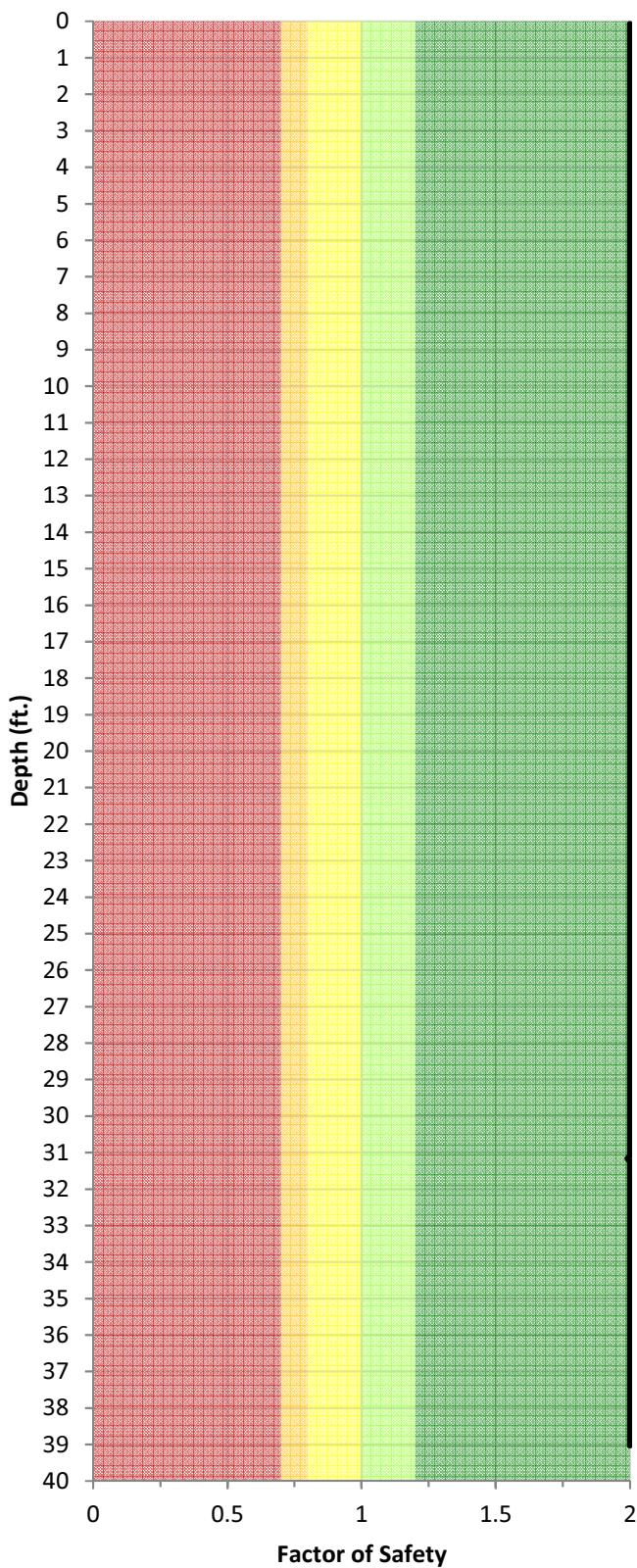
Values interpreted based on generated CPT data output of cone friction, tip resistance and pore pressure versus depth

Ref: CLiq v.2.2.0.35

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Liquefaction Factor of Safety Plot CPT-33

FOS Plot CPT-33



FOS Color Scheme

- █ Almost Certain it will liquefy
- █ Very Likely to Liquefy
- █ Liquefaction and no. liq. are equally Likely
- █ Unlikely to liquefy
- █ Almost certain it will not liquefy

FOS = CRR 7.5 /CSR

FOS = Factor of Safety

CRR 7.5 = Cyclic Resistance Ratio

CSR = Cyclic Stress Ratio

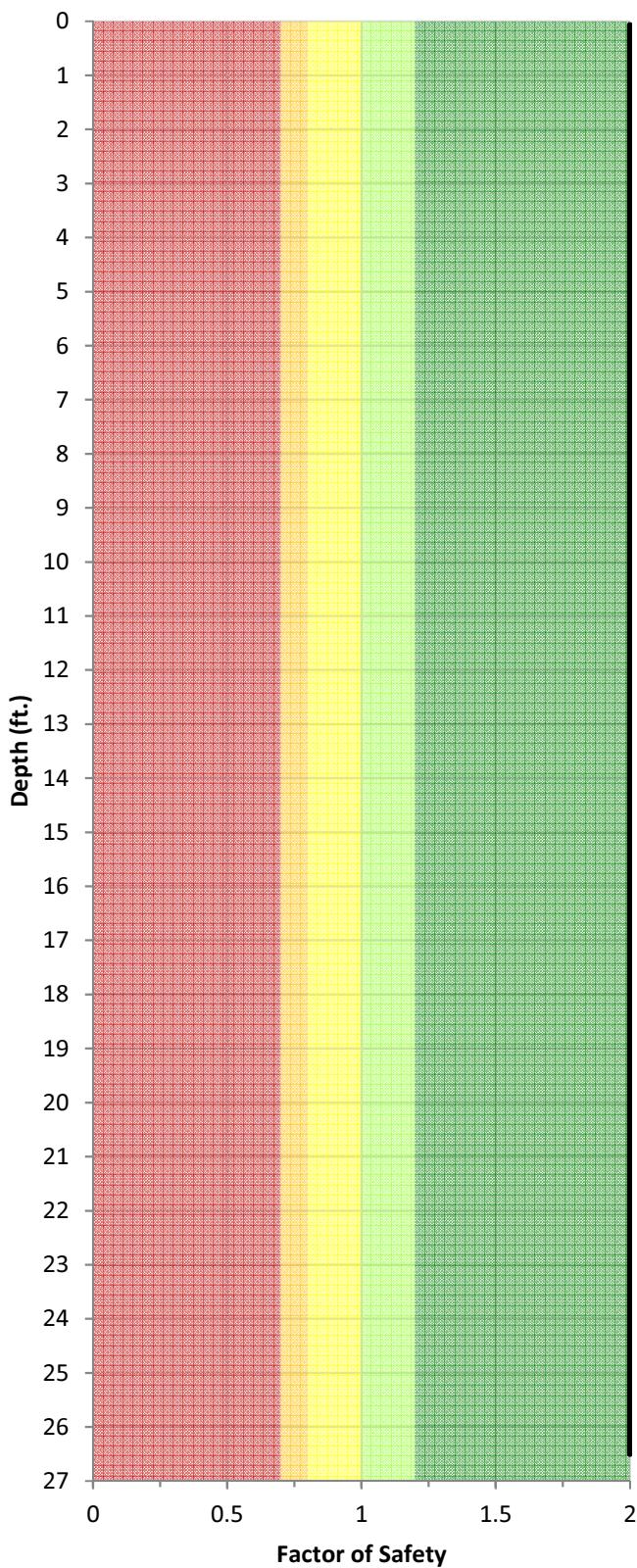
Values interpreted based on generated CPT data output of cone friction, tip resistance and pore pressure versus depth

Ref: CLiq v.2.2.0.35

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Liquefaction Factor of Safety Plot CPT-34

FOS Plot CPT-34



FOS Color Scheme

- Red: Almost Certain it will liquefy
- Orange: Very Likely to Liquefy
- Yellow: Liquefaction and no. liq. are equally Likely
- Light Green: Unlikely to liquefy
- Dark Green: Almost certain it will not liquefy

FOS = CRR 7.5 /CSR

FOS = Factor of Safety

CRR 7.5 = Cyclic Resistance Ratio

CSR = Cyclic Stress Ratio

Values interpreted based on generated CPT data output of cone friction, tip resistance and pore pressure versus depth

Ref: CLiq v.2.2.0.35

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LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS

I.D.O.T. Bureau of Bridges and Structures FOUNDATIONS AND GEOTECHNICAL UNIT

Modified 1/27/2011

REFERENCE BORING NUMBER ===== GWA-7
 ELEVATION OF BORING GROUND SURFACE ===== 349.00 FT.
 DEPTH TO GROUNDWATER - DURING DRILLING ===== 21.00 FT. (Below Boring Ground Surface)
 DEPTH TO GROUNDWATER - DURING EARTHQUAKE ===== 21.00 FT. (Below Finished Grade Cut or Fill Surface)
 PEAK HORIZ. GROUND SURFACE ACCELERATION COEFFICIENT (As) ===== 0.131
 EARTHQUAKE MOMENT MAGNITUDE ===== 7.5
 FINISHED GRADE FILL OR CUT FROM BORING SURFACE ===== 0.00 FT.
 HAMMER EFFICIENCY===== 80 %
 BOREHOLE DIAMETER===== 2.5 to 4.5 IN.
 SAMPLING METHOD===== Sampler w/out Liners

EQ MAGNITUDE SCALING FACTOR
 (MSF) = 1.000

AVG. SHEAR WAVE VELOCITY (top 40')
 $V_{s,40} = 546 \text{ FT./SEC.}$

PGA CALCULATOR

Earthquake Moment Magnitude =
 Source-To-Site Distance, R (km) =
 Ground Motion Prediction Equations =
 PGA =

ELEV. OF SAMPLE (FT.)	BORING DATA						CONDITIONS DURING DRILLING						CONDITIONS DURING EARTHQUAKE						
	BORING SAMPLE	SPT N	UNCONF. COMPR.	% FINES < #200	PLAST. INDEX PI	LIQUID LIMIT LL	MOIST. CONTENT w_c (%)	EFFECTIVE UNIT WT. STRESS (KCF.)	CORR. SPT N VALUE	EQUIV. CLN. N VALUE (N_1) ₆₀	CRR RESIST. MAG 7.5 CRR 7.5	EFFECTIVE UNIT WT. STRESS (KSF.)	TOTAL VERT. STRESS (KSF.)	OVER-BURDEN CORR. FACT. (Ks)	CORR. RESIST. CRR 7.5 CRR	SOIL MASS PART. FACTOR (r _d)	EQ INDUCED CSR	FACTOR OF SAFETY * CRR/CSR	
348	1	7						0.114	0.114	13.316	13.316	0.144	0.114	0.114	1.500	0.215	0.997	0.085	N.L. (1)
343	6	7						0.114	0.684	11.137	11.137	0.123	0.114	0.684	0.684	0.161	0.977	0.083	N.L. (1)
338	11	8						0.116	1.264	11.994	11.994	0.131	0.116	1.264	1.264	0.149	0.948	0.081	N.L. (1)
333	16	5						0.111	1.819	7.084	7.084	0.088	0.111	1.819	1.819	0.091	0.907	0.077	N.L. (1)
328	21	7	95.2	27	67			0.114	2.389	9.125	15.950	0.170	0.114	2.389	2.389	0.164	0.855	0.073	N.L. (1)
323	26	9	95.2	27	67			0.060	2.689	11.280	18.536	0.198	0.060	2.689	3.001	0.185	0.797	0.076	N.L. (2)
318	31	18						0.066	3.019	22.445	22.445	0.248	0.066	3.019	3.643	0.223	0.740	0.076	2.934 (D)
313	36	17						0.066	3.349	19.871	19.871	0.214	0.066	3.349	4.285	0.187	0.690	0.075	2.493 (D)
308	41	45						0.075	3.724	57.013	57.013	0.374	0.075	3.724	4.972	0.299	0.652	0.074	N.L. (3)
303	46	55						0.077	4.109	66.011	66.011	0.453	0.077	4.109	5.669	0.348	0.624	0.073	N.L. (3)

* FACTOR OF SAFETY DESCRIPTIONS

N.L. (1) = NOT LIQUEFIABLE, ABOVE EQ GROUND WATER ELEVATION

N.L. (2) = NOT LIQUEFIABLE, PI \geq 12 OR $w_c/LL \leq 0.85$

N.L. (3) = NOT LIQUEFIABLE, (N_1)₆₀ $>$ 25

(C) = CONTRACTIVE SOIL TYPES

(D) = DILATIVE SOIL TYPES

LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS

I.D.O.T. Bureau of Bridges and Structures FOUNDATIONS AND GEOTECHNICAL UNIT

Modified 1/27/2011

REFERENCE BORING NUMBER ===== GWA-8
 ELEVATION OF BORING GROUND SURFACE ===== 349.00 FT.
 DEPTH TO GROUNDWATER - DURING DRILLING ===== 24.00 FT. (Below Boring Ground Surface)
 DEPTH TO GROUNDWATER - DURING EARTHQUAKE ===== 24.00 FT. (Below Finished Grade Cut or Fill Surface)
 PEAK HORIZ. GROUND SURFACE ACCELERATION COEFFICIENT (As) ===== 0.131
 EARTHQUAKE MOMENT MAGNITUDE ===== 7.5
 FINISHED GRADE FILL OR CUT FROM BORING SURFACE ===== 0.00 FT.
 HAMMER EFFICIENCY===== 80 %
 BOREHOLE DIAMETER===== 2.5 to 4.5 IN.
 SAMPLING METHOD===== Sampler w/out Liners

EQ MAGNITUDE SCALING FACTOR
 (MSF) = 1.000

AVG. SHEAR WAVE VELOCITY (top 40')
 $V_{s,40} = 563 \text{ FT./SEC.}$

PGA CALCULATOR

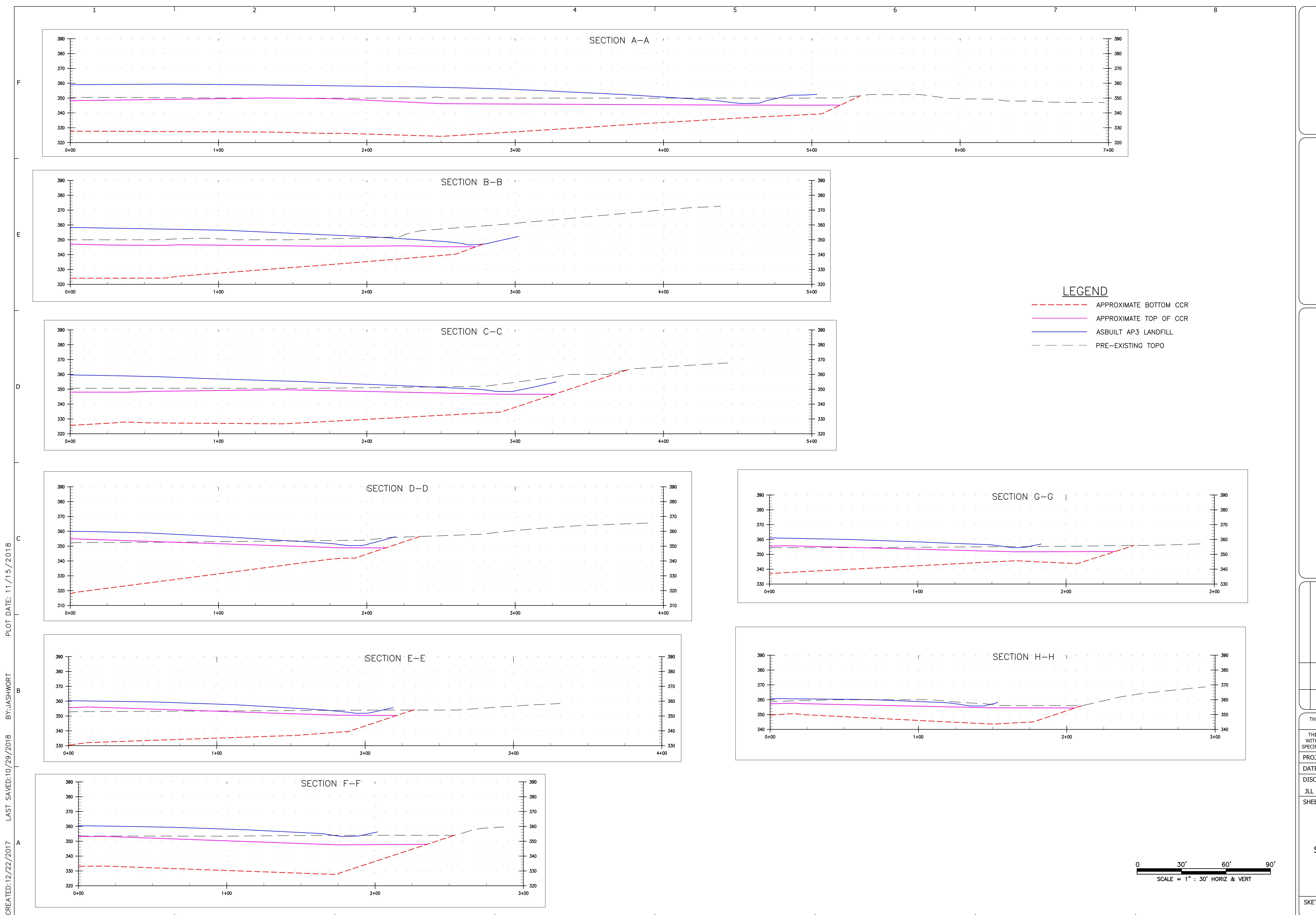
Earthquake Moment Magnitude =
 Source-To-Site Distance, R (km) =
 Ground Motion Prediction Equations =
 PGA =

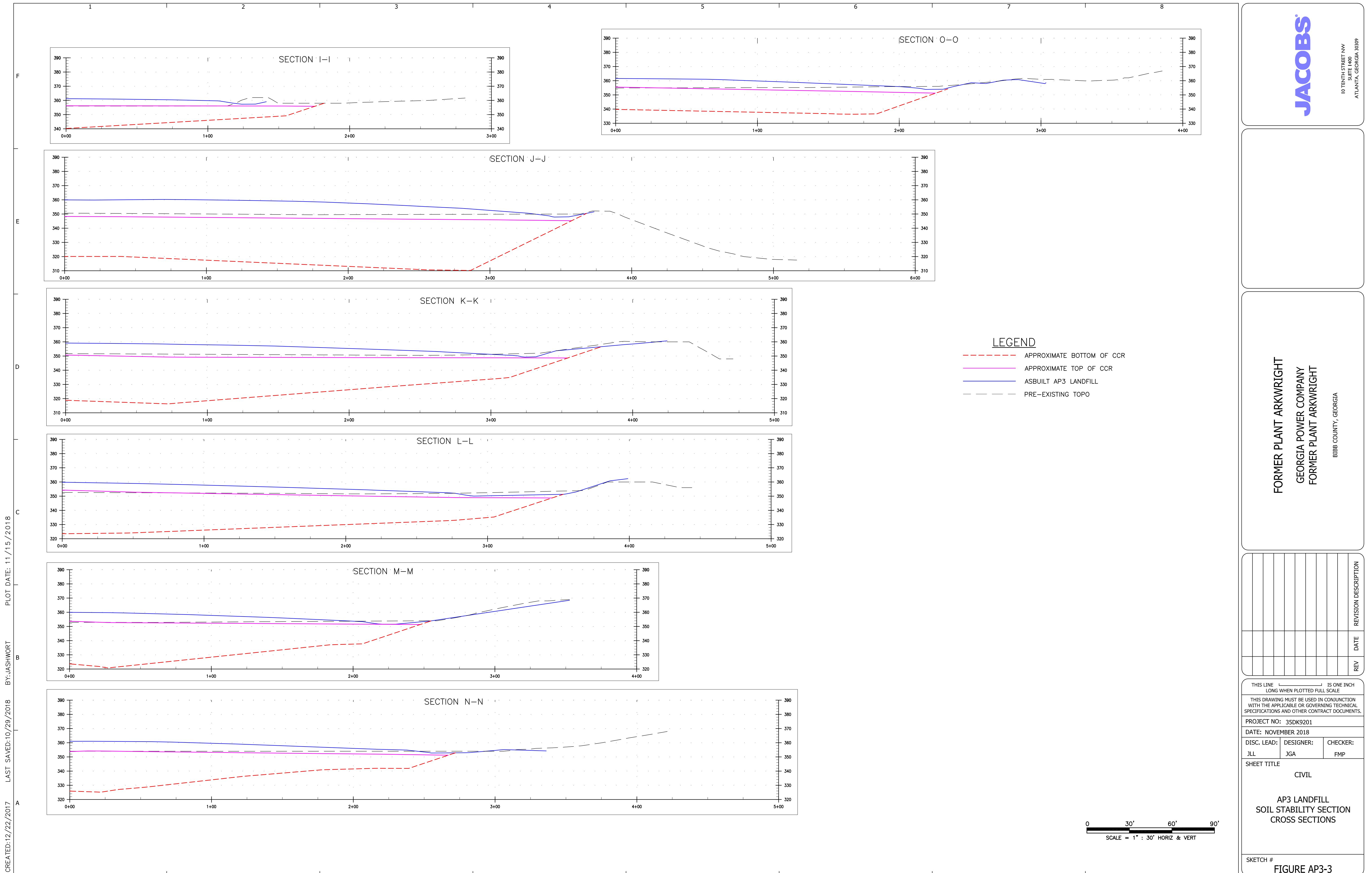
ELEV. OF SAMPLE (FT.)	BORING DATA						CONDITIONS DURING DRILLING						CONDITIONS DURING EARTHQUAKE							
	BORING SAMPLE	SPT N	UNCONF. COMPR.	% FINES < #200	PLAST. INDEX PI	LIQUID LIMIT LL	MOIST. CONTENT w_c (%)	EFFECTIVE UNIT WT. (KCF.)	VERT. STRESS (KSF.)	CORR. SPT N VALUE (N_1) ₆₀	EQUIV. CLN. N VALUE (N_1) _{60cs}	CRR RESIST. MAG 7.5 CRR _{7.5}	EFFECTIVE UNIT WT. (KCF.)	VERT. STRESS (KSF.)	TOTAL VERT. STRESS (KSF.)	OVER-BURDEN CORR. FACT. (Ks)	CORR. RESIST. CRR _{7.5} CRR	SOIL MASS PART. FACTOR (r _d)	EQ INDUCED CSR	FACTOR OF SAFETY * CRR/CSR
348	1	11						0.119	0.119	22.197	22.197	0.245	0.119	0.119	0.119	1.500	0.367	0.997	0.085	N.L. (1)
343	6	12						0.120	0.719	20.094	20.094	0.217	0.120	0.719	0.719	1.375	0.298	0.980	0.083	N.L. (1)
338	11	7						0.114	1.289	10.426	10.426	0.117	0.114	1.289	1.289	1.124	0.131	0.955	0.081	N.L. (1)
333	16	7	50.8					0.114	1.859	9.828	16.793	0.179	0.114	1.859	1.859	1.037	0.185	0.919	0.078	N.L. (1)
328	21	7						0.114	2.429	9.052	9.052	0.105	0.114	2.429	2.429	0.970	0.102	0.872	0.074	N.L. (1)
323	26	10	50					0.061	2.734	12.427	19.912	0.214	0.061	2.734	2.859	0.928	0.199	0.817	0.073	2.726 (D)
318	31	14						0.064	3.054	16.832	16.832	0.179	0.064	3.054	3.491	0.905	0.162	0.761	0.074	2.189 (D)
313	36	13						0.063	3.369	14.717	14.717	0.157	0.063	3.369	4.118	0.886	0.139	0.711	0.074	1.878 (D)
308	41	29						0.071	3.724	34.362	34.362	-2.513	0.071	3.724	4.785	0.806	-2.025	0.671	0.073	N.L. (3)

* FACTOR OF SAFETY DESCRIPTIONS

N.L. (1) = NOT LIQUEFIABLE, ABOVE EQ GROUND WATER ELEVATION
 N.L. (2) = NOT LIQUEFIABLE, PI \geq 12 OR $w_c/LL \leq 0.85$
 N.L. (3) = NOT LIQUEFIABLE, (N_1)₆₀ $>$ 25
 (C) = CONTRACTIVE SOIL TYPES
 (D) = DILATIVE SOIL TYPES





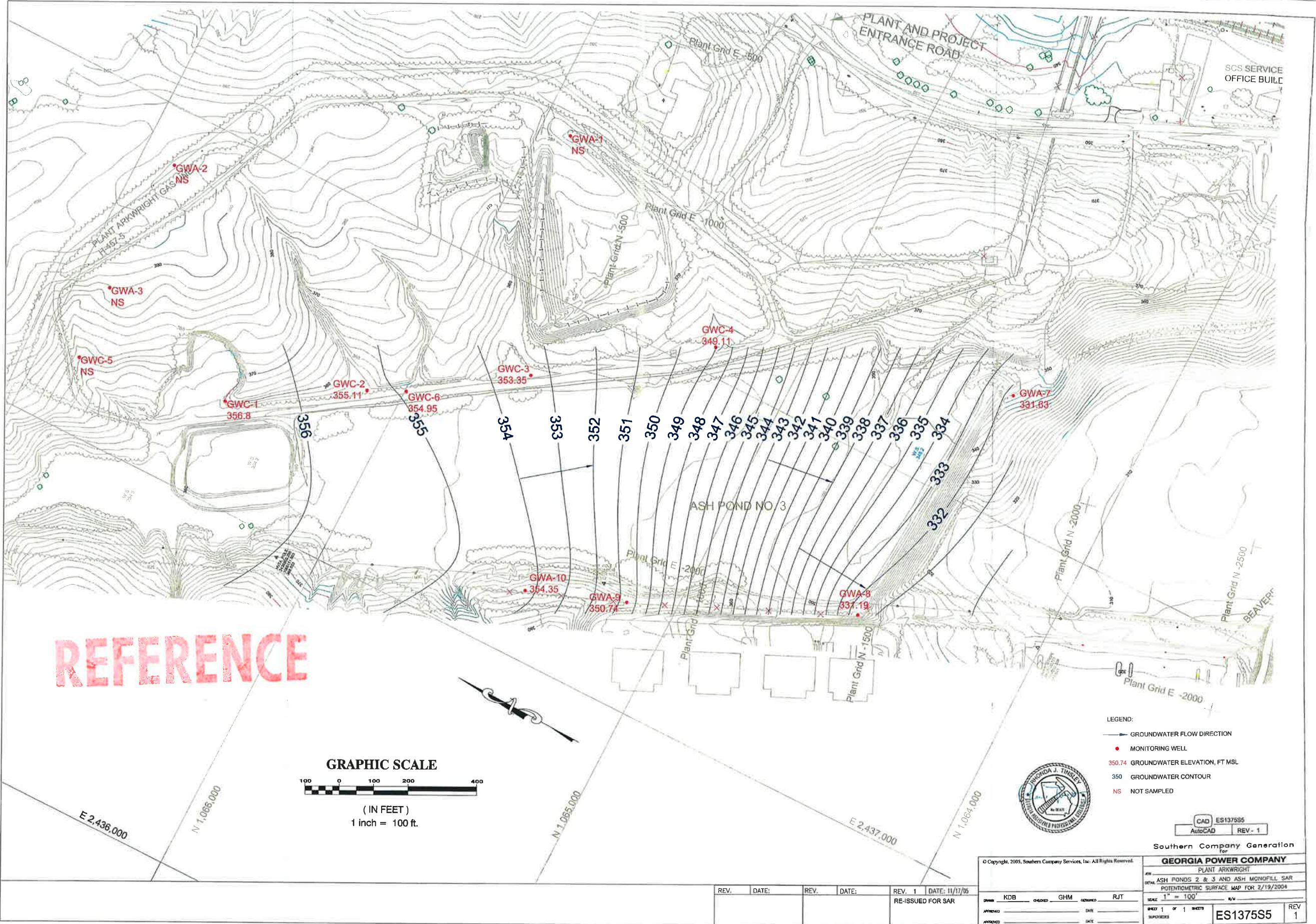


JACOBS

10 TENTH STREET NW
SUITE 400
ATLANTA, GEORGIA 30309

FORMER PLANT ARKWRIGHT
GEORGIA POWER COMPANY
FORMER PLANT ARKWRIGHT

BIBB COUNTY, GEORGIA



REFERENCE

CPT Probe No.	Latitude	Longitude	Ground Elev. (ft-msl)	Top of Ash Depth (ft bgs)	Top of Ash Elev. (ft-msl)	Bottom of Ash Depth (ft bgs)	Bottom of Ash Elev (ft-msl)	Bottom of Probe Depth (ft bgs)	Bottom of Probe Elev (ft-msl)	Approx GWT Elev (ft-msl)	Approx GWT Depth (ft bgs)	Comment
AP3 CPT-01	32°55'52.27"N	83°42'33.56"W	359.65	4.0	355.7	26.0	333.7	34.4	325.25	351	8.65	
AP3 CPT-02	32°55'50.16"N	83°42'32.54"W	358.30	5.0	353.3	16.5	341.8	24.2	334.10	350	8.30	
AP3 CPT-03	32°55'46.95"N	83°42'31.02"W	357.39	5.0	352.4	21.0	336.4	24.6	332.79	348	9.39	
AP3 CPT-04	32°55'44.38"N	83°42'29.96"W	355.97	4.0	352.0	14.0	342.0	25.9	330.07	347	8.97	
AP3 CPT-05	32°55'41.95"N	83°42'28.17"W	354.22	2.5	351.7	17.0	337.2	21.6	332.62	345	9.22	
AP3 CPT-06	32°55'39.06"N	83°42'27.47"W	352.02	3.0	349.0	19.0	333.0	46.5	305.52	343	9.02	
AP3 CPT-07	32°55'36.92"N	83°42'26.40"W	351.26	2.5	348.8	17.0	334.3	38.2	313.06	339	12.26	
AP3 CPT-08	32°55'34.90"N	83°42'25.55"W	349.73	2.0	347.7	26.0	323.7	52.1	297.63	333	16.73	
AP3 CPT-09	32°55'51.57"N	83°42'31.60"W	361.22	5.0	356.2	21.0	340.2	41.7	319.52	351	10.22	
AP3 CPT-09SL			361.22	5.0	356.2	21.0	340.2	41.5	319.72	351	10.22	This is a slow push, offset from CPT-09. Use Results from
AP3 CPT-10	32°55'49.32"N	83°42'29.85"W	360.68	3.0	357.7	10.0	350.7	32.5	328.18	349	11.68	
AP3 CPT-11	32°55'46.80"N	83°42'28.31"W	360.80	5.0	355.8	23.0	337.8	31.5	329.30	348	12.80	
AP3 CPT-12	32°55'45.24"N	83°42'27.93"W	361.16	7.0	354.2	36.0	325.2	45.8	315.36	347	14.16	
AP3 CPT-13	32°55'44.50"N	83°42'26.72"W	360.27	7.0	353.3	27.0	333.3	59.3	300.97	346	14.27	
AP3 CPT-14	32°55'42.67"N	83°42'26.49"W	359.75	7.0	352.8	39.0	320.8	63.0	296.75	345	14.75	
AP3 CPT-15	32°55'42.18"N	83°42'25.25"W	360.10	4.0	356.1	28.0	332.1	40.9	319.20	345	15.10	
AP3 CPT-16	32°55'40.21"N	83°42'25.11"W	359.02	6.0	353.0	35.0	324.0	44.4	314.62	344	15.02	
AP3 CPT-17A	32°55'39.77"N	83°42'23.68"W	360.00	5.0	355.0	42.0	318.0	53.4	306.60	343	17.00	offset from CPT-17, which is not being used.
AP3 CPT-18A	32°55'37.87"N	83°42'23.89"W	358.27	9.0	349.3	42.0	316.3	66.1	292.17	339	19.27	offset from CPT-18, which is not being used.
AP3 CPT-19	32°55'35.95"N	83°42'22.91"W	360.10	12.0	348.1	40.0	320.1	66.6	293.50	334	26.10	
AP3 CPT-20	32°55'36.69"N	83°42'21.49"W	359.00	11.0	348.0	31.0	328.0	51.2	307.80	335	24.00	
AP3 CPT-21	32°55'33.15"N	83°42'22.52"W	350.66	5.0	345.7	43.0	307.7	56.6	294.06	328	22.66	
AP3 CPT-22	32°55'34.46"N	83°42'21.01"W	359.21	12.0	347.2	36.0	323.2	67.1	292.11	330	29.21	
AP3 CPT-23	32°55'52.63"N	83°42'30.31"W	359.05	3.0	356.1	10.0	349.1	25.2	333.85	351	8.05	
AP3 CPT-24	32°55'50.14"N	83°42'28.61"W	357.57	3.0	354.6	14.0	343.6	29.2	328.37	350	7.57	
AP3 CPT-25	32°55'47.88"N	83°42'27.04"W	354.70	3.0	351.7	9.0	345.7	17.5	337.20	348	6.70	
AP3 CPT-26A	32°55'45.58"N	83°42'25.39"W	353.58	6.0	347.6	26.0	327.6	58.3	295.28	347	6.58	offset from CPT-26, which is not being used.
AP3 CPT-27	32°55'43.27"N	83°42'23.67"W	352.52	2.0	350.5	13.0	339.5	40.7	311.82	345	7.52	
AP3 CPT-28	32°55'40.74"N	83°42'21.87"W	350.85	2.0	348.9	9.0	341.9	43.4	307.45	344	6.85	
AP3 CPT-29	32°55'37.15"N	83°42'20.36"W	355.71	6.0	349.7	29.0	326.7	52.5	303.21	336	19.71	
AP3 CPT-30	32°55'37.76"N	83°42'18.80"W	348.62	2.0	346.6	14.0	334.6	27.8	320.82	338	10.62	
AP3 CPT-31	32°55'35.82"N	83°42'19.39"W	356.63	4.0	352.6	27.0	329.6	48.9	307.73	333	23.63	
AP3 CPT-32	32°55'34.60"N	83°42'19.35"W	357.21	11.0	346.2	33.0	324.2	55.4	301.81	330	27.21	
AP3 CPT-33	32°55'34.90"N	83°42'17.22"W	349.28	4.0	345.3	10.0	339.3	39.3	309.98	331	18.28	
AP3 CPT-34	32°55'33.16"N	83°42'17.82"W	347.28	2.0	345.3	11.0	336.3	26.5	320.78	327	20.28	

REFERENCE

c_v , and therefore k_h and k_v , can be assumed to be 5 to 10 and perhaps more. These data indicate the strong anisotropy of fly ash in a pond.

