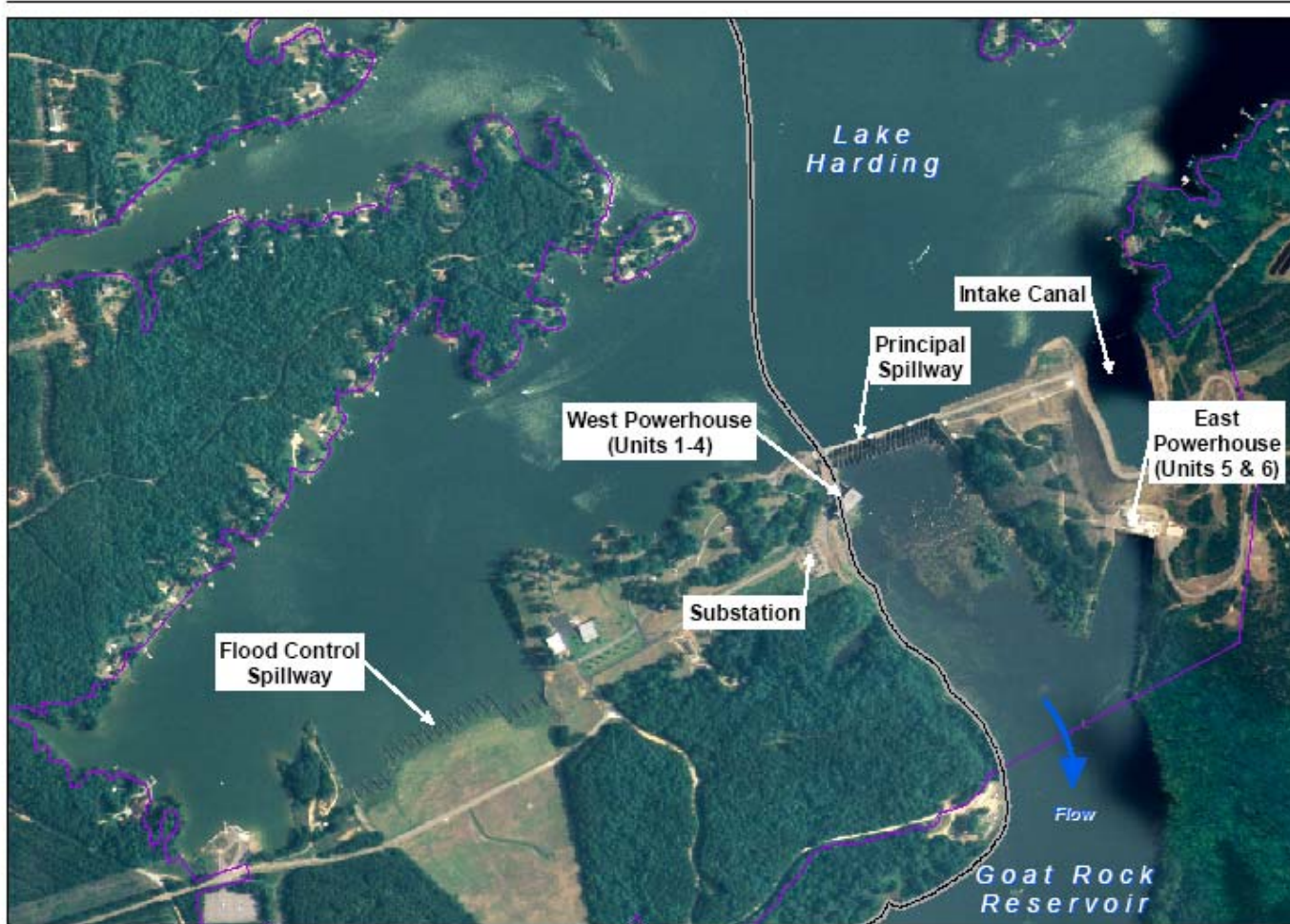




BARTLETTS FERRY

Courtenay O'Mara, P.E.  
Southern Company

*Project Operations*

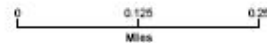


**Legend**

- GA/AL State Boundary
- FERC Project Boundary

**Notes:**

1. Georgia/Alabama State Boundary source USGS
2. FERC Project Boundary source Georgia Power
3. Aerial imagery source National Agricultural Imagery Program (NAIP) 2006



**Figure 4**  
Project Facilities  
Bartletts Ferry Project (FERC No. 485)

CH2MHILL

# Project Statistics

💧 Chattahoochee River:	RM 177.9
💧 Begin Power Delivery:	1926
💧 Number of Units:	6
💧 Production Capacity:	173,000 kW
💧 Reservoir Area:	5,850 Acres
💧 Normal Full Pool:	521 feet
💧 Full Pond Operating Head:	117 feet
💧 Conservation Storage:	57,600 ac-ft (elevation 510-521)
💧 Average Inflow:	6,150 cfs (82% from West Point)
💧 Operation:	Modified Run of River



# Reservoir Storage and Affect on Operations

## *Small Reservoirs*

- No storage

- Run of River

Inflow=Outflow all the time

- Example:

Old Mill Sites where steady power was more important than peaking power

Riverview Dam

- Project Purpose: Steady power or no power



# Reservoir Storage and Affect on Operations

## *Medium Reservoirs*



- Some Storage
- Water is Stored for Hours or Days  
Inflow  $\neq$  Outflow either Hourly or Daily
- Water is Released for the Week  
Inflow = Outflow on a Weekly Basis
- Example:  
Bartletts Ferry  
(Conservation Storage = 57,600 ac-ft)
- Project Purpose: Power Generation