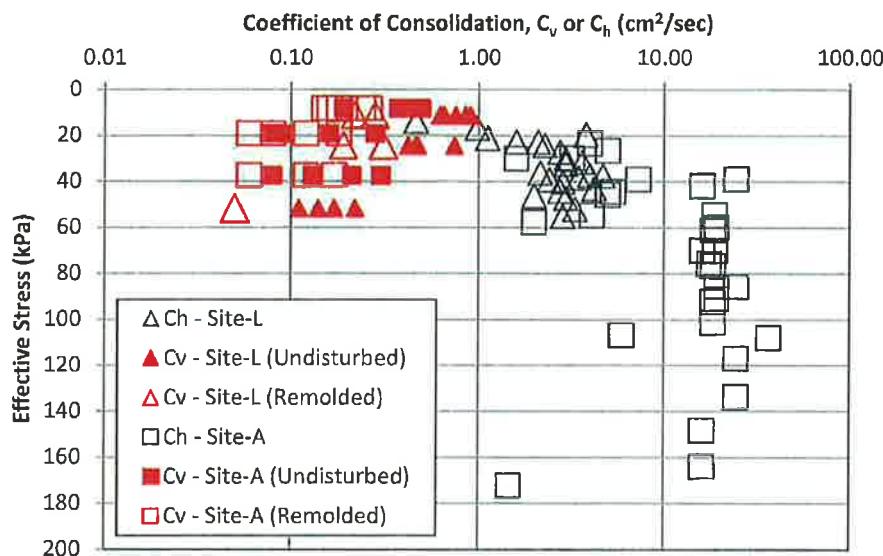


Figure 4-26
Comparison of c_h and c_v for fly ash

4.6 Drained Shear Strength of Fly Ash

4.6.1 Overview

Mayne (2007) describes a method developed by the Norwegian University of Science and Technology (NTNU) to assess an effective stress friction angle for all soil types (see Senneset et al., 1989 for a detailed description of the method). The method can be used for soils where the penetration of the CPT occurs under drained or undrained conditions.

Herein, the method was applied to ponded fly ash and it was assumed that the effective stress cohesion intercept of fly ash is zero. The method is provided in Figure 4-27 and can be expressed (to allow for “line by line” estimates using processed CPT data in a spreadsheet) by the following equation:

$$\varphi' = 29.5^\circ \times B_q^{0.121} [0.256 + 0.336 B_q + \log Q_t] \quad \text{Eq. 4-20}$$

where

$$B_q = \frac{u_2 - u_0}{q_t - \sigma_{vo}} \quad \text{Eq. 4-21}$$

$$Q_t = \frac{q_t - \sigma_{vo}}{\sigma_{vo}'} \quad \text{Eq. 4-22}$$

◀ 4-29 ▶

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REFERENCE

DRILLING LOG GEOLOGICAL SERVICES						GWA - 7			
						Sheet 1 of 2			
SITE	Plant Arkwright, Pond #3 SAR			HOLE DEPTH	45	SURF.ELEV.	349.003		
LOCATION	Southeastern End of Pond			COORDINATES N	1064410.279	E	2438355.107		
ANGLE	90	BEARING		CONTRACTOR	SCS	DRILL NO.	CME 550		
OVERBURDEN DEPTH		NO. PENT. TESTS	8	NO. U.D. SAMPLES			2		
CASING SIZE		LENGTH		CORE SIZE		TOTAL % REC.			
WATER TABLE DEPTH	19.3	ELEV.		TIME AFTER COMP.	TOB	DATE TAKEN	12/11/2003		
TYPE GROUT		QUANTITY		MIX		DRILLING START DATE	12/11/2003		
DRILLER	Brad Filipovich	RECORDER	Stacy Sprayberry	APPROVED		DRILLING COMP. DATE	12/11/2003		
Graphic Log	Depth	Elev.	Material Description, Classification and Remarks		Standard Pen. Test	Sample No.	Fluid Chg. %	Rec. %	RQD
	0	349.0			From To	Blows	N		
	1		Reddish brown, silty CLAY (CL) FILL with wood and rock fragments		0-1.5	1-3-4	7	S-1	
	2								
	3								
	4								
	5								
	6		Hit hard object at 5.5'. Could not push tube deeper.		5.0-7.5	TUBE			
	7								
	8	341.0							
	9		Reddish brown, clayey SILT(ML/CL) with SAPROLITE		10-11.5	2-4-4	8	S-2	
	10								
	11								
	12								
	13								
	14								
	15								
	16		Becoming Sandier with depth		15-16.5	2-2-3	5	S-3	
	17								
	18	331.0							
	19		Tan to white, elastic SILT (MH) with SAPROLITE		20-22	TUBE			
	20								
	21		K=1.0E-5 cm/sec						
	22								
	23								
	24								

Form GS9901 9/9/99

REFERENCE

SOUTHERN COMPANY Energy to Serve Your World™			DRILLING LOG GEOLOGICAL SERVICES			GWA - 7				
SITE Plant Arkwright, Pond #3 SAR			TOTAL DEPTH 46.5			Sheet 2 of 2				
Graphic Log	Depth	Elev.	Material Description, Classification and Remarks			Standard Pen. Test	Sample No.	Fluid Chg. %	Rec. %	RQD
			From To	Blows	N					
	25		Free Water in 25 foot sample			25-26.5 3-4-5	9	S-4		
	26									
	27					30-31.5 3-5-13	18	S-5		
	28									
	29					35-36.5 4-8-9	17	S-6		
	30	319.0	Tan to white, sandy SILT (ML) with MICA and SAPROLITE							
	31					40-40.5 9-22-23	45	S-7		
	32									
	33					45-46.5 12-23-32	55	S-8		
	34									
	35									
	36									
	37	312.0	Tan to white, silty SAND (SM) with SAPROLITE							
	38									
	39									
	40	309.0								
	41		Reddish brown to brown, silty SAND (SM) with SAPROLITE							
	42									
	43									
	44		Well screened from 34.8 feet to 44.8 feet below ground surface							
	45									
	46									
	47	302.5	Boring Terminated at 46.5 Feet							
	48									
	49									
	50									
	51									
	52									
	53									
	54									
	55									
	56									

Form GS9902 4/24/2000

REFERENCE

DRILLING LOG GEOLOGICAL SERVICES						GWA - 8 Sheet 1 of 2				
SITE	Plant Arkwright, Pond #3 SAR			HOLE DEPTH	40	SURF.ELEV.	352.169			
LOCATION	Southwestern Edge of Dike			COORDINATES N	1064521.654	E	2437572.442			
ANGLE	90	BEARING		CONTRACTOR	SCS	DRILL NO.	CME 550			
OVERBURDEN DEPTH		NO. PENT. TESTS	7	NO. U.D. SAMPLES	2					
CASING SIZE		LENGTH		CORE SIZE		TOTAL % REC.				
WATER TABLE DEPTH	23 / 21.1	ELEV.		TIME AFTER COMP.	TOB / 24 hours	DATE TAKEN	12/10-11/2003			
TYPE GROUT		QUANTITY		MIX		DRILLING START DATE	12/10/2003			
DRILLER	Brad Filipovich	RECORDER	Stacy Sprayberry	APPROVED		DRILLING COMP. DATE	12/10/2003			
Graphic Log	Depth	Elev.	Material Description, Classification and Remarks	Standard Pen. Test			Sample No.	Fluid Chg. %	Rec. %	ROD
				From	To	Blows				
0	352.2									
1			Reddish brown, silty CLAY (CL/ML) with MICA FILL	0-1.5	3-3-8	11	S-1			
2										
3										
4										
5										
6										
7										
8										
9	343.2									
10			Reddish brown, clayey SILT (ML/CL) FILL	5-6.5	4-5-7	12	S-2			
11										
12										
13	339.2									
14			Tan to orange SILT (ML) with SAPROLITE; non-plastic	10-11.5	2-3-4	7	S-3			
15										
16			K=6.4E-5 cm/sec	15-17	TUBE					
17										
18										
19										
20	332.2									
21			Tan to orange to white, damp to wet, silty SAND (SM) with SAPROLITE	20-21.5	2-4-3	7	S-4			
22										
23										
24										

Form GS9901 9/9/99

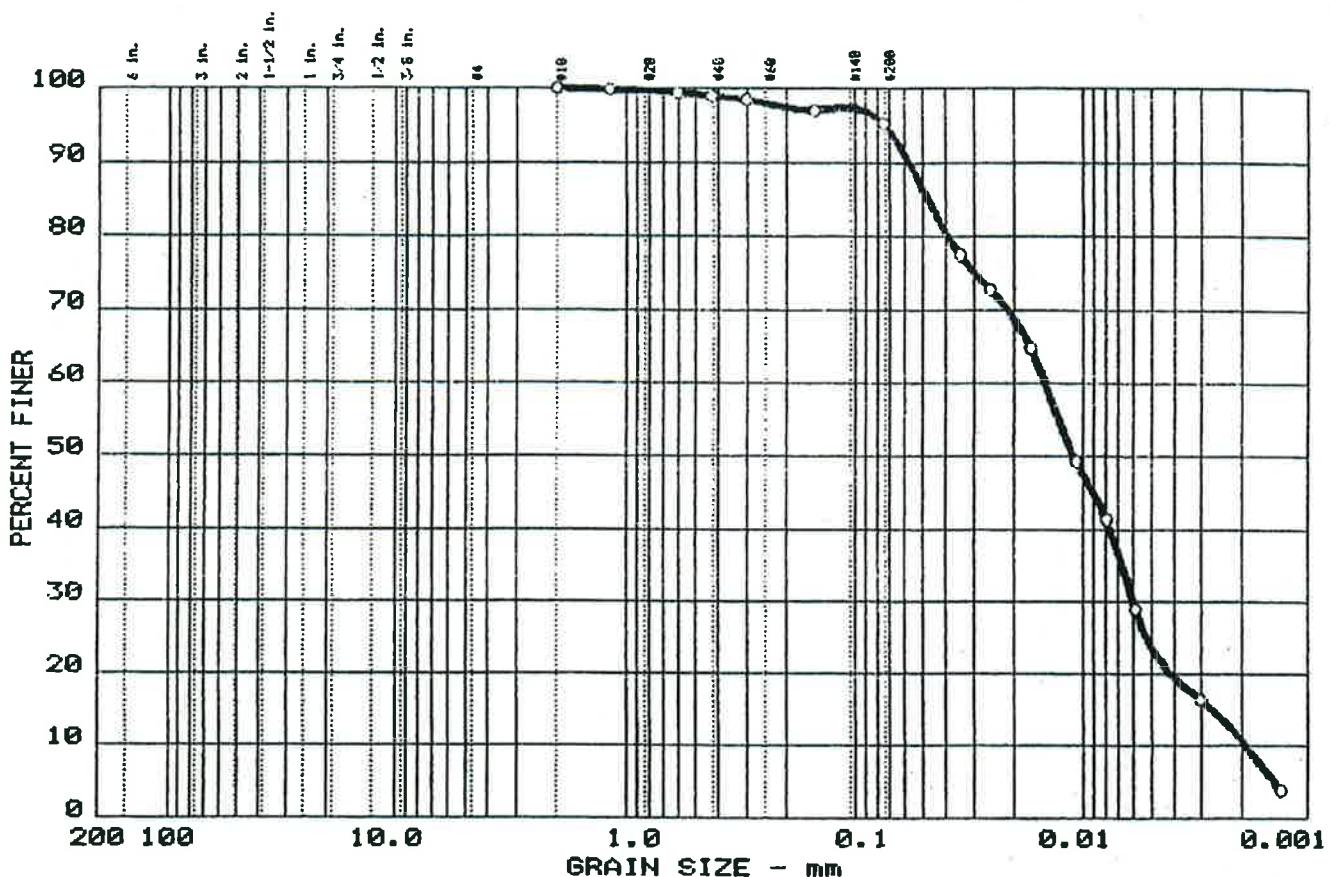
REFERENCE

DRILLING LOG GEOLOGICAL SERVICES				GWA - 8			
SITE Plant Arkwright, Pond #3 SAR				Sheet 2 of 2			
				TOTAL DEPTH 40.5	SURF.ELEV.	352.169	
Graphic Log	Depth	Elev.	Material Description, Classification and Remarks	Standard Pen. Test	Sample No.	Fluid Chg. %	
				From To	Blows	Rec. %	ROD
	25						
	26		Brown, wet, silty SAND (SM) with MICA; non-plastic K=6.4E-5 cm/sec	25-27	TUBE		
	27						
	28						
	29						
	30						
	31						
	32						
	33		Well screened from 29.6 feet to 39.6 feet below ground surface	30-31.5	2-6-8	14	S-5
	34						
	35						
	36						
	37						
	38						
	39						
	40						
	41	311.7	Boring Terminated at 40.5 Feet	35-36.5	3-5-8	13	S-6
	42						
	43						
	44						
	45						
	46						
	47						
	48						
	49						
	50						
	51						
	52						
	53						
	54						
	55						
	56						

Form GS9902 4/24/2000

REFERENCE

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION TEST REPORT



Test	% +3"	% GRAVEL	% SAND	% SILT	% CLAY
○ 1	0.0	0.0	4.8	71.7	23.5

LL	PI	D ₈₅	D ₆₀	D ₅₀	D ₃₀	D ₁₅	D ₁₀	C _c	C _u
○ 67	27	0.0473	0.0146	0.0110	0.0061	0.0027	0.0019	1.31	7.6

MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	USCS	AASHTO
○ LIGHT YELLOWISH BROWN ELASTIC SILT	MH	A-7-6(33.7)

Project No.: 0000 Project: GPC- PLANT ARKWRIGHT ASH POND 3 SAR ○ Location: PLANT ARKWRIGHT Date: 02/11/2004	Remarks: SAMPLE TYPE: UD BORING NO. GWA-7 DEPTH: 20.0-22.0 PERMEABILITY- 1.0 X 10-5
GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION TEST REPORT SOUTHERN COMPANY SERVICES	Lab No.: 1

REFERENCE

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION TEST DATA

Test No.: 1

Date: 02/11/2004

Project No.: 0000

Project: GPC- PLANT ARKWRIGHT ASH POND 3 SAR

Sample Data

Location of Sample: PLANT ARKWRIGHT

Sample Description: LIGHT YELLOWISH BROWN ELASTIC SILT

USCS Class: MH

Liquid limit: 67

AASHTO Class: A-7-6(33.7)

Plasticity index: 27

Notes

Remarks: SAMPLE TYPE: UD BORING NO. GWA-7

DEPTH: 20.0-22.0 PERMEABILITY= 1.0 X 10-5

Lab No.: 1

Mechanical Analysis Data

Initial

Dry sample and tare= 288.60

Tare = 0.00

Wet sample weight = 288.60

Sample split on number 10 sieve

Split sample data:

Sample and tare = 62.63 Tare = 0 Sample weight = 62.63

Cumulative weight retained tare= 0

Tare for cumulative weight retained= 0

Sieve Cumul. Wt. Percent

retained finer

10 0.00 100.0

16 0.10 99.8

30 0.40 99.4

40 0.70 98.9

50 1.00 98.4

100 1.90 97.0

200 3.00 95.2

Hydrometer Analysis Data

Separation sieve is number 10

Percent -# 10 based on complete sample= 100.0

Weight of hydrometer sample: 62.63

Calculated biased weight= 62.63

Automatic temperature correction

Composite correction at 20 deg C = -8.5

Meniscus correction only= 0

Specific gravity of solids= 2.74

Specific gravity correction factor= 0.980

Hydrometer type: 152H Effective depth L= 16.294964 + 0.164 x Rm

Elapsed time, min	Temp, Actual deg C	Actual reading	Corrected, K reading	Rm	Eff. depth	Diameter mm	Percent finer
1.0	20.0	58.0	49.5	0.0133	58.0	6.8	0.0346
0.0	20.0	55.0	47.5	0.0133	55.0	6.8	0.0346

Elapsed time, min	Temp, deg C	Actual reading	Corrected reading	K	Rm	Eff. depth	Diameter mm	Percent finer
5.0	20.0	50.0	41.5	0.0133	50.0	8.1	0.0169	64.9
15.0	20.0	40.0	31.5	0.0133	40.0	9.7	0.0107	49.2
30.0	20.0	35.0	26.5	0.0133	35.0	10.6	0.0079	41.4
60.0	20.0	27.0	18.5	0.0133	27.0	11.9	0.0059	28.9
250.0	20.0	19.0	10.5	0.0133	19.0	13.2	0.0031	16.4
1440.0	20.0	11.0	2.5	0.0133	11.0	14.5	0.0013	3.9

Fractional Components

Gravel/Sand based on #4 sieve

Sand/Fines based on #200 sieve

% + 3 in. = 0.0 % GRAVEL = 0.0 % SAND = 4.6

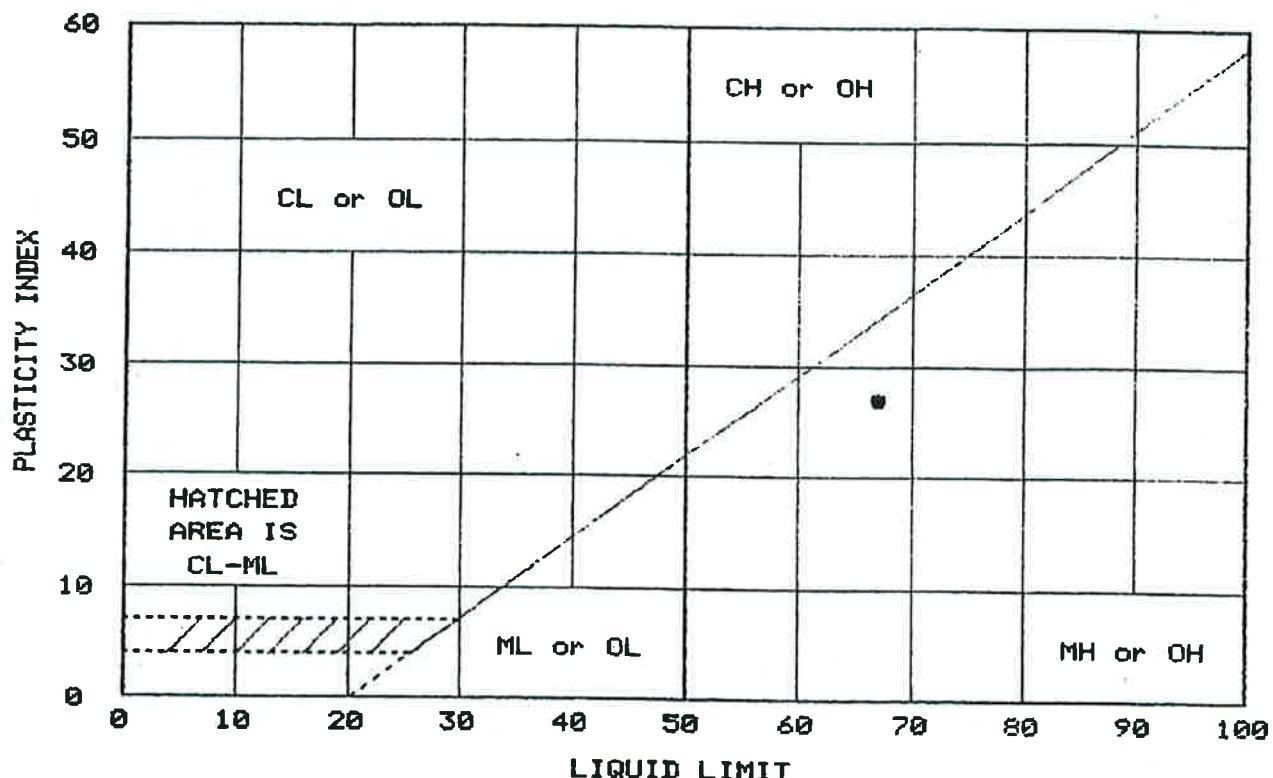
% SILT = 71.7 % CLAY = 23.5

D85= 0.05 D60= 0.015 D50= 0.011
 D30= 0.0061 D15= 0.00271 D10= 0.00192
 Cc = 1.3137 Cu = 7.6120

REFERENCE

REFERENCE

LIQUID AND PLASTIC LIMITS TEST REPORT



Location + Description	LL	PL	PI	-200'	ASTM D 2487-90
• ARKWRIGHT LAB# 1	67	40	27		

Project No.: 0000
 Project: ARKWRIGHT ASH POND
 Client: SOUTHERN COMPANY SERVICES
 Location: GPC PLANT ARKWRIGHT

Remarks:
 SAMPLE TYPE: UD
 DEPTH: 20.0-22.0
 BORING: GWA-7

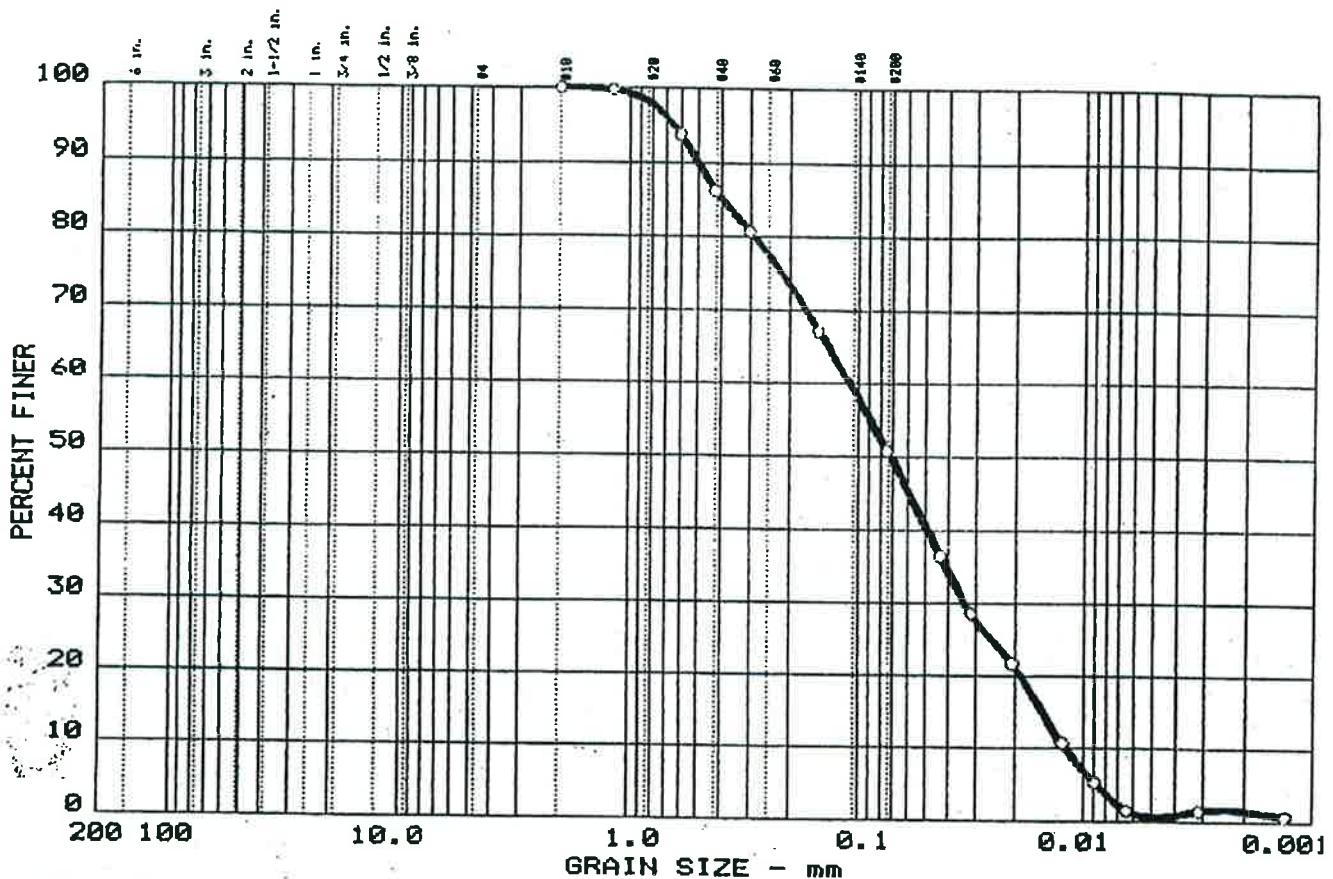
Date: 02/10/04

LIQUID AND PLASTIC LIMITS TEST REPORT
 SOUTHERN COMPANY SERVICES

Fig. No. 1

REFERENCE

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION TEST REPORT



LL	PI	D ₈₅	D ₆₀	D ₅₀	D ₃₀	D ₁₅	D ₁₀	C _c	C _u
○ NP	NPA	0.398	0.110	0.0724	0.0335	0.0150	0.0119	0.86	9.2

MATERIAL DESCRIPTION		USCS	AASHTO
○ REDDISH BROWN SANDY SILT		ML	A-4(0.0)

Project No.: 0000 Project: GPC- PLANT ARKWRIGHT ASH POND 3 SAR ○ Location: PLANT ARKWRIGHT Date: 02/11/2004	Remarks: SAMPLE TYPE: UD BORING NO. GWA-8 DEPTH: 15.0-17.0 PERMEABILITY- 6.4 X 10 ⁻⁵ Lab No.: 2
GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION TEST REPORT SOUTHERN COMPANY SERVICES	

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION TEST DATA

Test No.: 2

Date: 02/11/2004

Project No.: 0000

Project: GPC-- PLANT ARKWRIGHT ASH POND 3 SAR

Sample Data

Location of Sample: PLANT ARKWRIGHT

Sample Description: REDDISH BROWN SANDY SILT

USCS Class: ML

Liquid limit: NP

AASHTO Class: A-4 (0.0)

Plasticity index: NP

Notes

Remarks: SAMPLE TYPE: UD BORING NO. GWA-8

DEPTH: 15.0-17.0 PERMEABILITY= 6.4×10^{-5}

Lab No.: 2

Mechanical Analysis Data

Initial

Dry sample and tare= 317.50

Tare = 0.00

Dry sample weight = 317.50

Sample split on number 10 sieve

Split sample data:

Sample and tare = 62.04 Tare = 0 Sample weight = 62.04

Cumulative weight retained tare= 0

Tare for cumulative weight retained= 0

Sieve Cumul. Wt. Percent

retained finer

10 0.00 100.0

16 0.20 99.7

30 3.90 93.7

40 8.60 86.1

50 12.00 80.7

100 20.40 67.1

200 30.50 50.8

REFERENCE

Hydrometer Analysis Data

Separation sieve is number 10

Percent -# 10 based on complete sample= 100.0

Weight of hydrometer sample: 62.04

Calculated biased weight= 62.04

Automatic temperature correction

Composite correction at 20 deg C = -8.5

Meniscus correction only= 0

Specific gravity of solids= 2.83

Specific gravity correction factor= 0.963

Hydrometer type: 152H Effective depth L= $16.294964 + 0.164 \times R_m$

Elapsed time, min	Temp, Actual deg C	Corrected reading	K	Rm	Eff. depth	Diameter mm	Percent finer
1.0	20.0	32.0	23.5	0.0130	32.0	11.0	0.0431

Elapsed time, min	Temp, Actual deg C	Actual reading	Corrected reading	K	Rm	Eff. depth	Diameter mm	Percent finer
5.0	20.0	22.5	14.0	0.0130	22.5	12.6	0.0206	21.7
15.0	20.0	15.5	7.0	0.0130	15.5	13.8	0.0124	10.8
30.0	20.0	12.0	3.5	0.0130	12.0	14.3	0.0090	5.4
60.0	20.0	9.5	1.0	0.0130	9.5	14.7	0.0064	1.5
250.0	20.0	7.5	1.0	0.0130	7.5	14.7	0.0031	1.5
1440.0	20.0	9.0	0.5	0.0130	9.0	14.8	0.0013	0.7

Fractional Components

Gravel/Sand based on #4 sieve

Sand/Fines based on #200 sieve

% + 3 in. = 0.0 % GRAVEL = 0.0 % SAND = 49.2

% SILT = 50.2 % CLAY = 0.6

D85= 0.40 D60= 0.110 D50= 0.072

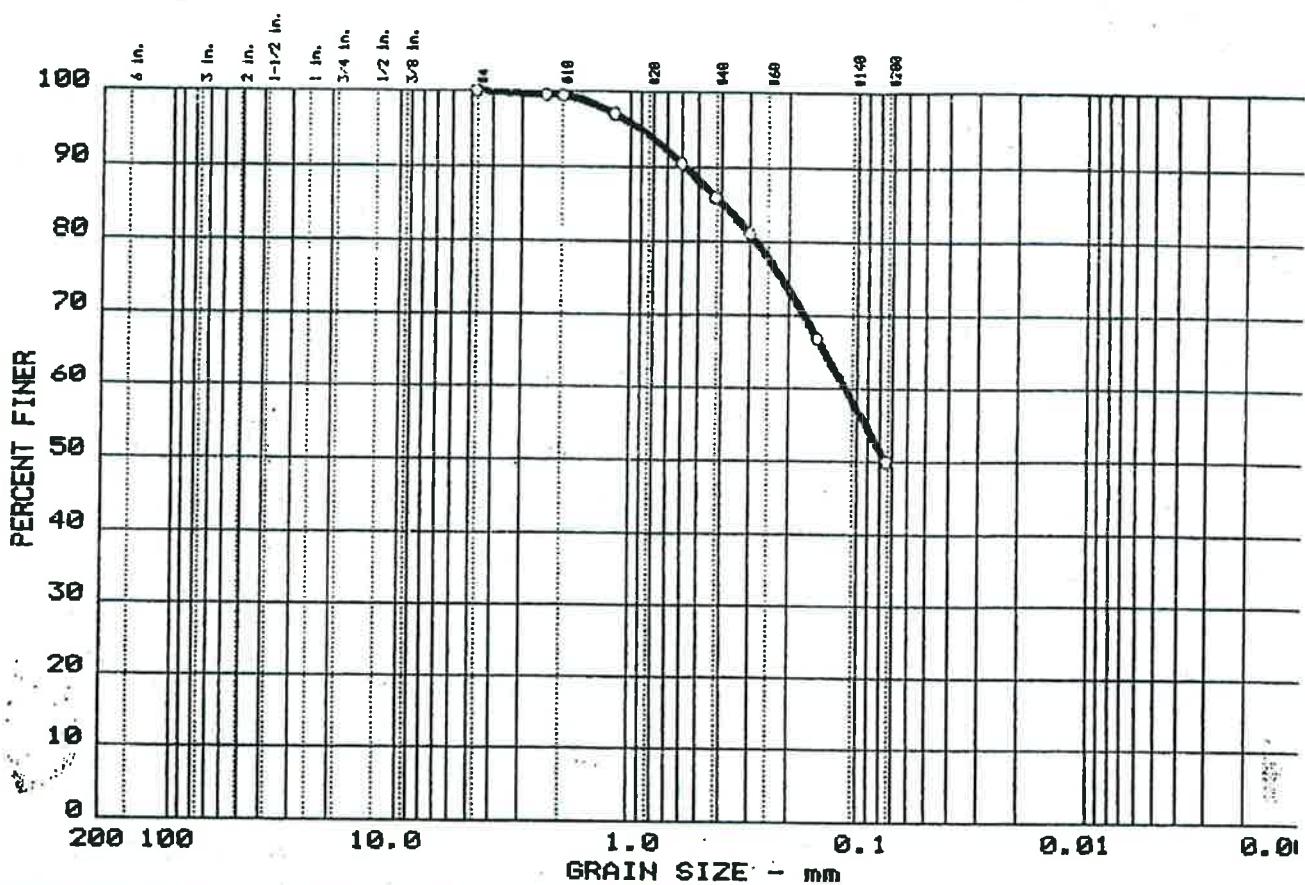
D30= 0.0335 D15= 0.01496 D10= 0.01189

Cc = 0.8610 Cu = 7.2257

REFERENCE

REFERENCE

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION TEST REPORT



Test	% +3"	% GRAVEL	% SAND	% SILT	% CLAY
○ 3	0.0	0.0	50.0	50.0	

LL	PI	D ₈₅	D ₆₀	D ₅₀	D ₃₀	D ₁₅	D ₁₀	C _c	C _u
○ NP	NP	0.398	0.112						

MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	USCS	AASHTO
○ LIGHT REDDISH BROWN SILTY SAND	SM	A-4(0.0)

Project No.: 0000 Project: GPC- PLANT ARKWRIGHT ASH POND 3 SAR ○ Location: PLANT ARKWRIGHT Date: 02/11/2004	Remarks: SAMPLE TYPE: UD BORING NO. GWA-8 DEPTH: 25.0-27.0 PERMEABILITY- 6.4 X 10 Lab No.: 3
GRAN SIZE DISTRIBUTION TEST REPORT SOUTHERN COMPANY SERVICES	

GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION TEST DATA

Test No.: 3

Date: 02/11/2004

Project No.: 0000

Project: GPC- PLANT ARKWRIGHT ASH POND 3, SAR

Sample Data

Location of Sample: PLANT ARKWRIGHT

Sample Description: LIGHT REDDISH BROWN SILTY SAND

USCS Class: SM

Liquid limit: NP

AASHTO Class: A-4(O.O)

Plasticity Index: NP

Notes

Remarks: SAMPLE TYPE: UD BORING NO. GWA-8

DEPTH: 25.0-27.0 PERMEABILITY- 6.4×10^{-5}

Lab No.: 3

Mechanical Analysis Data

Initial

Dry sample and tare= 417.20

Tare = 0.00

Dry sample weight = 417.20

Sample split on number 10 sieve

Split sample data:

Sample and tare = 71.2 Tare = 0 Sample weight = 71.2

Cumulative weight retained tare= 0

Tare for cumulative weight retained= 0

Sieve Cumul. Wt. Percent

retained finer

# 4	0.00	100.0
# 8	2.10	99.5
# 10	2.60	99.4
# 16	1.70	97.0
# 30	6.40	90.4
# 40	9.70	85.8
# 50	13.10	81.1
# 100	23.30	66.9
# 200	35.40	50.0

REFERENCE

Fractional Components

Gravel/Sand based on #4 sieve

Sand/Fines based on #200-sieve

% + 3 in. = 0.0 % GRAVEL = 0.0 % SAND = 50.0

% FINES = 50.0

D85= 0.40 D60= 0.112

Appendix E. Monofill Global Stability Analyses

Purpose:

- Perform global stability analyses of the existing Monofill

References:

- AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications, 2014
- Fugro USA Land Inc. Report for Piezocone Penetration Testing and Related Services - November 2017
- Electric Power Research Institute - Engineering Correlations for Geotechnical Parameters for Ponded Fly Ash 2014 Technical Report
- Southern Company Generation, Plant Arkwright Ash Ponds 2 and 3 and Ash Monofill Site Acceptability Report Revision 1 - November, 2005
- Southern Company Services Inc., Plant Arkwright Private Industrial Landfill - Geologic Sections (rev. 1), Drawing No. GPC-PA-13 - March 1992.