# Reservoir Storage and Affect on Operations

## *Large Reservoirs*

- Significant Storage
- Water is Stored Months or Years  
Inflow  $\neq$  Outflow
- Capture Flows During High Flow Periods for use in Low Flow Periods
- Example:  
West Point (Conservation Storage = 306,100 ac-ft)
- Project Purposes: Power Generation, Flood Control, Navigation, and Recreation



# Storage Volume Comparison

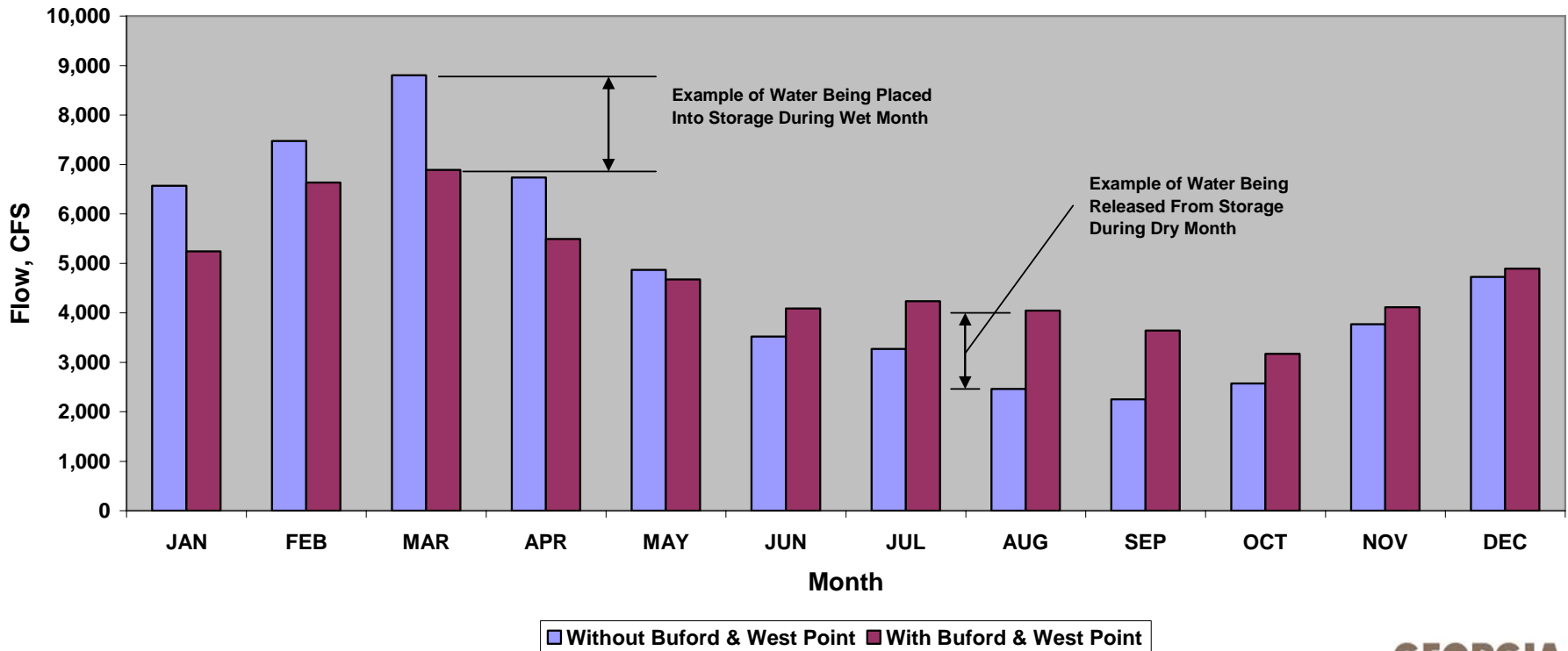
## *Chattahoochee River*

Project	Operator	Conservation Storage Acre-feet	Conservation Storage %
Buford	Corps	1,087,600	63.3%
Morgan Falls	GPC	2,400	0.1%
West Point	Corps	306,100	17.8%
Bartletts Ferry	GPC	57,600	3.4%
Goat Rock	GPC	4,830	0.3%
Oliver	GPC	6,120	0.4%
North Highlands	GPC	140	0.0%
W.F. George	Corps	244,400	14.2%
George W. Andrews	Corps	8,200	0.5%
Sub-Total	Corps	1,646,300	95.9%
Sub-Total	GPC	71,090	4.1%
Total	All	1,717,390	100.0%