Assumptions:Subsurface Conditions:

CCR strength properties are based upon lab results in published literature and consolidated-undrained triaxial testing for remolded CCR samples with 90% to 95% compaction at +2% to +4% moisture. Samples for triaxial testing were collected from AP1 Landfill and AP3 Landfill.

Soil Profile and Soil Parameters

Soil	PI	Unit Weight	Drained Strength		Undrained Strength	
			c'	Φ'	c	Φ'
	(%)	(pcf)	(psf)	(deg.)	(psf)	(deg.)
In-Situ CCR	-	90	0	28	0	28
Sandy Clay (CL)	20	115	100	28	1,500	0
Compacted Silty Sand	-	120	0	34	0	34

Seismic Parameters:

Seismic Site Classification:

The site was determined as Class E based on our understanding of local geology and the presence of CCR fill.

The seismic parameters:

Using USGS Seismic Design Maps Tool, the seismic parameters are determined for

Site Class E at: 32.92765°N, 83.70681°W

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{PGA} = 0.052 \text{ g} & A_s = 0.131 \text{ g} \\ S_s = 0.122 \text{ g} & S_{Ds} = 0.306 \text{ g} \\ S_1 = 0.050 \text{ g} & S_{D1} = 0.174 \text{ g} \end{array}$$

For external and global stability, use height adjusted horizontal peak acceleration

$$k_{av} = 0.065 \text{ g} \quad (0.5 \times A_s)$$

Analysis:**Global Stability**

Global stability of the existing Monofill was evaluated under short term and long term loading cases using software SLOPE/W Version 2012 developed by GEO-SLOPE International Ltd. The factor of safety (FOS) of the critical potential failure surface was obtained for each loading case.

The global stability was analyzed at the critical slope geometry.

The groundwater surface was modeled using information from nearby monitoring wells.

Load Condition	Calculated Factor of Safety
Long Term, Drained, Effective Stress	1.59
Short Term, Undrained, Total Stress	1.59
Seismic, Undrained, Total Stress	1.29

Note: Where failure surface passes through only compacted silty sand and in-situ CCR, FOS is the same for short term and long term conditions due to conservative selection of residual shear strengths (friction angles).

Conclusions:

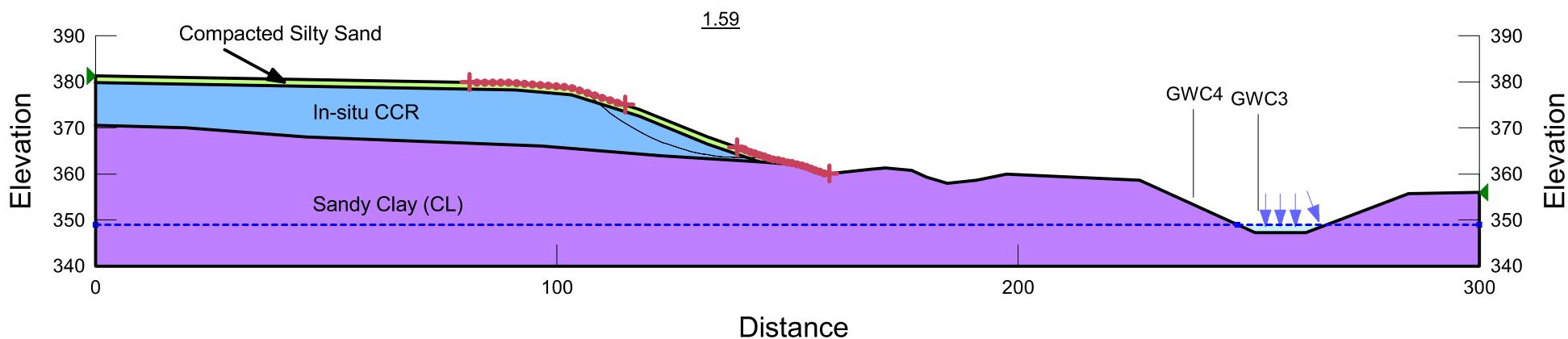
Global stability results indicate that the existing Monofill exhibits acceptable calculated factors of safety.

Former Plant Arkwright
AP3 Landfill & Monofill

By:KP 10/15/18
CKD: SR 10/15/18
Rev.: KP 10/22/18
CKD:SR 10/22/18

Monofill Global Stability
Spencer's Method

Short Term Analysis
Total Stress Parameters



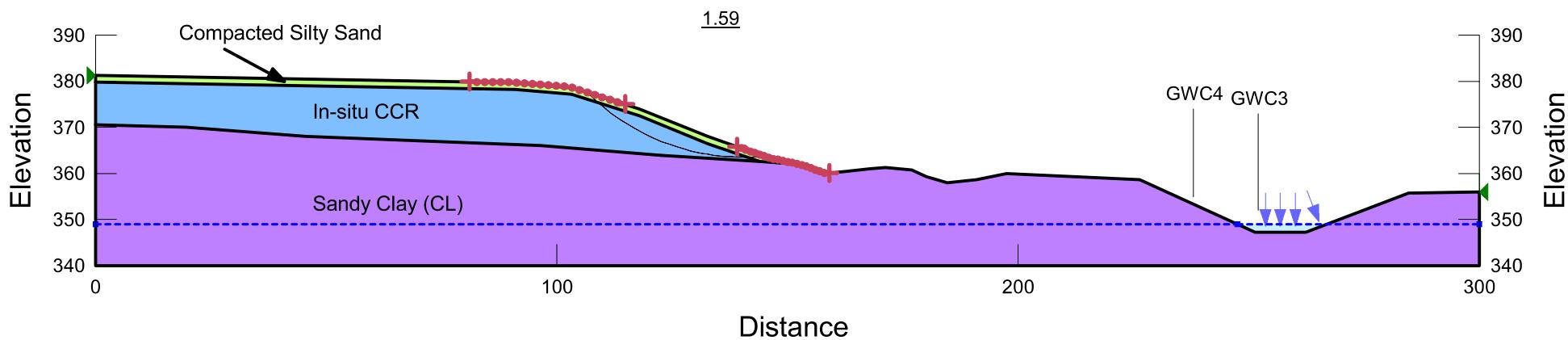
Name: In-situ CCR Model: Mohr-Coulomb Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Phi': 28 ° Piezometric Line: 1
Name: Compacted Silty Sand Model: Mohr-Coulomb Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Phi': 34 ° Piezometric Line: 1
Name: Sandy Clay (CL) Model: Mohr-Coulomb Unit Weight: 115 pcf Cohesion': 1,500 psf Phi': 0 ° Piezometric Line: 1

Former Plant Arkwright
AP3 Landfill & Monofill

By:KP 10/15/18
CKD: SR 10/15/18
Rev.: KP 10/22/18
CKD:SR 10/22/18

Monofill Global Stability
Spencer's Method

Long Term Analysis
Effective Stress Parameters



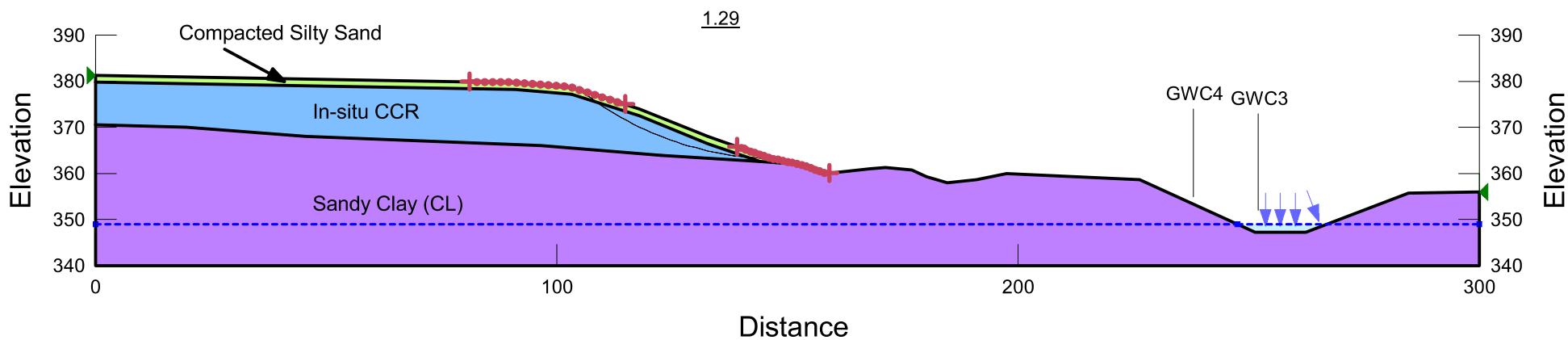
Name: In-situ CCR Model: Mohr-Coulomb Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion: 0 psf Phi: 28 ° Piezometric Line: 1
Name: Compacted Silty Sand Model: Mohr-Coulomb Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion: 0 psf Phi: 34 ° Piezometric Line: 1
Name: Sandy Clay (CL) Model: Mohr-Coulomb Unit Weight: 115 pcf Cohesion: 100 psf Phi: 28 ° Piezometric Line: 1

Former Plant Arkwright
AP3 Landfill & Monofill

By:KP 10/15/18
CKD: SR 10/15/18
Rev.:KP 10/22/18
CKD: SR 10/22/18

Monofill Global Stability
Spencer's Method

Seismic Analysis
Total Stress Parameters



Name: In-situ CCR Model: Mohr-Coulomb Unit Weight: 90 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Phi': 28 ° Piezometric Line: 1
Name: Compacted Silty Sand Model: Mohr-Coulomb Unit Weight: 120 pcf Cohesion': 0 psf Phi': 34 ° Piezometric Line: 1
Name: Sandy Clay (CL) Model: Mohr-Coulomb Unit Weight: 115 pcf Cohesion': 1,500 psf Phi': 0 ° Piezometric Line: 1

Horz Seismic Coef.: 0.065

Appendix F. Alternative Final Cover System Demonstration



Purpose:

- Perform calculations of liquid flow rate through a liner to show alternative liner equivalency to the standard liner prescribed by regulations.

References:

- Environmental Protection Agency. (2015). Final Rule - Hazardous and Solid Waste Management System; Disposal of Coal Combustion Residuals From Electric Utilities (Vol. 80, No. 74). Federal Register (p. 21474).
- Koerner, R. M. (2012). Designing with Geosynthetics (6th ed., Vol. 2). Revised August 23, 2016. (pp. 780-783).
- Mineral Technologies Inc. (2018). CETCO BENTOMAT® Geosynthetic Clay Liners. Retrieved from <https://www.mineralstech.com/business-segments/performance-materials/cetco/products/environmental-products/gcl/bentomat>

Assumptions:

The liquid flow rate comparison shall be made using Equation 1, which is derived from Darcy's Law for gravity flow through porous media.

$$\text{Equation 1: } \frac{Q}{A} = q = k \left(\frac{h}{t} + 1 \right)$$

Where,

Q = flow rate (cubic centimeters/second);
A = surface area of the liner (squared centimeters);
q = flow rate per unit area (cubic centimeters/second/squared centimeter);
k = hydraulic conductivity of the liner (centimeters/second);
h = hydraulic head above the liner (centimeters);
t = thickness of the liner (centimeters).

For the alternative geosynthetic clay liner (GCL) to be used as a landfill cover, the following was assumed:

$$\begin{aligned} k &= 5 \times 10^{-9} \text{ cm/sec (for the fully hydrated CETCO BENTOMAT® DN GCL)} \\ t &= 0.8467 \text{ cm (equivalent thickness of 1/3 inch for CETCO BENTOMAT® DN GCL)} \end{aligned}$$

For the standard prescribed liner to be used in comparison to the alternative liner, the following was assumed:

$$\begin{aligned} k &= 1 \times 10^{-5} \text{ cm/sec (for a compacted soil liner)} \\ t &= 45.72 \text{ cm (equivalent to an 18-inch layer of compacted soil)} \end{aligned}$$

For both flow rate calculations, the following was assumed:

$$\begin{aligned} h &= 30.48 \text{ cm (equivalent to 12 inches of hydraulic head, based on the maximum for design and operation)} \\ A &= 10,000 \text{ cm}^2 \text{ (equivalent to a 1 meter x 1 meter area; same for both calculations)} \end{aligned}$$



Analysis:

Calculation of liquid flow rate for alternative GCL Liner:

$$\begin{aligned} Q &= k (h/t + 1) A \\ Q &= (5 \times 10^{-9} \text{ cm/sec}) \times [(30.48 \text{ cm} / 0.8467 \text{ cm}) + 1] \times (10,000 \text{ cm}^2) \\ Q &= 0.00185 \text{ cm}^3/\text{sec} \end{aligned}$$

Calculation of liquid flow rate for standard compacted soil liner:

$$\begin{aligned} Q &= k (h/t + 1) A \\ Q &= (10^{-5} \text{ cm/sec}) \times [(30.48 \text{ cm} / 45.72 \text{ cm}) + 1] \times (10,000 \text{ cm}^2) \\ Q &= 0.166667 \text{ cm}^3/\text{sec} \end{aligned}$$

Conclusions:

The calculated liquid flow rate through the alternative GCL liner was less than the calculated liquid flow rate through the standard compacted soil liner.

$$0.00185 \text{ cm}^3/\text{sec} < 0.166667 \text{ cm}^3/\text{sec}$$

Therefore, the alternative geosynthetic clay liner meets the equivalency requirements in comparison to the standard prescribed compacted soil liner and is acceptable for use as a landfill cover.

Appendix G. Monofill Final Cover Thickness

JACOBS

Project: Former Plant Arkwright – Monofill

By: RK 10/19/2018

Job No.: 35DK9203

Ckd: MLH 11/1/2018

Subject: Final Cover Thickness

Rvw: MTF 11/1/2018

Purpose:

To evaluate the soil thickness on the final cover of the Monofill

Procedures:

Ten locations were predetermined for carrying out a hand auger test. The locations are shown in Figure 1. Each test location area was cleared of vegetation before hand augering. Four tests (S1, S2, S3 and S4) were performed on the side slopes of the Monofill. Six tests (T1, T2, T3, T4, T5, and T6) were performed on the top of the Monofill.

Figure 1 – Hand Auger Test Locations



Table 1 shows results of the tests performed including the list of locations and the corresponding auger details. The table includes the depths at which the GCL/Geocomposite element of the final cover layer was encountered, if applicable.

Table 1 – Hand Auger Depths

Location ID	Depth Augered (inches)	GCL or Geocomposite Layer Encountered
S2	17	Yes
S3	20	Yes
S1	22	Yes
T1	22	Yes
T5	22	Yes
T4	24	No
S4	24	No
T2	24	Yes
T3	24	Yes
T6	25	No

After the hand auger test, the locations were filled with bentonite up to six inches from the ground surface. The bentonite was hydrated with water at approximately one-half gallon per hole. The remaining area was filled up to the surface with the cover soil that had been removed during the hand auger.

Additional Field Notes:

1. T1 – Found evidence of GCL/geocomposite layer when augered down to 22 inches. Filled augered hole with bentonite up to 6 inches from the surface, poured ½ gallon of water and 6 inches of soil cover.
2. T2 – Found evidence of GCL/geocomposite layer when augered down to 24 inches. Filled augered hole with bentonite up to 6 inches from the surface, poured ½ gallon of water and 6 inches of soil cover.
3. T3 – Found evidence of GCL/geocomposite layer when augered down to 24 inches. Filled augered hole with bentonite up to 6 inches from the surface, poured ½ gallon of water and 6 inches of soil cover.
4. T4 – Found no evidence of GCL/geocomposite layer when augered down to 24 inches. Filled augered hole with bentonite up to 6 inches from the surface, poured ½ gallon of water and 6 inches of soil cover.
5. T5 – Found evidence of GCL/geocomposite layer when augered down to 22 inches. Filled augered hole with bentonite up to 6 inches from the surface, poured ½ gallon of water and 6 inches of soil cover.
6. T6 – Found no evidence of GCL/geocomposite layer when augered down to 25 inches. Filled augered hole with bentonite up to 6 inches from the surface, poured ½ gallon of water and 6 inches of soil cover.
7. S1 – Found evidence of GCL/geocomposite layer when augered down to 22 inches. Filled augered hole with bentonite up to 6 inches from the surface, poured ½ gallon of water and 6 inches of soil cover.

8. S2 – Found evidence of GCL/geocomposite layer when augered down to 17 inches. Filled augered hole with bentonite up to 6 inches from the surface, poured $\frac{1}{2}$ gallon of water and 6 inches of soil cover.
9. S3 – Found evidence of GCL/geocomposite layer when augered down to 20 inches. Filled augered hole with bentonite up to 6 inches from the surface, poured $\frac{1}{2}$ gallon of water and 6 inches of soil cover.
10. S4 – Found no evidence of GCL/geocomposite layer when augered down to 24 inches. Filled augered hole with bentonite up to 6 inches from the surface, poured $\frac{1}{2}$ gallon of water and 6 inches of soil cover.

Appendix H. Stormwater Management System Calculations

Stormwater Calculations

AP3 Landfill and Monofill

This appendix presents stormwater calculations for AP3 Landfill and Monofill. Calculations are presented for flow depth and velocity in storm water conveyances. Results are summarized below, and supporting details are on the following pages.

Ditch Calculations

The following output summarizes the Manning's equation calculations for the existing run on/off control ditches at the AP3 Landfill and Monofill facility. The FlowMaster software by Bentley was used to complete calculations based on the completed hydrology model of the site and cross sections taken from the recent aerial survey data.

The calculations are based on cross section and surface condition of the ditch as well as the longitudinal slope. The results include the existing data for each ditch, and also provide the calculated depth of flow and a velocity for the selected design storm flow rate.

Also attached to this Appendix are drainage area maps detailing the location of the modeled ditch cross sections and the associated drainage areas, and the hydrological calculation results for the drainage areas.

Summary of Ditch Calculations

Ditch Section	Actual Depth	25 -Yr Event			Notes	100 -Yr Event			Notes
		Flow	Depth	Velocity		Flow	Depth	Velocity	
AP3 -1	1.5	138	1.5	3.7	OK	188	1.7	4	Depth Exceeds Ditch Capacity
AP3-2	2.1	164	1.37	2.7	OK	225	1.6	3	OK
AP3-3	5.4	50	1.2	2.7	OK	70	1.45	3	OK
AP3-4	3.2	26	0.7	2.1	OK	36	0.84	2.3	OK
Monofill -1	2.6	14	0.37	3.5	OK	19	0.45	3.9	OK
Monofill-2	3	21	0.57	4.9	Velocity Exceeds 4.0	29	0.68	5.4	Velocity Exceeds 4.0
Monofill-3	1	11	0.42	4.3	Velocity Exceeds 4.0	15	0.5	4.8	Velocity Exceeds 4.0
Flow	CFS								
Depth	Feet								
Velocity	FPS								

AP 3 Ditch - 1

Project Description

Friction Method Manning Formula
Solve For Normal Depth

Input Data

Roughness Coefficient	0.035
Channel Slope	0.01000 ft/ft
Left Side Slope	20.00 ft/ft (H:V)
Right Side Slope	8.00 ft/ft (H:V)
Bottom Width	4.00 ft
Discharge	188.00 ft³/s

Results

Normal Depth	1.70 ft
Flow Area	47.10 ft²
Wetted Perimeter	51.66 ft
Hydraulic Radius	0.91 ft
Top Width	51.51 ft
Critical Depth	1.49 ft
Critical Slope	0.01924 ft/ft
Velocity	3.99 ft/s
Velocity Head	0.25 ft
Specific Energy	1.94 ft
Froude Number	0.74
Flow Type	Subcritical

GVF Input Data

Downstream Depth	0.00 ft
Length	0.00 ft
Number Of Steps	0

GVF Output Data

Upstream Depth	0.00 ft
Profile Description	
Profile Headloss	0.00 ft
Downstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Upstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Normal Depth	1.70 ft
Critical Depth	1.49 ft
Channel Slope	0.01000 ft/ft

AP 3 Ditch - 1

GVF Output Data

Critical Slope

0.01924 ft/ft

AP3 Channel - 1 - 25 yr

Project Description

Friction Method Manning Formula
Solve For Normal Depth

Input Data

Roughness Coefficient	0.035
Channel Slope	0.01000 ft/ft
Left Side Slope	20.00 ft/ft (H:V)
Right Side Slope	8.00 ft/ft (H:V)
Bottom Width	4.00 ft
Discharge	138.00 ft³/s

Results

Normal Depth	1.50 ft
Flow Area	37.36 ft²
Wetted Perimeter	46.05 ft
Hydraulic Radius	0.81 ft
Top Width	45.92 ft
Critical Depth	1.30 ft
Critical Slope	0.02005 ft/ft
Velocity	3.69 ft/s
Velocity Head	0.21 ft
Specific Energy	1.71 ft
Froude Number	0.72
Flow Type	Subcritical

GVF Input Data

Downstream Depth	0.00 ft
Length	0.00 ft
Number Of Steps	0

GVF Output Data

Upstream Depth	0.00 ft
Profile Description	
Profile Headloss	0.00 ft
Downstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Upstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Normal Depth	1.50 ft
Critical Depth	1.30 ft
Channel Slope	0.01000 ft/ft

AP3 Channel - 1 - 25 yr

GVF Output Data

Critical Slope

0.02005 ft/ft

AP 3 Ditch - 2

Project Description

Friction Method Manning Formula

Solve For Normal Depth

Input Data

Channel Slope 0.00500 ft/ft

Discharge 225.00 ft³/s

Section Definitions

Station (ft)	Elevation (ft)
0+00	2.50
0+03	1.80
0+07	1.40
0+36	0.40
0+71	0.00
0+88	2.50

Roughness Segment Definitions

Start Station	Ending Station	Roughness Coefficient
(0+00, 2.50)	(0+88, 2.50)	0.035

Options

Current Roughness Weighted Method Pavlovskii's Method

Open Channel Weighting Method Pavlovskii's Method

Closed Channel Weighting Method Pavlovskii's Method

Results

Normal Depth	1.57 ft
Elevation Range	0.00 to 2.50 ft
Flow Area	75.55 ft ²
Wetted Perimeter	76.44 ft
Hydraulic Radius	0.99 ft
Top Width	76.30 ft
Normal Depth	1.57 ft

AP 3 Ditch - 2

Results

Critical Depth	1.16 ft
Critical Slope	0.01997 ft/ft
Velocity	2.98 ft/s
Velocity Head	0.14 ft
Specific Energy	1.70 ft
Froude Number	0.53
Flow Type	Subcritical

GVF Input Data

Downstream Depth	0.00 ft
Length	0.00 ft
Number Of Steps	0

GVF Output Data

Upstream Depth	0.00 ft
Profile Description	
Profile Headloss	0.00 ft
Downstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Upstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Normal Depth	1.57 ft
Critical Depth	1.16 ft
Channel Slope	0.00500 ft/ft
Critical Slope	0.01997 ft/ft

AP 3 Channel - 2 - 25 yr

Project Description

Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

Input Data

Channel Slope	0.00500	ft/ft
Discharge	164.00	ft ³ /s

Station (ft)	Elevation (ft)
0+00	2.50
0+03	1.80
0+07	1.40
0+36	0.40
0+71	0.00
0+88	2.50

Roughness Segment Definitions

Start Station	Ending Station	Roughness Coefficient
(0+00, 2.50)	(0+88, 2.50)	0.035

Options

Current Roughness Weighted Method	Pavlovskii's Method
Open Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method
Closed Channel Weighting Method	Pavlovskii's Method

Results

Normal Depth	1.37	ft
Elevation Range	0.00 to 2.50 ft	
Flow Area	61.24	ft ²
Wetted Perimeter	72.70	ft
Hydraulic Radius	0.84	ft
Top Width	72.58	ft
Normal Depth	1.37	ft

AP 3 Channel - 2 - 25 yr

Results

Critical Depth	1.00	ft
Critical Slope	0.02098	ft/ft
Velocity	2.68	ft/s
Velocity Head	0.11	ft
Specific Energy	1.49	ft
Froude Number	0.51	
Flow Type	Subcritical	

GVF Input Data

Downstream Depth	0.00	ft
Length	0.00	ft
Number Of Steps	0	

GVF Output Data

Upstream Depth	0.00	ft
Profile Description		
Profile Headloss	0.00	ft
Downstream Velocity	Infinity	ft/s
Upstream Velocity	Infinity	ft/s
Normal Depth	1.37	ft
Critical Depth	1.00	ft
Channel Slope	0.00500	ft/ft
Critical Slope	0.02098	ft/ft

AP3 Ditch - 3

Project Description

Friction Method Manning Formula
Solve For Normal Depth

Input Data

Roughness Coefficient	0.035
Channel Slope	0.00500 ft/ft
Left Side Slope	5.00 ft/ft (H:V)
Right Side Slope	5.00 ft/ft (H:V)
Bottom Width	9.00 ft
Discharge	70.00 ft³/s

Results

Normal Depth	1.45 ft
Flow Area	23.49 ft²
Wetted Perimeter	23.76 ft
Hydraulic Radius	0.99 ft
Top Width	23.47 ft
Critical Depth	1.02 ft
Critical Slope	0.01996 ft/ft
Velocity	2.98 ft/s
Velocity Head	0.14 ft
Specific Energy	1.58 ft
Froude Number	0.53
Flow Type	Subcritical

GVF Input Data

Downstream Depth	0.00 ft
Length	0.00 ft
Number Of Steps	0

GVF Output Data

Upstream Depth	0.00 ft
Profile Description	
Profile Headloss	0.00 ft
Downstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Upstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Normal Depth	1.45 ft
Critical Depth	1.02 ft
Channel Slope	0.00500 ft/ft

AP3 Ditch - 3

GVF Output Data

Critical Slope

0.01996 ft/ft

AP3 Channel - 3 - 25 yr

Project Description

Friction Method Manning Formula
Solve For Normal Depth

Input Data

Roughness Coefficient	0.035
Channel Slope	0.00500 ft/ft
Left Side Slope	5.00 ft/ft (H:V)
Right Side Slope	5.00 ft/ft (H:V)
Bottom Width	9.00 ft
Discharge	50.00 ft³/s

Results

Normal Depth	1.22 ft
Flow Area	18.43 ft²
Wetted Perimeter	21.44 ft
Hydraulic Radius	0.86 ft
Top Width	21.20 ft
Critical Depth	0.84 ft
Critical Slope	0.02102 ft/ft
Velocity	2.71 ft/s
Velocity Head	0.11 ft
Specific Energy	1.33 ft
Froude Number	0.51
Flow Type	Subcritical

GVF Input Data

Downstream Depth	0.00 ft
Length	0.00 ft
Number Of Steps	0

GVF Output Data

Upstream Depth	0.00 ft
Profile Description	
Profile Headloss	0.00 ft
Downstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Upstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Normal Depth	1.22 ft
Critical Depth	0.84 ft
Channel Slope	0.00500 ft/ft

AP3 Channel - 3 - 25 yr

GVF Output Data

Critical Slope

0.02102 ft/ft

AP3 Ditch - 4

Project Description

Friction Method Manning Formula
Solve For Normal Depth

Input Data

Roughness Coefficient	0.035
Channel Slope	0.00500 ft/ft
Left Side Slope	5.00 ft/ft (H:V)
Right Side Slope	7.00 ft/ft (H:V)
Bottom Width	14.00 ft
Discharge	36.00 ft³/s

Results

Normal Depth	0.84 ft
Flow Area	15.87 ft²
Wetted Perimeter	24.16 ft
Hydraulic Radius	0.66 ft
Top Width	24.02 ft
Critical Depth	0.54 ft
Critical Slope	0.02331 ft/ft
Velocity	2.27 ft/s
Velocity Head	0.08 ft
Specific Energy	0.91 ft
Froude Number	0.49
Flow Type	Subcritical

GVF Input Data

Downstream Depth	0.00 ft
Length	0.00 ft
Number Of Steps	0

GVF Output Data

Upstream Depth	0.00 ft
Profile Description	
Profile Headloss	0.00 ft
Downstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Upstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Normal Depth	0.84 ft
Critical Depth	0.54 ft
Channel Slope	0.00500 ft/ft

AP3 Ditch - 4

GVF Output Data

Critical Slope

0.02331 ft/ft

AP 3 Channel - 4 - 25 yr

Project Description

Friction Method	Manning Formula
Solve For	Normal Depth

Input Data

Roughness Coefficient	0.035
Channel Slope	0.00500 ft/ft
Left Side Slope	5.00 ft/ft (H:V)
Right Side Slope	7.00 ft/ft (H:V)
Bottom Width	14.00 ft
Discharge	26.00 ft³/s

Results

Normal Depth	0.70 ft
Flow Area	12.68 ft²
Wetted Perimeter	22.49 ft
Hydraulic Radius	0.56 ft
Top Width	22.37 ft
Critical Depth	0.44 ft
Critical Slope	0.02471 ft/ft
Velocity	2.05 ft/s
Velocity Head	0.07 ft
Specific Energy	0.76 ft
Froude Number	0.48
Flow Type	Subcritical

GVF Input Data

Downstream Depth	0.00 ft
Length	0.00 ft
Number Of Steps	0

GVF Output Data

Upstream Depth	0.00 ft
Profile Description	
Profile Headloss	0.00 ft
Downstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Upstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Normal Depth	0.70 ft
Critical Depth	0.44 ft
Channel Slope	0.00500 ft/ft

AP 3 Channel - 4 - 25 yr

GVF Output Data

Critical Slope

0.02471 ft/ft

Monofill Ditch - 1

Project Description

Friction Method Manning Formula
Solve For Normal Depth

Input Data

Roughness Coefficient	0.035
Channel Slope	0.02800 ft/ft
Left Side Slope	2.00 ft/ft (H:V)
Right Side Slope	3.00 ft/ft (H:V)
Bottom Width	10.00 ft
Discharge	19.30 ft³/s

Results

Normal Depth	0.45 ft
Flow Area	4.99 ft²
Wetted Perimeter	12.42 ft
Hydraulic Radius	0.40 ft
Top Width	12.24 ft
Critical Depth	0.47 ft
Critical Slope	0.02425 ft/ft
Velocity	3.87 ft/s
Velocity Head	0.23 ft
Specific Energy	0.68 ft
Froude Number	1.07
Flow Type	Supercritical

GVF Input Data

Downstream Depth	0.00 ft
Length	0.00 ft
Number Of Steps	0

GVF Output Data

Upstream Depth	0.00 ft
Profile Description	
Profile Headloss	0.00 ft
Downstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Upstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Normal Depth	0.45 ft
Critical Depth	0.47 ft
Channel Slope	0.02800 ft/ft

Monofill Ditch - 1

GVF Output Data

Critical Slope

0.02425 ft/ft

Monofill Channel - 1 - 25 yr

Project Description

Friction Method Manning Formula
Solve For Normal Depth

Input Data

Roughness Coefficient	0.035
Channel Slope	0.02800 ft/ft
Left Side Slope	2.00 ft/ft (H:V)
Right Side Slope	3.00 ft/ft (H:V)
Bottom Width	10.00 ft
Discharge	14.00 ft³/s

Results

Normal Depth	0.37 ft
Flow Area	4.06 ft²
Wetted Perimeter	12.01 ft
Hydraulic Radius	0.34 ft
Top Width	11.86 ft
Critical Depth	0.38 ft
Critical Slope	0.02575 ft/ft
Velocity	3.45 ft/s
Velocity Head	0.18 ft
Specific Energy	0.56 ft
Froude Number	1.04
Flow Type	Supercritical

GVF Input Data

Downstream Depth	0.00 ft
Length	0.00 ft
Number Of Steps	0

GVF Output Data

Upstream Depth	0.00 ft
Profile Description	
Profile Headloss	0.00 ft
Downstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Upstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Normal Depth	0.37 ft
Critical Depth	0.38 ft
Channel Slope	0.02800 ft/ft

Monofill Channel - 1 - 25 yr

GVF Output Data

Critical Slope

0.02575 ft/ft

Monofill Ditch - 2

Project Description

Friction Method Manning Formula
Solve For Normal Depth

Input Data

Roughness Coefficient	0.035
Channel Slope	0.04200 ft/ft
Left Side Slope	4.00 ft/ft (H:V)
Right Side Slope	5.00 ft/ft (H:V)
Bottom Width	5.00 ft
Discharge	26.80 ft³/s

Results

Normal Depth	0.65 ft
Flow Area	5.12 ft²
Wetted Perimeter	10.97 ft
Hydraulic Radius	0.47 ft
Top Width	10.82 ft
Critical Depth	0.76 ft
Critical Slope	0.02232 ft/ft
Velocity	5.24 ft/s
Velocity Head	0.43 ft
Specific Energy	1.07 ft
Froude Number	1.34
Flow Type	Supercritical

GVF Input Data

Downstream Depth	0.00 ft
Length	0.00 ft
Number Of Steps	0

GVF Output Data

Upstream Depth	0.00 ft
Profile Description	
Profile Headloss	0.00 ft
Downstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Upstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Normal Depth	0.65 ft
Critical Depth	0.76 ft
Channel Slope	0.04200 ft/ft

Monofill Ditch - 2

GVF Output Data

Critical Slope

0.02232 ft/ft

Monofill Channel - 2 - 25 yr

Project Description

Friction Method Manning Formula
Solve For Normal Depth

Input Data

Roughness Coefficient	0.035
Channel Slope	0.04200 ft/ft
Left Side Slope	4.00 ft/ft (H:V)
Right Side Slope	5.00 ft/ft (H:V)
Bottom Width	5.00 ft
Discharge	19.00 ft³/s

Results

Normal Depth	0.54 ft
Flow Area	4.01 ft²
Wetted Perimeter	9.98 ft
Hydraulic Radius	0.40 ft
Top Width	9.86 ft
Critical Depth	0.63 ft
Critical Slope	0.02349 ft/ft
Velocity	4.74 ft/s
Velocity Head	0.35 ft
Specific Energy	0.89 ft
Froude Number	1.31
Flow Type	Supercritical

GVF Input Data

Downstream Depth	0.00 ft
Length	0.00 ft
Number Of Steps	0

GVF Output Data

Upstream Depth	0.00 ft
Profile Description	
Profile Headloss	0.00 ft
Downstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Upstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Normal Depth	0.54 ft
Critical Depth	0.63 ft
Channel Slope	0.04200 ft/ft

Monofill Channel - 2 - 25 yr

GVF Output Data

Critical Slope

0.02349 ft/ft

Monofill Ditch - 3

Project Description

Friction Method Manning Formula
Solve For Normal Depth

Input Data

Roughness Coefficient	0.035
Channel Slope	0.05000 ft/ft
Left Side Slope	5.00 ft/ft (H:V)
Right Side Slope	5.00 ft/ft (H:V)
Bottom Width	4.00 ft
Discharge	15.30 ft³/s

Results

Normal Depth	0.50 ft
Flow Area	3.21 ft²
Wetted Perimeter	9.06 ft
Hydraulic Radius	0.35 ft
Top Width	8.96 ft
Critical Depth	0.60 ft
Critical Slope	0.02425 ft/ft
Velocity	4.76 ft/s
Velocity Head	0.35 ft
Specific Energy	0.85 ft
Froude Number	1.40
Flow Type	Supercritical

GVF Input Data

Downstream Depth	0.00 ft
Length	0.00 ft
Number Of Steps	0

GVF Output Data

Upstream Depth	0.00 ft
Profile Description	
Profile Headloss	0.00 ft
Downstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Upstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Normal Depth	0.50 ft
Critical Depth	0.60 ft
Channel Slope	0.05000 ft/ft

Monofill Ditch - 3

GVF Output Data

Critical Slope

0.02425 ft/ft

Monofill Channel - 3 - 25 yr

Project Description

Friction Method Manning Formula
Solve For Normal Depth

Input Data

Roughness Coefficient	0.035
Channel Slope	0.05000 ft/ft
Left Side Slope	5.00 ft/ft (H:V)
Right Side Slope	5.00 ft/ft (H:V)
Bottom Width	4.00 ft
Discharge	11.00 ft³/s

Results

Normal Depth	0.42 ft
Flow Area	2.54 ft²
Wetted Perimeter	8.26 ft
Hydraulic Radius	0.31 ft
Top Width	8.18 ft
Critical Depth	0.50 ft
Critical Slope	0.02546 ft/ft
Velocity	4.33 ft/s
Velocity Head	0.29 ft
Specific Energy	0.71 ft
Froude Number	1.37
Flow Type	Supercritical

GVF Input Data

Downstream Depth	0.00 ft
Length	0.00 ft
Number Of Steps	0

GVF Output Data

Upstream Depth	0.00 ft
Profile Description	
Profile Headloss	0.00 ft
Downstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Upstream Velocity	Infinity ft/s
Normal Depth	0.42 ft
Critical Depth	0.50 ft
Channel Slope	0.05000 ft/ft

Monofill Channel - 3 - 25 yr

GVF Output Data

Critical Slope

0.02546 ft/ft

Hydrology

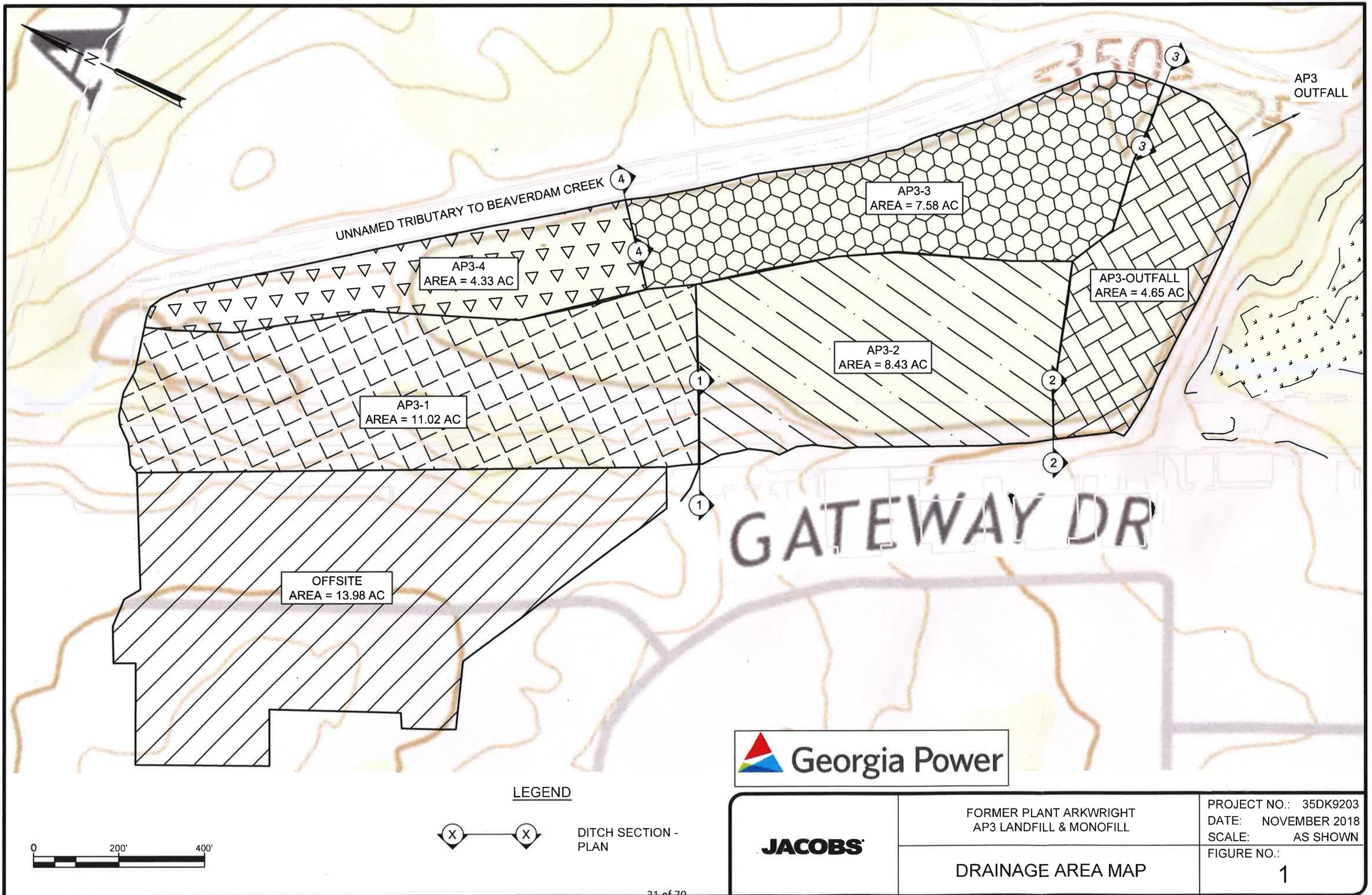
The following output summarizes the Hydrologic calculations for the AP3 Landfill and Monofill. The calculations were completed using the Hydroflow Hydragraphs software to determine flow rates and total runoff volumes for the relevant design storms.

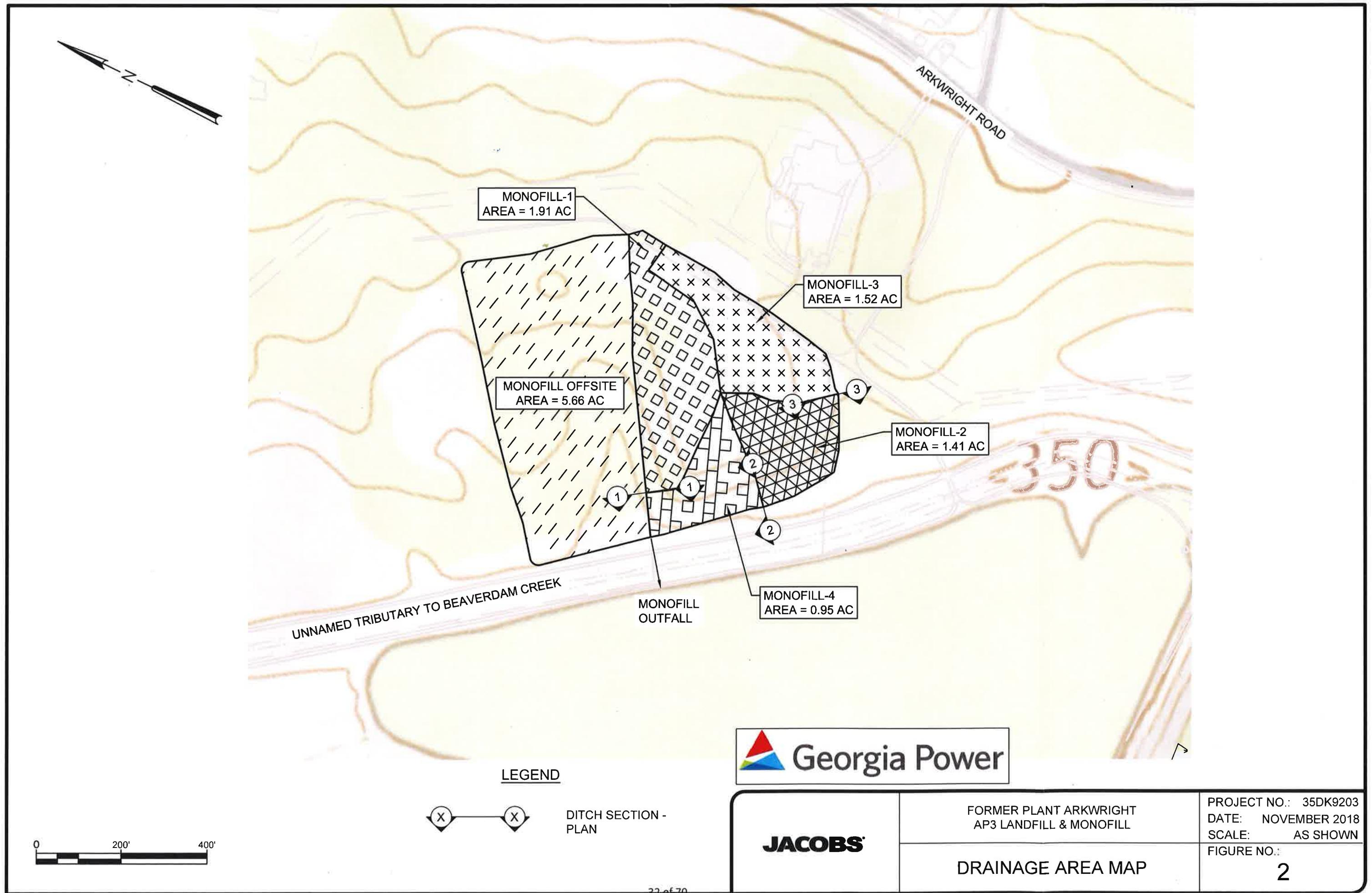
The calculations use drainage area, land use, flow times and rainfall intensities to compute runoff hydrographs representing runoff rates over time. These variables were determined based on site visits, aerial topography, estimations of impervious land cover, and local rainfall data available from NOAA.

Included in this Appendix are drainage area maps associated with the runoff hydrographs detailed in the model and represented in the output.

The AP3 Landfill site is drained by drainage ditches along the east and west perimeter, which convey stormwater to a culvert at the southeast corner of the site. The eastern ditch controls runoff from the facility only. Two drainage basins were delineated to provide flows to a cross section of the ditch to allow determination flow depths and velocities at these points. The same procedure was used along the western ditch. However, on this side of the facility offsite water enters the northern portion of the ditch and two separate hydrographs were modeled and added to determine flow at ditch section 1. Additional offsite areas west of the facility are conveyed to the wetlands by a drainage feature located offsite. The east and west ditches combine in the low area at the southeast corner of the facility. Where the existing culvert conveys flows from the facility into the unnamed tributary of Beaverdam Creek.

The Monofill site is drainage by two perimeter ditches that convey runoff from the facility. These combine at the low point of the site, at the western corner and discharge into a larger, offsite ditch. Hydrographs were calculated for four onsite basins to allow several determination of flow depths and velocities at several locations along the perimeter of the site.





Hydrograph Return Period Recap

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for AutoCAD® Civil 3D® 2009 by Autodesk, Inc. v6.066

Hyd. No.	Hydrograph type (origin)	Inflow Hyd(s)	Peak Outflow (cfs)								Hydrograph description
			1-Yr	2-Yr	3-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr	
1	SCS Runoff	----	9.607	11.99	-----	16.31	20.29	26.27	-----	36.59	AP3 4
2	SCS Runoff	----	10.70	13.42	-----	18.40	23.00	29.93	-----	41.95	AP3 3
4	SCS Runoff	-----	17.70	22.19	-----	30.37	37.92	49.27	-----	68.96	AP3 1
5	SCS Runoff	-----	40.17	48.37	-----	62.89	76.00	95.38	-----	128.43	AP3 Offsite
6	SCS Runoff	-----	11.90	14.93	-----	20.46	25.58	33.28	-----	46.65	AP3 2
9	SCS Runoff	-----	11.35	14.10	-----	19.13	23.75	30.67	-----	42.62	AP3 OUTFALL AREA
11	Combine	1, 2,	17.72	22.26	-----	30.55	38.21	49.76	-----	69.80	AP3 Ditch Section 3
13	Combine	4, 5,	54.85	66.92	-----	88.53	108.22	137.55	-----	187.94	AP3 Ditch Section 1
14	Combine	6, 13	63.63	78.10	-----	104.17	128.01	163.64	-----	225.05	AP3 Ditch Section 2
16	Combine	9, 11, 14,	91.06	112.40	-----	150.94	186.28	239.18	-----	330.49	AP3 Outfall
18	Reservoir	16	60.44	67.06	-----	93.65	121.38	149.77	-----	185.31	AP3 Discharge
21	SCS Runoff	-----	5.179	6.425	-----	8.677	10.74	13.86	-----	19.26	Monofill-1
22	SCS Runoff	-----	2.576	3.196	-----	4.316	5.343	6.896	-----	9.581	Monofill-4
24	SCS Runoff	-----	4.122	5.113	-----	6.905	8.548	11.03	-----	15.33	Monofill-3
25	SCS Runoff	-----	3.823	4.743	-----	6.405	7.930	10.24	-----	14.22	Monofill-2
27	SCS Runoff	-----	5.544	7.906	-----	12.48	16.95	23.98	-----	36.91	Monofill Offsite
29	Combine	24, 25,	7.945	9.856	-----	13.31	16.48	21.27	-----	29.55	Mono Ditch Section 2
30	Combine	21, 22, 27, 29	20.66	26.72	-----	38.01	48.65	64.96	-----	93.84	Mono Outfall

Hydrograph Report

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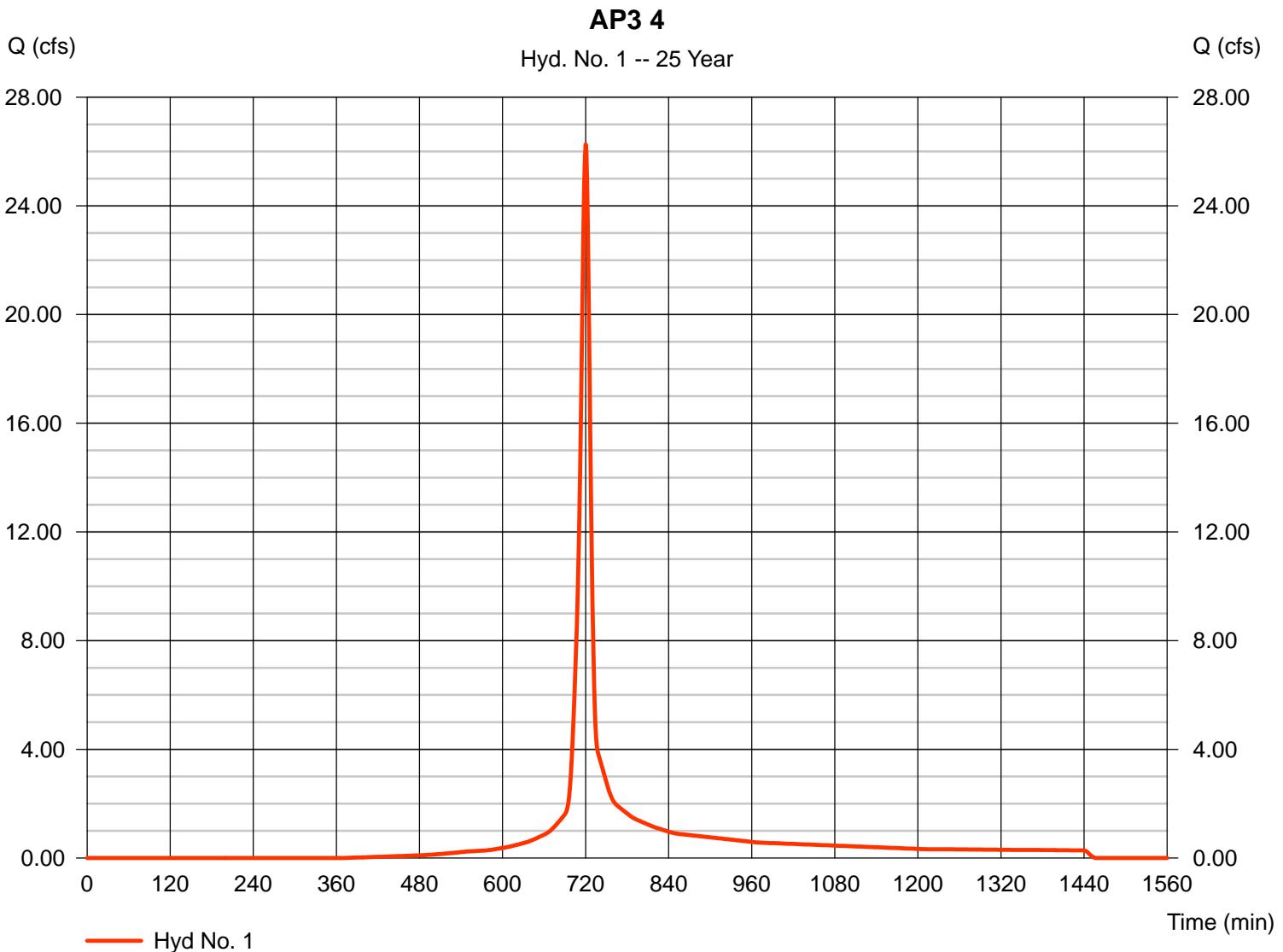
Monday, Nov 12, 2018

Hyd. No. 1

AP3 4

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff
 Storm frequency = 25 yrs
 Time interval = 1 min
 Drainage area = 4.330 ac
 Basin Slope = 0.0 %
 Tc method = TR55
 Total precip. = 6.27 in
 Storm duration = 24 hrs

Peak discharge = 26.27 cfs
 Time to peak = 720 min
 Hyd. volume = 64,406 cuft
 Curve number = 80
 Hydraulic length = 0 ft
 Time of conc. (Tc) = 11.30 min
 Distribution = Type II
 Shape factor = 484



Hydrograph Report

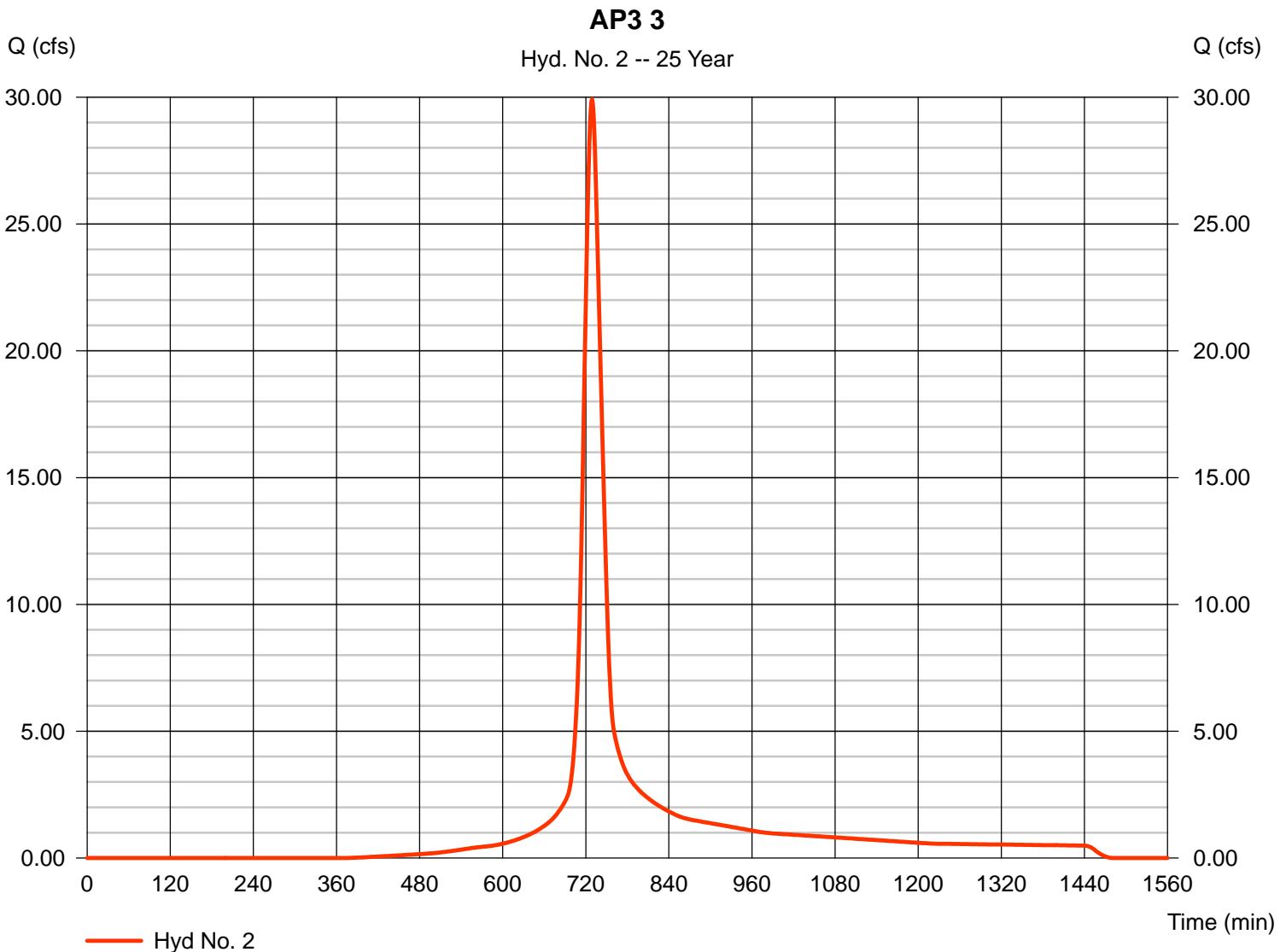
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for AutoCAD® Civil 3D® 2009 by Autodesk, Inc. v6.066

Monday, Nov 12, 2018

Hyd. No. 2

AP3 3

Hydrograph type	= SCS Runoff	Peak discharge	= 29.93 cfs
Storm frequency	= 25 yrs	Time to peak	= 729 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 111,635 cuft
Drainage area	= 7.580 ac	Curve number	= 80
Basin Slope	= 0.0 %	Hydraulic length	= 0 ft
Tc method	= TR55	Time of conc. (Tc)	= 25.80 min
Total precip.	= 6.27 in	Distribution	= Type II
Storm duration	= 24 hrs	Shape factor	= 484



Hydrograph Report

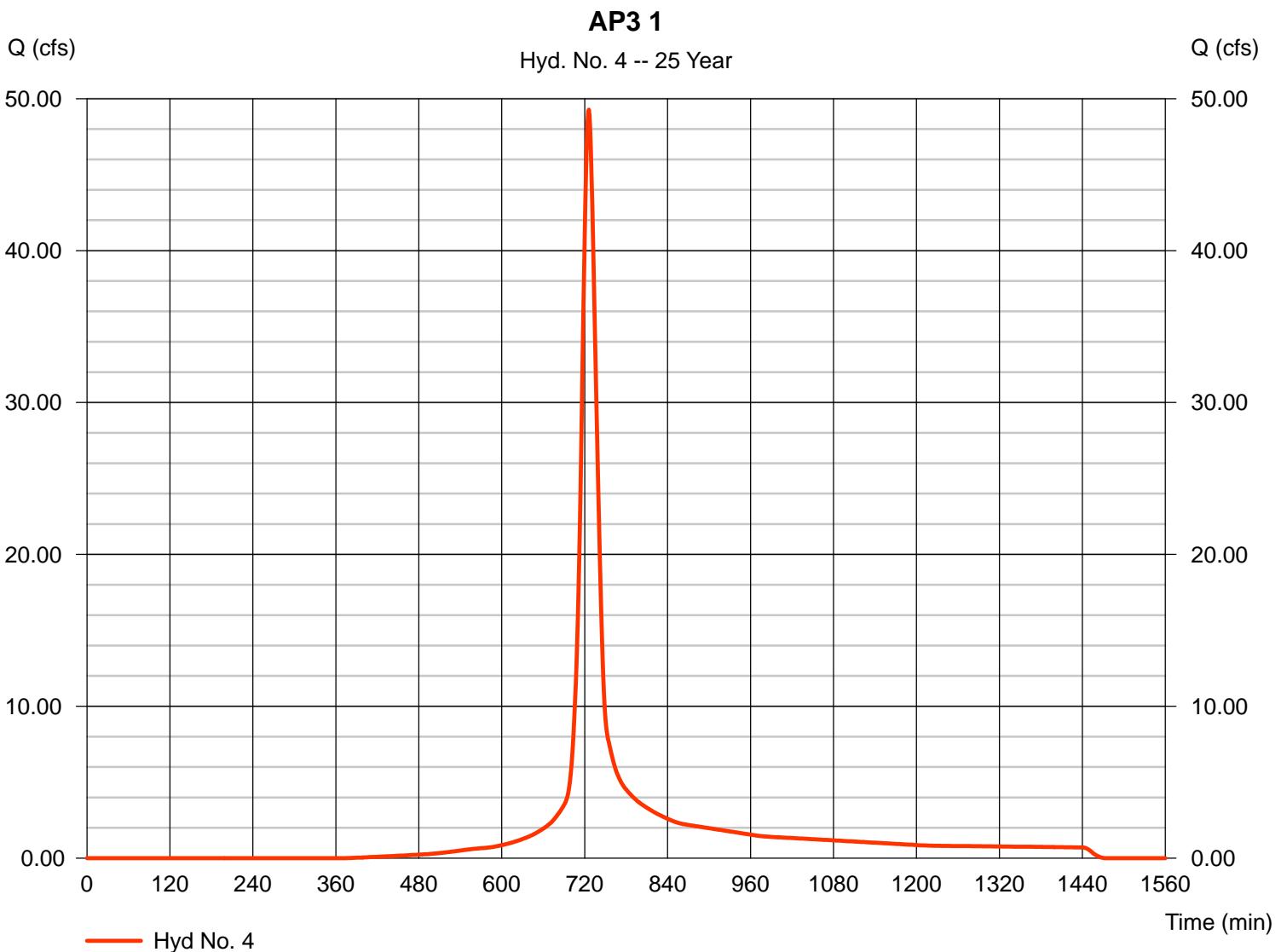
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for AutoCAD® Civil 3D® 2009 by Autodesk, Inc. v6.066

Monday, Nov 12, 2018

Hyd. No. 4

AP3 1

Hydrograph type	= SCS Runoff	Peak discharge	= 49.27 cfs
Storm frequency	= 25 yrs	Time to peak	= 726 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 162,589 cuft
Drainage area	= 11.020 ac	Curve number	= 80
Basin Slope	= 0.0 %	Hydraulic length	= 0 ft
Tc method	= TR55	Time of conc. (Tc)	= 20.69 min
Total precip.	= 6.27 in	Distribution	= Type II
Storm duration	= 24 hrs	Shape factor	= 484



Hydrograph Report

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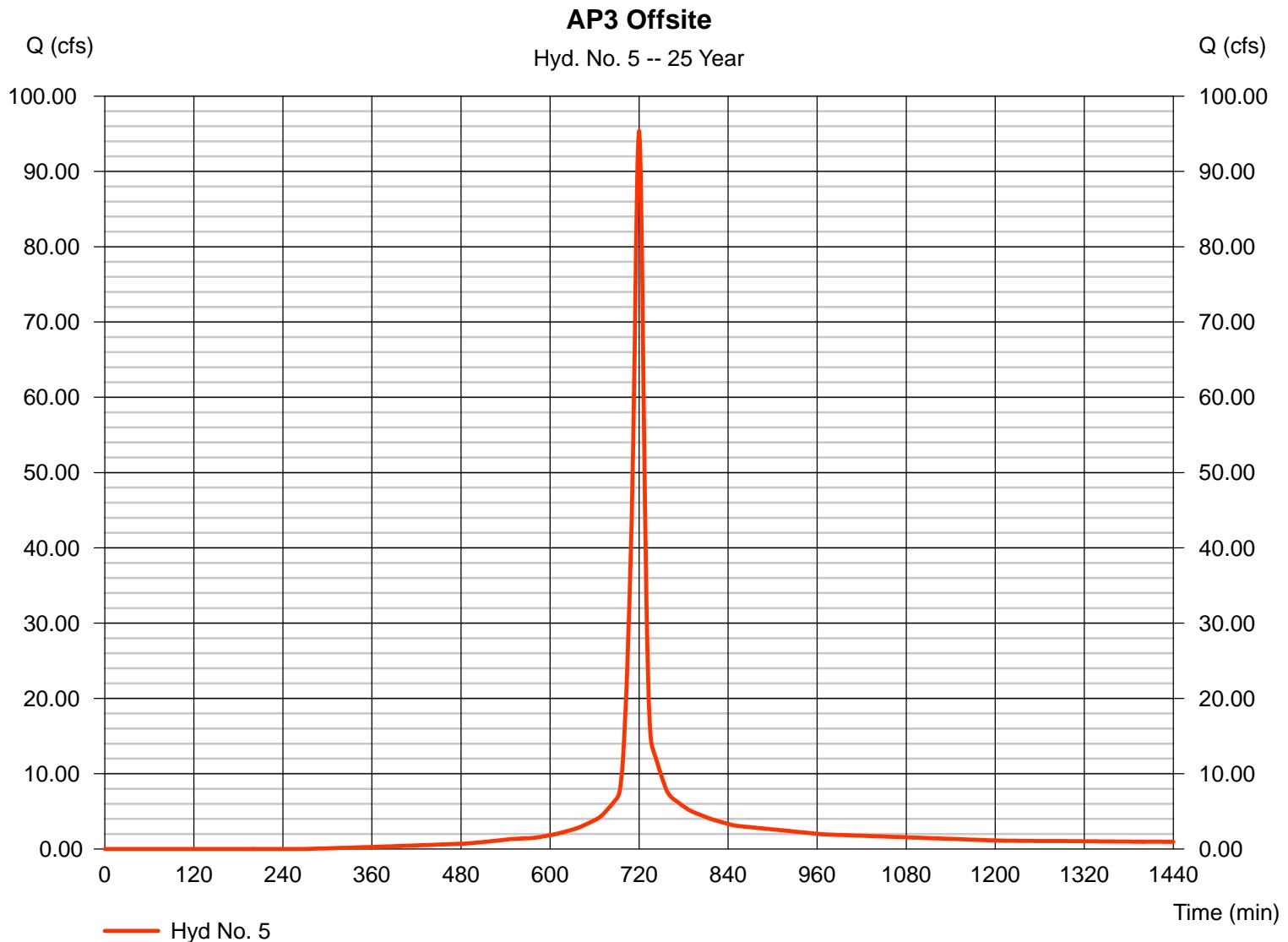
Monday, Nov 12, 2018

Hyd. No. 5

AP3 Offsite

Hydrograph type	= SCS Runoff	Peak discharge	= 95.38 cfs
Storm frequency	= 25 yrs	Time to peak	= 720 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 240,178 cuft
Drainage area	= 13.930 ac	Curve number	= 86*
Basin Slope	= 0.0 %	Hydraulic length	= 0 ft
Tc method	= TR55	Time of conc. (Tc)	= 11.00 min
Total precip.	= 6.27 in	Distribution	= Type II
Storm duration	= 24 hrs	Shape factor	= 484

* Composite (Area/CN) = [(10.690 x 91) + (3.240 x 70)] / 13.930



Hydrograph Report

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for AutoCAD® Civil 3D® 2009 by Autodesk, Inc. v6.066