# West Point Monthly River Flows

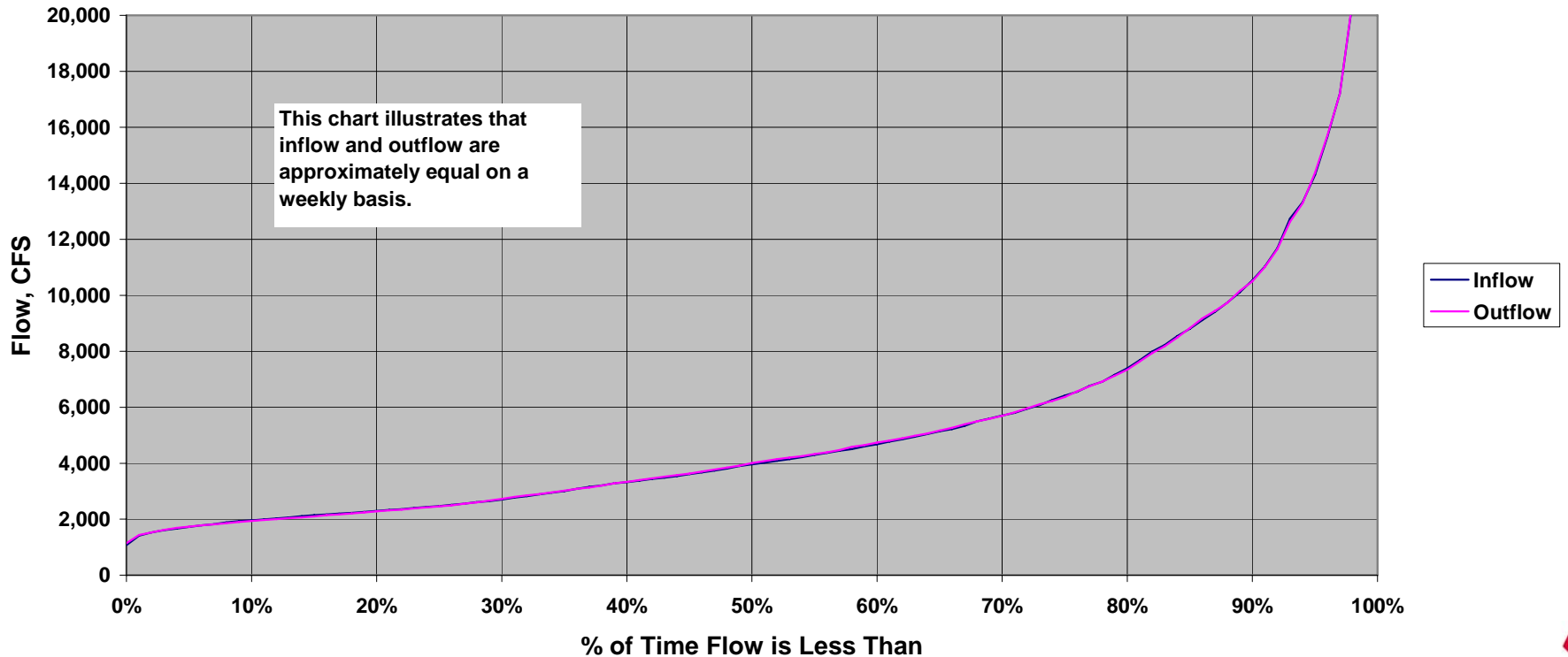
## *Influence of Large Storage Projects*

West Point  
Average Monthly Flows  
with and without Buford and West Point  
January 76 to July 08



# Bartletts Ferry Weekly Outflow Matches Inflow

Bartletts Ferry  
7- Day Average Inflow and Outflow  
1997-2007



# Bartletts Ferry & West Point Comparison

Bartletts Ferry

## Bartletts Ferry

- 💧 Peaking Power Plant
  - 💧 Hydraulic Capacity is 24,000 cfs
  - 💧 Discharges into Goat Rock Reservoir
  - 💧 Daily Discharges > 500 cfs
- 99.8% of time from 1997-2007

## West Point

- 💧 Peaking Power Plant
- 💧 Hydraulic Capacity is 19,000 cfs
- 💧 Discharges into Chattahoochee River
- 💧 Minimum Flow is 600-800 cfs all the time, typically with no weekend peaking