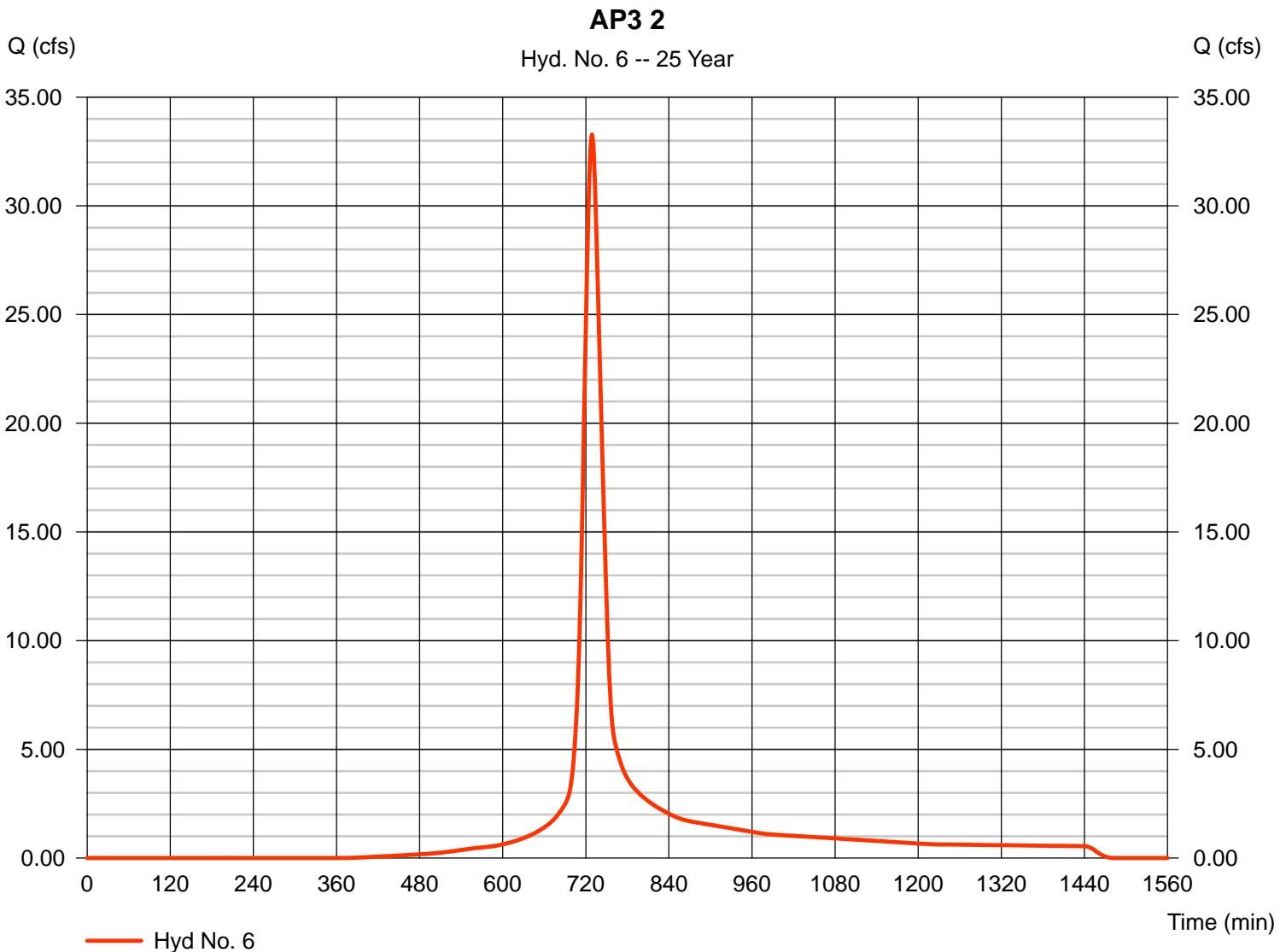
Monday, Nov 12, 2018

Hyd. No. 6

AP3 2

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff
 Storm frequency = 25 yrs
 Time interval = 1 min
 Drainage area = 8.430 ac
 Basin Slope = 0.0 %
 Tc method = TR55
 Total precip. = 6.27 in
 Storm duration = 24 hrs

Peak discharge = 33.28 cfs
 Time to peak = 729 min
 Hyd. volume = 124,154 cuft
 Curve number = 80
 Hydraulic length = 0 ft
 Time of conc. (Tc) = 26.40 min
 Distribution = Type II
 Shape factor = 484



Hydrograph Report

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for AutoCAD® Civil 3D® 2009 by Autodesk, Inc. v6.066

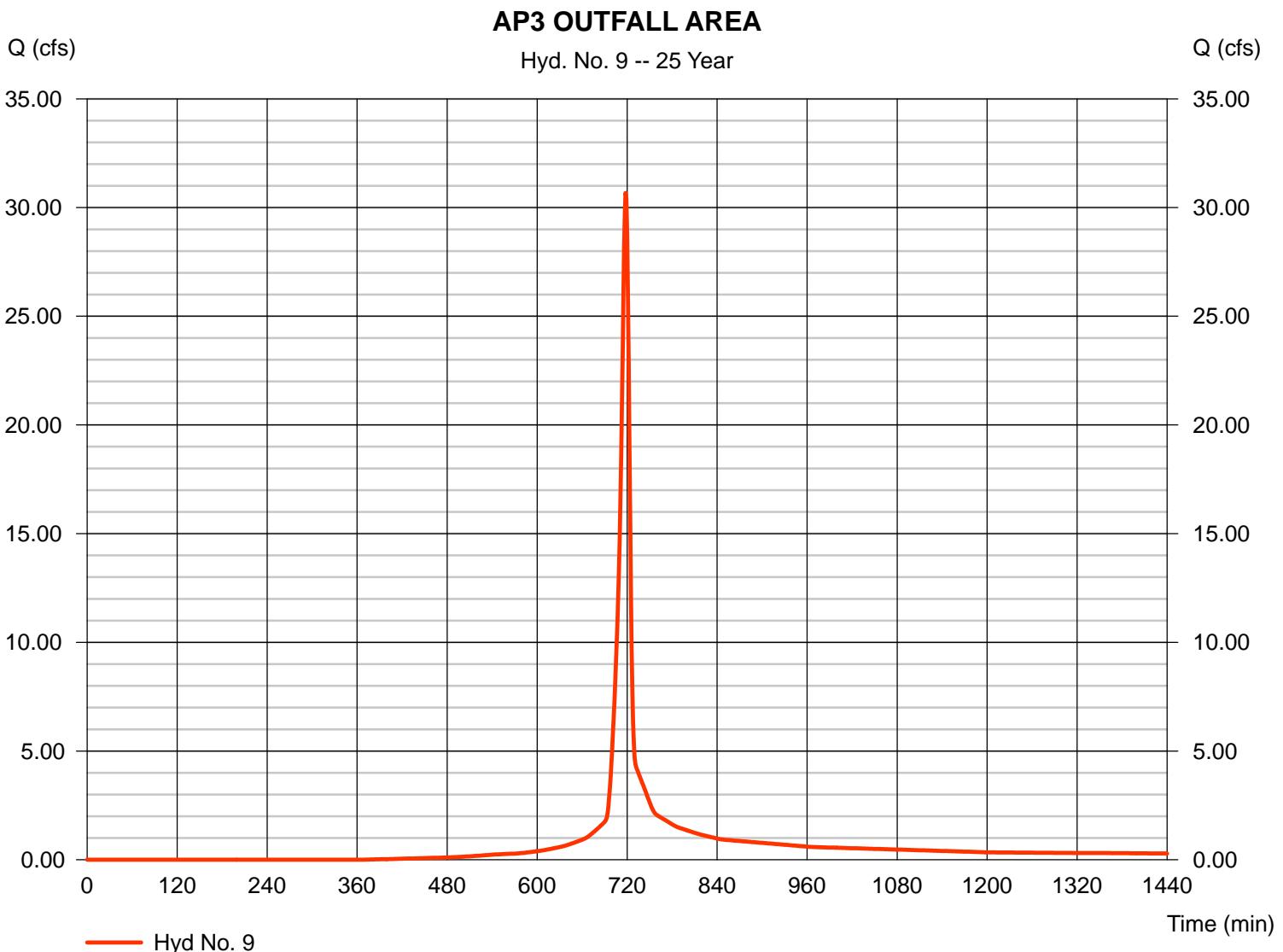
Monday, Nov 12, 2018

Hyd. No. 9

AP3 OUTFALL AREA

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff
 Storm frequency = 25 yrs
 Time interval = 1 min
 Drainage area = 4.650 ac
 Basin Slope = 0.0 %
 Tc method = USER
 Total precip. = 6.27 in
 Storm duration = 24 hrs

Peak discharge = 30.67 cfs
 Time to peak = 718 min
 Hyd. volume = 66,254 cuft
 Curve number = 80
 Hydraulic length = 0 ft
 Time of conc. (Tc) = 8.00 min
 Distribution = Type II
 Shape factor = 484



Hydrograph Report

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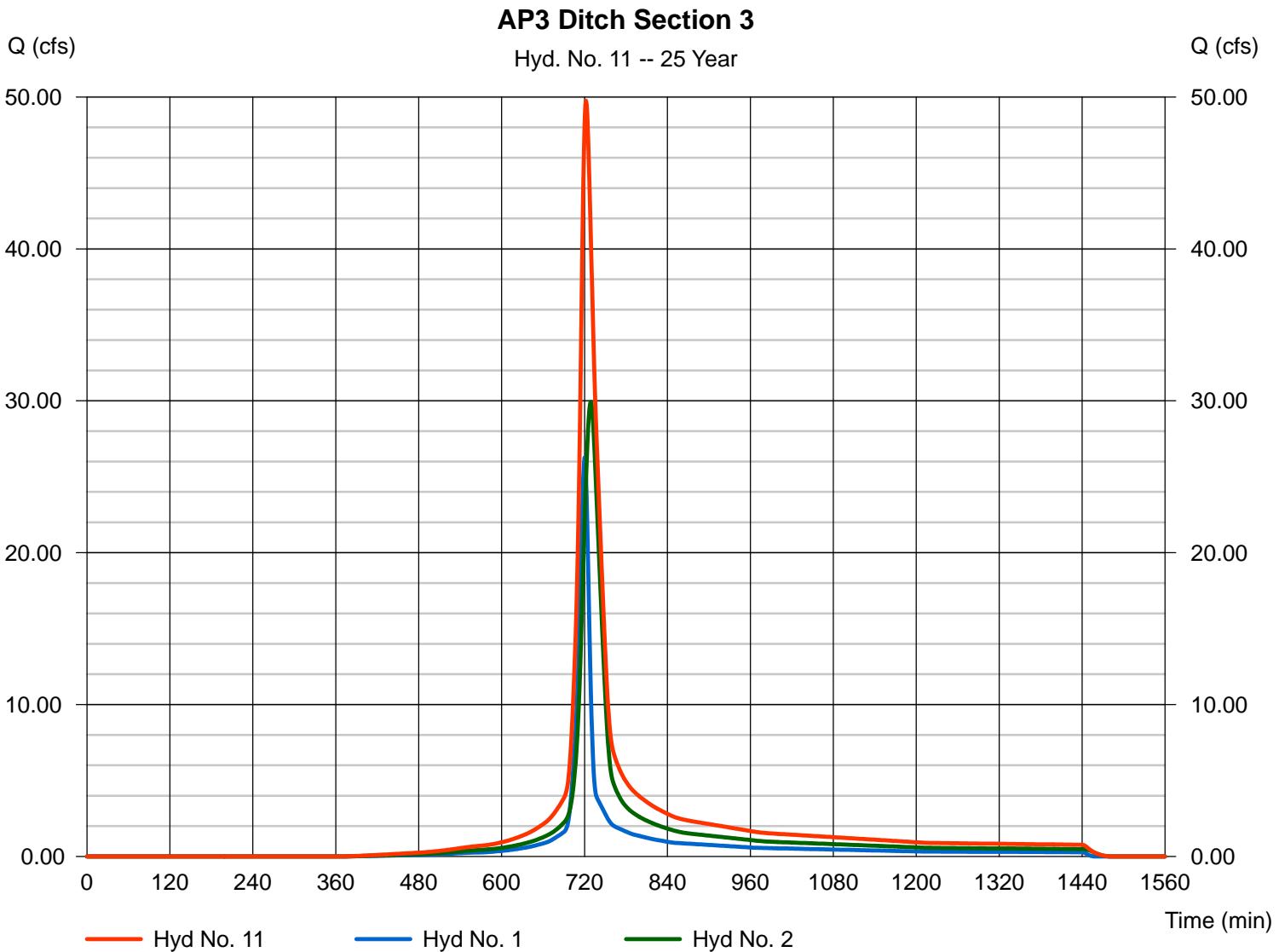
Monday, Nov 12, 2018

Hyd. No. 11

AP3 Ditch Section 3

Hydrograph type = Combine
 Storm frequency = 25 yrs
 Time interval = 1 min
 Inflow hyds. = 1, 2

Peak discharge = 49.76 cfs
 Time to peak = 722 min
 Hyd. volume = 176,042 cuft
 Contrib. drain. area = 11.910 ac



Hydrograph Report

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for AutoCAD® Civil 3D® 2009 by Autodesk, Inc. v6.066

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Hyd. No. 13

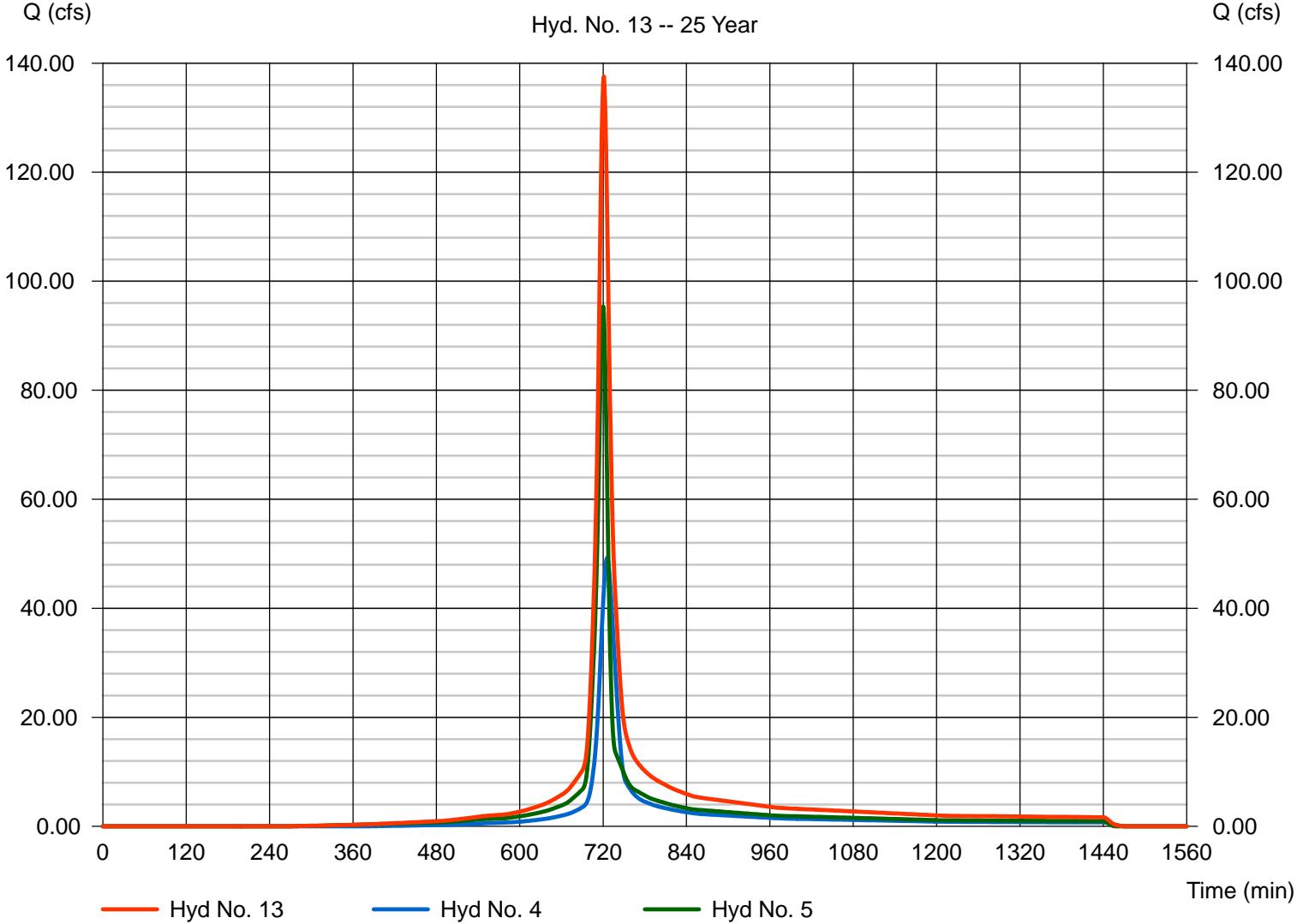
AP3 Ditch Section 1

Hydrograph type = Combine
 Storm frequency = 25 yrs
 Time interval = 1 min
 Inflow hyds. = 4, 5

Peak discharge = 137.55 cfs
 Time to peak = 721 min
 Hyd. volume = 402,767 cuft
 Contrib. drain. area = 24.950 ac

AP3 Ditch Section 1

Hyd. No. 13 -- 25 Year



Hydrograph Report

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Monday, Nov 12, 2018

Hyd. No. 14

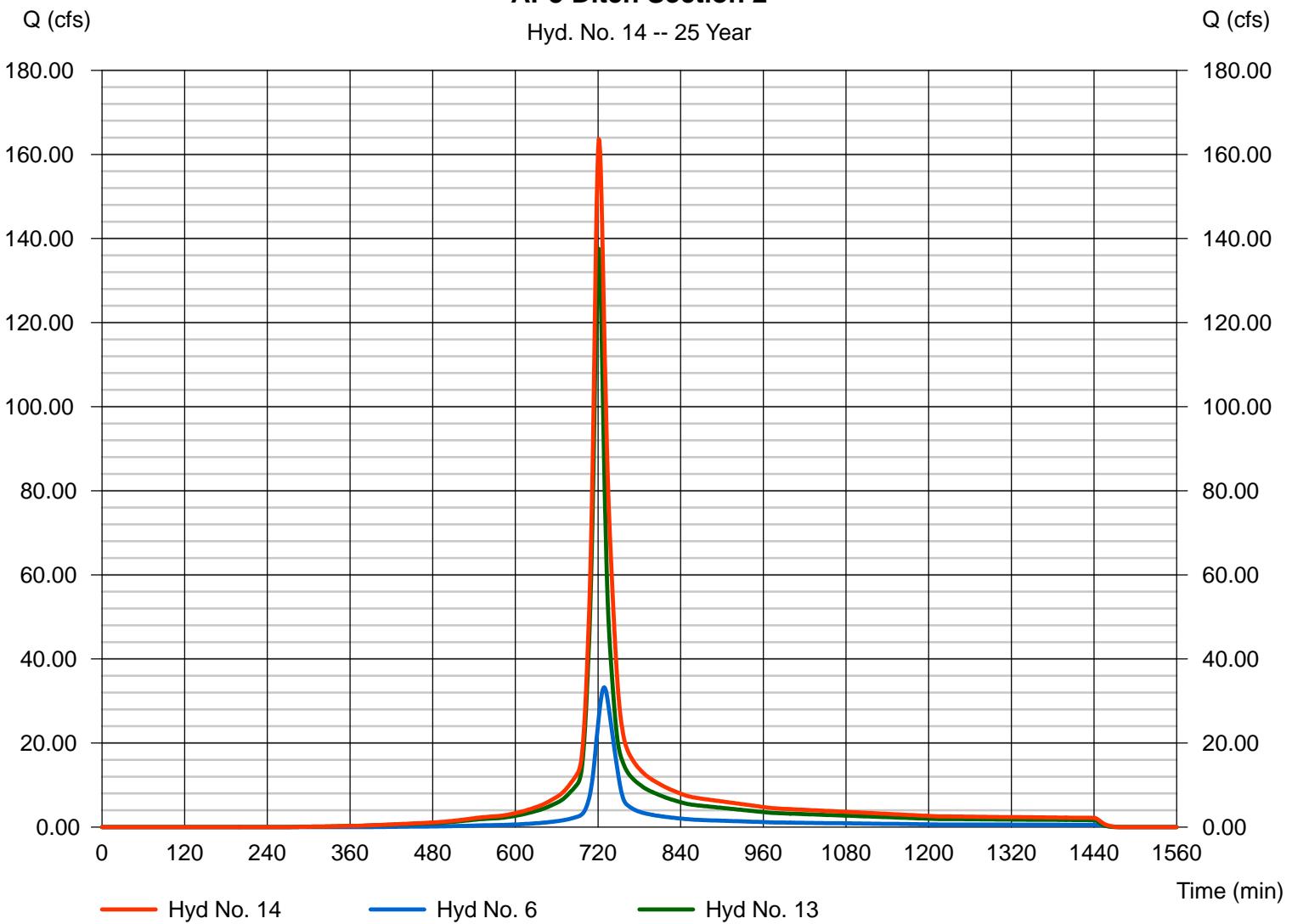
AP3 Ditch Section 2

Hydrograph type = Combine
 Storm frequency = 25 yrs
 Time interval = 1 min
 Inflow hyds. = 6, 13

Peak discharge = 163.64 cfs
 Time to peak = 721 min
 Hyd. volume = 526,921 cuft
 Contrib. drain. area = 8.430 ac

AP3 Ditch Section 2

Hyd. No. 14 -- 25 Year



Hydrograph Report

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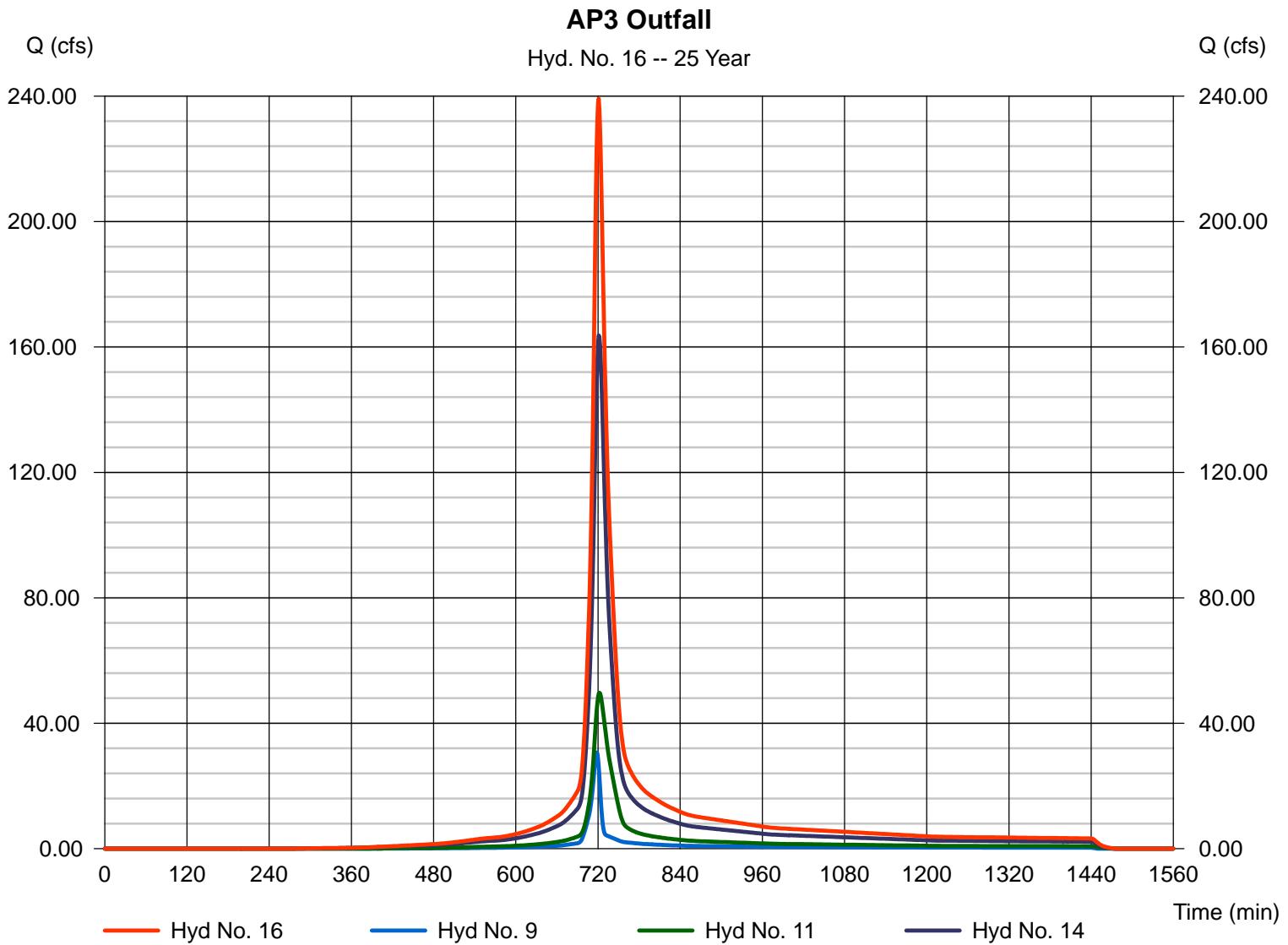
Monday, Nov 12, 2018

Hyd. No. 16

AP3 Outfall

Hydrograph type = Combine
 Storm frequency = 25 yrs
 Time interval = 1 min
 Inflow hyds. = 9, 11, 14

Peak discharge = 239.18 cfs
 Time to peak = 721 min
 Hyd. volume = 769,216 cuft
 Contrib. drain. area = 4.650 ac



Hydrograph Report

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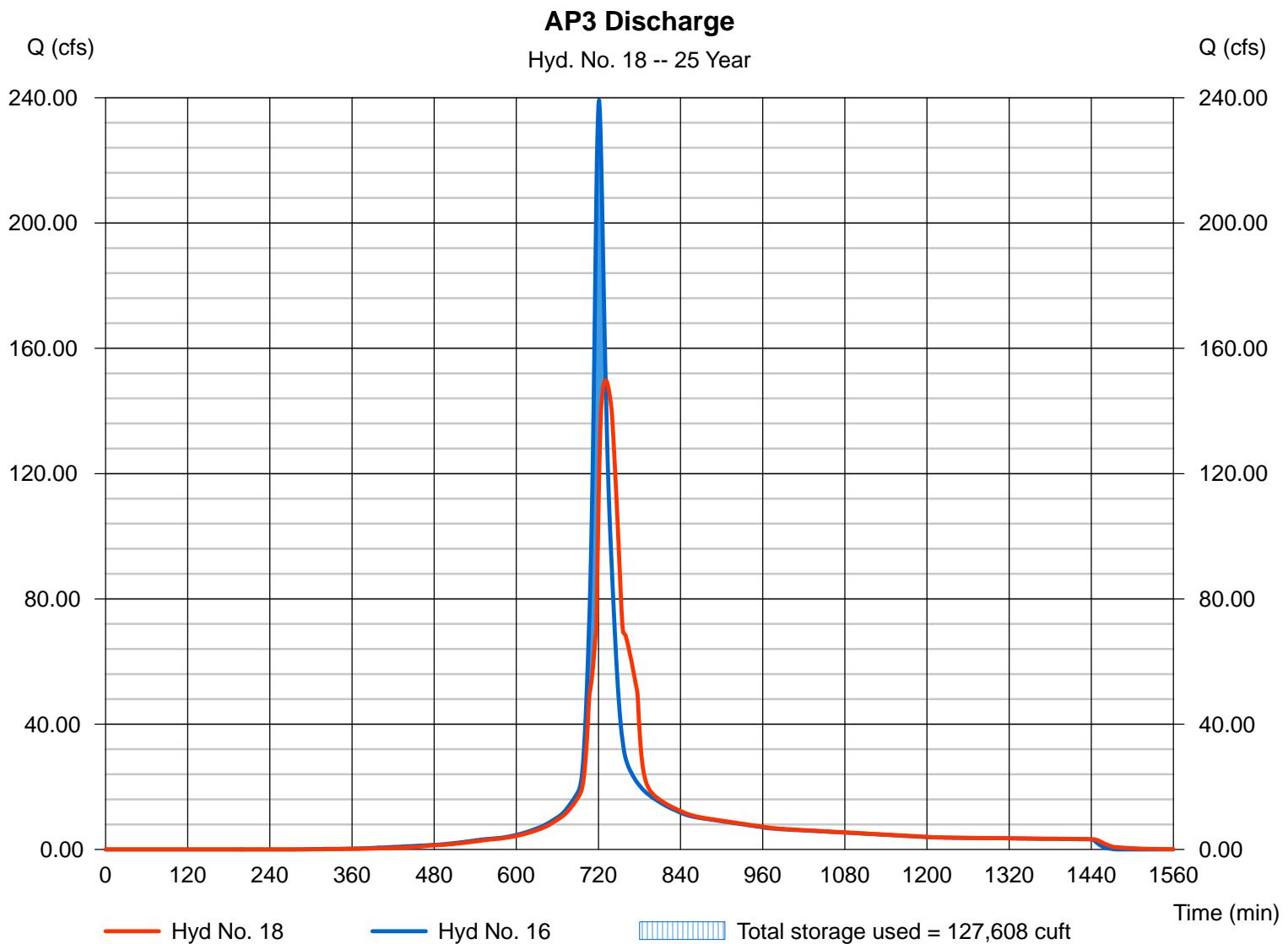
Monday, Nov 12, 2018

Hyd. No. 18

AP3 Discharge

Hydrograph type	= Reservoir	Peak discharge	= 149.77 cfs
Storm frequency	= 25 yrs	Time to peak	= 730 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 769,214 cuft
Inflow hyd. No.	= 16 - AP3 Outfall	Max. Elevation	= 350.19 ft
Reservoir name	= AP3 Outlet	Max. Storage	= 127,608 cuft

Storage Indication method used.



Pond Report

13

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for AutoCAD® Civil 3D® 2009 by Autodesk, Inc. v6.066

Monday, Nov 12, 2018

Pond No. 1 - AP3 Outlet

Pond Data

Contours - User-defined contour areas. Average end area method used for volume calculation. Beginning Elevation = 346.00 ft

Stage / Storage Table

Stage (ft)	Elevation (ft)	Contour area (sqft)	Incr. Storage (cuft)	Total storage (cuft)
0.00	346.00	100	0	0
2.00	348.00	17,751	17,851	17,851
4.00	350.00	75,650	93,401	111,252
5.00	351.00	98,000	86,825	198,077

Culvert / Orifice Structures

Weir Structures

	[A]	[B]	[C]	[PrfRsr]		[A]	[B]	[C]	[D]
Rise (in)	= 36.00	Inactive	0.00	0.00	Crest Len (ft)	= 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Span (in)	= 36.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	Crest El. (ft)	= 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
No. Barrels	= 3	1	0	0	Weir Coeff.	= 3.33	3.33	3.33	3.33
Invert El. (ft)	= 346.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	Weir Type	= ---	---	---	---
Length (ft)	= 60.00	60.00	0.00	0.00	Multi-Stage	= No	No	No	No
Slope (%)	= 0.53	0.18	0.00	n/a					
N-Value	= .013	.013	.013	n/a					
Orifice Coeff.	= 0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	Exfil.(in/hr)	= 0.000 (by Contour)			
Multi-Stage	= n/a	No	No	No	TW Elev. (ft)	= 0.00			

Note: Culvert/Orifice outflows are analyzed under inlet (ic) and outlet (oc) control. Weir risers checked for orifice conditions (ic) and submergence (s).

Stage / Storage / Discharge Table

Stage ft	Storage cuft	Elevation ft	Clv A cfs	Clv B cfs	Clv C cfs	PrfRsr cfs	Wr A cfs	Wr B cfs	Wr C cfs	Wr D cfs	Exfil cfs	User cfs	Total cfs
0.00	0	346.00	0.00	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	0.000
2.00	17,851	348.00	49.65 oc	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	49.65
4.00	111,252	350.00	140.03 oc	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	140.03
5.00	198,077	351.00	186.01 oc	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	186.01

Hydrograph Report

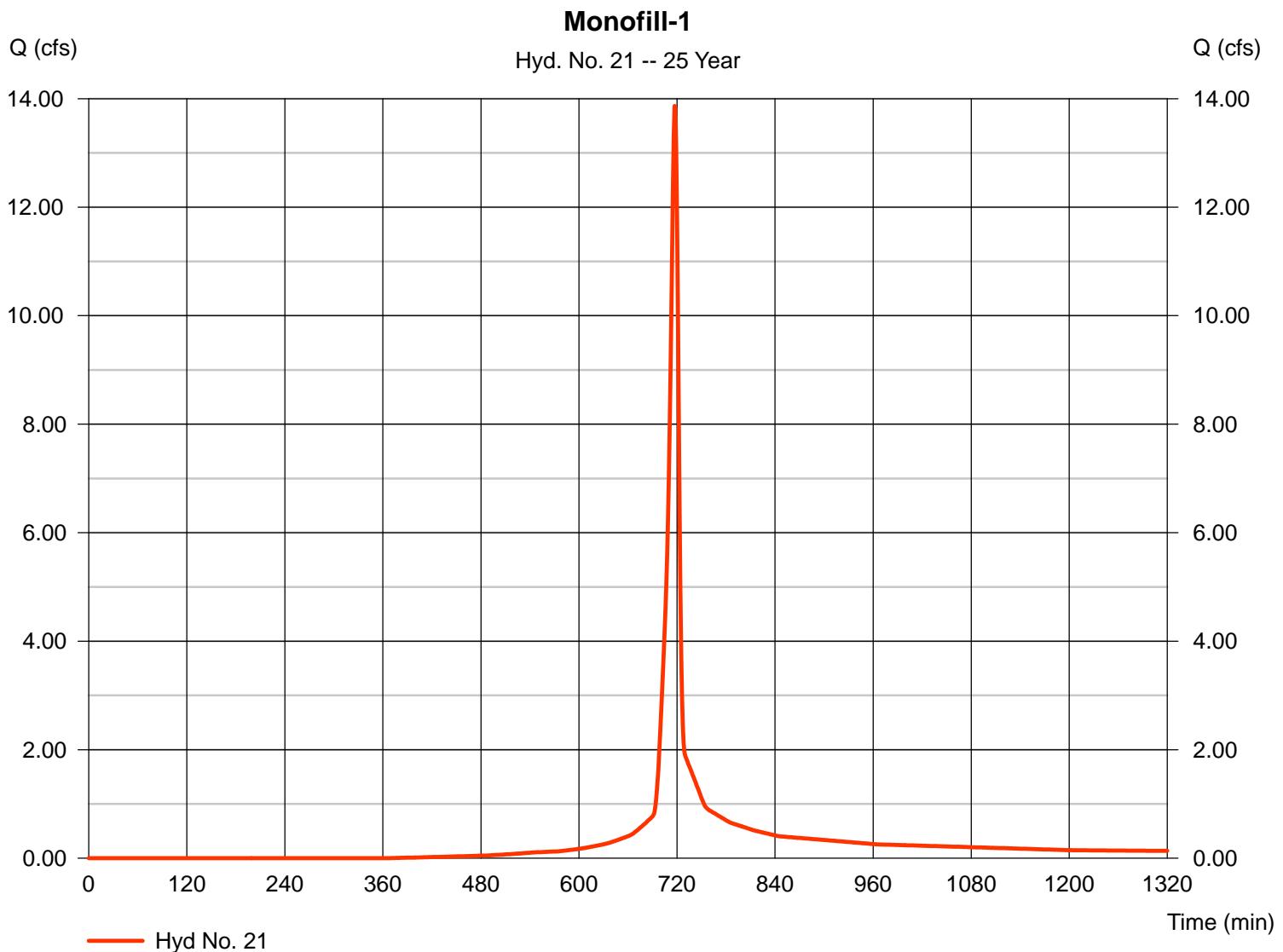
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for AutoCAD® Civil 3D® 2009 by Autodesk, Inc. v6.066

Monday, Nov 12, 2018

Hyd. No. 21

Monofill-1

Hydrograph type	= SCS Runoff	Peak discharge	= 13.86 cfs
Storm frequency	= 25 yrs	Time to peak	= 717 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 28,784 cuft
Drainage area	= 1.910 ac	Curve number	= 80
Basin Slope	= 0.0 %	Hydraulic length	= 0 ft
Tc method	= USER	Time of conc. (Tc)	= 6.00 min
Total precip.	= 6.27 in	Distribution	= Type II
Storm duration	= 24 hrs	Shape factor	= 484



Hydrograph Report

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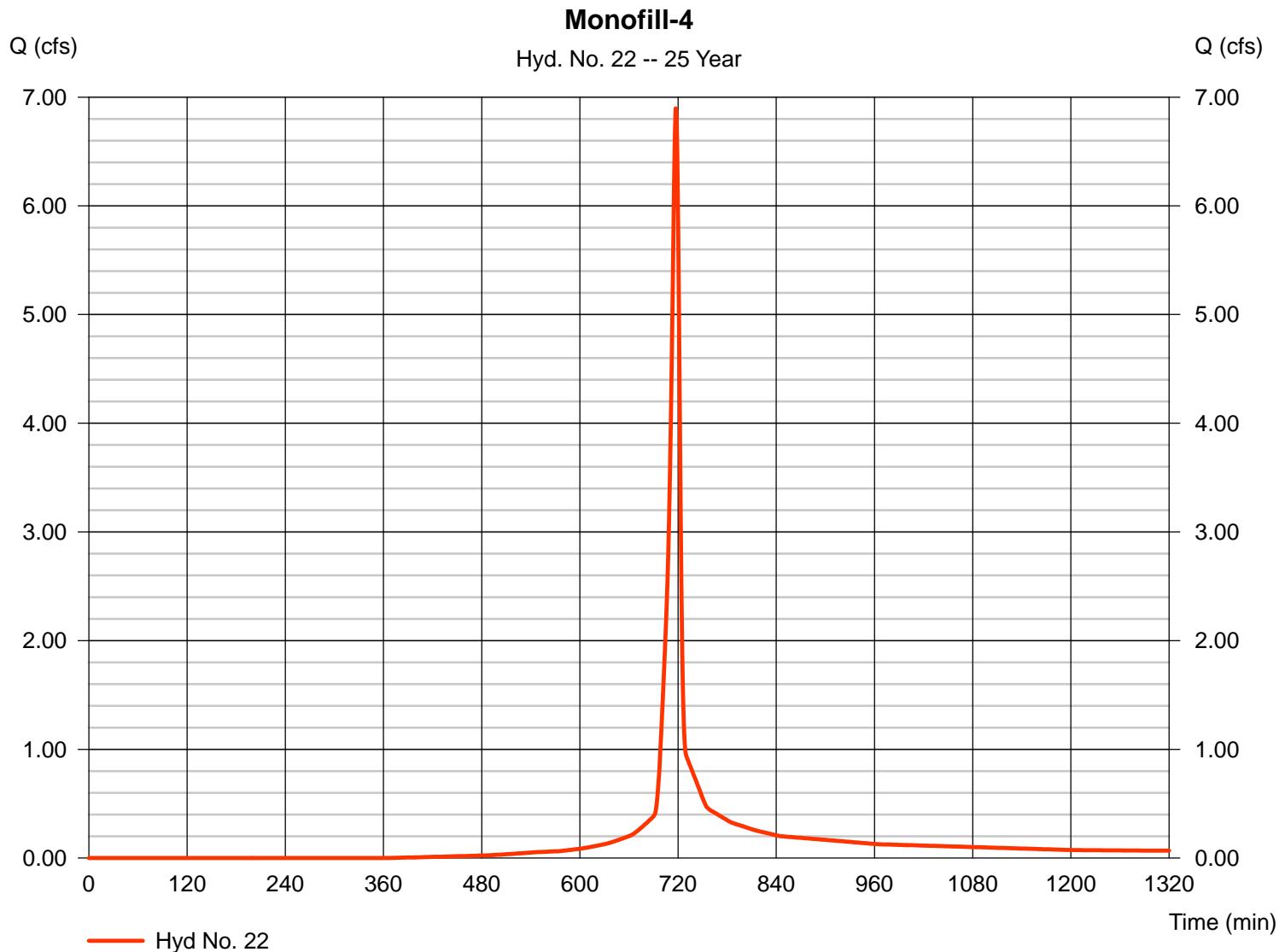
Monday, Nov 12, 2018

Hyd. No. 22

Monofill-4

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff
 Storm frequency = 25 yrs
 Time interval = 1 min
 Drainage area = 0.950 ac
 Basin Slope = 0.0 %
 Tc method = USER
 Total precip. = 6.27 in
 Storm duration = 24 hrs

Peak discharge = 6.896 cfs
 Time to peak = 717 min
 Hyd. volume = 14,317 cuft
 Curve number = 80
 Hydraulic length = 0 ft
 Time of conc. (Tc) = 6.00 min
 Distribution = Type II
 Shape factor = 484



Hydrograph Report

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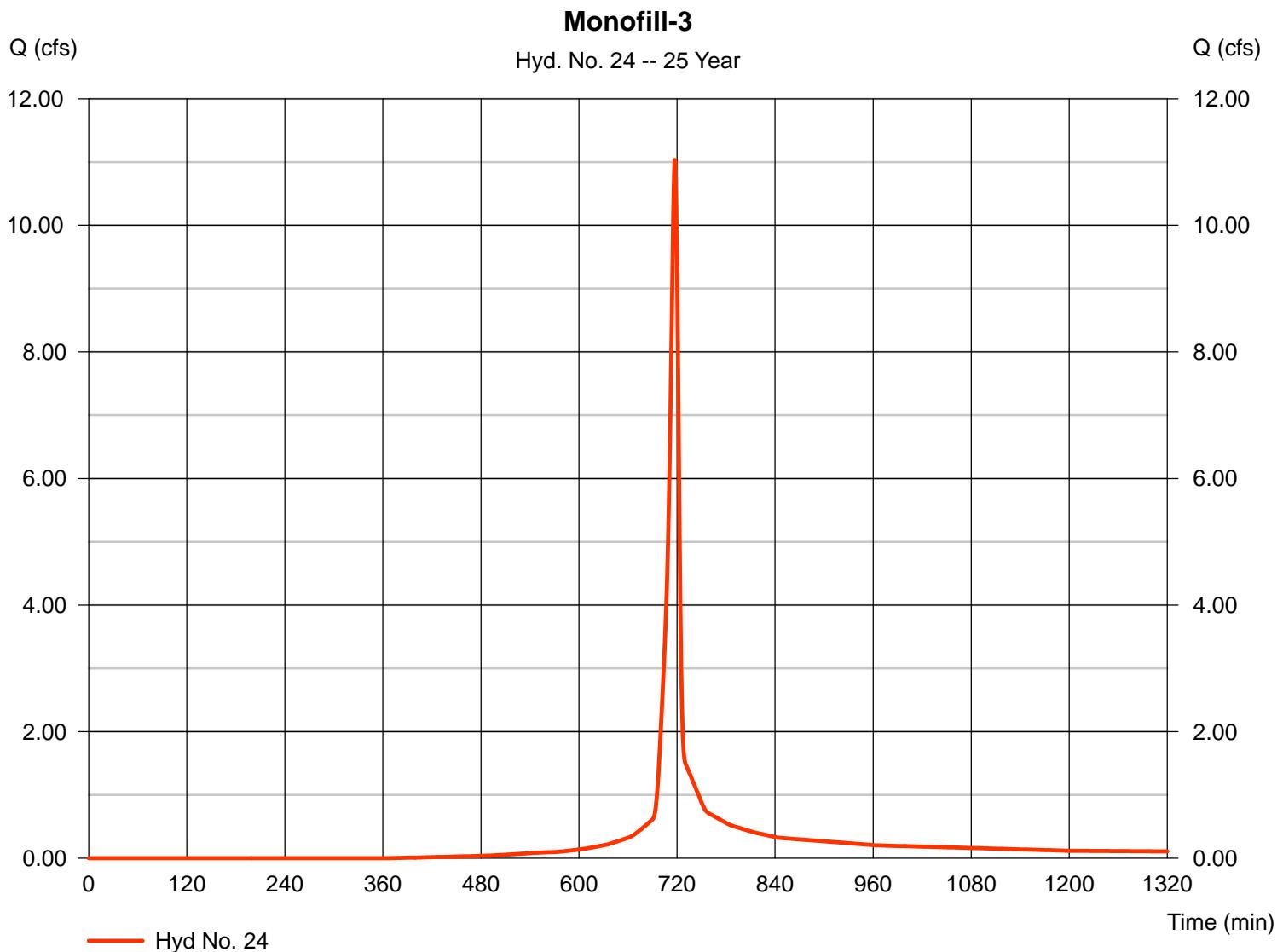
Monday, Nov 12, 2018

Hyd. No. 24

Monofill-3

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff
 Storm frequency = 25 yrs
 Time interval = 1 min
 Drainage area = 1.520 ac
 Basin Slope = 0.0 %
 Tc method = USER
 Total precip. = 6.27 in
 Storm duration = 24 hrs

Peak discharge = 11.03 cfs
 Time to peak = 717 min
 Hyd. volume = 22,907 cuft
 Curve number = 80
 Hydraulic length = 0 ft
 Time of conc. (Tc) = 6.00 min
 Distribution = Type II
 Shape factor = 484



Hydrograph Report

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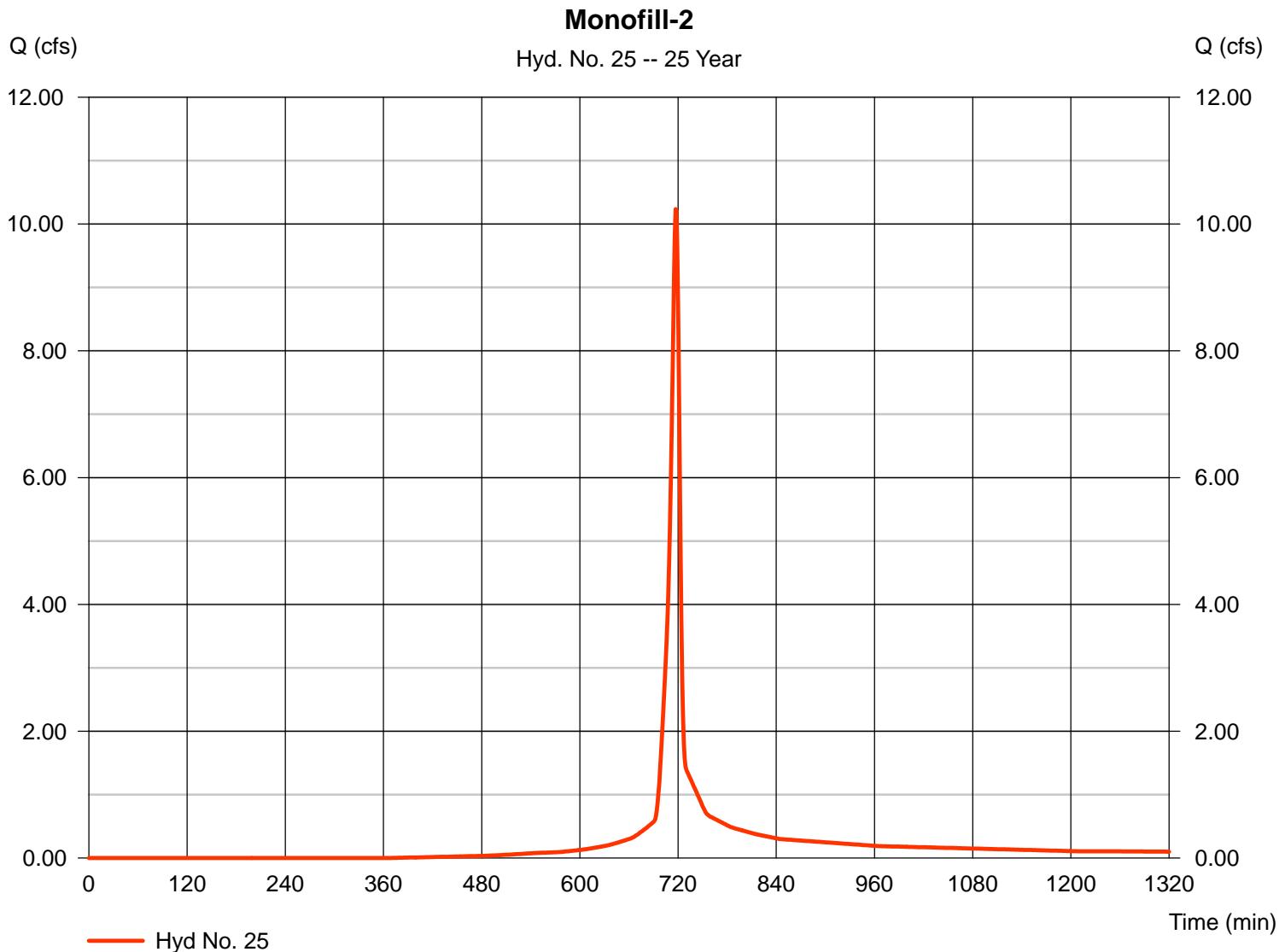
Monday, Nov 12, 2018

Hyd. No. 25

Monofill-2

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff
 Storm frequency = 25 yrs
 Time interval = 1 min
 Drainage area = 1.410 ac
 Basin Slope = 0.0 %
 Tc method = USER
 Total precip. = 6.27 in
 Storm duration = 24 hrs

Peak discharge = 10.24 cfs
 Time to peak = 717 min
 Hyd. volume = 21,249 cuft
 Curve number = 80
 Hydraulic length = 0 ft
 Time of conc. (Tc) = 6.00 min
 Distribution = Type II
 Shape factor = 484

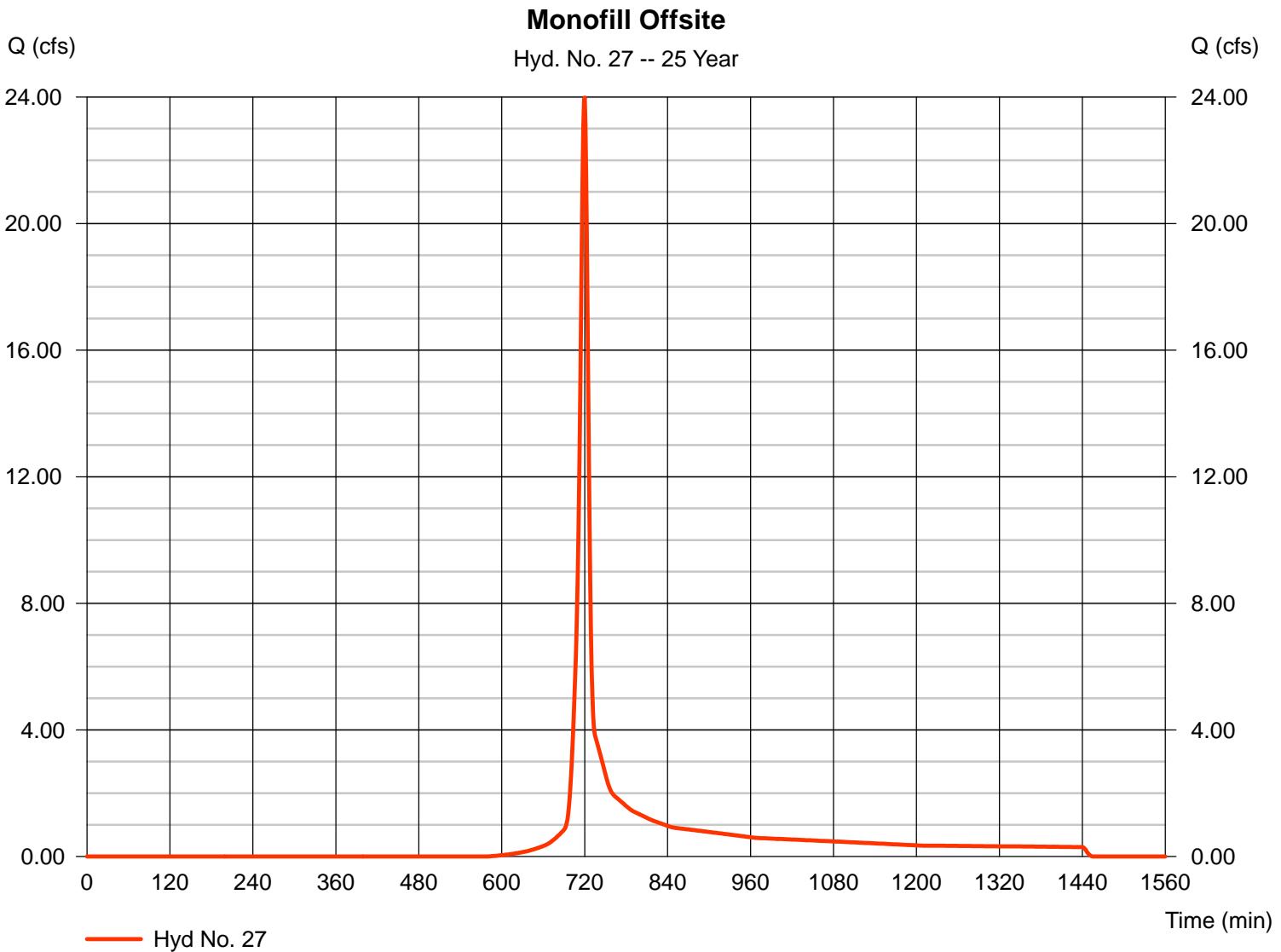


Hydrograph Report

Hyd. No. 27

Monofill Offsite

Hydrograph type	= SCS Runoff	Peak discharge	= 23.98 cfs
Storm frequency	= 25 yrs	Time to peak	= 720 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 54,284 cuft
Drainage area	= 5.660 ac	Curve number	= 66
Basin Slope	= 0.0 %	Hydraulic length	= 0 ft
Tc method	= USER	Time of conc. (Tc)	= 10.00 min
Total precip.	= 6.27 in	Distribution	= Type II
Storm duration	= 24 hrs	Shape factor	= 484



Hydrograph Report

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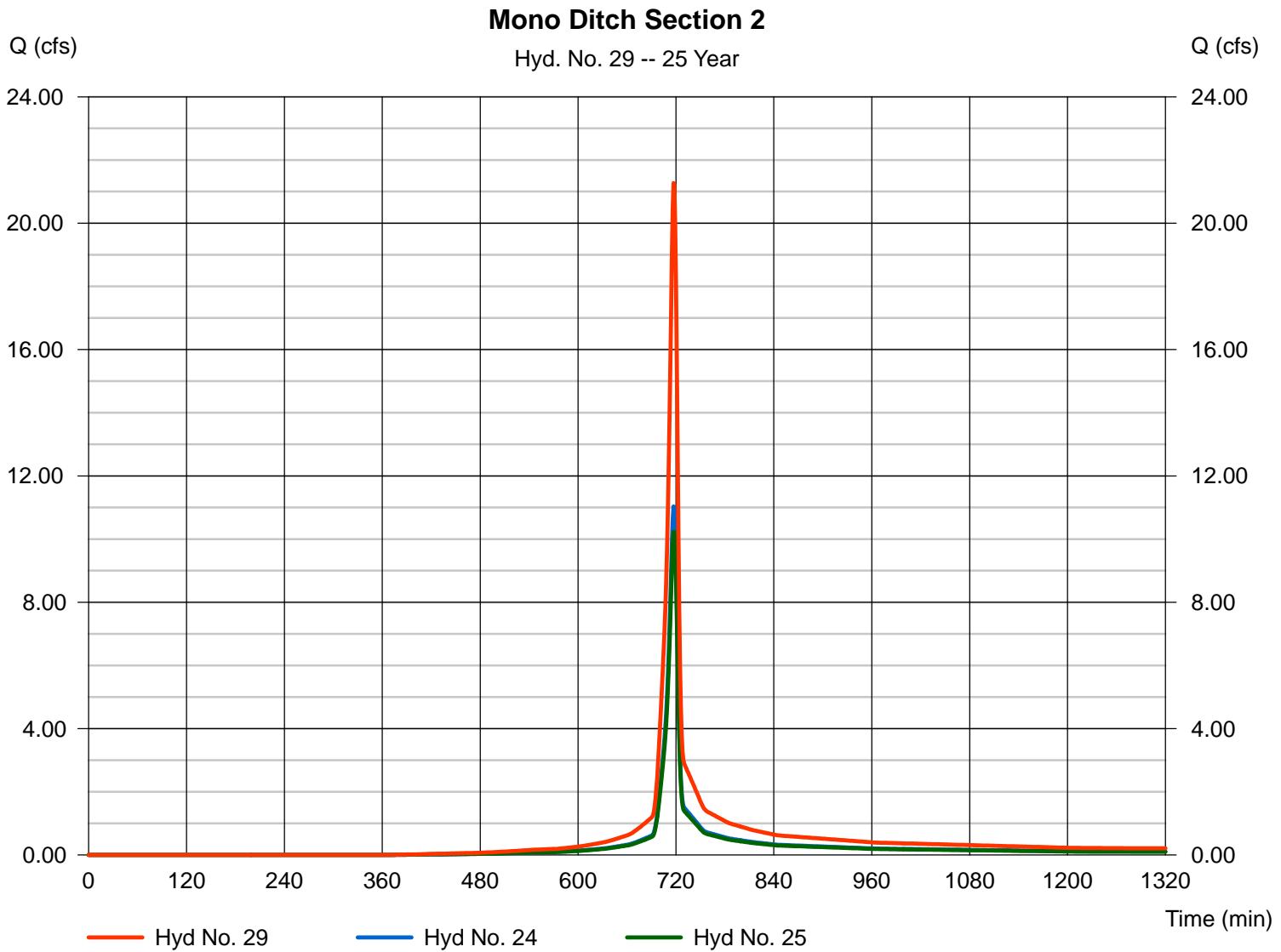
Monday, Nov 12, 2018

Hyd. No. 29

Mono Ditch Section 2

Hydrograph type = Combine
 Storm frequency = 25 yrs
 Time interval = 1 min
 Inflow hyds. = 24, 25

Peak discharge = 21.27 cfs
 Time to peak = 717 min
 Hyd. volume = 44,155 cuft
 Contrib. drain. area = 2.930 ac



Hydrograph Report

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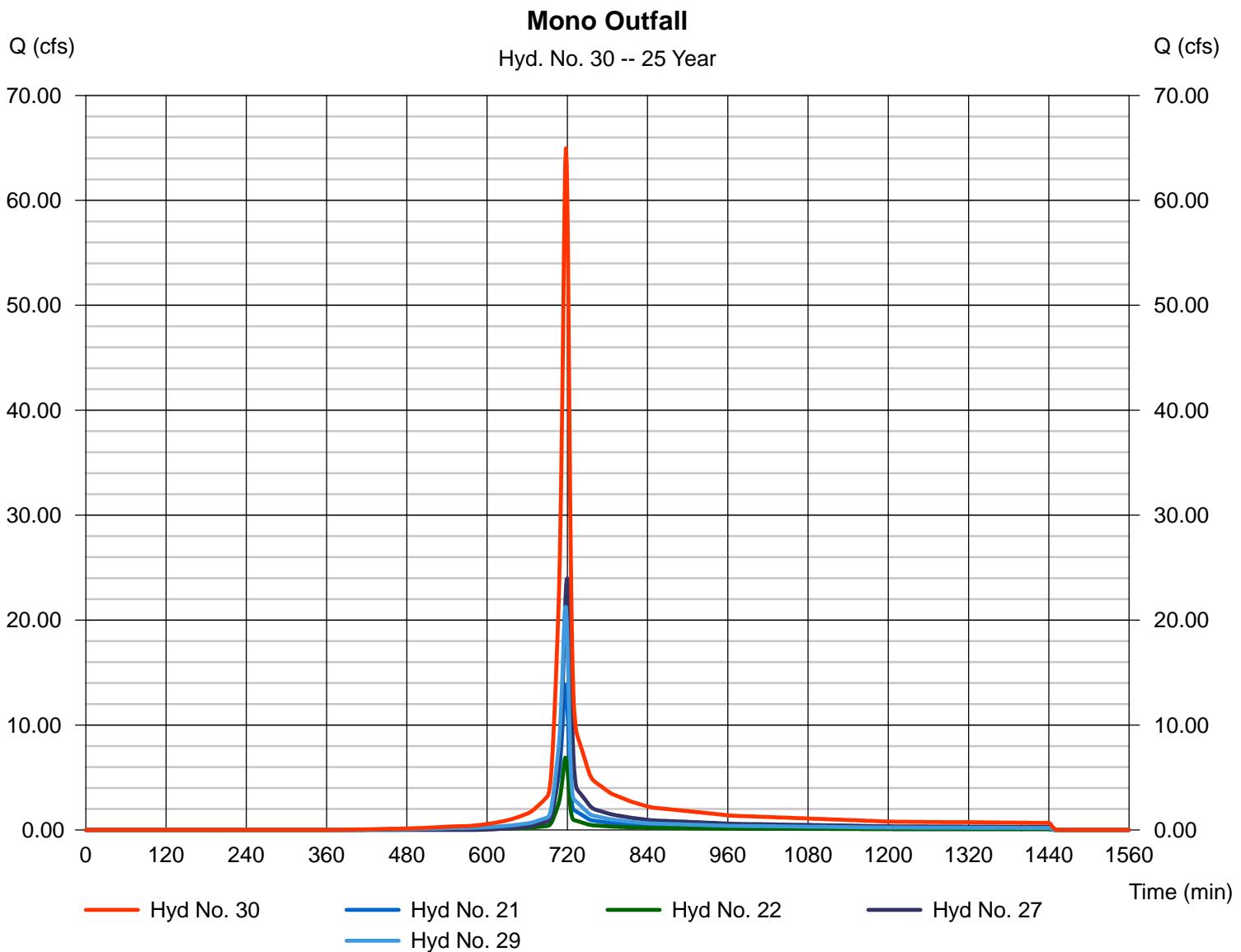
Monday, Nov 12, 2018

Hyd. No. 30

Mono Outfall

Hydrograph type = Combine
 Storm frequency = 25 yrs
 Time interval = 1 min
 Inflow hyds. = 21, 22, 27, 29

Peak discharge = 64.96 cfs
 Time to peak = 718 min
 Hyd. volume = 141,540 cuft
 Contrib. drain. area = 8.520 ac



Hydrograph Report

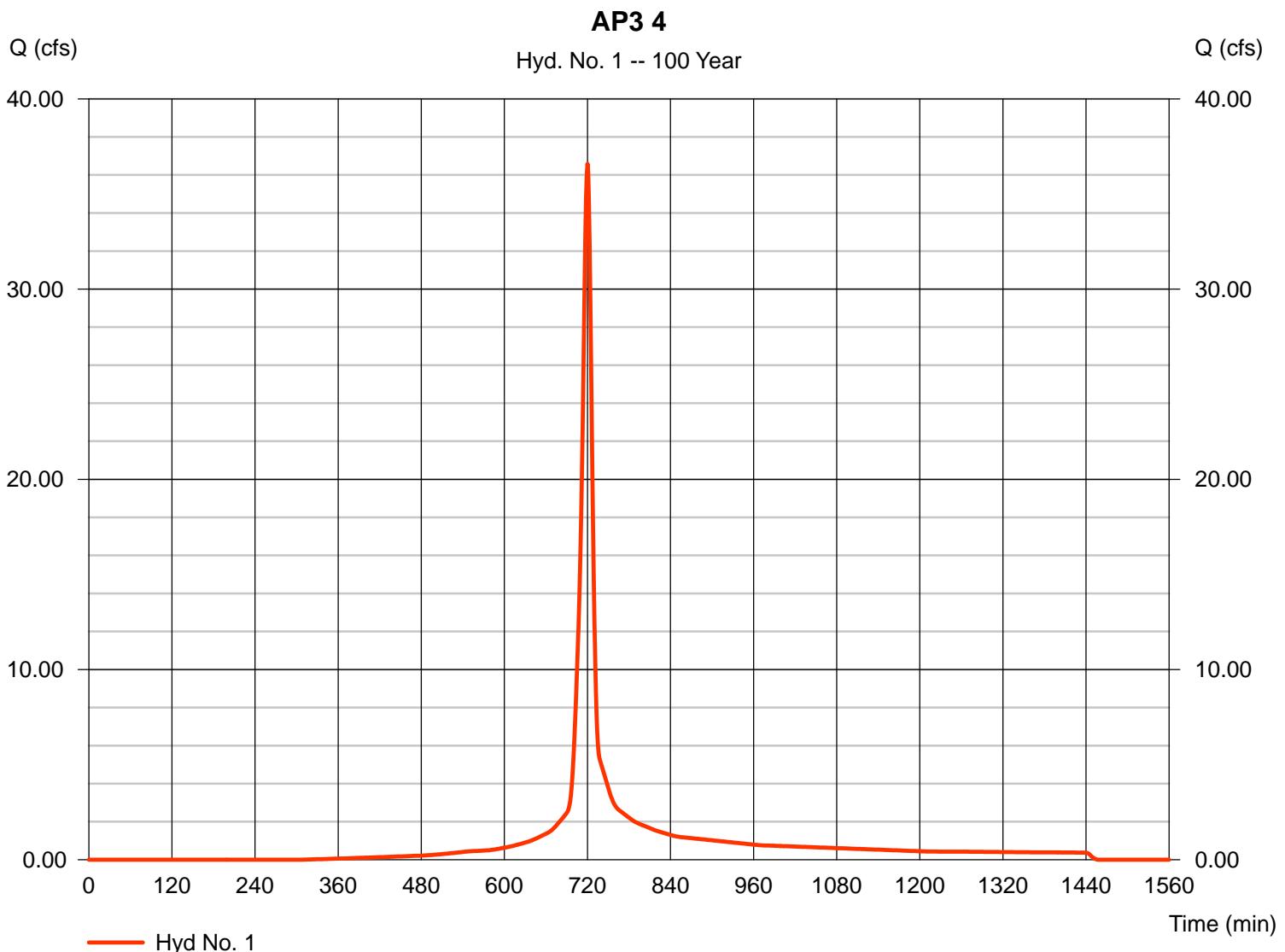
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for AutoCAD® Civil 3D® 2009 by Autodesk, Inc. v6.066

Monday, Nov 12, 2018

Hyd. No. 1

AP3 4

Hydrograph type	= SCS Runoff	Peak discharge	= 36.59 cfs
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time to peak	= 720 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 91,042 cuft
Drainage area	= 4.330 ac	Curve number	= 80
Basin Slope	= 0.0 %	Hydraulic length	= 0 ft
Tc method	= TR55	Time of conc. (Tc)	= 11.30 min
Total precip.	= 8.07 in	Distribution	= Type II
Storm duration	= 24 hrs	Shape factor	= 484