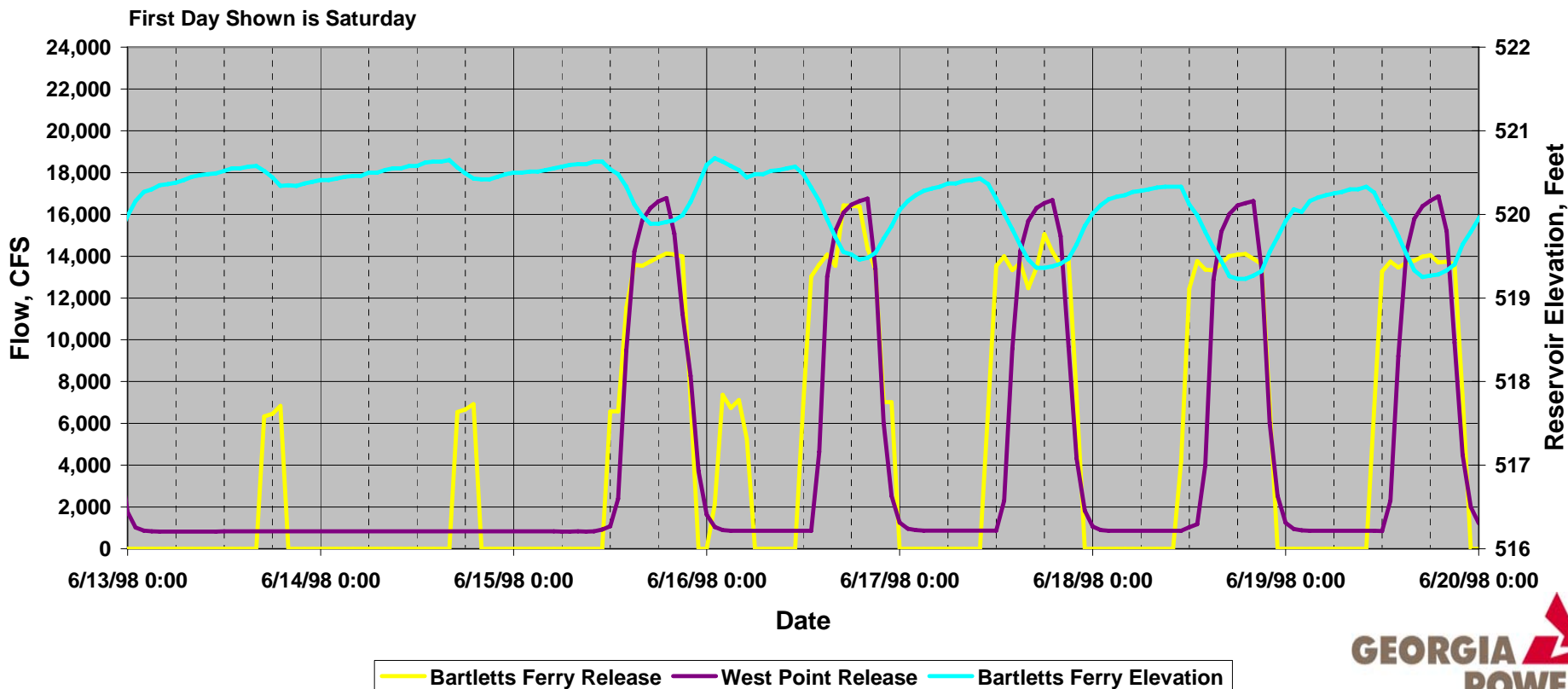
West Point



# Bartletts Ferry Weekly Operations

## *Medium Inflow*

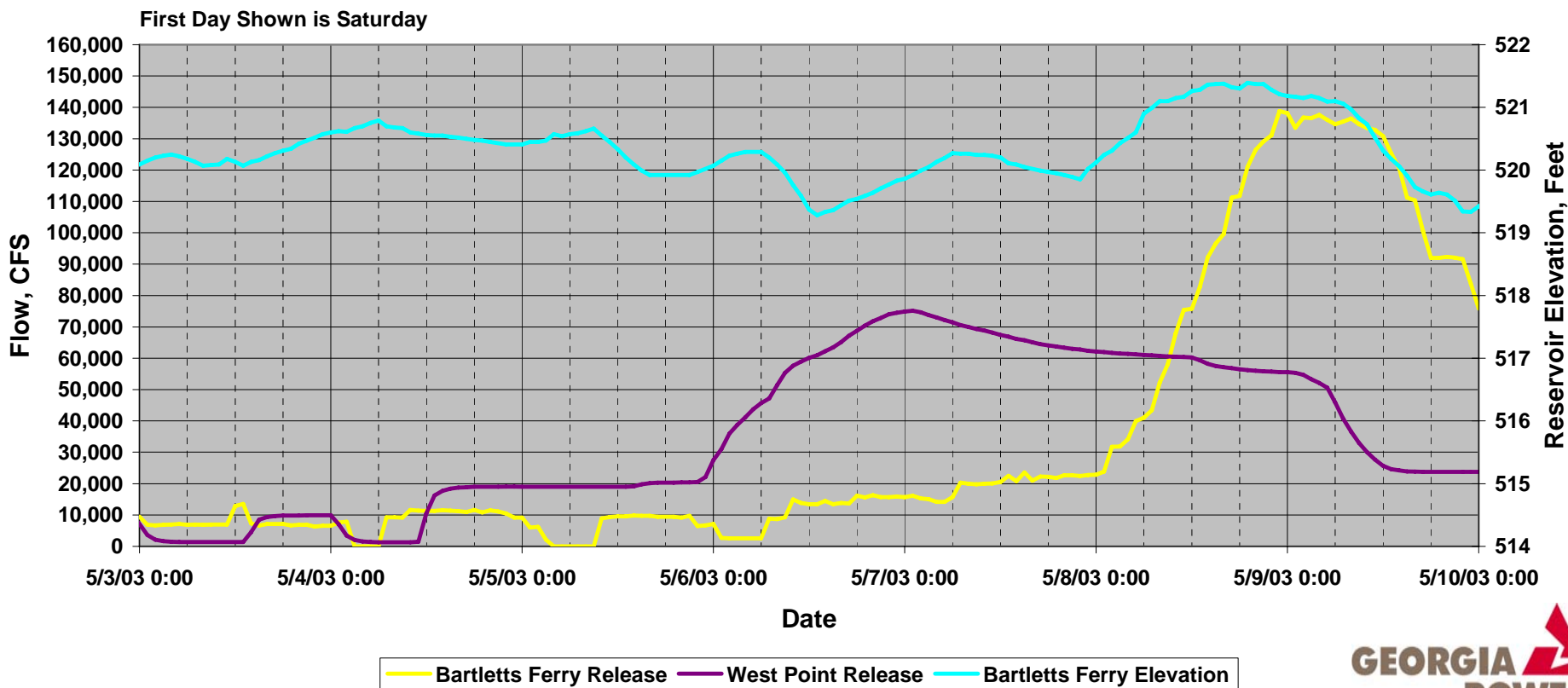
Bartletts Ferry  
 Example of One Week of Operation  
 Medium Inflow (4,742 CFS Average Inflow)  
 With No Weekend West Point Peaking



# Bartletts Ferry Weekly Operations

## *Flood Conditions*

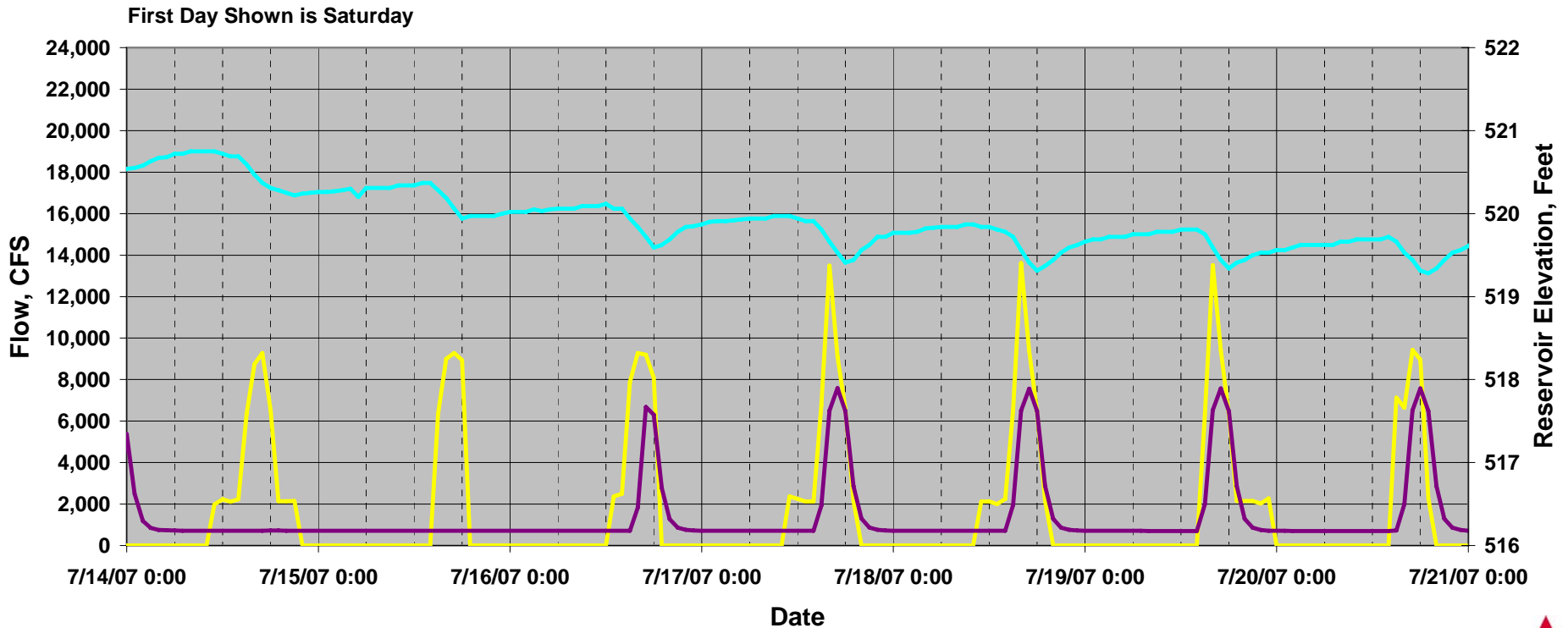
Bartletts Ferry  
 Example of One Week of Operation  
 Flood Conditions (35,652 CFS Average inflow)  
 With Weekend West Point Peaking



# Bartletts Ferry Weekly Operations

## *Low Inflow*

Bartletts Ferry  
Example of One Week of Operation  
Low Inflow (1,352 CFS Average Inflow)  
With No Weekend West Point Peaking