Hydrograph Report

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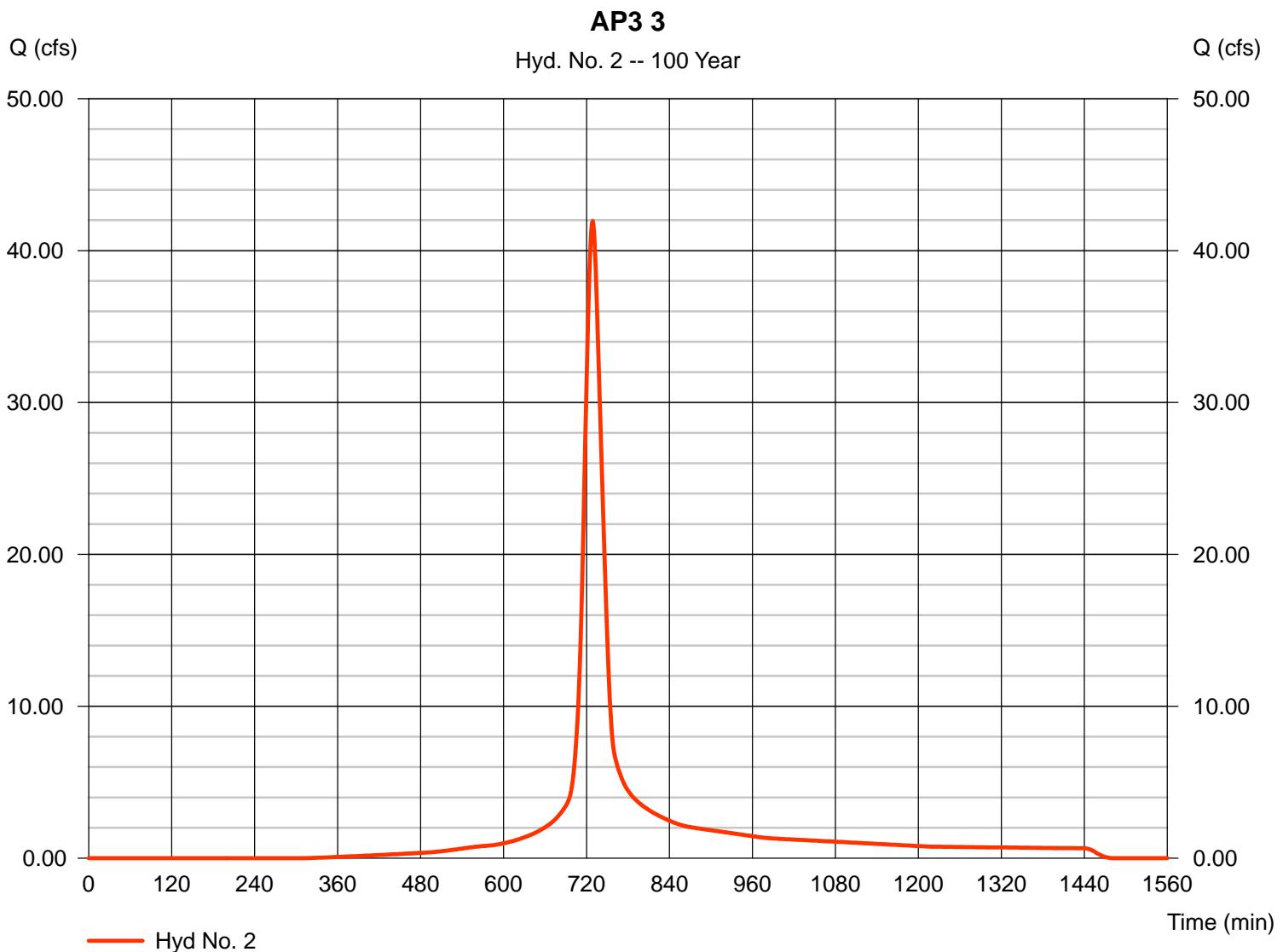
Monday, Nov 12, 2018

Hyd. No. 2

AP3 3

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff
 Storm frequency = 100 yrs
 Time interval = 1 min
 Drainage area = 7.580 ac
 Basin Slope = 0.0 %
 Tc method = TR55
 Total precip. = 8.07 in
 Storm duration = 24 hrs

Peak discharge = 41.95 cfs
 Time to peak = 729 min
 Hyd. volume = 157,804 cuft
 Curve number = 80
 Hydraulic length = 0 ft
 Time of conc. (Tc) = 25.80 min
 Distribution = Type II
 Shape factor = 484



Hydrograph Report

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for AutoCAD® Civil 3D® 2009 by Autodesk, Inc. v6.066

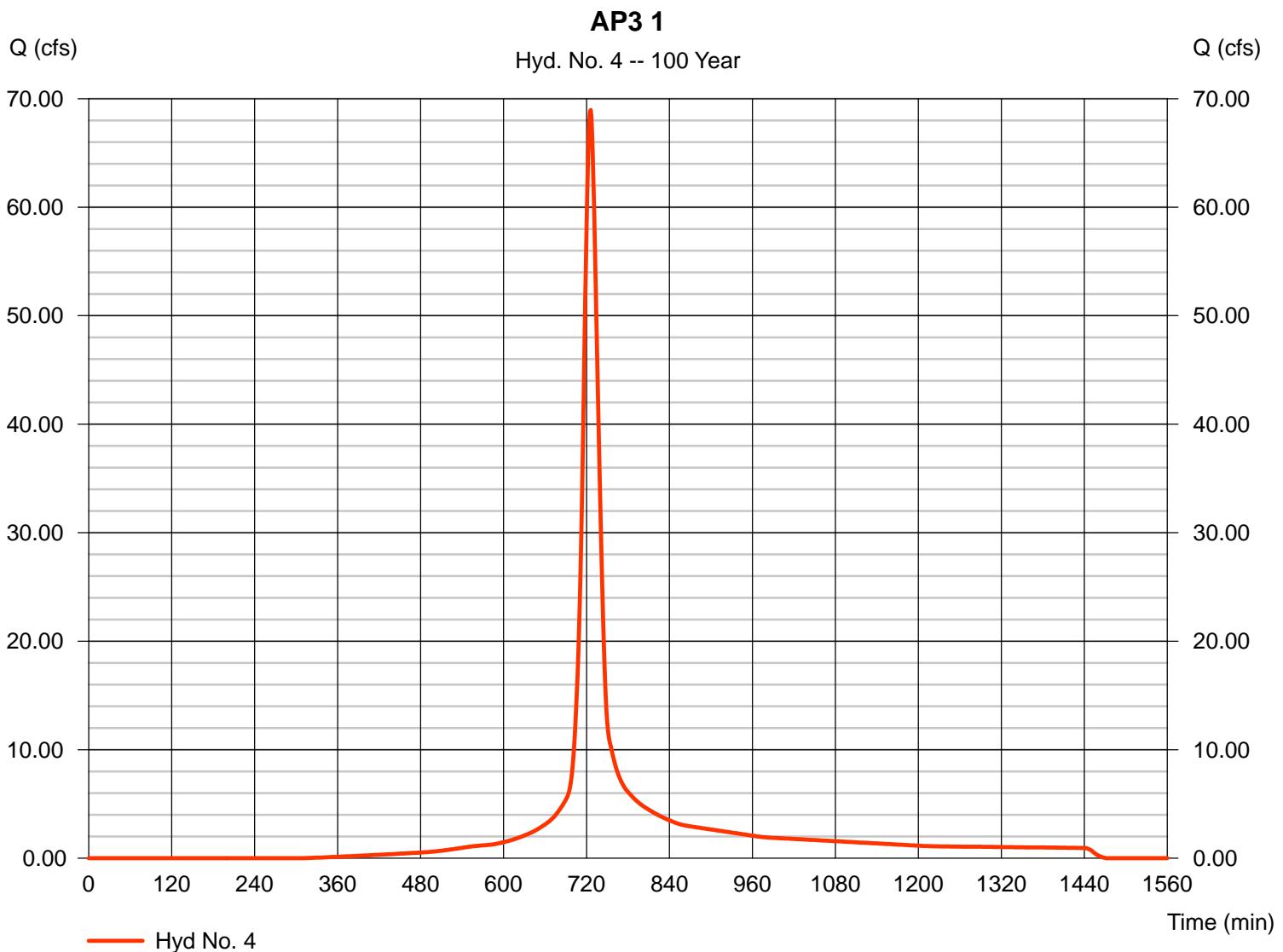
Monday, Nov 12, 2018

Hyd. No. 4

AP3 1

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff
 Storm frequency = 100 yrs
 Time interval = 1 min
 Drainage area = 11.020 ac
 Basin Slope = 0.0 %
 Tc method = TR55
 Total precip. = 8.07 in
 Storm duration = 24 hrs

Peak discharge = 68.96 cfs
 Time to peak = 726 min
 Hyd. volume = 229,830 cuft
 Curve number = 80
 Hydraulic length = 0 ft
 Time of conc. (Tc) = 20.69 min
 Distribution = Type II
 Shape factor = 484



Hydrograph Report

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for AutoCAD® Civil 3D® 2009 by Autodesk, Inc. v6.066

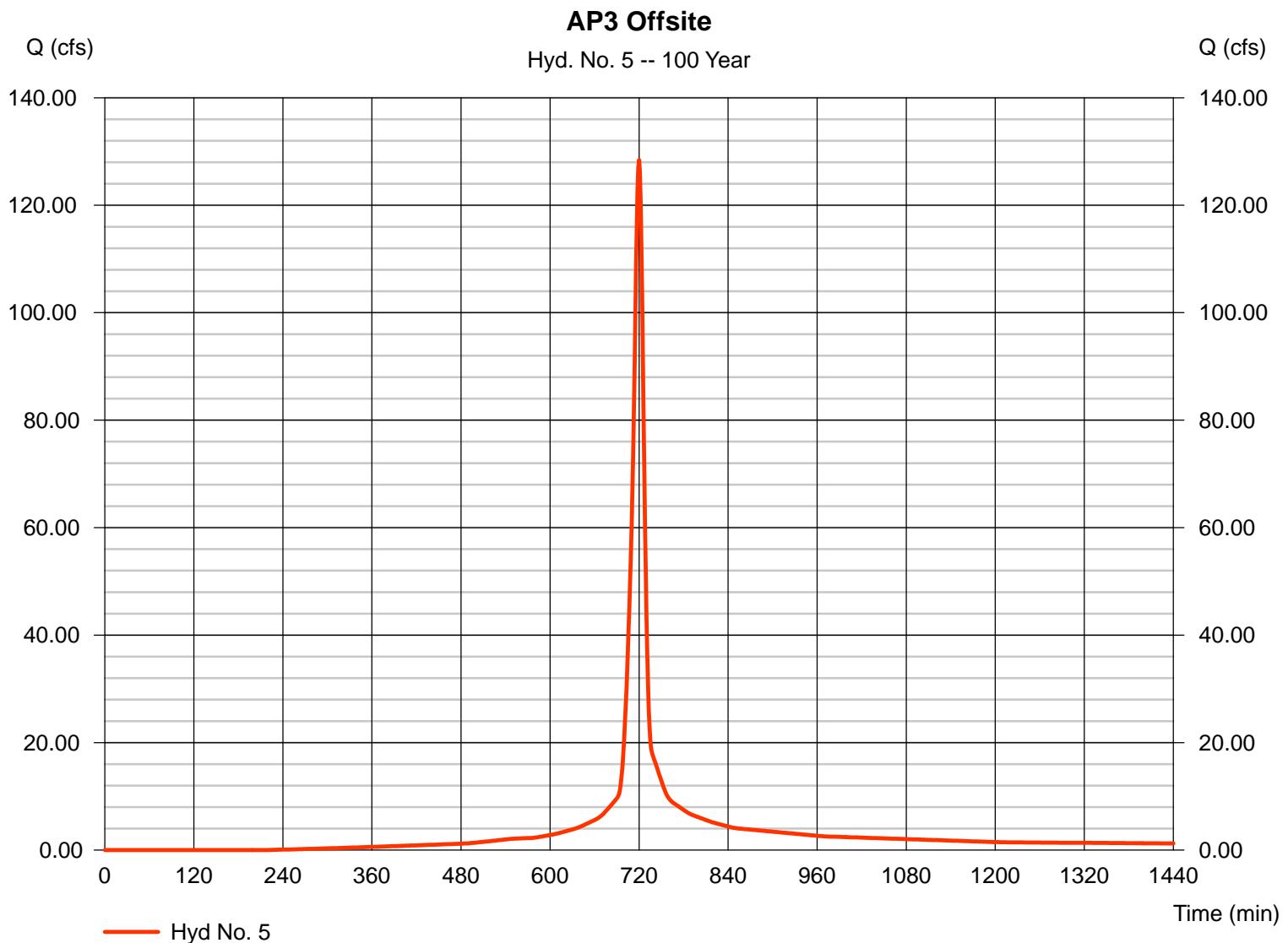
Monday, Nov 12, 2018

Hyd. No. 5

AP3 Offsite

Hydrograph type	= SCS Runoff	Peak discharge	= 128.43 cfs
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time to peak	= 720 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 329,363 cuft
Drainage area	= 13.930 ac	Curve number	= 86*
Basin Slope	= 0.0 %	Hydraulic length	= 0 ft
Tc method	= TR55	Time of conc. (Tc)	= 11.00 min
Total precip.	= 8.07 in	Distribution	= Type II
Storm duration	= 24 hrs	Shape factor	= 484

* Composite (Area/CN) = [(10.690 x 91) + (3.240 x 70)] / 13.930



Hydrograph Report

Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for AutoCAD® Civil 3D® 2009 by Autodesk, Inc. v6.066

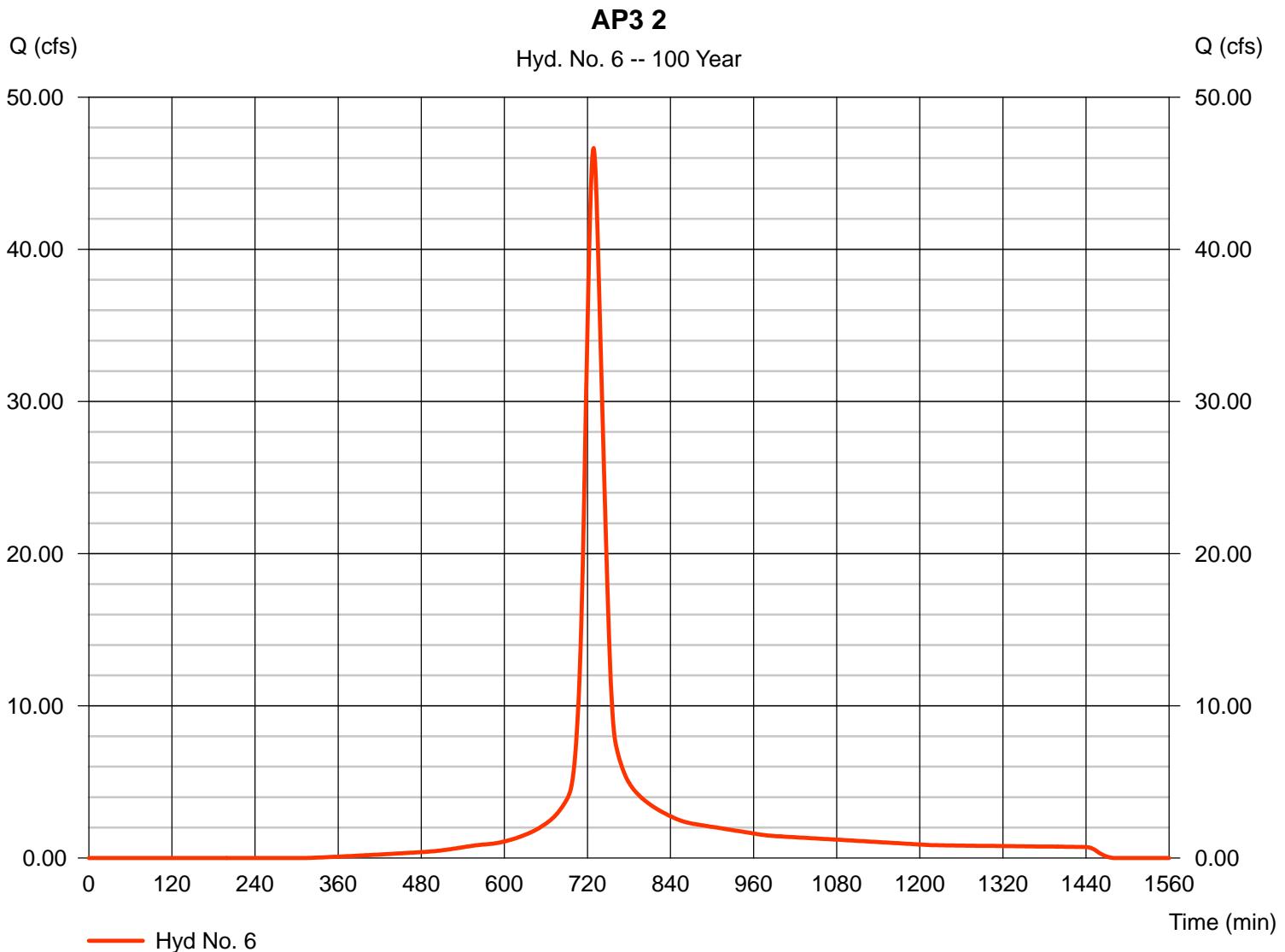
Monday, Nov 12, 2018

Hyd. No. 6

AP3 2

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff
 Storm frequency = 100 yrs
 Time interval = 1 min
 Drainage area = 8.430 ac
 Basin Slope = 0.0 %
 Tc method = TR55
 Total precip. = 8.07 in
 Storm duration = 24 hrs

Peak discharge = 46.65 cfs
 Time to peak = 729 min
 Hyd. volume = 175,499 cuft
 Curve number = 80
 Hydraulic length = 0 ft
 Time of conc. (Tc) = 26.40 min
 Distribution = Type II
 Shape factor = 484



Hydrograph Report

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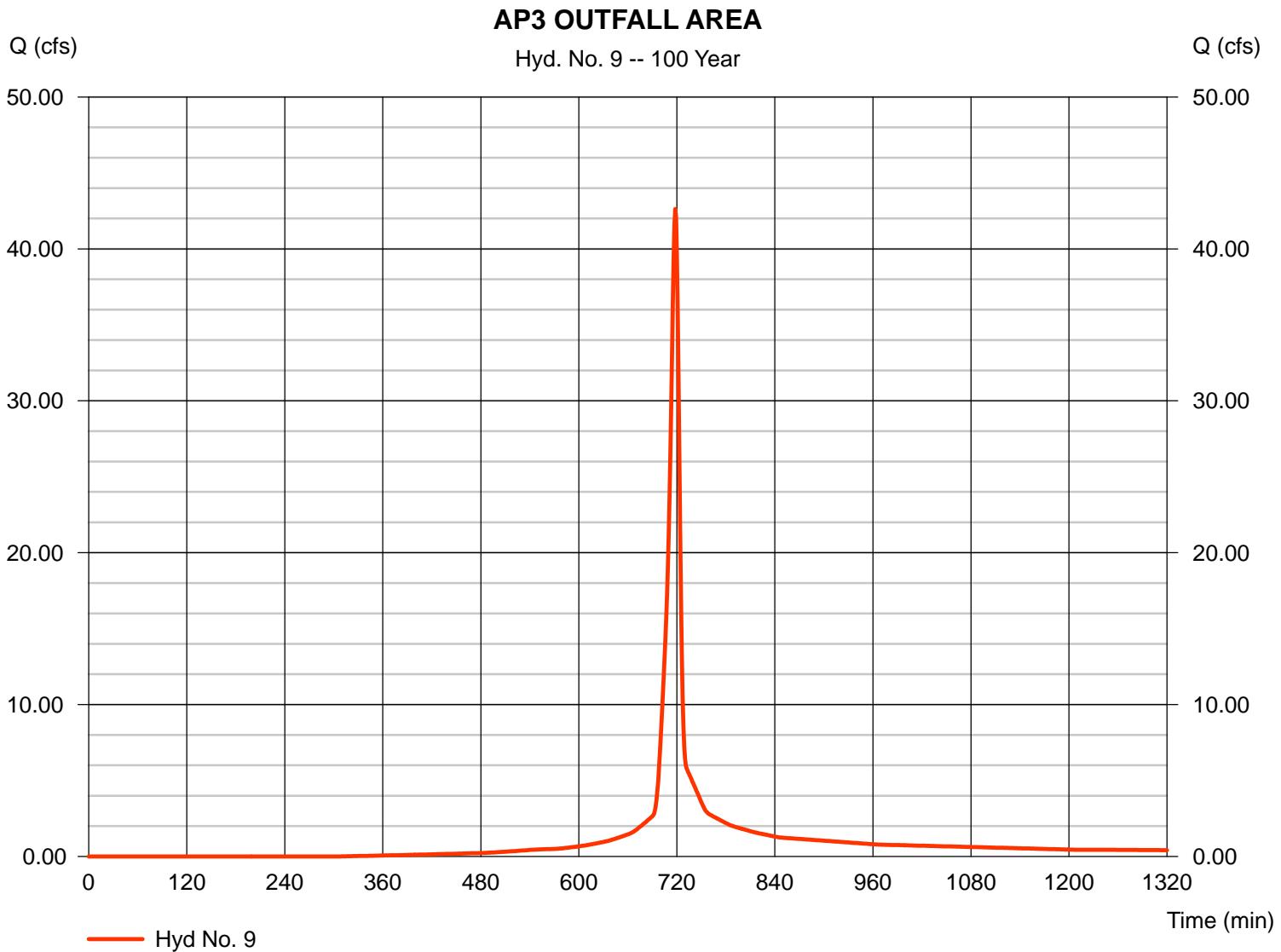
Monday, Nov 12, 2018

Hyd. No. 9

AP3 OUTFALL AREA

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff
 Storm frequency = 100 yrs
 Time interval = 1 min
 Drainage area = 4.650 ac
 Basin Slope = 0.0 %
 Tc method = USER
 Total precip. = 8.07 in
 Storm duration = 24 hrs

Peak discharge = 42.62 cfs
 Time to peak = 718 min
 Hyd. volume = 93,654 cuft
 Curve number = 80
 Hydraulic length = 0 ft
 Time of conc. (Tc) = 8.00 min
 Distribution = Type II
 Shape factor = 484



Hydrograph Report

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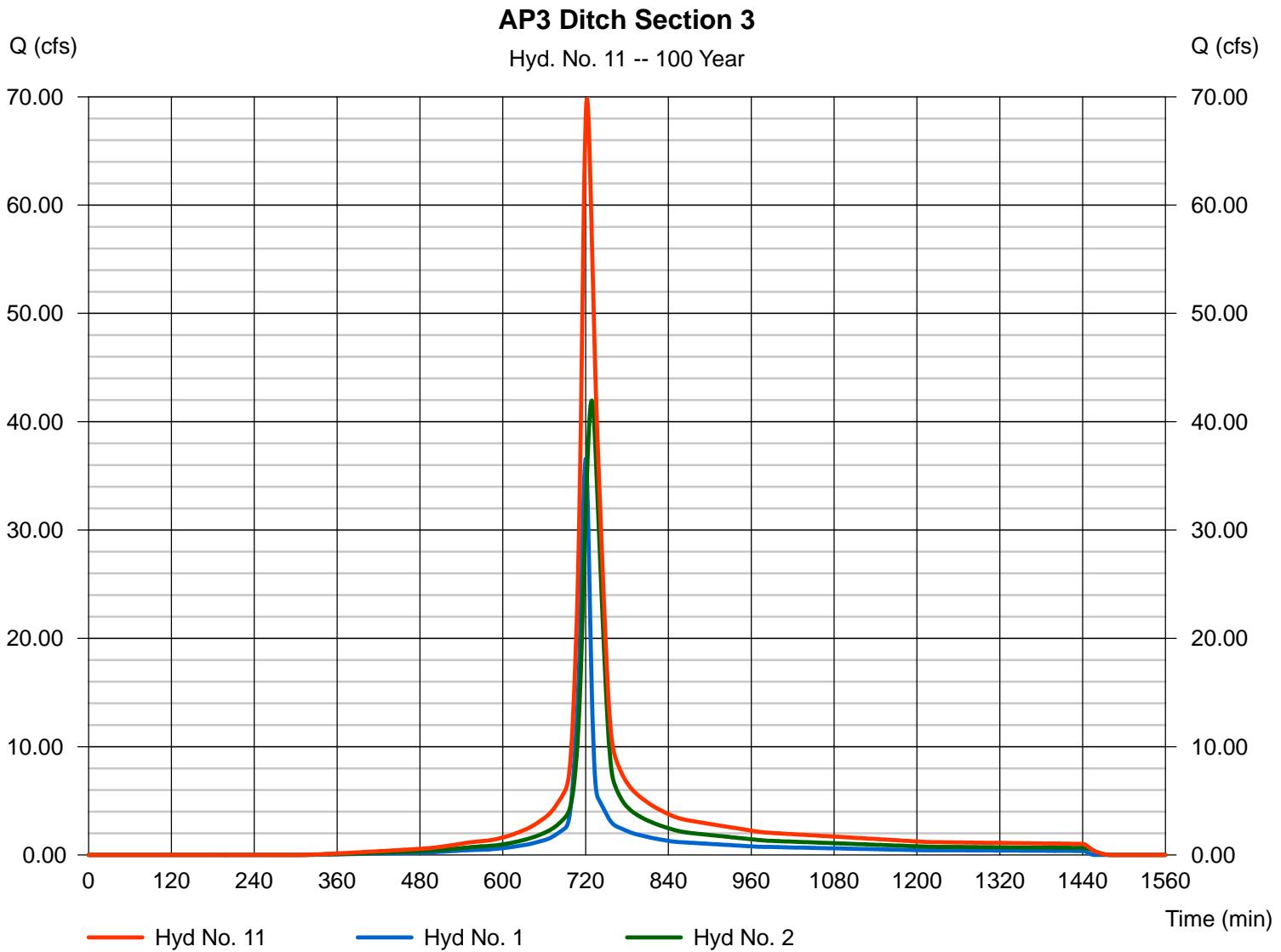
Monday, Nov 12, 2018

Hyd. No. 11

AP3 Ditch Section 3

Hydrograph type = Combine
 Storm frequency = 100 yrs
 Time interval = 1 min
 Inflow hyds. = 1, 2

Peak discharge = 69.80 cfs
 Time to peak = 722 min
 Hyd. volume = 248,846 cuft
 Contrib. drain. area = 11.910 ac



Hydrograph Report

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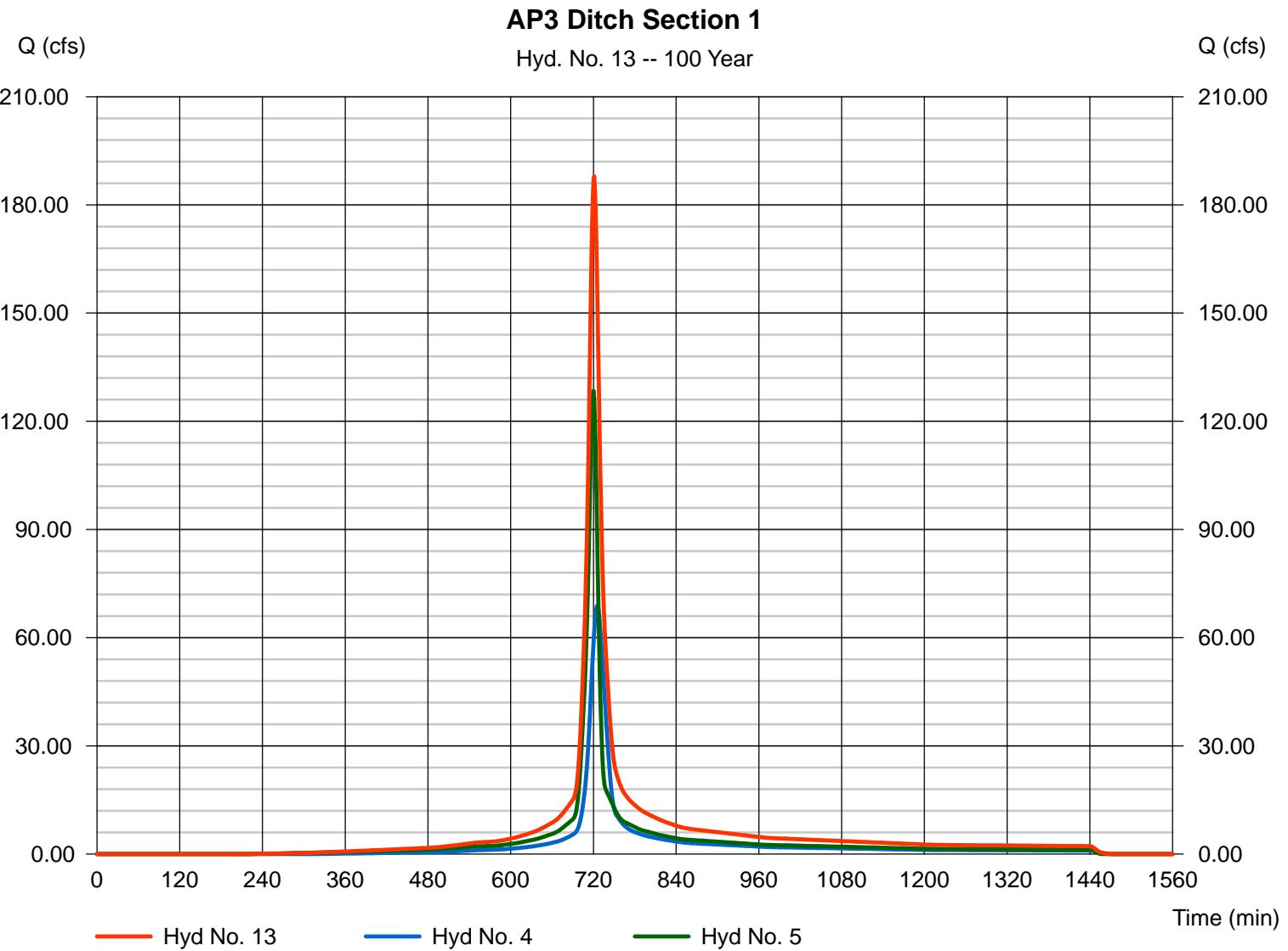
Monday, Nov 12, 2018

Hyd. No. 13

AP3 Ditch Section 1

Hydrograph type = Combine
 Storm frequency = 100 yrs
 Time interval = 1 min
 Inflow hyds. = 4, 5

Peak discharge = 187.94 cfs
 Time to peak = 721 min
 Hyd. volume = 559,192 cuft
 Contrib. drain. area = 24.950 ac



Hydrograph Report

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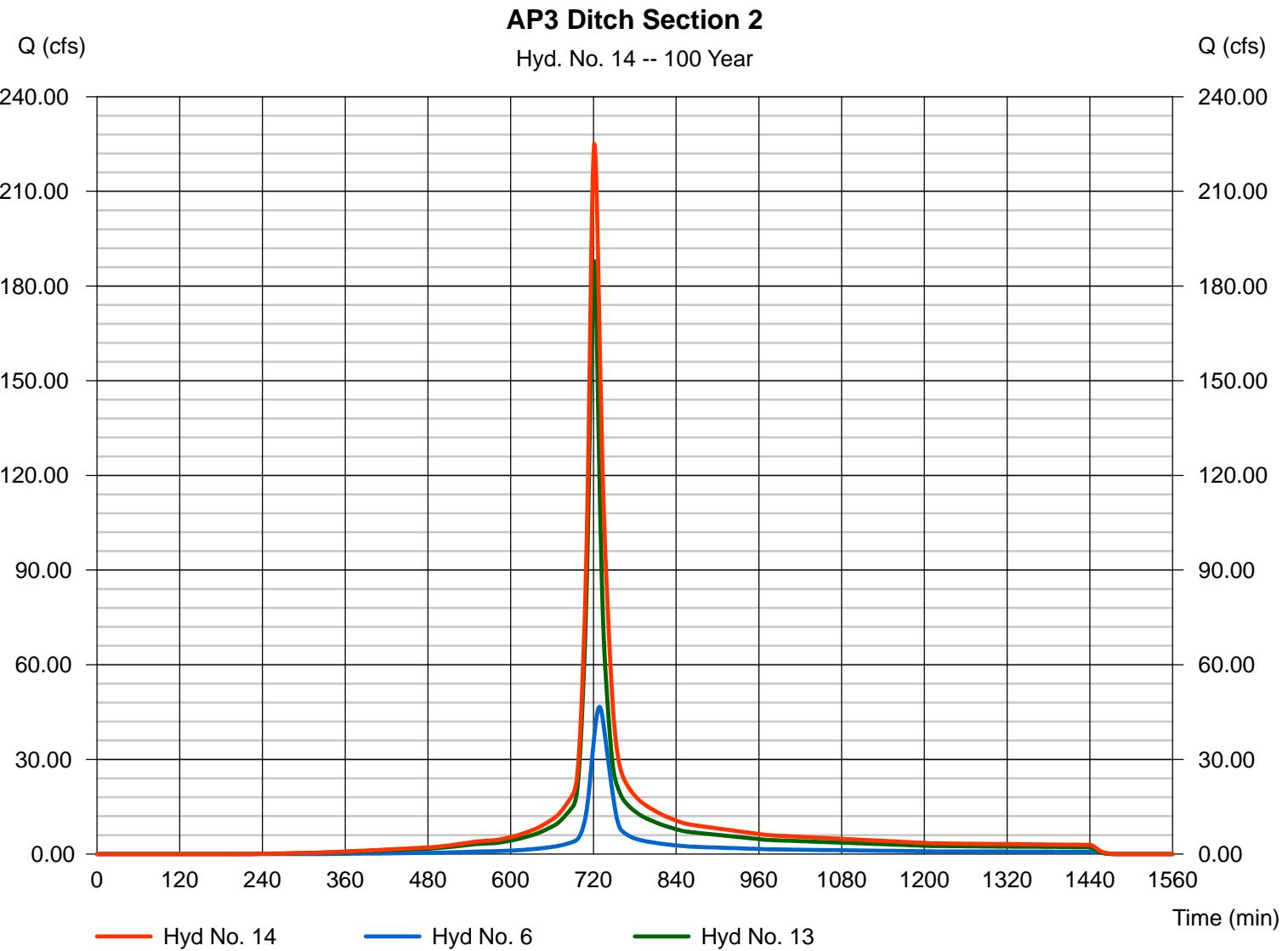
Monday, Nov 12, 2018

Hyd. No. 14

AP3 Ditch Section 2

Hydrograph type = Combine
 Storm frequency = 100 yrs
 Time interval = 1 min
 Inflow hyds. = 6, 13

Peak discharge = 225.05 cfs
 Time to peak = 721 min
 Hyd. volume = 734,692 cuft
 Contrib. drain. area = 8.430 ac