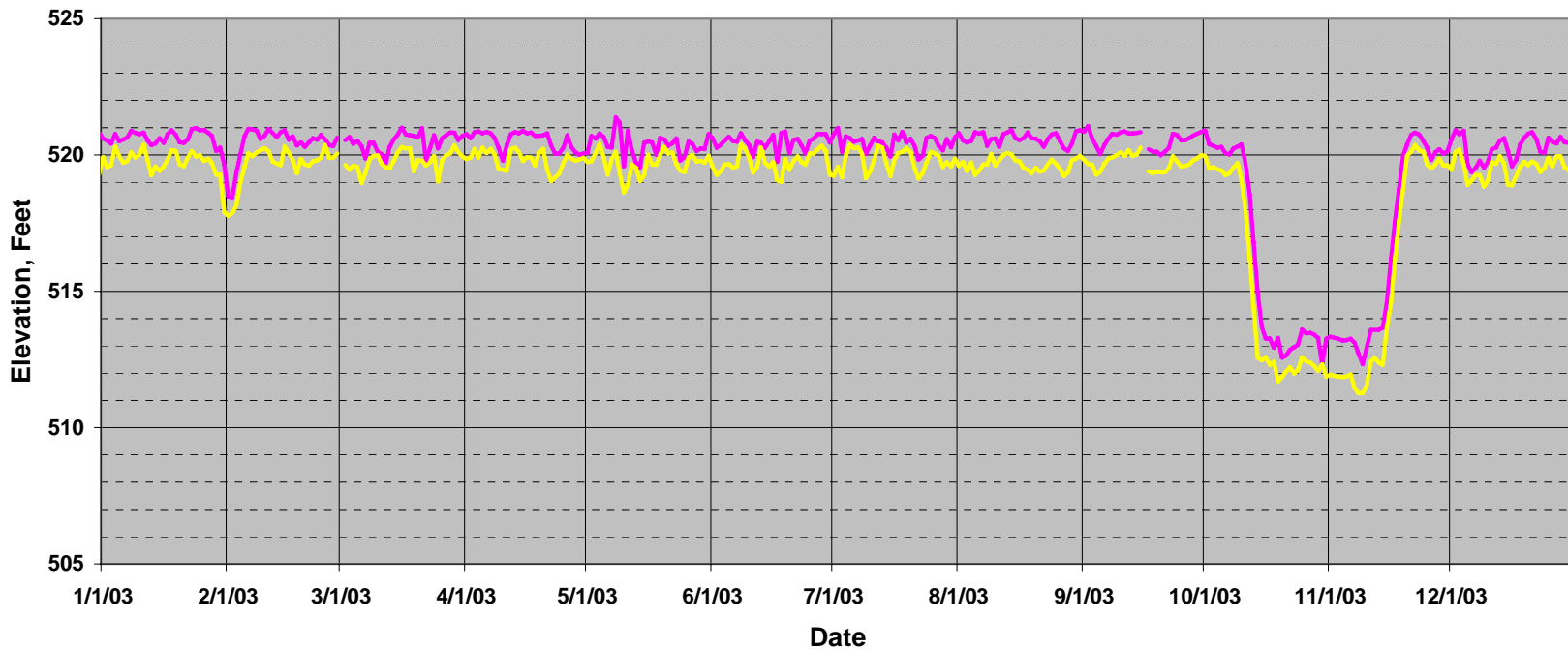


— Bartletts Ferry Release — West Point Release — Bartletts Ferry Elevation

# Reservoir Elevations-Normal Year 2003

## *With a Fall Maintenance Drawdown*

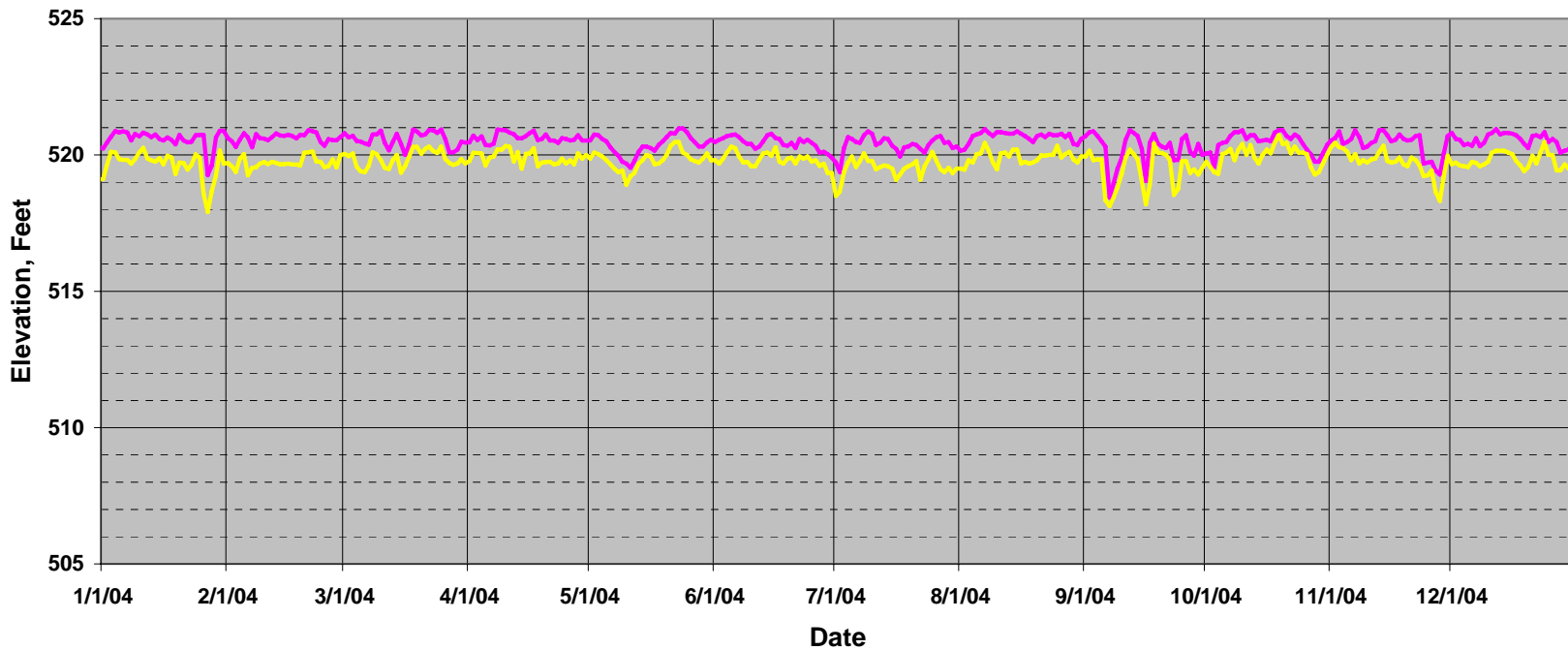
Bartletts Ferry Reservoir  
Daily Maximum and Minimum Elevations  
2003



— Daily Maximum Elevation — Daily Minimum Elevation

# Reservoir Elevations-Normal Year 2004 *Without a Fall Maintenance Drawdown*

Bartletts Ferry Reservoir  
Daily Maximum and Minimum Elevations  
2004

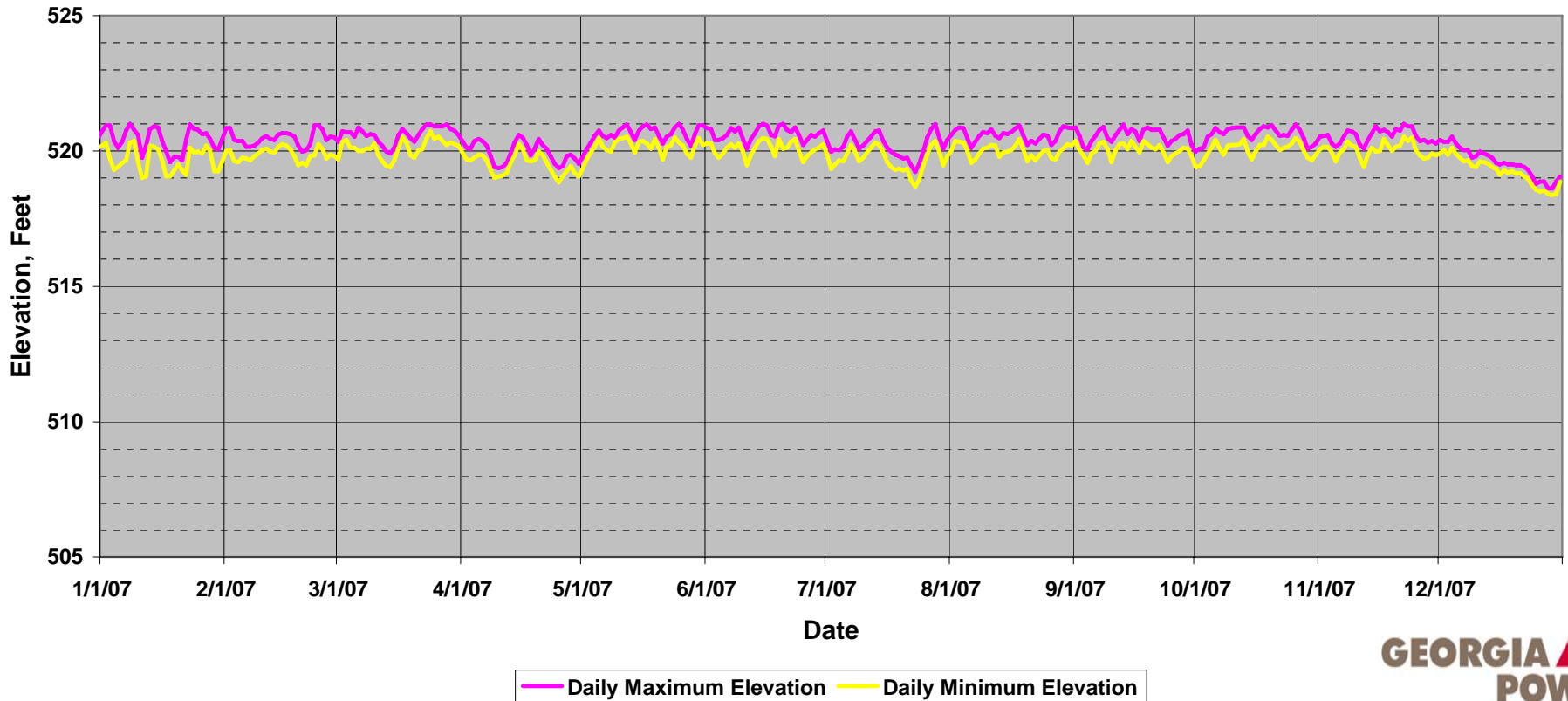


— Daily Maximum Elevation — Daily Minimum Elevation

# Reservoir Elevations-Drought 2007

*2007 – 2<sup>nd</sup> Worst Drought of Record at West Point Gage*

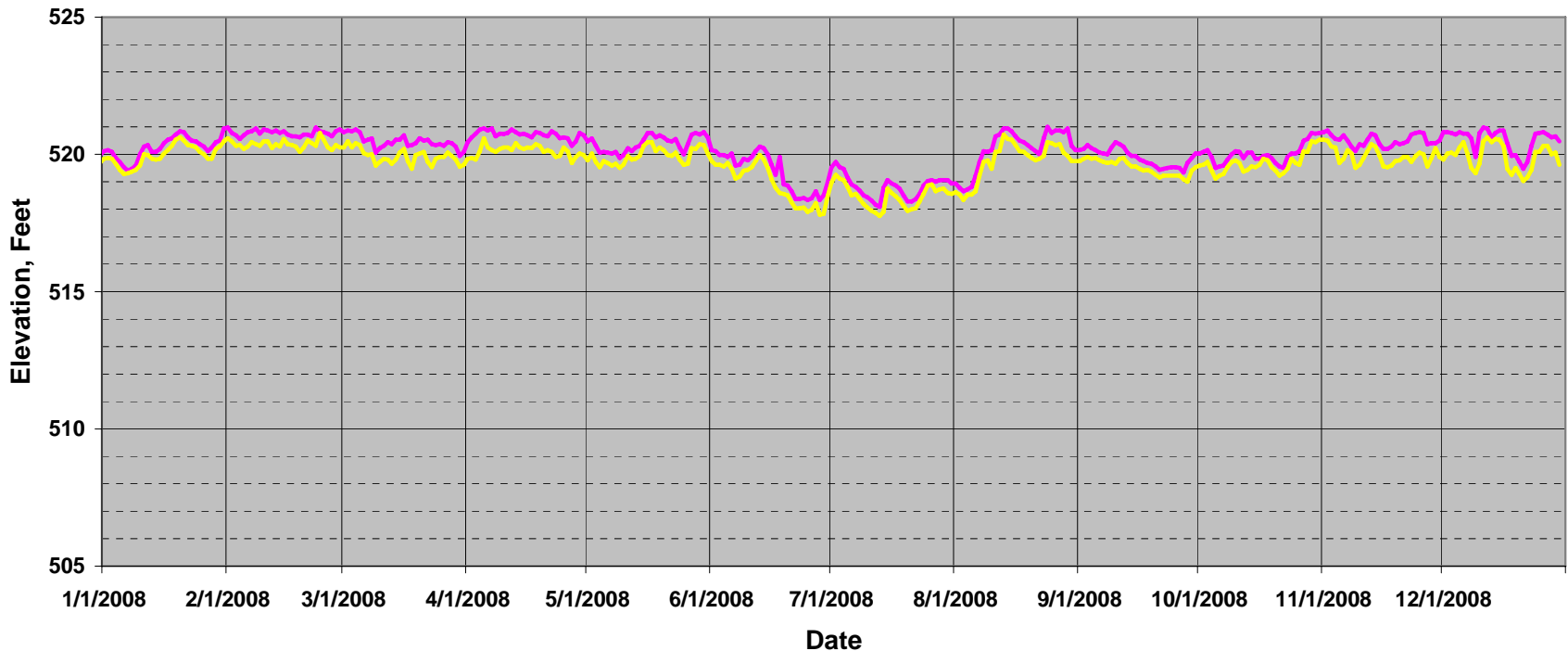
Bartletts Ferry Reservoir  
Daily Maximum and Minimum Elevations  
2007