Hydrograph Report

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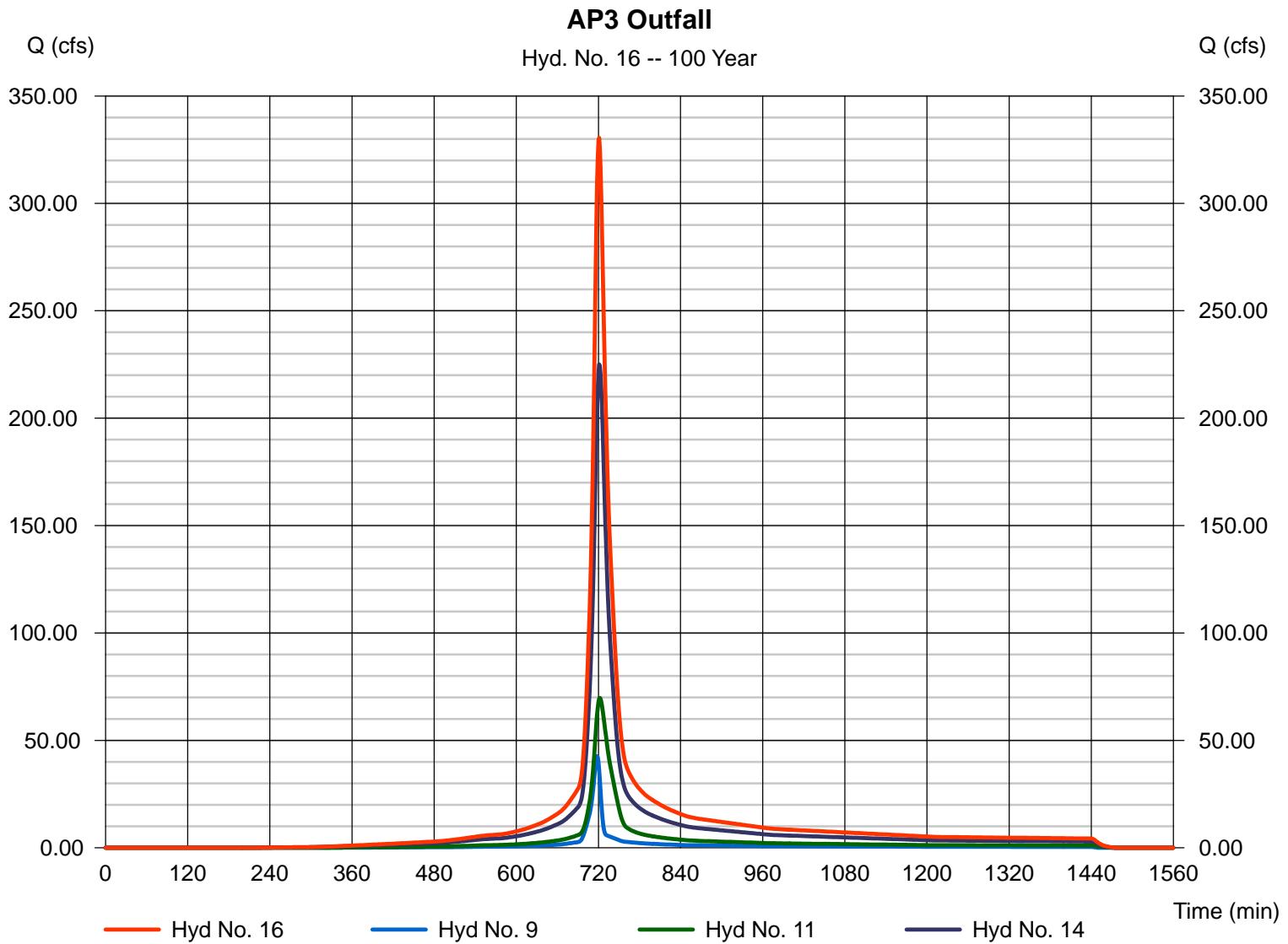
Monday, Nov 12, 2018

Hyd. No. 16

AP3 Outfall

Hydrograph type = Combine
 Storm frequency = 100 yrs
 Time interval = 1 min
 Inflow hyds. = 9, 11, 14

Peak discharge = 330.49 cfs
 Time to peak = 721 min
 Hyd. volume = 1,077,192 cuft
 Contrib. drain. area = 4.650 ac



Hydrograph Report

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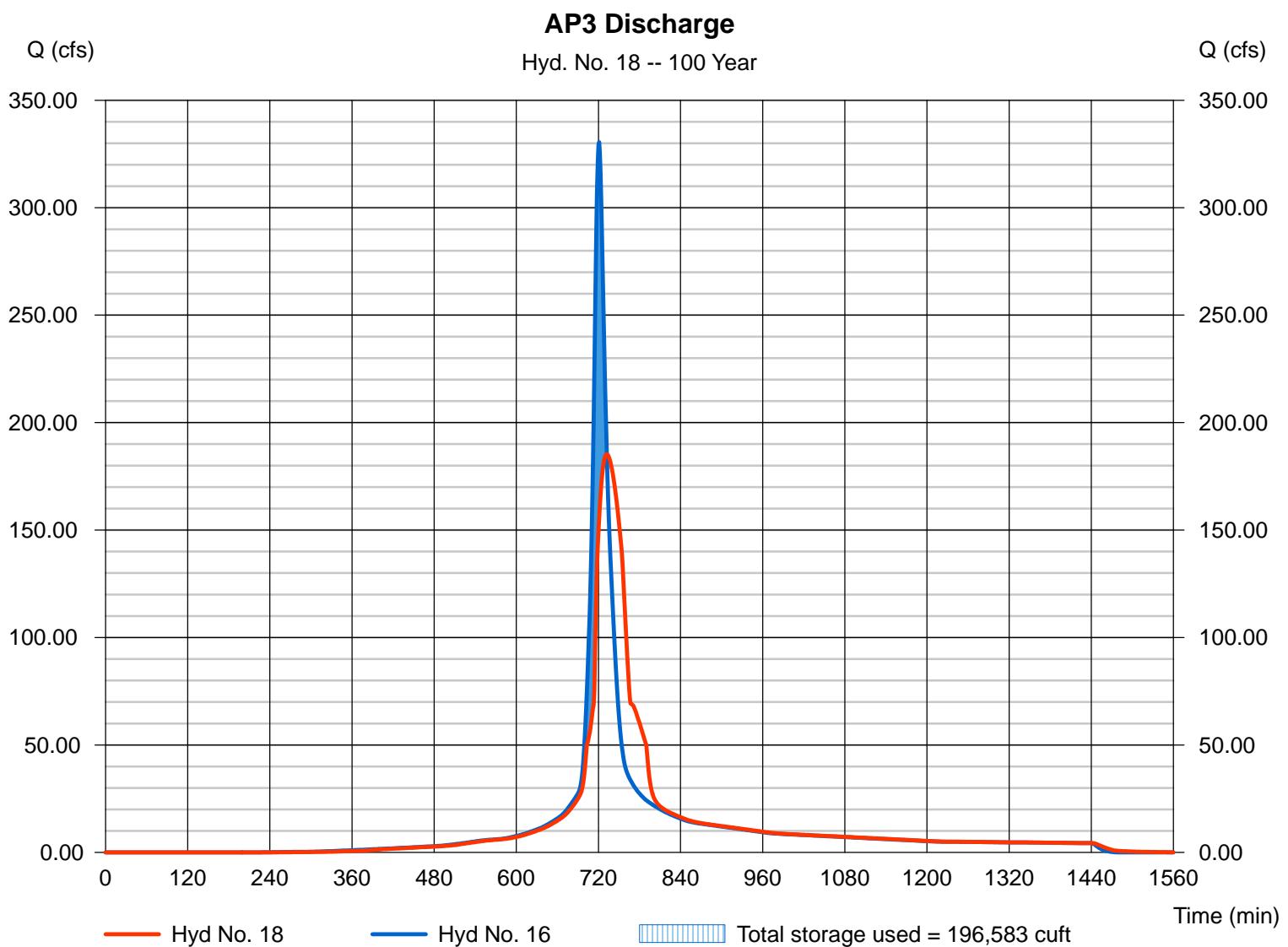
Monday, Nov 12, 2018

Hyd. No. 18

AP3 Discharge

Hydrograph type	= Reservoir	Peak discharge	= 185.31 cfs
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time to peak	= 732 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 1,077,191 cuft
Inflow hyd. No.	= 16 - AP3 Outfall	Max. Elevation	= 350.98 ft
Reservoir name	= AP3 Outlet	Max. Storage	= 196,583 cuft

Storage Indication method used.



Hydrograph Report

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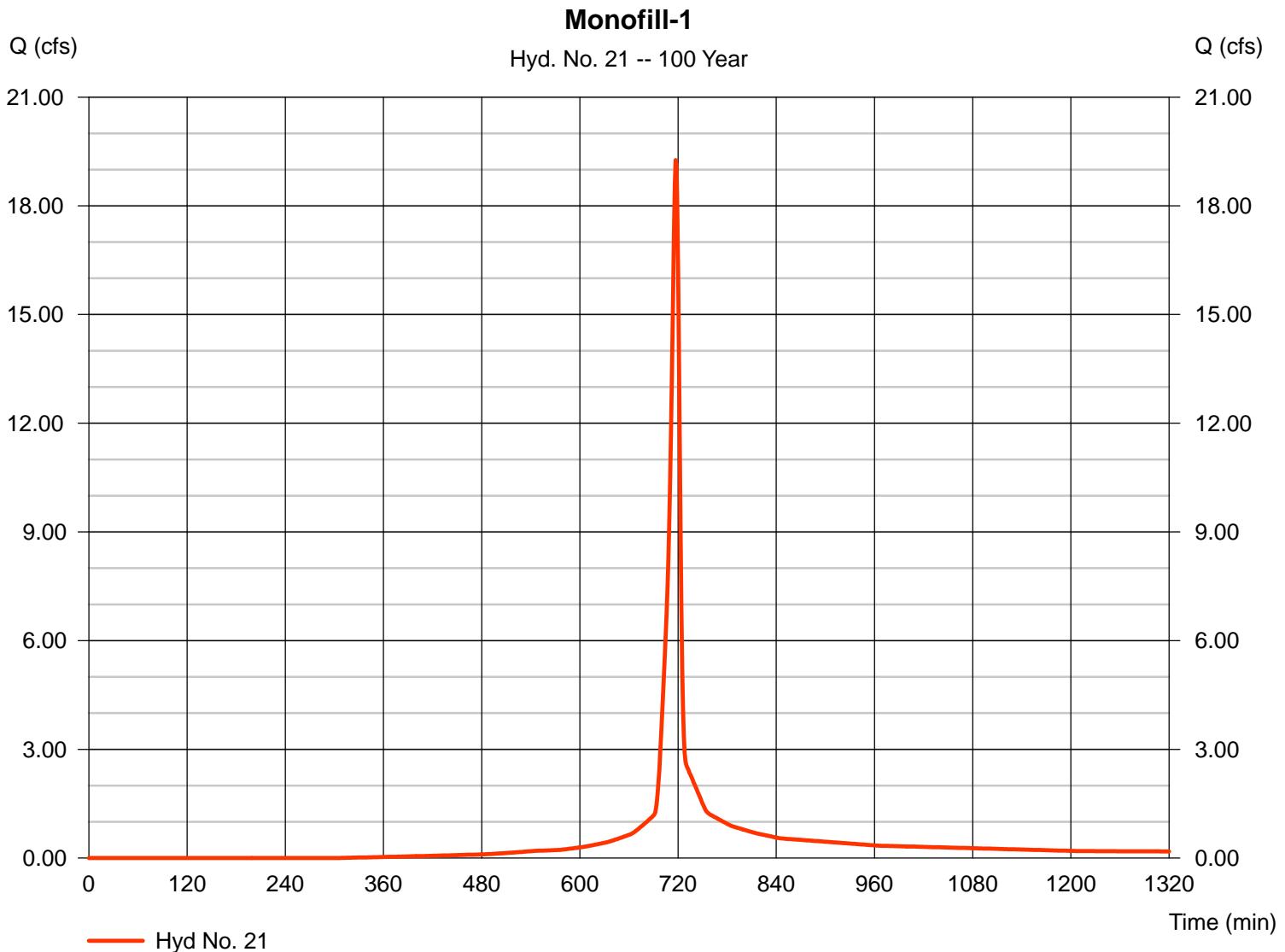
Monday, Nov 12, 2018

Hyd. No. 21

Monofill-1

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff
 Storm frequency = 100 yrs
 Time interval = 1 min
 Drainage area = 1.910 ac
 Basin Slope = 0.0 %
 Tc method = USER
 Total precip. = 8.07 in
 Storm duration = 24 hrs

Peak discharge = 19.26 cfs
 Time to peak = 717 min
 Hyd. volume = 40,688 cuft
 Curve number = 80
 Hydraulic length = 0 ft
 Time of conc. (Tc) = 6.00 min
 Distribution = Type II
 Shape factor = 484



Hydrograph Report

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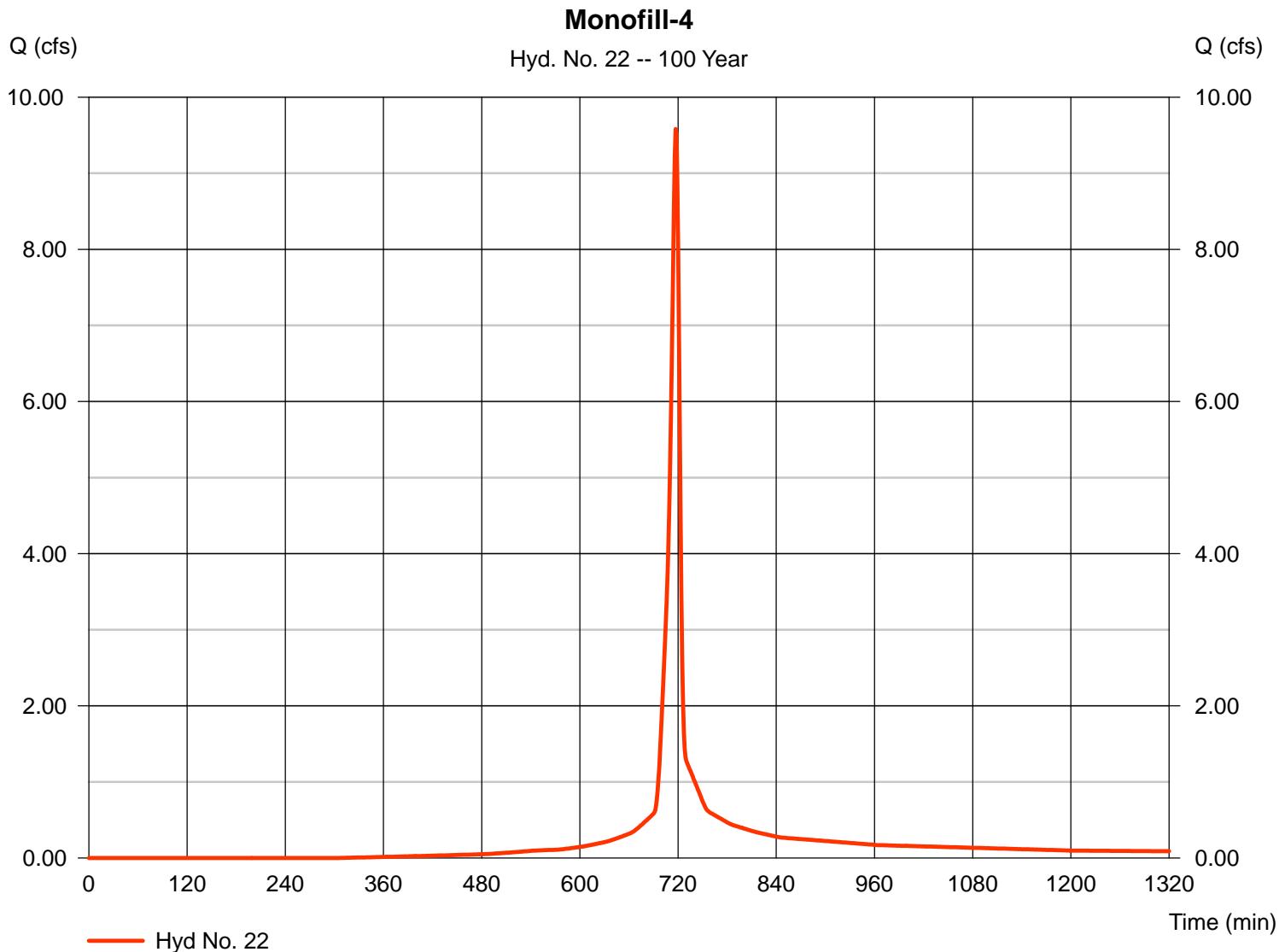
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Hyd. No. 22

Monofill-4

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff
 Storm frequency = 100 yrs
 Time interval = 1 min
 Drainage area = 0.950 ac
 Basin Slope = 0.0 %
 Tc method = USER
 Total precip. = 8.07 in
 Storm duration = 24 hrs

Peak discharge = 9.581 cfs
 Time to peak = 717 min
 Hyd. volume = 20,237 cuft
 Curve number = 80
 Hydraulic length = 0 ft
 Time of conc. (Tc) = 6.00 min
 Distribution = Type II
 Shape factor = 484



Hydrograph Report

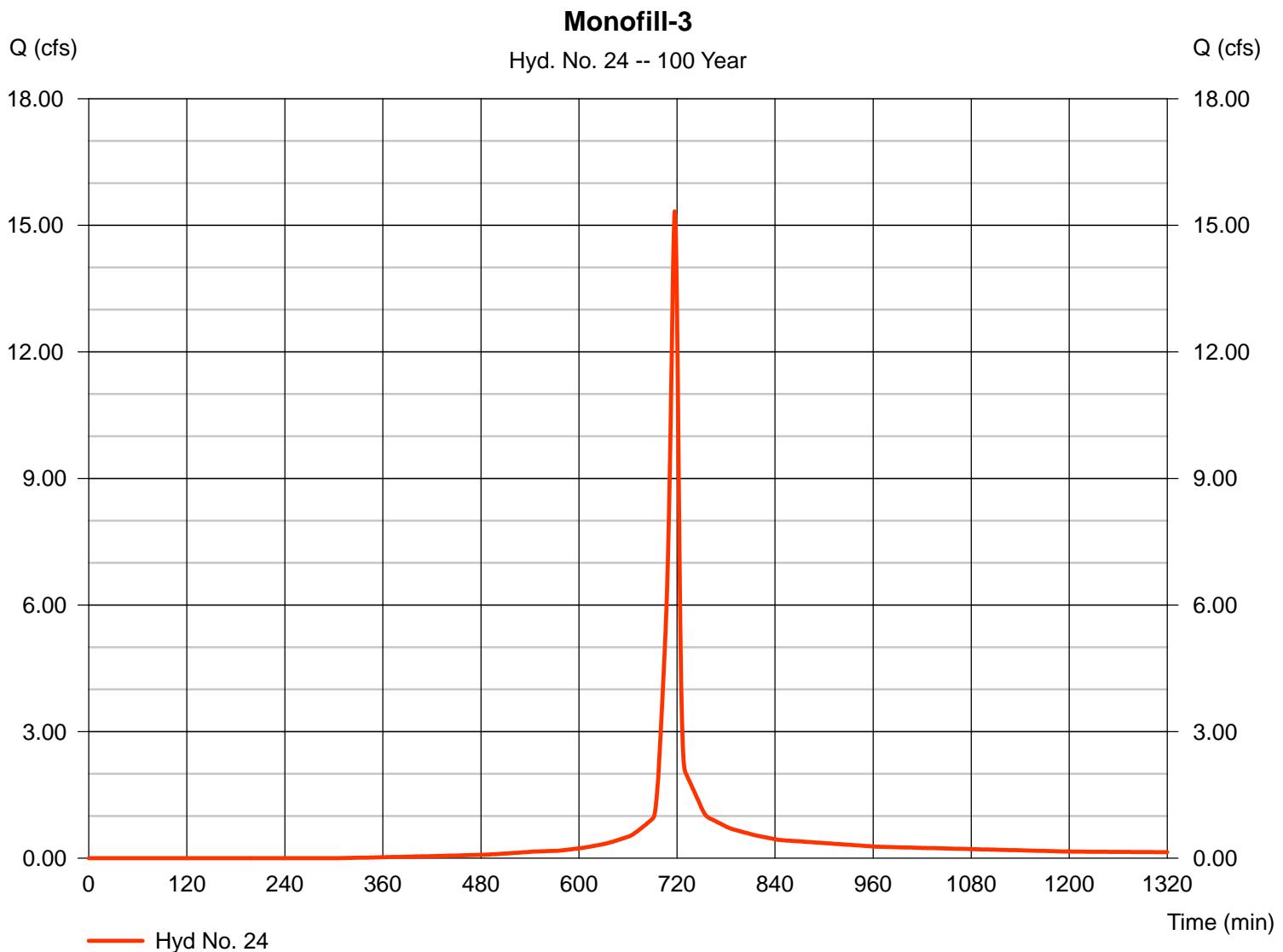
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Hyd. No. 24

Monofill-3

Hydrograph type	= SCS Runoff	Peak discharge	= 15.33 cfs
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time to peak	= 717 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 32,380 cuft
Drainage area	= 1.520 ac	Curve number	= 80
Basin Slope	= 0.0 %	Hydraulic length	= 0 ft
Tc method	= USER	Time of conc. (Tc)	= 6.00 min
Total precip.	= 8.07 in	Distribution	= Type II
Storm duration	= 24 hrs	Shape factor	= 484



Hydrograph Report

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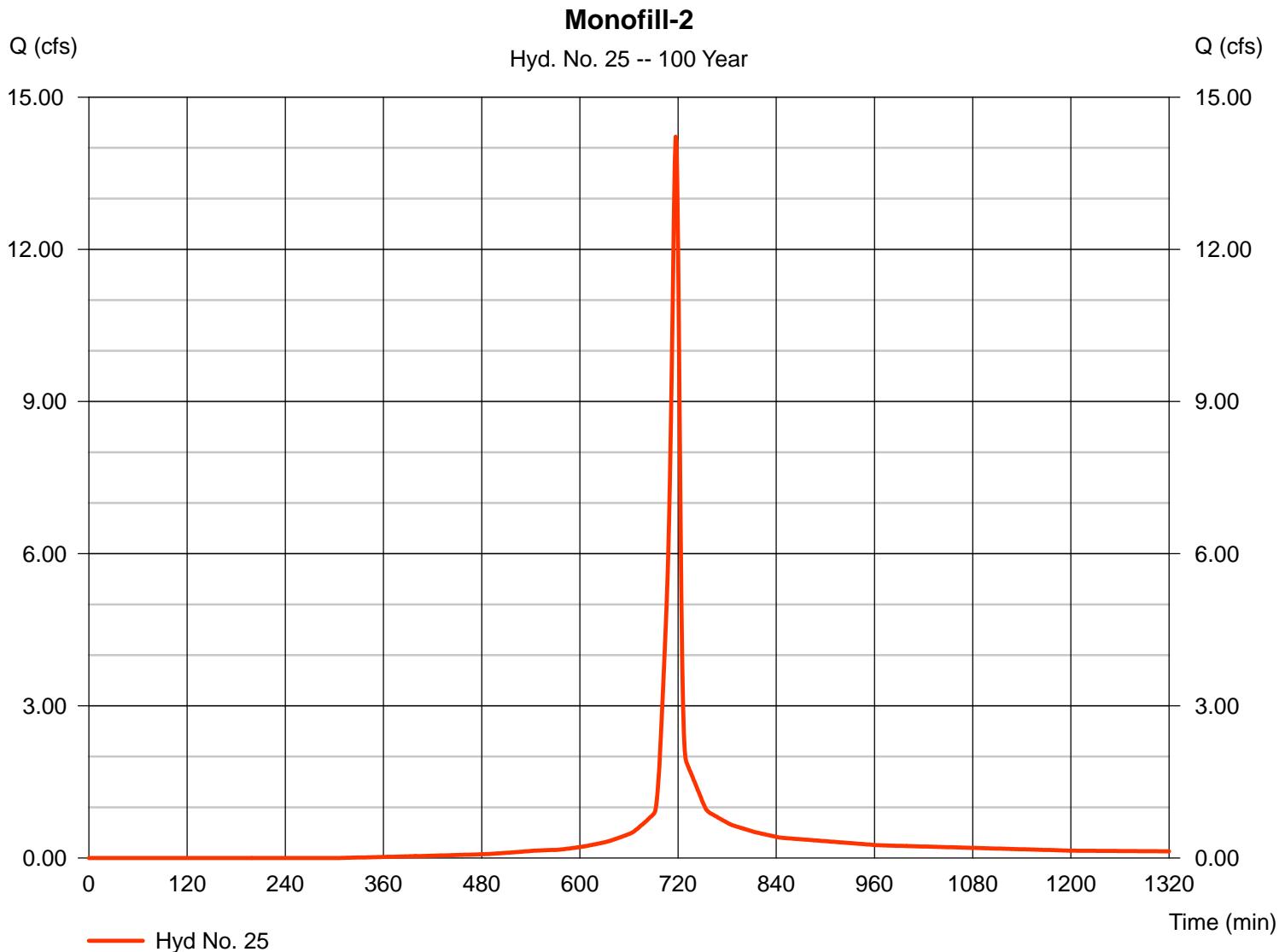
Monday, Nov 12, 2018

Hyd. No. 25

Monofill-2

Hydrograph type = SCS Runoff
 Storm frequency = 100 yrs
 Time interval = 1 min
 Drainage area = 1.410 ac
 Basin Slope = 0.0 %
 Tc method = USER
 Total precip. = 8.07 in
 Storm duration = 24 hrs

Peak discharge = 14.22 cfs
 Time to peak = 717 min
 Hyd. volume = 30,037 cuft
 Curve number = 80
 Hydraulic length = 0 ft
 Time of conc. (Tc) = 6.00 min
 Distribution = Type II
 Shape factor = 484



Hydrograph Report

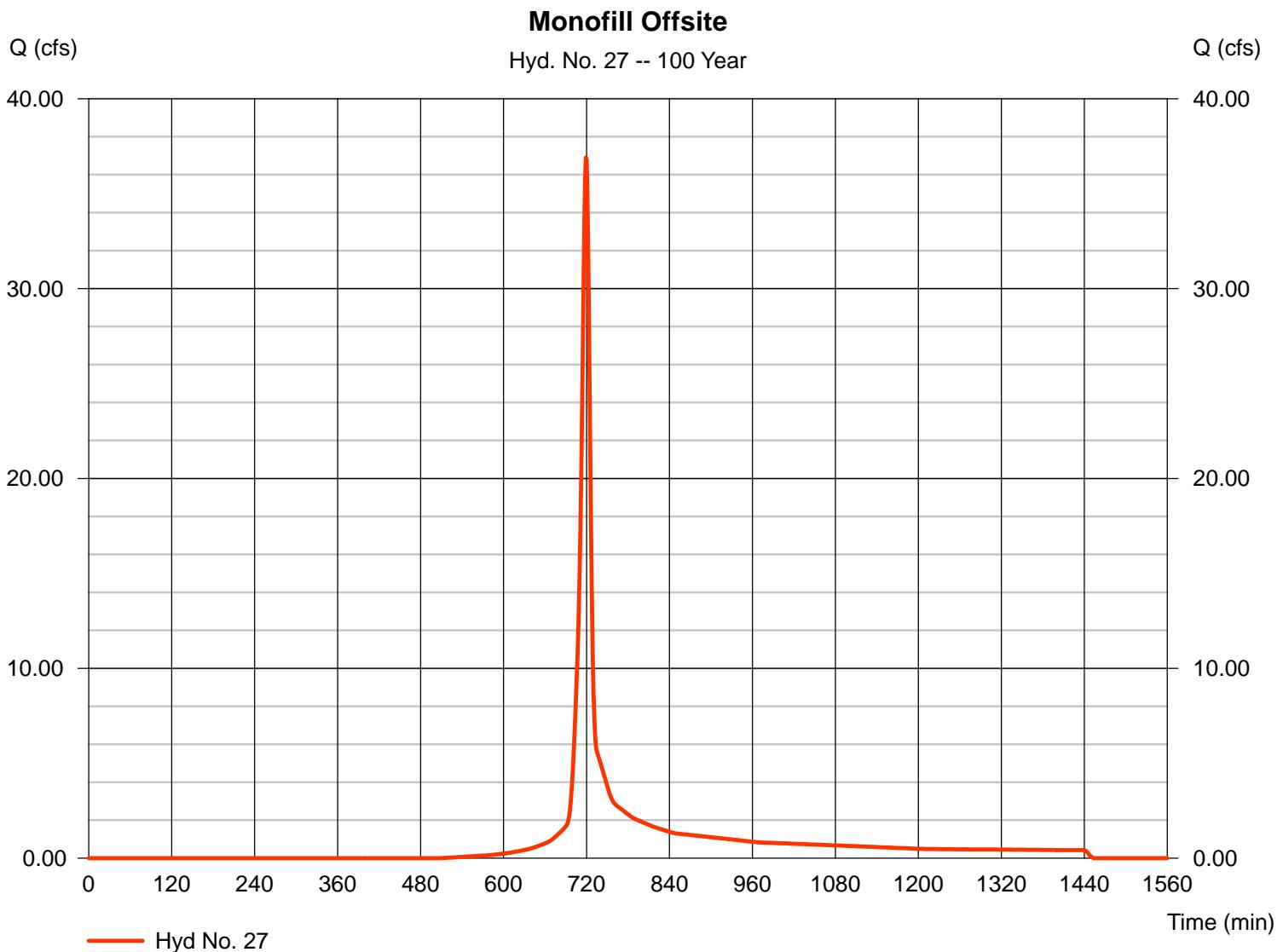
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Hyd. No. 27

Monofill Offsite

Hydrograph type	= SCS Runoff	Peak discharge	= 36.91 cfs
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time to peak	= 719 min
Time interval	= 1 min	Hyd. volume	= 83,519 cuft
Drainage area	= 5.660 ac	Curve number	= 66
Basin Slope	= 0.0 %	Hydraulic length	= 0 ft
Tc method	= USER	Time of conc. (Tc)	= 10.00 min
Total precip.	= 8.07 in	Distribution	= Type II
Storm duration	= 24 hrs	Shape factor	= 484



Hydrograph Report

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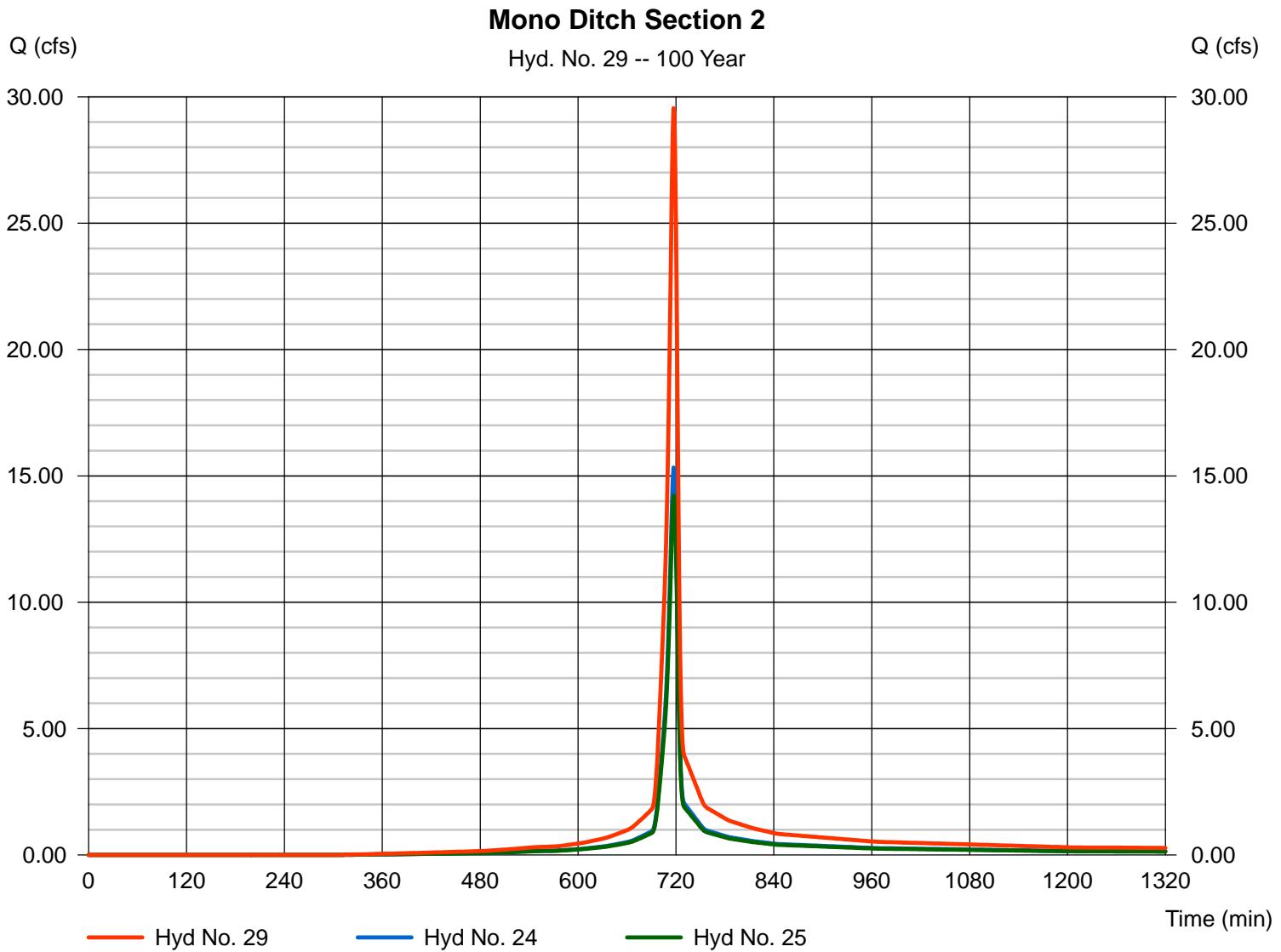
Monday, Nov 12, 2018

Hyd. No. 29

Mono Ditch Section 2

Hydrograph type = Combine
 Storm frequency = 100 yrs
 Time interval = 1 min
 Inflow hyds. = 24, 25

Peak discharge = 29.55 cfs
 Time to peak = 717 min
 Hyd. volume = 62,417 cuft
 Contrib. drain. area = 2.930 ac



Hydrograph Report

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Monday, Nov 12, 2018

Hyd. No. 30

Mono Outfall

Hydrograph type = Combine
 Storm frequency = 100 yrs
 Time interval = 1 min
 Inflow hyds. = 21, 22, 27, 29

Peak discharge = 93.84 cfs
 Time to peak = 718 min
 Hyd. volume = 206,861 cuft
 Contrib. drain. area = 8.520 ac