# Reservoir Elevations-Drought 2008

*2008 – Worst Drought of Record at West Point Gage*

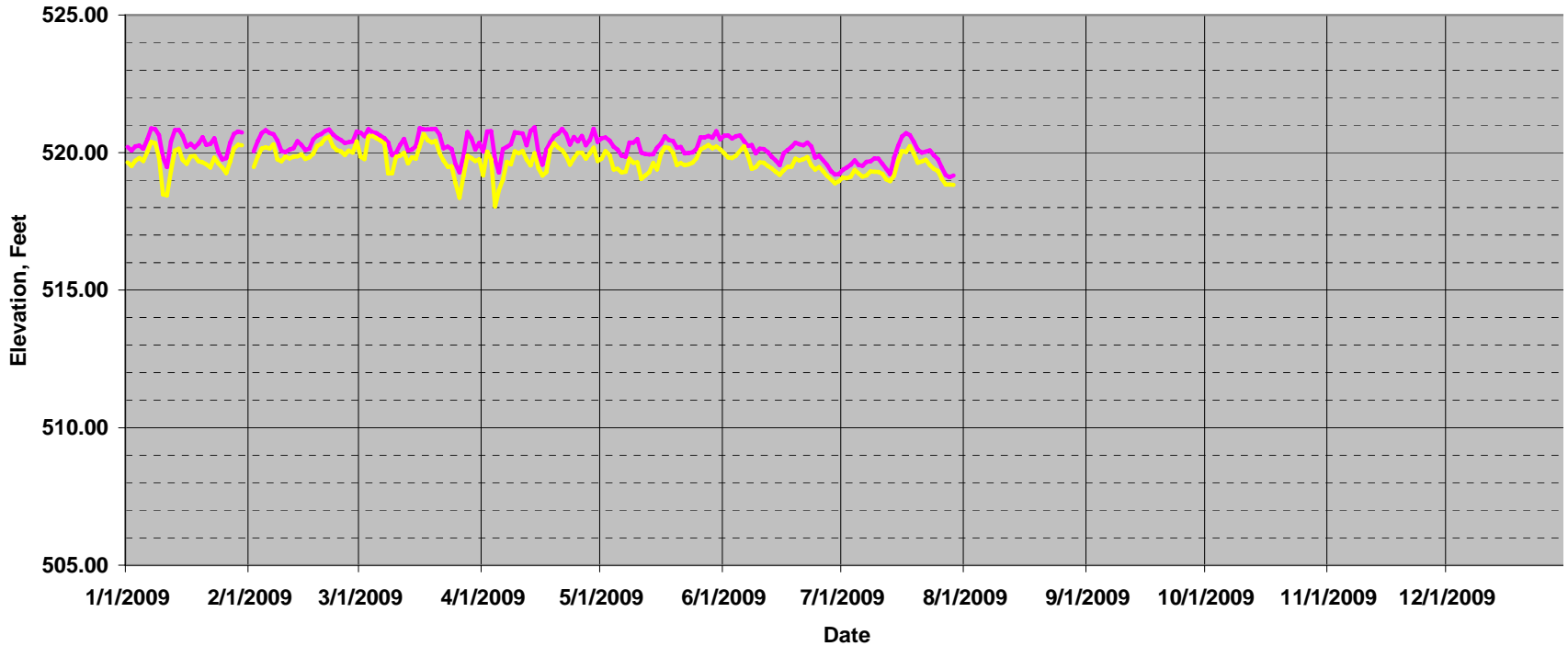
Bartletts Ferry Reservoir  
Daily Maximum and Minimum Elevations  
2008



— Daily Maximum Elevation — Daily Minimum Elevation

# Reservoir Elevations-2009

Bartletts Ferry Reservoir  
Daily Maximum and Minimum Elevations  
2009



— Daily Maximum Elevation — Daily Minimum Elevation

# Bartletts Ferry Operations

- Medium Sized Reservoir Built for Power Generation
- Bartletts Ferry modifies flows on an hourly and daily basis, but passes 100% of its inflow on weekly basis
- No minimum flow – Bartletts Ferry discharges directly into Goat Rock reservoir and not the river
- Reservoir elevations remain between 519-521 more than 99% of the time when fall maintenance drawdowns are excluded
- Drought of 2008 resulted in elevations below 519 11.8 % of time versus 1.4% of time for 1997-2007.
- Bartletts Ferry operations strongly influenced by West Point operations